"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Showers, cool to-day; fair Sunday; wind variable, northerly to-night.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,788. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1909.—SIXTEEN PAGES and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MURDER OF WYLLIE STIRS ALL ENGLAND

Country's Long Immunity from Political Crime Ended by Indian Student's Deed.

MUST GUARD OFFICIALS

Special Precautions for Morley, Whose Aid Wyllie Was—Assassin Calm in Court—Once Met His Victim.

LONDON, July 2.—The murder of Lieut. Col. Sir William Hutt Curzon Wyllie and Dr. Cawas Lalcaca of Shanghai by Madar Lelof Dhinagri, an Indian student, Thursday night at the Imperial Institute has stirred England in a manner unknown since the Phoenix Park murders. It had been a subject for self-congratulation by Englishmen that Great Britain was immune from political crimes of this nature, and it is a great shock to feel that public men are no longer safe from the attacks of assassins.

Great sympathy is felt for Viscount Morley, Secretary of State for India, the difficulties of whose position will be greatly increased by reason of the murders. A strong feeling, too, has been aroused against a number of the members of the House of Commons and others, who have encouraged the Indian agitation against the Government.

Another consequence of the tragedy distasteful to Englishmen is that henceforth it will be necessary to afford police protection to public men. It is understood that Scotland Yard has already detailed detectives to follow Lord Morley and others connected with the Indian administration when they appear in public. Newspapers of all shades of opinion urge the Government not to swerve a hair's breadth in the direction of weakening the executive authority in India, and, above all, never to allow the extremists to suppose that Great Britain could be frightened into granting political concessions by such murders.

Premier Asquith, speaking at South Port to-night, expressed his deep sympathy for the relatives of Lieut. Col. Wyllie and the country's abhorrence of the detestable crime committed upon a distinguished officer of blameless character and universally beloved. He said it was startling evidence of the character of a conspiracy which happily was confined to a small number of people, but was desperate and determined in its methods.

Madar Leiof Dhinagri, who fired the shot, was arraigned in the Westminster Police Court this morning and remanded for one week after being formally charged with willful murder.

In the dock the prisoner appeared quite unconcerned. He stood with his hands in his pockets and shook his head negatively when asked if he wished to say anything. Subsequently, however, he said that he had not willfully killed Dr. Lalcaca. "I saw him advance, and then he caught hold of me; I fired in self defense," he declared.

The proceedings lasted only a few minutes, and the Hindu prisoner was removed to jail under a strong guard. Madar, whose age is given as 26, is said to have relatives in good standing in Calcutta. It is reported that he has made a long statement to the police setting forth in detail his political grievances, but this is being withheld until the authorities have time to make full inquiries.

Two documents were found on him. One was a confession of a desire to take the life of a high official because he was dissatisfied with the British rule in India, and the other a sort of political creed referring to Englishmen as tyrants, with a suggestion of a reward in heaven for any one who should get rid of a prominent Briton.

The young man came to London from the Punjab some years ago. He belonged to the advanced section of the Indian Nationalist Party, and he has been taking a course in engineering at the London University.

During the commemoration of the Indian mutiny he attracted attention by wearing a badge inscribed "In Memory of the Martyrs." Some of his fellow students taunted Madar, who threatened to cut the throat of one of his most active tormentors. He was a hardworking student, but he held very advanced political opinions. He was a frequenter of India House, the local centre of the Indian agitators.

From statements made by students it appears that Madar and Lieut. Col. Wyllie had met once previous to the tragedy of last night. Madar's brother, who is a doctor in Calcutta, hearing of his association with the political extremists of India House, wrote to Lieut. Col. Wyllie asking him to try to influence the students. Wyllie saw Madar, but the interview appears only to have embittered the student, who nursed his resentment pending a favorable opportunity for revenge.

According to statements made by persons acquainted with him, the assassin's family is well known and highly respected at Amritsar, in the Punja, where his father is a prosperous physician and a municipal leader. Madar while in London brooded over the grievances of the Indian people, and was constantly inveighing against British rule in his country.

One of the young man's acquaintances makes the statement in The Chronicle that the assassin was drunk with bhang, (an Indian intoxicant.) He contends that Madar must have visited some extremist club before going to the Imperial Institute and had his mind poisoned by a gang of conspirators to the point of committing murder, and was then drugged with bhang and weapons placed in his pockets. This informant of The Chronicle is satisfied that there was a deliberate plot, and that unless the police take measures to root out the conspirators there will be further outrages of this kind committed in London.

The Indian students generally profess detestation of the crime, though many of them are known to be active members of the London branches of the societies conducting a campaign of sedition and anarchy in India. Scotland Yard, too, recently received information which led to increased activity in investigating the movements and antecedents of certain Indian students here, who, it is alleegd, had desgns on prominent English officials. Lord Morley himself, for some time past has been under police protection, and even when he left London he was attended by Scotland Yard detectives.

At the India Office the murder of Col. Wyllie, who was a political aide de camp to Lord Morley, Secretary of State for India, is held to be entirely political, and not personal, but due to some imaginary grievance against the system of Government.

The National Indian Association, under whose auspices the gathering at the Imperial Institute was held, was formed for the purpose of establishing friendly re-

Continued on Page 2.

CENTRAL SUED BY CHINAMAN.

Chung Ling Chow Asks $10,000 for Being Ejected from a Train.

Chung Ling Chow, who describes himself as a promoter, is suing the New York Central Railroad to recover $10,000 as damages for being put off one of the defendant's trains without reason on April 19 last. According to the Chinaman, he purchased a Pullman sleeper ticket that day, intending to go to Chicago, but when the train reached Buffalo he was unceremoniously ejected, for no other apparent reason than that he was of the Celestial race. As a consequence he had to spend twelve hours in Buffalo before the company's officials made up their minds to allow him to continue his journey. For this indignity he asks $10,000.

The matter came before Supreme Court Justice Blanchard yesterday, when Alexander S. Lyman, counsel for the New York Central, asked the court to direct Chung Ling Chow to put up security for the costs of the action in case he should not prove successful in his suit. The grounds for the application were that the Chinaman is not a resident of this State, and, although he gave as his address 3 Mott Street, inquiries there showed that the whole building was leased by Tom Toy, a gent's furnisher, who disclaimed any knowledge of Chung Ling Chow.

Louis E. Felix, counsel for the Chinaman, submitted an affidavit from Henry K. Woo of 200 West Ninety-second Street, who says he is Chow's uncle, and that the latter lived with him until April 30 last, when he left on an extended business trip through the United States and Canada, intending to return here at the end of the year.

Woo says his nephew is a promoter, and that his business takes him out of town for long periods. He says that Chow is a large landowner in Canada, and also has large interests in China, Regarding the business at 3 Mott Street, Woo says that his nephew is a partner in it.

ROEBLING'S SANE FOURTH.

Flag Raising, Athletics, and Fireworks to Displace Shooting Racket.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., July 2.—Setting the example for a safe and sane Fourth of July, Roebling, the model town of South Jersey, is to have a model Independence Day celebration next Monday, which for real patriotic zeal and enthusiasm promises to eclipse the noise jubilees of all its older and larger neighbors. According to plans announced to-day, the demonstration, which is to include a flag-raising parade, athletic contest, band concert, and a fireworks display, is to be the biggest and liveliest in the brief history of the town.

Members of the Roebling family of Trenton, founders of the town, are said to be back of the project which is to give their thousands of workmen and their families a sane and happy holiday. C. G. Roebling has presented a handsome flag, and the [illegible] will be one of the main features of the morning exercises. The children have forgotten all about the deadly explosives in their glee over the athletic contests. Two experts have been engaged to handle the big fireworks display in the evening, so that everybody may enjoy the fun without the risk of burned fingers or scorched eyebrows. As a result of the plans the local drug store has cut out its annual order of bandages an darnica and stocked up on ice cream sodas instead.

MORSE AT HIS OLD HOME.

Says He's There for Rest and to See the Old Homestead.

Special to The New York Times.

BATH, Me., July 2.—Charles W. Morse of New York, now out on bail after months of confinement in the Tombs in New York pending an appeal from his sentence of fifteen years to a Federal prison, arrived in Bath to-night accompanied by Mrs. Morse and his son Erwin, a student at Yale. He came to spend Fourth of July with his sister, Miss Jennie R. Morse, and his little daughter Anna, but will return to New York on Monday morning.

At the station some of his friends gathered to welcome him, and this evening his telephone was kept busy. Many of his former business acquaintances will call upon him to-morrow at the Morse homestead on Washington Street.

"This little trip," he said to-night, "is taken just for a rest and to visit the old homestead, which I haven't seen for two years. I'm just delighted to get back here, and I wish I might make a longer stay, but business calls me back to New York, where I shall commence to get busy right away to make up some of the losses I have sustained.

"Of course, my plans still are in the embryo state, and I have nothing to make public. I shall plan to spend almost all my time at this homestead."

BRONX CORONER AUTO VICTIM.

McDonald's Leg Broken When Pinned Under Own Wrecked Car.

Sydney Syne of 22 West First Street, Mount Vernon, was driving his automobile along Webster Avenue, in the Bronx, yesterday afternoon, when at 233d Street he came upon an overturned automobile from beneath which William Lavigne of 228th Street and Webster Avenue was trying to pull Coroner Robert S. McDonald of the Bronx. The wrecked car was the Coroner's, and Lavigne had been riding with him when the accident occurred, the car of which the Coroner had lost control having crashed into a trolley pole.

Syne stopped and helped Lavigne get Coroner McDonald, who was still conscious, from beneath his car, and then he took both men in his auto to the Fordham Hospital. Lavigne, who had been thrown clear of the wrecked car, was unhurt except for slight bruises. It was found, however, that Coroner McDonald's left leg had been fractured in two places.

The Coroner said later that he did not know what had happened to his car, the steering gear of which had suddenly become unmanageable.

Theatrical Men Fight in Broadway.

Because they came to blows in Broadway at Thirty-ninth Street last night William S. Cleveland, a theatrical booking agent of 1,402 Broadway, and John S. Berger, proprietor of Berger's circus, found themselves prisoners in the Tenderloin Police Station, each accused of assault by the other. They said that the dispute which ended in blows arose from a booking made by Cleveland six months ago. Both were soon bailed out.

SEEING NEW YORK—STEAM YACHT. Leave W. 22d St., N. R., 10 A. M.; 2:30 P. M. Three hours' trip; fare $1. The most instructive and enjoyable trip in the world. Tel. 4944—Gram. Seeing N.Y. Autos from Flatiron Bldg. (5th Av.) hourly. —Adv.

ALDRICH THE VICTOR ON CORPORATION TAX

Senate Substitutes It for Income Tax by 45 to 31, Then Puts It in Tariff Bill by 60 to 11.

8 REPUBLICANS AGAINST IT

But Only Three Democrats Hold Out on the Final Vote—Other Amendments Blocked by Aldrich.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—After an afternoon spent in bitter wrangling over the parliamentary status of the corporation tax amendment Senator Aldrich finally smoothed the way for a vote just before the hour for adjournment. The corporation tax was adopted as a substitute for the Bailey-Cummins income levy by a vote of 45 to 31—seven Republicans and all the Democrats opposing the substitution. Then the final vote incorporating the tax amendment into the Tariff Bill was carried by a vote of 60 to 11. Three Democrats and eight Republicans voted against the final acceptance of the President's compromise.

In the smooth working of the Senate after things got started the hand of Senator Aldrich could be seen. He returned from his trip in time to be in his seat today, and at once began work heading off speeches from Senators Heyburn, Bulkley, and others. In the end, however, after he tried in vain to secure an agreement for a vote on the tax to-morrow at 1 o'clock Senator Aldrich admitted that he despaired of reaching any agreement.

Things had reached that pass and Senator Cummins was holding out for the right to debate subsequent amendments that might be introduced when Mr. Aldrich quietly asked that the Vice President put the question. A roll call had already been ordered against the time a vote might be reached and the reading clerk hurriedly called Mr. Aldrich's name. He answered, and under the rule that shut off all debate.

But Mr. Bailey asserted that he was on his feet before the roll began, and announced that though he had nothing more to say, he would speak until "a sick Senator," Mr. Frazer of Tennessee, could reach the chamber. Mr. Frazer came hurriedly in an auto from his hotel, where he was suffering from malaria, and the vote then proceeded.

The amendment as adopted is unchanged from the form in which it was reported by Mr. Aldrich last Friday. A number of amendments were offered to the committee proposition, but under Mr. Aldrich's delicate handling of the situation most of them were ruled out of order. The rest of them were either voted down without difficulty or with the consent of their author simply referred to the committee for subsequent consideration. Mr. Aldrich announced, however, that if any changes are made at all they will be technical in character.

On the first two roll calls one incorporating the corporation tax into the countervailing clause offered by Mr. Lodge as a substitute for the income tax and the other substituting directly the corporation for the income levy, the vote was 45 to 31. The seven Republicans who voted with the straight Democratic membership against the substitution were Borah, Bristow, Bulkeley, Clapp, Cummins, Dolliver, and La Follette. Only six of these are of the recognized insurgent camp, Mr. Bulkeley casting his vote against the measure on account of local insurance interests in his State.

On the final vote against the adoption of the tax as a part of the bill the same seven Republicans voted against the measure, and in addition Mr. Heyburn. He announced two days ago that he would vote for the corporation tax only as a means of relieving the "parliamentary situation" in regard to the income tax amendment. After that he voted against the corporation measure as a blow against the protective system and because, as he said, he believed the Tariff bill would raise sufficient revenue.

The only Democrats to vote against the final adoption of the tax after the Bailey-Cummins plan had been definitely defeated were Senators Shively, Hughes, and Chamberlain. Other Democrats, like Overman and Newlands, sat in their places and did not answer to their names. A few Senators on both sides, like Beveridge of Indiana, avoided the issue by absenting themselves without pairing.

When the possibility of fixing a time for a vote was raised by Mr. Aldrich the insurgents and Democrats held out for the right to debate all amendments offered after the disposal of the pending tax proposition. Though their insistence finally prevented any agreement being reached when the voting actually began without any limitation, it was found that Mr. Aldrich had so arranged it that after the corporation tax was adopted no amendments to its text were in order, and nearly all debate was shut off by the simple motion to table.

This ruling cut off several amendments intended to exempt beneficiary corporations and fraternal organizations, and one by Mr. Bacon including bonds in the provisions of the tax. Senator Bacon was finally driven to offer his amendments as additions to the whole corporations tax, and on motion of Mr. Aldrich they were tabled by votes of 42 to 32 and 41 to 34. The Republicans did not insist upon votes on their amendments.

Mr. Aldrich's attitude led to a sharp clash with Mr. Bacon.

The debate brought out several new objections to the measure. Mr. Elkins, who finally voted for the measure, throughout asked if a tax of 1 per cent. would not do just as well as the 2 per cent. levy, and the only answer he got from Mr. Aldrich was that as the Senator from Rhode Island did not believe any tax was necessary it was hard for him to say. Mr. Aldrich said, however, he believed the tax would raise at least $50,000,000, while he did not believe that next year's deficit would exceed $40,000,000.

"If we enter on a new era of extravagance," said Mr. Aldrich, "there is no revenue in sight that will prove sufficient. But if, as I hope, we return to a wise and reasonable administration of the Government I think the bill as it stands will raise ample revenue."

Mr. Cummins in his closing speech again attacked the plan, asserting that "it serves the purposes of the mighty corporations." Senator Hughes of Colorado insinuated that the pending measure was drawn intentionally wrong to provoke its immediate repeal.

The maximum and minimum provisions will be taken up to-morrow, and the administrative clauses will be taken up in turn. It is expected that a drawback clause will be reported by the committee early in the week, while the constitutional amendment in regard to the income tax will probably be disposed of to-morrow.

The organization leaders are elated over the prospects of early adjournment. Mr. Aldrich declared he did not see how the bill could remain in the Senate longer than next week.

The Republican members of the Finance Committee of the Senate have agreed upon an increase in the tax on cut and plug tobacco and cigars and cigarettes, amounting to about 20 per cent. over the House rates.

A most delicious and refreshing drink in hot weather—Iced "Salada" Tea.—Adv.

In order to make sure of obtaining a copy of Sunday's Times, features of which are advertised elsewhere, place your order with your newsdealer early to-day.

COBALT FIRE-SWEPT; 3,000 ARE HOMELESS

Half Million Dollars' Damage in Mining Town—One Dead and Six Injured.

ANGRY AT THE ORIENTALS

Third Blaze in Last Three Months Due to the Chinese, and They May Be Driven from District.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ontario, July 2.—The mining town of Cobalt was practically wiped out by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. The blaze started on the Palleybury Road in a Chinese restaurant. Three thousand people are homeless. One man was killed and six injured by dynamite exploded in the hope of checking the blaze. Two children are reported missing.

The damage is estimated at $500,000, 150 buildings being destroyed. The inhabitants are removing remaining household furniture into the hills. As this is the third fire in the last few months due to the Chinese, feeling against all Orientals is strong, and it is feared they may be driven from the district.

All the theatres and the roller rink have been turned into temporary refuges for the unfortunates who have lost their homes. A relief committee is actively at work.

Both sides of Palleybury Road for more than half a mile were swept. The Chinese restaurant, where the fire started, is north of the Imperial Bank, and the bank, one confectionery store, and the Taylor hardware store are the only buildings on the street that were not wiped out.

Few companies had accepted insurance risks here, and in the entire street less than $50,000 will cover the entire amount of insurance carried.

Looting is general and no steps are being taken to stop the work of thieves, who are carrying off everything in sight.

The Meyer shaft of the Nipissing and No. 4 shaft of the Chambers Ferland Mine were destroyed, with the following buildings: New York Restaurant, Chamandy Brothers, fruits; Montreal Store, dry goods; International Meat Market, Renfrew boarding house, De Wolfe's blacksmith's shop, Wingham Hotel, Jamieson's meat market, Tripps's livery, Keeley's drug store, Meredith & Miles, jewelry store; Morin Frerès, loss about $25,000; Catholic Church and school and Father Forget's residence, prospecting shaft of Nipissing Mine, Short's warehouse and 100,000 feet of lumber, and Popleton's machine shop, in course of erection.

The Toronto Board of Control dispatched a carload of provisions to-night, and the Provincial Government forwarded 100 tents and 300 blankets.

Several of the near-by mines volunteered to feed and house the large number of sufferers.

20 DEAD IN LANDSLIDE.

Wall of Alexandra Dock Gives Way—4 Living Still in Debris.

NEWPORT, Monmouthshire, England, July 2.—It is estimated that twenty men perished to-day by the sudden collapse of the west wall of the new lock at the entrance to the Alexandra dock.

The extension of the dock work has been in progress for some time, and fifty men were working in a trench sixty feet deep preparing for a concrete foundation. Without the slightest warning the heavy shoring timbers gave way in the middle and the entire structure collapsed and carried down with it thousands of tons of earth, the railway lines on both sides of the trench, many railway cars, and four traveling cranes.

The men at the bottom of the trench, which was 100 yards long and 30 feet wide, had no chance to escape, but many of those working nearer the surface were uninjured.

The work of rescue was begun immediately before the collapse, and three men were taken out alive. The bodies of some of the dead also were recovered. At midnight some men, still living, were pinned in the débris in the trench. Aided by electric lights and flare lamps the rescuers were still busy with their work. Thousands of persons had gathered to watch the weird scene, and conversations were being held with a few of the imprisoned men with the aid of speaking tubes, and stimulants and cigarettes were passed down to them, but there was little hope of rescuing the victims, as the removal of the débris that was pinning them down was likely to cause further falls of earth and beams.

Up to midnight eleven persons had been extricated dead or injured, and it was believed that there still were sixteen bodies under the débris.

The engineers in charge were unable to account for the collapse of the shoring timbers, as they say these had been examined daily and every precaution taken to safeguard the workmen.

COUNCILMEN IN FIGHT.

President Cherry Calls Hellmann a Coward and Is Hit in the Face.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 2.—A row occurred in the First Branch City Council to-night in which Fred Hellmann, member from the Eighteenth Ward, smashed W. W. Cherry, President of the branch, in the face with his fist. Some time ago the President at a session of councils had the Sergeant at Arms place Hellmann under arrest, and since then there has been a bitter feeling between the two. To-night during the session Hellmann intimated openly that Mr. Goldsborough, the Mayor's secretary, who was in the chamber, was prompting the President. Hellmann was called to order.

He then declared the President had not the nerve to call other members to order.

When the session closed the two men met in the corridor. President Cherry called Hellmann "a dirty, mean coward" for acting as he did in the meeting. Words followed and Hellmann then struck Cherry. The men were separated by other members.

$42.00 TO ST. PAUL AND RETURN, July 3 to 5, Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good to return until July 31. See ticket agents.—Adv.

WRIGHT HITS TREE; WRECKS AEROPLANE

Engine Stops 100 Feet in the Air, Forcing Orville to Make a Hasty Landing.

CIRCLES FIELD 12 TIMES

Again Demonstrates His Control Over Machine—Wilbur Threatens War Department Photographer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Wright aeroplane met with an accident to-day and to-night lies in the balloon shed at Fort Myer with a shattered lower right plane and both of its skids broken. The fault lay with the engine, which stopped when the machine was between 80 and 100 feet in the air.

In gliding to earth Orville Wright displayed the remarkable control he has over the aeroplane, and if it had not been for a small thorn tree that he believed was less than two feet in height the landing would have been perfect. As it is, the damage to the machine is not great and will be repaired within a few days. The aviator was uninjured.

Before the accident Orville Wright had made a flight lasting nearly 12 minutes and had put the aeroplane through its paces in a series of ever-widening sweeping curves that elicited the applause of the big crowd that had gathered at the army post. In this first flight, which ended after twelve circuits of the field had been made, the engine behaved perfectly. There was no "skipping," and its throb was steady and true.

After the machine had been brought to earth Orville Wright and his brother abruptly started off on a walk. Their jaunt took in the rough country on the far side of the balloon house and they held a long conference on the east side of the parade ground.

Bothered by Air Currents.

The character of the air currents on that side of the field seemed to puzzle both. Banked by the wall and the thick trees of Arlington Cemtery, the brothers thought there should be a constantly rising current of air the entire length of the eastern stretch, but Orville has discovered that he has great difficulty in keeping the aeroplane on a high level there. When the brothers had finished their conversation they returned to the starting rail on which the aeroplane had been placed by the men of the Signal Corps.

When the brothers and Charles Taylor, their mechanician, tested the engine before the second flight it was discovered it was not working as all as they would like. Two or three tests were made before the aeroplane was shot off. It rose instantly and began its circular flight around the parade. It took wing on its first round at a height of about 50 feet. As it swept down the course Orville could plainly be seen seeking a smoother stratum, and when it passed the starting point on its third lap it was fully 80 feet up.

Evidently this altitude did not satisfy the aviator, for he tilted his forward planes upward and sought even a higher level. When he came around at the end of the third lap and darted off on the fourth round he was fully 100 feet above the heads of the spectators. For a couple of rounds he maintained this level, and then began to put the machine through its pace. He swept down like a great bird of prey until he was not more than twenty feet from earth, and kept this altitude for some distance. Then he rose again.

Engine Stops High in the Air.

As the whirring machine passed over the cheering throng on the beginning of the ninth lap it was noticeable that the engine was behaving badly. It was missing explosions, and in consequence there was an apparent diminution in the revolutions of the propellers. When above the balloon house at an altitude of between 80 and 100 feet the crowd heard a sudden stopping of the engine, and in silence the big machine began a difficult descent.

The country immediately behind the parade ground is rough. It is dotted with dangerous hollows and there are clumps of trees. Into this Orville steered the machine, and although the propeller power was missing his command of it appeared to be none the less complete. The momentum he had attained in driving the aeroplane served him well in his extremity.

The gliding descent was dramatic. To the spectators, who held their breath, it appeared as though the big white machine were descending a flight of aerial steps. It slid down, was checked, slid down again, and checked again, and thus, in ever shortening drifts, came to earth.

The landing would have been entirely successful had it not been for a thorn bush not more than five feet in height. This tore through the right lower plane, swung the machine around sharply, and smashed the skids. The thorns tore the canvas, but aside from this and the broken skids the aeroplane was intact.

The guard of cavalry under command of Major Foultz closed in immediately and drove back the curious. Later, when the shattered air craft had been wheeled to the balloon house, souvenir hunters obliterated the tree that had done the damage.

Drive Off a U. S. Photographer.

Just as the wrecked aeroplane was being placed in a shed a photographer attempted to get a picture of it. Wilbur Wright seized a piece of the broken frame, leaped the ropes that shut out the crowd, and seized the camera man.

"Get out of here!" he exclaimed. "You mustn't do that. I won't have it."

Orville, seeing his brother's excitement, called to him to calm him. The photographer, thoroughly surprised, was still in the grasp of Wilbur, who, apparently, was seeking to discover some way of rendering the camera inocuous.

"I didn't mean to annoy you," stammered the photographer, covered with confusion. "I'm from the War Department."

"Oh, I beg your pardon," said Wilbur, a smile spreading over his face. "I didn't know; but no pictures."

The Wrights will immediately begin repairs to the machine, but it is not likely that any further flights will be made before the middle or latter part of next week.

Whatever you lose, advertise your loss promptly in THE NEW YORK TIMES. The Lost and Found Registry Bureau is at your service, free of charge. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

BERNSTORFF CHANCELLOR?

Kaiser's Ambassador in Washington Mentioned as Buelow's Successor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 2.—Die Militaerische Politische Correspondenz, a news agency, will state to-morrow that Count Johann Heinrich von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador in Washington, is now on the list of possibilities as successor to Prince Bülow as Chancellor of the Empire. Bernstorff's success in so promptly ingratiating himself in American favor is said to be responsible for his appearance among the dark horses in the race for the Chancellorship.

Baron Mumm von Schwartzenstein, the Ambassador at Tokio, formerly Secretary of Embassy in Washington, is also named as a possibility.

GET JEWELS WORTH $500,000.

Stolen from Regent Street, London, Restaurant, F. Goldschmidt Says.

LONDON, July 2.—The robbery of jewels valued at $500,000 from a Regent Street restaurant has been reported to Scotland Yard by a traveler named F. Goldschmidt of Paris.

The loot, which was in a handbag, consists of ten pearl necklaces and a number of loose pearls and diamonds. They were abstracted from the lavatory of the establishment.

HOUSE FOR LADY GRANARD.

Ogden Mills Buys One of Finest in Belgrave Square for Daughter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Ogden Mills has bought Mortimer House, in Belgrave Square, from Lord Penrhyn, and given it to his daughter, Lady Granard.

It is a corner house, and one of the finest on the aristocratic square where it stands. The Earl and Countess of Granard will move into it when their short lease of the house at 37 Charles Street from the Earl of Dartmouth expires.

ALFONSO UNDER KNIFE.

Paris Hears King Has Had Successful Operation for Polypus.

PARIS, July 2.—A dispatch received here from Biarritz says that Dr. Moure to-day operated upon King Alfonso for the removal of a polypus. According to the dispatch, the King came to Biarritz to consult with the specialist concerning a deafness which he believed to be due to salutes fired in his honor during a recent visit to Valencia.

The physician's examination showed that the deafness was due principally to a polypus, which was removed without difficulty.

BOAT CAPSIZES; NINE DROWN.

Squall Upsets a Sailboat in the Detroit River.

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—Nine people are reported to have been drowned by the capsizing of a sailboat in a squall on the lower Detroit River this evening.

GIFTS BY MRS. HOWARD GOULD

Court House Elevator Man and Court Attendants Remembered by Her.

Mrs. Howard Gould, who successfully brought a suit against her husband for a separation, sent to the County Court House yesterday several gifts for officials with whom she came in contact during the progress of the trial, which lasted twelve days.

To James F. Flock, one of the elevator men who took her up and down four times a day, she gave a handsome amber cigar holder, with a gold rim, in a solid gold case. Inscribed on it was: "With many thanks, from Mrs. Howard Gould. June 25, 1909."

The nature of the other gifts, which were for attendants, could not be ascertained, as the persons for whom they are intended are away on vacation.

MICHIGAN FACES STRINGENCY.

Only $170,000 in State Treasury with No Taxes Due Until Jan. 1.

LANSING, Mich., July 2.—The State of Michigan faces six months of financial stringency owing to the condition of the State treasury. Only $300,794 remained in the general treasury at the opening of the fiscal year, and during the day $130,000 of this was paid out. The new taxes are not expected to come in before the first of next year, and State officials are trying to find some way to bridge over the intervening six months.

It is expected that arrangements will be made by some of the State institutions to get their supplies on credit until the first of the year.

EXIT THIRTEENTH BABY.

The Applegates' Fifteenth Infant Sends Yates Celebrity to the Wings.

FREEHOLD, N. J., July 2.—The thirteenth baby, born on the thirteenth of the month, and the only girl in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Yates of Trenton may now have to take a back seat because of the birth of a baby girl to Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Applegate, near Freehold.

The newcomer at the Applegate home is the fifteenth baby, born on the fifteenth of the same month, June. Another point is scored over the Yates babies in that the latest addition to the Applegate home is the seventh girl. Of the fifteen babies seven were girls. Two of the eight boys died. The Applegate farm is situated about two miles from Freehold on the Jerseyville Road.

MRS. SHELLABARGER IN RENO.

Wealthy Woman of Orange, N. J., Says She Will Sue for Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., July 2.—Mrs. Lucian Shellabarger of Orange, N. J., registered at the Riverside Hotel on Wednesday, and stated that she had come to Nevada to obtain a divorce. Cheney, Massey & Price, who are attorneys for Margaret Illington, have been retained as her attorneys, but they say that as yet they have not made any arrangements for the commencement of suit.

Attorney R. N. Price said: "If Mrs. Shellabarger files a suit she will charge desertion. She will have to reside here six months before commencing any action, however, and may not commence one."

Mrs. Shellabarger is a daughter of the late Samuel Lord of Lord & Taylor, and both she and her mother, who also lives in Orange, are wealthy. Mrs. Shellabarger lived until June 1 at 288 Central Avenue. Her two children, Catherine, aged 14, and Mary, 10, are with the grandmother, Mrs. Samuel Lord, at 215 Central Avenue. Mrs. Lord would not make any statement in regard to the contemplated divorce suit last evening. It is said, however, that the Shellabargers have been separated for some time.

Superior to Lemonade—Horsford's Acid Phosphate added to a glass of cold water, with sugar, refreshes and invigorates. A wholesome tonic.—Adv.

BINGHAM EXPECTED TO BE DISMISSED

Friends Say He Had Turned Down Political Demands Made by the Mayor.

BAKER WAS ASKED TO QUIT

But Begged Off—Bingham Expects a "Circus" in the Fall—Will Take Part, but Hardly Expects to Run for Mayor—New Deputies.

While the new Police Commissioner busied himself yesterday in getting together a staff of aids to replace those who went out with Gen. Bingham a delegation of anti-Tammany bodies obtained from the retiring Commissioner a promise to take the stump against Tammany in the coming campaign, and some of the politicians began to talk of him as the "logical candidate" for Mayor.

There came out incidentally matters in the record of Inspector Russell indicating that some politicians had reason to be pleased over his reduction to a Captaincy, and the reform bodies engaged the cooperation of ex-Deputy Commissioner Hanson to bring out this and other matters in the campaign.

Justice Gaynor, at his home in St. James, L. I., intimated that he had no desire to run for Mayor, denied that he had asked for Commissioner Bingham's resignation, and intimated that the Mayor, in ousting him, was moved by indignation at being "spied upon" in his investigation of the Duffy case.

It came out from a source of unquestionable authority that Gen. Bingham had been expecting for fully a month to find himself dismissed any day.

Moreover, according to Gen. Bingham's friends, the Duffy case, which was the ostensible source of the troubles ending in his removal, was only one of the clubs prepared to use against him. The Coney Island agitation, it was declared, might just as easily have been used as a convenient pretext to oust him if Justice Gaynor had not brought to the front the question of photographing suspects for the Rogues' Gallery.

Commissioner Baker stated last night that his choice for assistants is as follows:

First Deputy—Former Chief Inspector Moses A. Cortright.

Second Deputy—Former Deputy Commissioner Bugher.

Third Deputy—Josiah A. Stover.

Fourth Deputy, in charge of Brooklyn and Queens—A Brooklyn man whose identity was not revealed yesterday.

Hope to Get Cortright.

Commissioner Baker stated that he hoped to know definitely to-day whether these men would accept office. Of Mr. Cortright, he said:

"I hope he will consent to return to the department, with which he has had an honorable connection for forty-two years. The trouble is that he has been having a very good time since he retired last Winter, and is not anxious to get into harness again. He would have both his pension and his pay as Deputy if he came back, and I hope that to-morrow I shall be able to announce that he has consented.

Mr. Bugher, if he is willing to resume his duties, would be Second Deputy Commissioner, and would have command of the Traffic Squad, as before. But if Mr. Cortright refuses office, promotion to the first place will be offered Bugher. His answer to the offer of the Second Deputyship is expected to-day.

The Third Deputy, who will be in charge of the trials of the department, Josiah A. Stover, was sworn in yesterday in the Mayor's private office.

The Commissioner was uncommunicative yesterday as to the Fourth Deputy, who will be in charge of Brooklyn and Queens. All he would say was that the man to whom the place has been offered is an excellent person residing in Brooklyn, and that his answer will also be probably forthcoming to-day. Mayor McClellan has approved of him, if he did not actually suggest his name, as he has done in the case of the other men to whom offers have been made.

"Mr. Pratt of Brooklyn" Declines.

One thing is certain, however, the Fourth Deputy will not be the "Mr. Pratt of Brooklyn" who was a strong favorite for the appointment on Thursday evening. Even yesterday neither Mayor McClellan nor the Commissioner seemed at all sure which Mr. Pratt was referred to. They were doubtful as to his given name, though it seemed probable that he was either Charles M. Pratt or Harold I. Pratt. However, the worry over these details was finally set at rest by the official announcement that Mr. Pratt, Charles M. or Harold I., as the case might be, had definitely refused public office.

Two other men whose names have been mentioned as probable appointees, former Deputy Commissioners McAvoy and Rhinelander Waldo, were also definitely excluded from the list of candidates by the statement of the new Commissioner.

Arthur J. O'Keeffe, former Deputy in charge of Brooklyn, was also suggested to the Mayor, who replied, with a smile: "He is serving his country excellently as Civil Service Commissioner."

The only actual appointments made yesterday were Thomas Carroll, to be the Commissioner's secretary in place of Daniel G. Slattery, and Alexander Hart, Jr., to be executive clerk of the Police Department. Mr. Carroll has been the Commissioner's secretary since November, when he took him on the nomination of Commissioner Bingham. Mr. Carroll is thoroughly acquainted with the Police Department, as he has held clerical places in it for the last fifteen years in the Borough and old City of Brooklyn. His father was also at one time Police Commissioner of Brooklyn before consolidation.

Mr. Hart, the new executive clerk, was Commissioner Baker's secretary when he was first appointed deputy in Brooklyn, and was dismissed by order of Commissioner Bingham last November.

The news of Hart's appointment brought out from sources of unquestionable authority information of considerable interest in regard to the past career of the new Commissioner. According to this information, Deputy Commissioner Baker, while still in charge of Brooklyn, was asked for his resignation last Winter by Commissioner Bingham on the ground of incompetency, and was only permitted to retain office on condition that he submitted to transfer from Brooklyn Headquarters to the Bureau of Supplies, in Mulberry Street.

Baker's Own Plea Saved Him.

Just as Mr. Baker was going on his vacation last year, Gen. Bingham's friends say, the Commissioner discovered how bad were conditions in the borough under him. Gen. Bingham found that his deputy had done a great deal of talking with politicians, but had not done much to keep Brooklyn clean. He seemed, as far as the Commissioner could see, unconscious of the state of affairs, so Gen. Bingham sent for him and asked for his resignation. Mr. Baker, it was said yesterday, made a piteous plea for his official life. He declared that he needed his salary, and if forced to resign he would be ruined. He made so strong an appeal to the Commissioner that he later consented to give him another chance.

Gen. Bingham told him, however, that while Baker was away on his vacation he, the Commissioner, would himself look into the affairs of Brooklyn, and in his characteristic phrase, would "raise hell there." He was as good as his word, and this brought him into conflict with Mr. Hart, the deputy's secretary, whose resignation was asked for. Mr. Hart refused it, and told the Commissioner to dismiss him instead. The Commissioner had no objection whatever to granting his request, and then Mr. Hart complained that he ought to have been allowed to resign. He has now received one of the most responsible minor places at Police Headquarters.

A TIMES reporter repeated this information to the new Commissioner when he returned to his home in Brooklyn late last night, and asked him if it was correct.

"I have nothing to say about that," replied Mr. Baker. "Good night!"

Bingham Doomed Since June 2?

A close friend of Commissioner Bingham talked at length of his removal to a TIMES reporter yesterday. He said that the Commissioner was not in the least surprised at being turned out of office. He had seen that his dismissal was scheduled since June 2 last, the day after his last interview with the Mayor, when they parted apparently on exceptionally friendly terms.

Ever since the Spring of 1907 he had felt the strong underground opposition of the politicians. They would come to him and ask him for personal favors as the reward for votes they had given. When the Commissioner pointed out to them that he could not see that he was under personal obligation thereby they set to work to thwart his schemes for the good of the city and the department. New police stations, which were urgently needed were refused; demands for a large police force were denied, and everything was done to hamper the Commissioner in his work.

According to this friend of Gen. Bingham many requests from politicians came through the Mayor. These the Commissioner always refused if he thought they were contrary to his conception of his duty. The Mayor, Gen. Bingham's friend said, was often angry at his attitude, but seemed to get over it after a time, and his relations with his Commissioner continued to be friendly until their last interview on June 1.

Then began the Coney Island agitation. This is believed by Gen. Bingham's supporters to have been only one of the schemes hatched by the politicians to trip up Commissioner Bingham. The pressure on Mayor McClellan, they think, had by this time become more than he could stand, and he was ready to remove the Commissioner if any reasonable ground could be shown.

In spite of the uproar raised about shutting down the lid on Coney Island and stopping the Sunday shows, the actual orders issued by Commissioner Bingham to Inspector Russell and Capt. Palmer were only to see that the law was enforced and that the gambling rooms, disorderly houses, and cheap dives were no more permitted there than in any other part of the city. He did not at any time aim at the big amusement enterprises like Luna Park or Steeplechase Park, and when George C. Tilyou, the proprietor of the latter, showed to Inspector Russell the injunction he had obtained against police interference the Inspector told him that it was quite unnecessary, as the police had no intention of interfering with him.

This, however, convinced Commissioner Bingham that his course was run, and it was only a matter of time before something or other would be found as a plausible excuse for driving him out. He at once made preparations for his Summer vacation, and gave orders that his cottage in Nova Scotia should be prepared for his reception. He did not resign immediately, because he was asked by many persons of prominence to stay in office as long as possible and make Mayor McClellan show his hand.

The Duffy case, Gen. Bingham's friends contend, was in the end the means adopted to get rid of him. Mayor McClellan, they say, could have ordered the Commissioner simply to remove Duffy's photograph from the Rogues' Gallery, and the Commissioner would have obeyed, but in addition he directed changes in the organization of the department which would have reduced Gen. Bingham to a figurehead. Then when it came to what the Commissioner considered injustice to two of his assistants, he refused to comply with the orders from the City Hall, and took the consequences. In this many politicians see the hand of Senator McCarren, and believe that if that leader had not wished to force the issue, the Mayor would have found some means to settle the matter with less forceful a hand.

Commissioner Baker declared yesterday that there are not at present any changes contemplated in the personnel at Headquarters. There were rumors yesterday that Chief Inspector Schmittberger might be shifted to a district away from Mulberry Street, and that Inspector McCafferty might be transferred from the detective bureau.

"I do not contemplate any changes at present," the new Commissioner said. "I am giving all my time to the selection of my deputies.

Both Mayor McClellan and Commissioner Baker were told yesterday that there is undoubtedly a feeling among those who make their living by running poolrooms and other disorderly resorts that there was a good time coming for them.

No Wide-Open Town, Mayor Says.

"Such an idea is preposterous," said the Mayor. "Don't they know that the same man is Mayor of the city as has been preserving law and order to the best of his ability for the last five years? He will continue to do it for the six months that he has still to remain in office."

Commissioner Baker said: "If people really think it is going to be a wide-open town, they will soon find out that they are very much mistaken."

Both Mayor McClellan and the Commissioner labored hard yesterday to dispel the idea that the appointment of Mr. Baker is a victory for Senator McCarren.

"The Senator," said Mayor McClellan, "did not see me yesterday. Neither he nor Mr. Murphy recommended to me the appointment of Commissioner Baker. Everybody knows that Commissioner has not spoken to McCarren for a year."

Commissioner Baker increased this period of silence to four or five years. He said:

"Senator McCarren came to my office when I was first appointed deputy in Brooklyn and I would not see him. I have had several quarrels with him and I am identified with the anti-McCarren wing of the party. The Mayor alone is responsible for my appointment and neither Senator McCarren nor Tammany Hall has anything to do with it. My appointment was quite unexpected as far as I am concerned. All I was looking for was to return to Brooklyn."

"Are you not a member of the Andrew Jackson Club of the Eleventh Assembly District in Brooklyn?" the Commissioner was asked. And is not Tomas F. Burnes one of McCarren's lieutenants the leader of the district?"

"I am not a member. Before I was appointed Civil Service Commissioner five years ago, I was elected, but I declined to become a member. Since I was appointed Civil Service Commissioner I have belonged to no political club."

Senator McCarren was at the City Hall yesterday, and also denied absolutely that he had anything to do with the choice of Commissioner Baker. When he was asked about it, he replied:

"I am as innocent as a newborn babe in this matter."

"But politics had some part in it?"

"You know just as much about that as I do," was his answer.

Commissioner Baker declared yesterday that as soon as he had got Deputies and stenographers he would start in "to do the good work that Commissioner Bingham left off." He issued his first general order in the course of the morning. It dealt with the observance of the Fourth, and directed all Inspectors to see that the law is strictly observed with regard to the sale and discharge of fireworks. The neighborhood of hospitals is to be kept free of explosions, and all reserves must be in the stations on duty, with the exception of the Arsenal force and the Traffic Squad.

For the present, at any rate, the detail of Inspector Kelly to the City Hall, to take charge of the Special Complaint Bureau set up by Mayor McClellan, will be carried out. The Mayor leaves town today for the Adirondacks, and he stated that in his absence Inspector Kelly will be under the orders of the Acting Mayor.

All appointments in the department of any importance will also be submitted to the Mayor for his approval. Speaking of this yesterday, Mayor McClellan said:

"That is the old system. But during the last six months none of them has been submitted to me."

Gen. Bingham was also preparing yesterday to leave New York for the Summer. He will sail this morning for Nova Scotia. He was busy packing all day, but stopped long enough to say:

"I'm not done with this old town. I like it too much. When I come back I shall be a private citizen and can say and do what I please. If I find that there's a circus going on when I come back, well, I'm just going to get into it.

"If the Mayor had had the strength to resist the politicians it would all have been different. I would have removed the Duffy picture, though I had a different view of the matter.

"But when he began to run the department from the City Hall, it meant that Pat McCarren was running it. I either had to resign or make the Mayor remove me. I stood for what I thought right. My record is clean, and I believe the better class of the public is with me.

"I really didn't use as many 'damns' in my talk yesterday as was said. Still I'm darn glad to get out.

"I picked up a paper this morning, and one of the first things I saw was a burglary here and a hold-up there. For more than three years these things had been worrying me terribly. But I smiled to myself, and thought how glad I was to be out of it. Now I don't care if they sack the whole city. I'm out of it."

A sketch of the new Third Deputy Commissioner Josiah A. Stover was given out yesterday at the Mayor's office. It says he was born at Kittery, Me., and is a graduate of Tufts College. He came to New York and graduated from the New York University Law School in 1899.

He was appointed Junior Assistant Corporation Counsel by George L. Rives from the Civil Service list. Several legal cases which Mr. Stover won for the city are cited to demonstrate his legal ability. It is stated that Mr. Stover is a Democrat, but is not actively identified with any political clubs or organizations. It is also declared that Mr. Stover has taken the position of Trial Deputy, with the understanding that he is to return to the regular practice of law in his old position in the Law Department next December.

BARONET FOUND DEAD.

Body in Railroad Station Believed to Be That of Sir Arthur Cowell-Stepney.

YUMA, Arizona, July 2.—Papers discovered among the effects of a stranger found dead at the Southern Pacific station to-day indicate that the body is that of Sir Arthur Cowell-Stepney of London, an English baronet of large estate.

Sir Emile Algernon Arthur Keppel Cowell-Stepney, Bart., of Llanelly, County Camarthen, was born in 1834, succeeding his father as second Baronet in 1877. He was High Sheriff of Carmarthen in 1884 and Member of Parliament from 1876 to 1878 and from 1886 to 1892. Aug. 24, 1875, he married the Hon. Margaret Warren, daughter of George, second Lord de Tabley, by whom he had one daughter, Katherine Meriel, who was born Sept. 12, 1876.

In 1903, after living apart from her husband for twenty-seven years, on account of his eccentricity, it was said, Lady Cowell-Stepney sought and obtained a judicial separation in London on the ground of desertion. In the evidence it was shown that the Baronet had left his home three weeks after his daughter was born and had never returned. In 1882 Cowell-Stepney commenced an action against his wife to get the custody of the child, and the matter was settled through the intervention of the late Mr. Gladstone.

Certain allegations which Cowell Stepney made at the time against his wife were investigated and were found to be baseless. They were the result of mental delusions, for which he was treated by Sir William Gull and Dr. Maudsley, which resulted in the respondent being sent abroad with a doctor in 1877. In 1882 husband and wife met, and he showed then as at all times great affection for his daughter.

In 1901 he wrote to his daughter from Dakota that he had become an American citizen and in future she should address his letters as E. Stepney.

and a friend said: "Stepney, that's your instance of a wealthy English Baronet publicly renouncing and adjuring, so to speak, an inherited honor of this King, although many other titled Englishmen have dropped the prefixes to their names on coming to America.

It was twenty years after her birth that the Baronet first saw a picture of his daughter, which had been painted by the famous English artist Millais and hung in the Royal Academy. He admired it, and a friend said: "Stepney, that's your daughter Katherine."

Sir Arthur belonged to the Brooks and the Travelers' Clubs of London. He was a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society. He had made his home in America for more than a quarter of a century.

CAPT. QUALTROUGH RETIRED.

Was Suspended During Trip of Fleet Around the World.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Five Captains, one Commander, and three Lieutenant Commanders of the navy, the selections of the Sperry "plucking board," to-day were retired under the Navy Personnel act after approval by President Taft.

Among them is Capt. Edward F. Qualtrough, who was commander of the battleship Georgia during the trip around the world of the Atlantic battleship fleet, and who was suspended from duty for six months following a court-martial at Tangier on charges of intoxication and unbecoming conduct.

BINGHAM TO STUMP AGAINST TAMMANY

Delegation from the Hundred Obtains His Promise and Hanson's Aid.

HAS DOCUMENTS OF VALUE

They Show How the Politicians Vainly Pressed Him—Source of the Enmity to Inspector Russell.

A delegation representing the Committee of One Hundred, the Citizens' Union, and the Committee of Fourteen called on ex-Police Commissioner Theodore A. Bingham at the Iroquois Hotel yesterday afternoon and had a two hours' conference with him. Afterward it was said on good authority that Gen. Bingham had consented to take the stump for the anti-Tammany forces in the coming campaign; also that his Third Deputy Commissioner, eBrt Hanson, had pledged himself and his services to the anti-Tammany cause.

In the delegation that called on the former Police Commissioner were William Jay Schieffelin and Robert S. Binkerd, Chairman and Secretary, respectively, of the Citizens' Union; Joseph W. Price, Secretary of the Committee of One Hundred; Minfred T. Denison, Chairman of its Committee on Investigation and Research; Joseph O. Hammitt, Secretary of its Publicity Committee, and Frederick H. Whitin, Secretary of the Committee of Fourteen, which caused the introduction of the Sunday-Opening bill in the recent session of the Legislature.

It was learned last night that during the conference the police situation was canvassed thoroughly and that Mr. Denison obtained a great deal of material which will be investigated and whipped into shape for use in the campaign. From a well-informed source it was learned that Gen. Bingham had satisfied the delegation that his assertion that political pressure was responsible for his removal would be borne out by documentary evidence in his possession.

Gen. Bingham will return from his vacation in the middle of September, and, according to the information obtained last night, will then throw himself at once into the anti-Tammany fight which by that time will be well under way.

Members of the Committee of One Hundred were jubilant over the latest developments in connection with the removal of the Police Commissioner and the radical changes ordered by Mayor McClellan in his department. Even men who had been lukewarm, if not opposed, in their attitude toward that movement declared yesterday that in supplying the Hundred with a moral issue the Mayor had bestowed on them a new lease of life.

Raymond V. Ingersoll, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Hundred, said yesterday that the fullest advantage would be taken by that body of the situation thus created. It is expected that within the next few days there will be a lot of material in the hands of the Sub-Committee on Investigation and Research bearing upon the efforts of certain prominent politicians to thwart Police Commissioner Bingham in his efforts to run the department on a non-political basis. It was said that in all probability the bulk of this material would be held back to permit the Commissioner to use it himself in his speeches, but some important revelations may come before the speaking campaign is under way.

How Russell Offended the Powers.

As an example of the political influences, the interference of which Commissioner Bingham resisted but of which, according to his own statement, he became the victim, the committee gave out yesterday a statement concerning the case of Acting Inspector John H. Russell, whom Mayor McClellan ordered reduced to the rank of Captain and transferred to the Bronx after his efforts to clean up Coney Island and his activities in the same direction in the stronghold of the Sullivans on the lower east side.

"He acquired the enmity of politicians when in charge of the Second District, (lower east side,)" the statement says. "Co-operating with the agents of the Committee of Fourteen, Russell closed the notorious 'Friendly Inn' run by Fegelle, one of the political criminals of the district. The record in this case was presented to the Legislature in the efforts to obtain the appointment of the Courts' Investigating Committee. He also brought proceedings against three notorious places on the Bowery.

"Russell was transferred to the First District in November, 1908. Prior to that time there had been little effort to suppress the resorts in the district south of Houston Street. He forced the surrender by three unlawful places of their liquor tax certificates. He succeeded in taking away the certificates of four other unlawful places through criminal action brought in Special Sessions. He made vigorous though unsuccessful efforts to close a lawless place run by a politician and supplied with beer and a license by a prominent brewer. Through his initiative and with the co-operation of the Excise Department, action was taken to close Wulfer's or "Larry" Hart's place in Fourteenth Street, opposite Tammany Hall. The case against Wulfer's is now pending before Justice Hendricks. Fegelle was first found by Russell in the First District and driven out of it.

"When first made Captain, Russell established his reputation by getting cases against the notorious Molly Reardon's in Forty-second Street, and against Hadden's Hotel, which has ever since been unmolested. Hadden has been twice pardoned from Sing Sing, and is now proprietor of the German Village. Molly Reardon's place is closed.

"This is the sort of activity which ought to recommend a police officer for promotion rather than for reduction. Under any other conditions than those produced by the desire of a political machine to control the police, Inspector Russell's record would secure for him the confidence of his superiors."

Bingham, "Logical Candidate."

Gen. Bingham is not taking the Mayoralty boom started for him seriously, although some politicians at least pretend that they are. A man who will play a prominent part in the next Republican City Convention and who will have a big say in any fusion movement that may be organized said yesterday:

"The action of Mayor McClellan in removing Commissioner Bingham on such a flimsy pretext makes the General the logical candidate for Mayor on the Republican ticket."

Republican State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff paid a visit to the Mayor's office in the City Hall yesterday in connection with the appointment of Secretary John E. Smith of the Kings County Republican Committee to one of the Republican places on the Board of Elections. When asked what he thought of Gen. Bingham as a Republican candidate for Mayor, Mr. Woodruff declined to discuss the matter for publication.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

COMPLETE WESTERN TRAIN SERVICE.

Persons visiting the Seattle Exposition this summer, or the western cities to which reduced rates are authorized on account of various national conventions, will find the train service by the Pennsylvania Railroad complete and comprehensive. The section of the map served by its system, from the Great Lakes to the Mid-Mississippi Valley, is like an open fan of which New York is the pivot and Chicago and St. Louis the extremities. If the final destination is beyond these termini the connections for Northwest, West, or Southwest are equally good.

There are 7 trains to Chicago, 5 to St. Louis, 5 to Cincinnati, 5 to Cleveland, and 3 to Toledo every day. They leave New York at hours tested by experience as the best adjusted to the requirements of every class of travel. They all offer a high grade of equipment according to the taste or the means of the traveler, but among them are the choicest trains of the world.

Easily first is the "Pennsylvania Special" (18 hours to Chicago). It leaves the setting sun in Pennsylvania and greets the rising sun in Western Indiana. Others are "The Pennsylvania Limited" (morning train to Chicago, 23 hours), the "Chicago Limited" (evening train to Chicago, 24 hours), the "St. Louis Limited" (afternoon train to St. Louis, 27½ hours, "St. Louis Express" (evening train to St. Louis, 28 hours), the "Cleveland and Cincinnati Express" (evening train, 16 hours to Cleveland, 22 to Cincinnati.)

Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket offices at 263 Fifth Avenue (open until 10:00 P. M. daily, including Sundays and holidays; Telephone "1032 Madison Square,") 182 Fifth Avenue, 170, 461, 1354 Broadway, 245 Columbus Avenue, 111 West 125th Street, 2798 Third Avenue, 34 Mulberry Street, West Twenty-third Street Station, Stations foot of Desbrosses Street and foot of Cortlandt Street, New York; 336 Fulton Street, 4 Court Street, 479 Nostrand Avenue, 390 Broadway, and Annex Station, foot of Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

19 CHINESE TAKEN IN RAIDS.

Post Office Men Swoop Down on Washington and Baltimore Lotteries.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Charged with using the United States mails for lottery purposes, proprietors of three Chinese shops were arrested to-night.

The raids were made by Post Office Inspectors Keene and Barclay, assisted by about a dozen members of the local detective and police force. In each place a large amount of gambling paraphernalia was found.

What ordinarily would have been a merely local episode gains importance from the fact that the raid represented an effort of the Post Office Department to reach the centre of a widely ramifying Chinese lottery system. The raid also gains interest from the recent murder of Elsie Sigel in New York. It was expected that the raid would be simultaneous with similar activities in other cities.

The six alleged proprietors, all "Lee"—Lee Hing, Lee Sam, Lee Yuen, Lee Hong, Lee You, Lee Kim—were bundled into the patrol wagon, together with armfuls of papers covered with Chinese characters, big tin pans, boxes, and bowls bearing mysterious figures.

Stacks of supposed lottery tickets, printed in green, were seized. On some large splotches of red ink covered the winning numbers. The Inspectors think that one of the places raided was the headquarters of the lottery system.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 2.—Thirteen Chinamen were arrested in four stores and restaurants here to-night by Post Office Inspectors Koons and Robertson, and were held at the Central Police Station for the United States authorities on charges of using the United States mails for lottery purposes. A large amount of evidence was obtained.

BUILDING CODE COMPROMISE.

Murphy's Modified Programme Goes Through at a Stormy Meeting.

The modification of the provisions of the majority report of the Building Code Revision Commission, which have met with strenuous opposition on the part of the leading building and architectural interests of the city, was decided upon yesterday by the Buildings Committee of the Board of Aldermen at a stormy meeting at City Hall.

The orders for a compromise issued some time ago from Tammany Hall were carried out, and the modifications were submitted by Alderman Kenneally. Alderman Schloss (Republican) helped Kenneally put all of his proposals through.

Alderman Doull, the leader of the minority, who had had control of the committee before the desertion of Alderman Schloss, opposed the compromise on every vote.

The modifications decided upon were as follows: Cinder concrete will be admitted, being named specifically, but it being provided that it must be composed of clean anthracite steam boiler cinders, subject to test; the structural steel paint provisions have been cut out altogether; the provision requiring a special kind of standpipe for office buildings is also cut out, and the limitation to the height of reinforced concrete buildings has been removed. Rosendale, or natural, cement is also permitted in many more kinds of work than in the original report. It was also decided not to change the fire limits or the areas within which only fireproof buildings can be put up. The amended code will undoubtedly be adopted at the next meeting.

ELLA GINGLES GIVES DEFENSE.

Instead of Stealing Lace, She Says, She Was Robbed by Accuser.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Ella Gingles, a lacemaker, charged with larceny of lace from Agnes Barrette, her former employer, took the witness stand in her own defense in Judge Brentano's court to-day. Many women prominent in church and philanthropic work crowded the courtroom to hear her.

The girl was taken step by step from the time of her birth, in North Ireland eighteen years ago, to the day when she was charged with the theft of the lace. She declared that this charge against her was manufactured, and when she left the stand her attorneys promised that to-morrow she would be allowed to go into "all the details of the alleged attack upon her in the Wellington Hotel, where she was found unconscious in a bathroom, and how she was almost forced into a life of shame by women who pretended to be her friends." Men for whom these women were acting would be named, it was said.

The young lacemaker said that she went from Ireland to Montreal alone two years ago. After working a few months in Canada she came to Chicago. She worked as a chambermaid during the day, and at night made lace. Then Miss Barrette entered her life, and trouble began. Instead of stealing lace from Miss Barrette, the girl said, Miss Barrette and Mrs. Cecilia Kenyon, who died suddenly a few days ago, came to her room at night and ransacked her belongings, taking her money and her watch and little things she had made in her childhood.

Among the organizations that have taken up the girl's side of the case are the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, the Daughters of the Confederacy, the Social Economics Society, the Socialist Women of the United States, the Irish Choral Society, and the Catholic Women's League.

CHURCH THIEF CAUGHT IN ACT.

Prisoner Who Took Altar Valuables Fought All the Way to Station.

Arrested before the altar of the Roman Catholic Church of the Most Precious Blood, 113 Baxter Street, just after midnight this morning, while he was, the police assert, stuffing the altar plate and sacred vessels into a burlap bag, a man, who said he was James F. Kane, gave Policemen Britton and Hogan of the Elizabeth Street Station a desperate fight.

The policemen were told by a boy that a man was in the church. For several minutes they fought to subdue the man, who was fully six feet tall and powerfully built, and finally one of them had to use his club. All the way to the station the prisoner fought, and on the steps of the station he made such a determined attempt that Lieut. Thomas J. Gleason was forced to go to the aid of the two policemen.

Kane was finally brought before the Lieutenant's desk on the charge of burglary. He gave his address at 1,265 Broadway, and said he was a clerk.

According to the police he admitted the attempt at robbery. He was locked up.

"I SEEK NO OFFICE," SAYS JUSTICE GAYNOR

The Judge Annoyed by Rumors Placing Him as Tammany's Candidate for Mayor.

SOME INSIDE DUFFY HISTORY

Mayor and His Investigators Trailed by City Spies—Gaynor Watched, Too, and Threatened—Talks of Scamps in Office.

From the modest farm near St. James, L. I., where he lives with his family in comparative seclusion, Supreme Court Justice William J. Gaynor sent forth a spirited reply yesterday to those who have attributed his efforts on behalf of the Duffy boy to an ambition to become the next Mayor of New York City.

"I say to you," said the Justice to a correspondent who interviewed him at Deepwells, the farm which he makes his Summer home, "that this matter has nothing to do with politics. I have, as everybody must know, been offered the nomination for Mayor twice, with every prospect of being elected, and twice I have declined it. If I ever run for Mayor it will be because the good people of the community make a demand for it, and I believe you know that I have not the vanity to think that this will ever happen. And, let me add, I hope it never will."

Justice Gaynor turned from haymaking to receive the correspondent. The supervision of his farm, to all appearances, is of more interest to him than the stormy culmination of the Duffy episode and all the sensational events which have followed in its train. The correspondent mentioned the rumors which have been busy with Justice Gaynor's name in connection with the Mayoralty nomination. The reference sent a flush of annoyance to the Judge's face.

"I have nothing to add to the statement I made the other night," said Justice Gaynor in reply to a question. "The proposition that the police must keep within the law is too plain and elemental to furnish any ground for debate. Russian methods will never be tolerated here, although they had been growing so long that they were well-nigh established. If the time ever comes when public officials can take the law into their own hands, then will our system of government—our priceless heritage—be at an end. There are a few people who want this done, but the great bulk of us have little else than our liberties and immunities and the right to vote, and we do not intend to lose the former while we possess the latter."

The Justice said he was glad if by his action young Duffy, and through his case many other boys, had been saved from being driven into discouragement and crime by police oppression.

"I tried to do for that boy only what any man would have tried to do, and I don't understand that I am entitled to any credit for it," he said. "No, let the Mayor get the credit. He's entitled to it. I am writing to him to thank him.

"Gen. Bingham could just as well have had the credit for doing justice to that boy himself," he added, after a moment's thought. "The correspondence between the former Police Commissioner and myself will show that. Indeed, did I not say in one private letter to him: 'You do this thing yourself and take all the credit for it.' I had not a thought at the outset of it ever becoming known that I had anything to do with it."

"What do you think of the removal of Commissioner Bingham an dof the other changes in the Police Department ordered by the Mayor?" was asked.

"Some of those removed," replied the Justice with some warmth, "are the biggest scamps that ever got into authority over deecnt people. When all gradually becomes known the community will be amazed that some of them ever could get into places of such power for good and evil.

"No, I say nothing about the Commissioner," he continued in reply to a question interposed at this point. "Let it be known that I never asked for his removal, although some newspapers persistently announced in big headlines that I did. I only asked that this poor boy, Duffy, be righted. I had not a single thought other than that."

"How, then, did it happen that the removals were made?" asked the correspondent.

Justice Gaynor replied that while the Mayor was conducting his investigation he had been informed daily of what was occurring in the Mayor's office.

"From the outset," he continued, "the Mayor was blocked at every turn by men on the police force. It was not until the services of a private detective agency had been called in that everything was unraveled and the truth known. In the meantime the Mayor and the chief official assisting him in the investigation were subjected to a system of espionage, inaugurated and steadily maintained by the city's detectives. I was also followed by these spies, both here and in the city. I was unconscious of the fact until Assistant Corporation Counsel Crowell informed me of it. But I do not care for that."

"Do you hold Commissioner Bingham responsible for this?" Justice Gaynor was asked.

"My own belief," said Justice Gaynor, "is that this was done by another, and not by the Commissioner."

The Justice volunteered the information that he had received many anonymous letters since he became the champion of the Duffy boy against the police.

"If I were to publish the letters of threats and abuse I have received during the last week, some might be astonished," said the Justice.

"But I have been long before the public," he continued, musingly. "I have been in movements to destroy base and corrupt men and to put an end to bad government; I have been through the hottest political campaigns, and have become used, but, I trust, not callous, to such things. I hope I shall never become callous to the opinions of good men."

To enter upon any general discussion of the Mayoralty situation or the prospective municipal campaign, he positively declined.

MONTEREY HITS A CATBOAT.

Small Crash Off Quarantine in the Dark—No Serious Damage.

The Ward Line steamship Monterey, which arrived last night from Havana and anchored off Quarantine, was in collision at 11 o'clock with a small catboat. Details of the accident were learned from dispatches received by wireless from the Monterey.

The Ward liner was coming slowly through the channel when Capt. Smith sighted the catboat with five persons aboard about forty feet ahead and directly in his vessel's course. He reversed his engines, but the Monterey's bow struck the small craft a glancing blow. The steamship hailed her with an offer of assistance, and one of the men on the catboat replied that they were not badly damaged and asked that a tug be sent to bring them into port.

The Monterey was not damaged. Her officers say that the catboat was under sail and they saw no lights on her.

The police boat Patrol left Quarantine shortly after midnight in search of the boat and used her searchlight freely, but failed to find her.

King Sells a Fra Angelico.

BRUSSELS, July 2.—King Leopold has sold to a Paris dealer a picture by Fra Angelico which Leopold I. inherited from his first wife.

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FEARS FOR SMALL BANKS.

Supt. Wiles of Indiana Says Corporation Tax Discriminates Against Them.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 2.—Indiana bankers and heads of trust companies are opposed to the corporation tax amendment to the Tariff bill recommended by President Taft, which passed the Senate today. Supt. Wiles of the Bank and Trust Company Department of the State reports that the objection to the bill is based on the fact that it does not apply to National banks, savings banks, and building and loan associations, but includes State banks, private banks, and trust companies, making a discrimination in favor of the former.

"I believe the tax will have the effect of driving the State banks, private banks, and many trust companies out of business," said Mr. Wiles to-day. "The people who support these banks are quick to respond to any hint of discrimination, and I fear that one of the first results will be to drive deposits from the class of banks discriminated against.

"Next, it will compel some State and private banks to become National or savings banks in cities where they can afford to make the change, but in the smaller places I believe that it will drive the small bankers out of business and impose an unnecessary hardship on business men.

"The State or private bank and the trust company occupies as important a place in the business of its limited field as is occupied by the National bank in the larger field, and my banking sense, based on several years' experience in the business, prompts me to believe that the smaller institutions cannot but be seriously crippled if the proposed tax is imposed."

TAILER BEQUESTS $300,000.

New York University Gets $25,000—Two Estates Divided Among Relatives.

The will of Mrs. Maria C. Tailer, widow of William H. Tailer of 30 East Fifty-fifth Street, was filed for probate yesterday, in which she disposed of over $300,000 in specific bequests to relatives, friends, and charitable institutions.

Articles of furniture, pictures, vases, diamonds, and jewelry went to her brothers and sisters.

The testatrix made bequests of from $1,000 to $25,000 to nieces, nephews, and grandchildren. Her butler, Charles Terry, gets $2,000.

The New York University gets $25,000 for the use and benefit of the dispensary of the institution and Bellevue Hospital College to be known as "the Memorial joint medical endowment fund," in memory of her husband. The Home for Incurables receives $7,500 for the endowment of a free bed to be known as the "William Watson bed," in memory of her late father, William Watson. The Children's Aid Society, the New York Orthopaedic Dispensary, and the Church of the Incarnation receive each $5,000, the last bequest to be known as the "Maria Watson Memorial Fund," the income on which is to be used toward the maintenance of the Chapel of the Incarnation.

Kaufmann Will Excludes Two Children

The will of Abraham Kaufmann of 11 West Eighty-second Street, filed for probate yesterday, gives the value of the estate as $1,000 in personal and "more than $10,000" in real property. His daughters, Minnie Blumenheld and Pauline Hahn, and his sons, Joseph and Walter Kaufmann, each get one-fourth of the estate for life, and at their death it is to go to their lawful issue.

His daughters, Emma Keith of Cologne, Germany, and Debora Jacoby, wife of Dr. George Jacoby of this city, do not share in the estate because, he says, they do not need it.

MURDER OF WYLLIE STIRS ALL ENGLAND

Continued from Page 1.

lations between the peoples of Great Britain and India. Sir Alfred and Lady Lyall received the guests, who numbered some 300 Anglo-Indian retired officers, active members of the Indian service, Indian Office officials, and students. There were present many native Indians and women in picturesque native costumes, and, with the exception of the assassin, everybody was in evening dress. Dhinagri was attired in ordinary morning dress and wore a turban. The tickets to the function were placed with great care in order that they might only get ito the hands of reliable persons.

The Daily Express and others of the London morning newspapers call loudly upon the Government for measures to suppress the India house agitation in London, of which Krishnavarma is the leading spirit. He is now a refugee in Paris, where he openly advocates, through his paper, the Indian Sociologist, getting rid of British officials. The Daily Express asks the Government to call upon France to expel Krishnavarma.

It is alleged, too, that among the most active and dangerous conspirators connected with the India house is an Indian woman of wealth and influence, who is inspiring the students to take measures to overthrow British rule in India.

CALCUTTA, July 2.—There is to-day a recrudescence of political excitement in Eastern Bengal, and meetings to express sympathy with natives who have been deported are of almost daily occurrence. Arabindo Ghose, one of the most prominent of the Indian agitators, is traveling through the country in the interests of an anti-Government campaign. He is preaching that the "fiat of God has gone out to the Indian nation to unite, to be free, and to be great."

The last assassination of a prominent Englishman occurred on May 6, 1882, when Lord Frederick Cavendish, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and Thomas Burke, the Under Secretary, were killed in the afternoon in Phoenix Park, Dublin. The park has a space of 2,000 acres and is the chief resort for driving and riding of the residents of the Irish capital. The murder of the two British officials was carefully planned by a man named Carey, who afterward turned informer.

The signal for the shooting was the dropping of a handkerchief by Carey, who betrayed his accomplices, and was afterward followed to South America and shot by Patrick O'Donnell, who was afterward hanged for the crime.

ONE-MAN POWER A FAILURE.

Eliot Says City Business Should Be Divided Among Elective Heads.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 2.—Dr. Charles W. Eliot, now President Emeritus of Harvard, publishes here an article on municipal government, in which he says:

"I believe that experience has demonstrated that all the experiments of putting the government of cities into the hands of one man have failed. I cannot find a single case where it has prevented the commonest and most objectionable forms of corruption and thieving. The one-man power in the hands of a Mayor has failed already in the United States as a remedy for municipal inefficiency and municipal dishonesty.

"It is necessary to divide the city business into several groups of departments with an elected head for each group. That is just what they have done in Galveston, Houston, and Des Moines, and are now doing in Chelsea, Haverhill, and Gloucester. These I believe to be the principles toward which the recent experience of American cities guides us."

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WATCHING A SUSPECT IN DEATH OF SELLERS

Dobbs Ferry Police Tracing Movements of a Wild Young Man Whose Story Is Confused.

ACCIDENT, DOCTOR SAYS

He Thinks the Driver Fell from His Surrey and Struck on His Head—Details of His Fatal Drive.

The village of Dobbs Ferry is about evenly divided on the question whether Edward Sellers, the driver found dead on Sunday night with a terrible wound on the left side of his head, was the victim of accident or foul play.

Those who incline strongly to the murder theory fix their suspicions on certain young men of wild reputation, among whom is one especially of a family of considerable local political influence. Last night, for the first time, the village Government took official action. At a special meeting of the village Trustees John A. Best, the stableman, who employed Sellers, and who has been loud in criticising the apparent lethargy of the authorities, was long under examination.

The result was that the village, of which Charles E. Storms is President, pledged itself, after overcoming the members of the board who energetically opposed the move, to give the county authorities every possible assistance in sifting down the case.

Coroner Squier, active from the first, has under watch this man of prominence and reckless habits whom he chiefly suspects. He regards seriously certain confused stories the man told of his actions on the night of Sellers's death. State Detective O. E. Canning is keeping watch on this man.

According to those villagers even who believe him innocent this young man is the head of a gang that has been involved, though never legally, in a number of wild escapades at night, wherein drivers have been "beaten up." Neither he nor any one else is known to have had anything against Sellers.

The reason for the accident theory is because Sellers had epileptic fits at infrequent intervals, but to no great degree.

The circumstances of the man's death, so far as are known, are these: A little after 9 P. M. Sunday he was sent to drive a surrey to the Dobbs Ferry Station, where some women were waiting to be driven to a near-by town. It was dark and the road to the station runs down a steep hill, turns suddenly to cross the railroad track over a bridge, then turns more suddenly in its original direction on the other side, and finally forms almost an acute angle as it turns back toward the station. Just at the apex of this acute angle stands Nickerson's saloon.

In this saloon that night there were gathered a considerable number of men. The windows were open. Upstairs there sat Mrs. Nickerson and her daughter-in-law, Mamie Nickerson.

These two heard the surrey with its one horse rattle past at a rapid trot. While it was above them on the bridge Mrs. Nickerson heard a cry or groan; as it passed Mamie thought she saw a man, the only one there, hanging half out of the wagon at the front step. The surrey swung around the acute angle between a high wall and an empty brick stable.

The next moment silence fell on the talkers at the bar, and they heard loud moans. Then the wagon went by again as the horse, having turned the circle at the station, galloped home.

Mr. Nickerson, Roscoe Conkling, Luke List, and others hurried out just as a station man ran up with a lantern. They found Sellers lying close to the stable spasmodically thrashing with his arms. He said the one sentence, "I was going to Hastings," and never spoke again.

There was a terrible wound on the side of his head nearest the stable; part of his ear was gone, and his right eye was blackened. The wound itself, which could only have been made by some large, hard, blunt object—possibly a stone or a horse's hoof—had made a compound fracture. Sellers died the next day in the Dobbs Ferry Hospital.

When he was found no one suspected foul play. Then they began to wonder how any fall could have so injured him. Yet one circumstance pointed strongly to accident. Driving, he naturally sat on the right side of his surrey; the wound was on the left. It must necessarily have been a tremendous blow, yet he had fallen out of the wagon on the same side from which the blow had been struck, if it were a blow at all.

When the people from Nickerson's saloon ran to him they found the cushion of his seat placed as though with care against the wall of the stable. They found his whip half way up the hill. They heard no sounds of a scuffle. Sam Smith, driver in Hughes's stable half way up the hill, also heard nothing, though he saw Sellers drive by whistling on his way to the station.

Dr. Todd of the hospital accepts the accident theory. He thinks Sellers must have fallen down in a fit. There was blood on the left hub of the surrey, but there seemed to be no blood on any hard object in the road on which his head could have struck.

The next day people began to tell of deeds of rowdyism the night before. Through the windows of several houses near the river stones had crashed and wild laughter had echoed the crash; then Anthony Graney found that his motor boat had been partially wrecked by a gang of rowdies. Some of them were recognized, but they were seen near the motor boat after the injury had come to Edward Sellers.

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SAY SECRET SOCIETY HELPED LEON LING

Needed Assistance in Disposing of Elsie Sigel's Body, Police Declare, and Got It.

HUNT FOR TWO BROTHERS

Yung Dat and Yung Wah Believed to Have Been in Chong Sing's Room After the Murder.

The belief of the police that the body found in the Hudson River off Riverdale on Thursday evening was that of Leon Ling, the fugitive Chinaman, wanted for the murder of Elsie Sigel, was upset yesterday by Coroner's Physician Curtis, who found the body was that of a white man.

Positive identification was made of the body last night by W. A. P. Willard, Jr., of 518 West 184th Street, who visited the Fordham Morgue and said that it was that of his son, Norman R. Willard. Young Willard was drowned on June 28 last, the father said, while playing ball on the river front near Washington Heights.

Capt. Arthur Carey, in charge of the Homicide Bureau at Police Headquarters, obtained information from a source in Chinatown yesterday that makes him believe that Yung Dat, whom the police have been seeking, and Yung Wah, the laundryman, of 370 West 126th Street, to whose place the trunk holding Elsie Sigel's body was taken by an express wagon on June 9, were in the room of Chong Sing, in the Eighth Avenue chop suey house, shortly after the murder.

From Quong Wick Nam, the Chinese interpreter, Capt. Carey learned, for the first time, that Yung Dat, a Chinaman of various aliases, and Yung Wah are brothers. Yung Dat was arrested in Chinatown the night after Elsie Sigel's body was found, along with Chu Gain, the Mott Street restaurant keeper. After denying to the police that he knew anything of the murder, he was allowed to go and has disappeared. Yung Wah also is missing.

Capt. Carey's information is that Yung Dat and Yung Wah, about noontime the day of the murder, received word to go to the Eighth Avenue chop suey house. They are declared to be two of the four Chinamen in queues and blouses who sat in Chong Sing's room while the trunk containing Elsie Sigel's body was removed. Both Chinamen are members of a secret society, with which Leon Ling and Chong Sing are affiliated. The police theory is that Leon Ling found he needed assistance in disposing of Elsie Sigel's body after he had killed her, and that he turned to the members of his own society.

Quong Wick Nam also told Capt. Carey yesterday that Li Sing, the Newark Chinaman, to whose restaurant Leon Ling took the trunk at 2 o'clock on the morning of June 10, is an uncle of Yung Dat. The Captain now believes it possible that Yung Dat suggested his uncle's restaurant to Leon Ling as a safe place to hide the trunk until the murderer made his escape. Li Sing is also a cousin of Chong Sing, and the latter introduced Leon Ling to the Newark Chinaman some time ago.

Chong Sing has been asked about the removal of the trunk since he was identified by the two expressmen as having pointed it out to them in Leon Ling's room, but he has declared the expressmen were mistaken. He has become sullen in his cell in the House of Detention, and will not give the detectives any information. "Find Leon," is all he says in answer to their questions.

It is now fourteen days since the discovery of the body of Elsie Sigel, and the police confess themselves without a clue to the whereabouts of her murderer.

Lee Hing Fan, keeper of a chop suey restaurant at 583 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, was found dead yesterday, and a story was circulated that he had been murdered for having given information to the police concerning the Sigel murder. Capt. Carey was informed, however, that the Chinaman had died of consumption.

WHITE WIFE FOR LEONG TI.

Pair Get a License to Wed, Though "Mrs. Young" Wouldn't Admit It.

A marriage license was issued yesterday by Clerk Scully in the License Bureau, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, to a Chinaman and a white woman. The prospective bridegroom gave his name as Leong Ti, 28 years old, of 284 Fulton Street, and the name of the woman was given as Lillie Hong, white, 25 years old, of the same address.

At that address it was learned that one L. Young, a Chinaman, who is said to be connected with the Russo-Chinese Bank in Manhattan, lived there with a white woman known as Mrs. Young. She refused to say she was the woman named in the marriage license, nor would she admit that she was married to the Chinaman. She denied that Leong Ti lived at that address.

Mrs. Young proceeded, however, to talk about the recent agitation against the Chinese following the Sigel murder in Manhattan.

"People should mind their own business," she said. "There would not have been so much stir if Elsie Sigel had been murdered by a white man. It happened that a Chinaman did it, and all at once everybody turns against the Chinese. They are as good as anybody else."

Mrs. Young said she did not know anything about the Chinese missions. She said her husband is a Baptist.

LOANS "PARALYZED" BOLDT.

Tells How He Felt When He Heard of U. S. Shipbuilding Deal.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 2.—The testimony of defendant Directors of the Trust Company of the Republic occupied the attention of Justice Van Kirk to-day in the trial of Charles H. Kavanaugh's action for an accounting of losses alleged to have been sustained through investments of the company's funds in the United States Shipbuilding Company. Tuesday, July 13, was fixed as the time for the next hearing, when the trial is expected to be concluded.

Thomas Crimmins of New York City, a contractor, testified that he became a Director of the company on March 27, 1902, when he was 22 years old, two years after his graduation from Harvard. He attended only two of the Directors' meetings that year, he said, and knew nothing of any loans made during the Summer to Lewis Nixon or Daniel Leroy Dresser on shipbuilding securities until Dec. 23.

George C. Boldt of New York, proprietor of the Waldorf-Astoria, was elected a Director of the trust company on March 27, 1902. He testified to-day that he was present at practically every meeting of the board, but that he knew of no loans to Mr. Dresser or Mr. Nixon until early in October.

"I was simply paralyzed," he said, "when I learned what had been done."

BANK CLOSED; OFFICIALS HELD

Heavy Shortage in Ironwood, Mich., Institution—Cashier in Jail.

IRONWOOD, Mich., July 2.—President H. F. Jahn, Cashier E. T. Larson, and Assistant Cashier George H. Meadow of the First National Bank of this city have been bound over to the Federal Grand Jury, which meets at Marquette on Sept. 7. The charges against them are the outgrowth of the closing of the bank last week by the Federal authorities. Larson is in jail, in default of $50,000 bail, while Jahn furnished $25,000 and Meadow $10,000 bail bonds.

The bank had about $600,000 in deposits, and the receiver has now in his hands about $100,000 in assets. The loss to depositors will probably be heavy.

It is alleged that Larson has in the last two years embezzled $200,000 of the bank's funds. He also is charged with making false entries, setting forth that the bank owned $75,000 more in bonds than it held, and with taking $33,000 from the deposit box of a depositor and putting it with the bank's cash to swell the assets.

Jahn is accused of aiding and abetting the cashier in falsifying. Meadow faces a similar charge, and also one of embezzling $1,500.

AIR TRIP TO POLE FEASIBLE.

Drygalski Says Voyage Is Within Demonstrated Range of Zeppelin Balloon.

BERLIN, July 2.—The proposal to reach the north pole in a Zeppelin airship is regarded as feasible by Eric von Drygalski, the well-known geographer and polar explorer, who to-day said that the accomplishment of the project lies within the radius of action which Count Zeppelin has already demonstrated as possible for his craft. The dangerous and severe arctic storms must be reckoned with, although these are not so threatening in Summer, while another condition to be taken into consideration is the rays of the sun, which develop great strength in the Summer time and are continuous. Herr von Drygalski regards the geographic and scientific aims of the expedition as fully justifying the venture and the expense entailed.

Prof. Penck, Director of the Oceanographic Museum, explained to-day that the distance from Spitsbergen to the north pole is about equal to that from Friedrichshafen to Koenigsburg, and he takes an optimistic view of the probabilities of success.

KIEL, July 2.—Prof. H. Hergesell of the University of Strassburg has turned over to the Kaiser complete plans for the proposed Zeppelin trip to the north pole. He explained the idea also to the Prince of Monaco, who will probably give financial assistance. The professor has recently been engaged in carrying out geographic and ocean research work for the Prince of Monaco in Scandinavian waters.

BIG FLEET IN MANOEUVRES.

17 Battleships and 29 Smaller Craft to Assemble for Summer Exercises.

BOSTON, July 2.—The tentative general programme for the manoeuvres of the battleship fleet that will assemble in Provincetown next week for the Summer drill, was announced to-day by Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, who will command the fleet, which will be one of the strongest ever assembled in American waters.

There are to be seventeen battleships, six fleet auxiliaries, the Dixie, parent ship of the torpedo boats, and the torpedo flotilla of twelve boats; the submarine flotilla, with the gunboat Castine as parent ship, and six submarines, and the scout cruiser squadron of three ships.

From July 7 until late in August, the fleet will engage in elaborate tactical manoeuvres. An important experiment to be made in connection with the battleships is the changing of the position of the searchlights. The bridges have been eliminated and the searchlights have been placed on the sides and front of the skeleton steel battle masts.

New ships added to the fleet for the manoeuvres are the New Hampshire, the Idaho, the Wisconsin, and the Mississippi. These replace the Illinois, the Kentucky, and the Kearsarge.

Sundays during the Summer will be given over to the instruction of the men in swimming and lectures on various requirements. The naval reserves of Massachusetts, Maine, Rhole Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, and the District of Columbia will perform tours of duty when they will work with the regular officers and men.

W. A. HARRIMAN TO ENTER YALE

Son of Financier Has Passed Examinations and Will Become a Student in Fall

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 2.—Yale will receive as a student the coming Fall William Avery Harriman, son of Edward A. Harriman, the financier and railroad President. Entrance examinations for Yale have just been taken by young Harriman, and he has passed them. He received his preparatory school education at the Groton (Mass.) school, being graduated from there this week.

Yale received a greater number of railroad men's sons than any other university, the sons of James J. Hill having been graduated here in 1893; the sons of William C. Whitney are Yale men, as were all the sons of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt.

NO CHANNEL FLIGHTS YET.

Latham Puts Off Attempt to Cross to England—Farman Not Trying.

CALAIS, July 2.—Herbert Latham, the French monoplane flier, has decided to undertake a series of trial flights before attempting to cross the Channel. These will delay his long flight for at least a fortnight.

Henry Farman denies that he is contemplating flying across the Channel, and Count de Lambert, the third aviator, who was reported as on the point of trying to get over to England through the air, gives no evidence that this is his intention.

PLUM FOR A WOODRUFF MAN.

J. E. Smith of Kings Named for Elections Board Vacancy.

John E. Smith, Secretary of the Kings County Republican Committee, was appointed by Mayor McClellan yesterday to fill the vacancy in the Board of Elections caused by the death of Rudolph C. Fuller.

Smith was Timothy L. Woodruff's private secretary for some years. He was appointed a Transfer Tax Appraiser by Controller Metz a short time ago.

Divorce for Mrs. Richard Thorne.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard signed yesterday an interlocutory decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Sybilla Cornelia Thorne, and against Richard Van Wyck Thorne of 150 Broadway and 56 West Fifty-eighth Street. The Thornes were married in 1899. Mrs. Thorne charged her husband with misconduct with an unnamed woman at Paterson, N. J., and in this city. She receives the custody of their one child.

CIGARS UNITED
4TH OF JULY SPECIAL
Commencing July 1st, and on sale while they last, our "over the Fourth" special—the best cigar ever sold in this country at $1.35 for a box of 25.
Ask for
El Avisador
(The Advertiser)
You never had as much for your money.
UNITED CIGAR STORES

ETHELWOLD CALLED TREASURE SHIP NOW

New Rumor That She Was Bound for Cocos Island to Hunt for $60,000,000 Hidden Loot.

CARGO SEARCH POSTPONED

Loeb Started One, but It Was Called Off Pending Threatened Action by Insurance Companies.

The little British steamship Ethelwold, which, it was said, was about to sail for a South American port last Wednesday, is still in Erie Basin under guard of two Customs Inspectors from Collector Loeb's office, and there is no telling when she will sail now. Rumors that the small ship with the big British flag is held up because in her cargo there may be a lot of dangerous playthings for the use of troublemakers in some South Atlantic republic will not down, and yesterday additional color was given to them when a delegation of customs men went to Erie Basin to take a look into the cargo hold of the Ethelwold.

While the old rumor about contraband goods will not down still another one—not nearly so dangerous sounding — has cropped out. This is that the Ethelwold is about to sail, provided Collector Loeb says "yes," for the little island of Cocos in the South Pacific, about 550 miles southeast of Guatamala, where lies hidden, according to seafaring yarns now nearly a hundred years old, a fortune in loot that would yield its finders $60,000,000.

It is said that Capt. "Jim" Brown, the veteran skipper of the Ethelwold, has been after this alleged treasure before, and one rumor yesterday was that the Ethelwold had been bought outright by a Dr. Dennis O'Hagan, to make another search for the hidden wealth of Cocos Island. Dr. O'Hagan, who up to a few weeks ago lived at the Hotel Gotham, isn't there any more, and so this rumor could not be verified at first hand. At the Gotham it was said that the doctor hailed from the Pacific Coast, and is now cruising in his yacht in Southern waters.

At the Grand Union, where Capt. "Jim" is staying, he refused to talk. He said that he was not in the habit of being interviewed and wouldn't say a word in regard to contraband goods, Customs Inspectors, or Cocos Island.

A year ago news came from Boston that capitalists of that city had financed an expedition for "Capt. James Brown of Providence," who, it was said, declared that he was in a position to locate the long-lost treasures of the little Pacific island. The loot was said to consist of gold, silver, and precious stones from ancient Peru of a value variously estimated at from $30,000,000 to $60,000,000. Among those who, it was said, would go with Capt. Jim were Messrs. G. M. Faulkner and H. A. Harrington of Boston and W. M. Harrington of Providence.

The searchers incorporated the undertaking under the laws of Massachusetts, and it was announced that an option had been obtained on the little fruit steamer Ethelwold. Capt. Brown, it was said, had searched for the treasure on several previous occasions, one of the earliest expeditions being in 1850. What success attended the Massachusetts effort can be imagined, but failure apparently did not dim the Cocos aspirations of Capt. Jim, for in February of this year a news dispatch from San Francisco announced that he had sailed again for Cocos Island.

Four weeks ago Capt. Brown arrived in New York and then came the latest episode of the Ethelwold.

Yesterday it was said that the Collector had decided to end once and for all the mystery about what was in the hold of the Ethelwold. With this object in view a picked detachment from the local Secret Service Bureau was sent to Erie Basin with instructions to overhaul the little ship and find out everything in her from the skipper's razor to the alleged contraband for the South Atlantic.

The inspection of the ship started, but before it had gone very far, Collector Loeb received word from the Lloyds that the insurance on the vessel and cargo was being protested on the ground that she was overloaded with 15,000 cases of oil.

When the unloading of the vessel comes off the Collector will have Inspectors on hand to watch the removal of the cargo and to see that nothing contraband is aboard.

TIN STRIKE WILL SPREAD.

A Second Organization of the Workers Will Join It.

PITTSBURG, Penn., July 2.—The present strike of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers against the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, which started after midnight yesterday in practically all of the union plants of the United States Steel Corporation's subsidiary, will be extended materially, it is said, by a strike of the Tin Plate Workers' International Protective Association. The wage scale of the latter organization expires July 15, and at Newcastle, Penn., 3,000 additional men, it is said, propose to quit work.

Whether the second strike against the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company will affect the mills throughout Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, and Indiana, is not known as yet. In the event the strike is general the number of men affected will total nearly 25,000.

PITTSBURG, Kan., July 2.—An order was issued here to-day by the local board of the United Mine Workers' of America instructing the striking miners in the Kansas district, 8,000 in number, to return to work pending the outcome of a conference of miners and operators requested yesterday of President T. L. Lewis of the Mine Workers.

Only a few of the mines reopened today in response to the order, but it is believed that most of the others will start next week.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—First Lieut. J. A. Hayne, Medical Reserve Corps, will proceed to Fort William H. Harrison for detail and service as a member of the Examining Board at that place.

Capt. R. C. Marshall, Jr., Quartermaster, to Fort Myer to install an electric lighting system at that post.

First Lieut. O. V. Kean, Ordnance, to the United States Military Academy for duty.

Capt. M. McCloskey is detailed for duty at the encampments of the Pennsylvania National Guard at Mount Gretna, July 10 to 17 and July 24 to 31.

First Lieut. G. E. Carleton, Coast Artillery, having been found physically disqualified for the duties of a Captain, his retirement from active service from July 1 is announced.

Capt. J. F. Siler, Medical Corps, to Fort Jay for detail and service as a member of the Examining Board.

First Lieut. G. T. Tyler, Medical Reserve Corps, to Fort Ethan Allen, as a member of the Examining Board.

First Lieut. L. J. McNair is assigned to the Fourth Field Artillery and will join his regiment at Fort D. A. Russell.

Brig. Gen. W. S. Edgerly is relieved from command of the post of Fort Riley, but will continue to perform the duty of Commandant of the Mounted Service School.

The Navy.

Commodore S. Potts, retired; Commodore M. L. Wood, retired, and Lieut. Commander A. W. Hinds to home.

Commander W. Braunersruther, retired; Commodore I. S. K. Reeves, retired; Commodore F. H. Eldridge, retired; Capt. H. George, retired; Capt. H. M. Dombaugh, retired, and Capt. W. C. Herbert transferred to the retired list.

Lieut. Commander F. H. Brumby to the Virginia as navigator.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Illinois and Salem at Boston, Yankton at Bradford, Montgomery at Rockland, Kansas, Vermont, Louisiana at Provincetown; Mississippi at Eastport, Maine at Gloucester, Minnesota, Perry, Whipple, Truxton, Paul Jones at Seattle, Dubuque at Porto Cortes, Saturn and South Dakota at Mare Island, and Chattanooga at Shanghai.

Sailed—Tacoma, from Hampton Roads for San Juan; Celtic, from Hampton Roads for Provincetown; Prairie, from Boston for Philadelphia; McDonough, Tingey, Wilkes, Shubrick, from Boston for Bangor; Dolphin, from New London for Newport.

IMPROVING 23D STREET.

Various Activities of the New Association Formed There.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Twenty-third Street Improvement Association was held on Wednesday in the Metropolitan Life Building, 1 Madison Avenue. E. Belknap of George C. Flint & Co. presided and William H. Silk acted as Secretary.

Louis Schrag reported for the Improvement Committee that it has been urging the resumption of the East Twenty-third Street ferries, which have been inoperative for some time. The matter was taken up with Controller Metz, who expressed himself as favoring the plan. Several members urged that the resumption of these ferries meant much to Twenty-third Street interests. Shoppers who came from Long Island by automobile found this ferry most convenient.

The matter of express stations along the line of the new subway at Twenty-third Street was brought up by the Transit Committee, consisting of Louis Stern, Walter E. Maynard, and Arthur H. Scribner. One of the reasons advanced by the meeting why Twenty-third Street should be an express stop was that its four new large buildings have as many employes who use the Subway as has all Fourteenth Street.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Committee on Improvement to appeal to the Mayor and the proper authorities for protection against the street peddlers, who help to congest Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue. Several of the merchants have called on the police for protection against this nuisance, but without result. The committee will take this matter to the Mayor and demand relief.

The association has added some fifty new names to its already large membership, which includes almost all the large business and real estate interests of Twenty-third Street and vicinity.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. PEIXOTTO.

Wife of the Artist Gets Their Child and $100 a Month Alimony.

Mrs. Louise M. Peixotto, wife of Florian Peixotto, the artist, obtained from Supreme Court Justice Gerard yesterday an interlocutory decree of divorce. The suit was heard before Daniel F. Cohalan, as referee. They were married on Oct. 10, 1898, at 215 West 126th Street, and have one son, Jean Paul Laurens Peixotto, who was born on Nov. 5, 1900.

A clause in the decree provided for the sealing of the papers in the case, but this was stricken out by Justice Gerard. Mrs. Peixotto charged her husband with misconduct with Ethel Dorothy Patton at his studio, in the Crown Studio Building, 17 East Fifty-ninth Street, on May 24, 1908, and also at other places. The principal witness was Esther B. McLaughlin, a sister of Mrs. Peixotto. The latter receives the custody of the child and $100 a month alimony.

NERO STILL ON THE ROCKS.

Vessels Try in Vain to Pull the Collier Off Brenton's Reef.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 2.—Efforts to release the United States collier Nero from the rocks of Brenton's Reef while the weather remained calm were made early to-day but without success. The big wrecking tug Casco of New London, with the cruiser Castine and the collier Brutus, attached their hawsers to the Nero and tried to pull her off, but although they strained the cables for an hour and a half the Nero remained on the reef.

Another attempt will be made later. While the weather remains calm no danger is felt for the collier, but should a southeast gale spring up the Nero would be in great peril.

SCHOONER CLARK IS LOST.

Strikes on Ledge on Maine Coast and Sinks—Her Crew Escapes.

PORTLAND, Me., July 2.—The loss of the four-masted schooner Alice E. Clark in Penobscot Bay last night was reported to-day to the managing owners, J. S. Winslow and Company of this city. In a heavy gale the schooner struck on Frank's Ledge and sank. She was full of water at high tide. The schooner was in command of Capt. McDonald, and was bound to Bangor with a cargo of coal from Newport News. The crew escaped.

The Alice E. Clark was built at Bath in 1898 and registered 1,621 gross tonnage, 227.4 feet long, 43 feet beam, and 20.7 feet deep. She carried a crew of eight.

The schooner originally cost $64,000, and at the present time probably was worth between $45,000 and $50,000. She was only partially insured. The cargo was consigned to the Maine Central Railroad Company.

Country board of the better sort. See Page 15.

ADMITS HE MURDERED GIRL.

Cunningham's Confession Frees a Man Wrongfully Accused.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—James Edward Cunningham, a laborer, to-day confessed to the murder of Miss Caroline Brasch, cashier for Gray Brothers' Construction Company, who was shot and killed in the company's offices last Wednesday. Cunningham surrendered himself because another man was under arrest charged with the crime.

In the arrest of J. Novak, another laborer, who had been employed by Gray Brothers, the police were endeavoring to fasten the crime on an innocent man who chanced to be the victim of circumstances.

Cunningham, according to his statement, entered the offices of the Gray Brothers just as Novak departed. Novak had disputed with Miss Brasch over a trifling difference in his pay check, and failing to get satisfaction went away in anger. Stepping before the cashier's window immediately afterward, Cunningham declares he renewed a wrangle of several weeks' standing over his check and finally shot the girl.

Cunningham is a native of Scituate, R. I., but he is not known there by the local authorities.

$2.50
TO
Atlantic City
AND RETURN
Sunday, July 4, 1909
Pennsylvania R. R.
SPECIAL TRAIN
Leaves West 23d Street.......6:45 A. M.
Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.......7:15 "
RETURNING
Leaves Atlantic City.........7:00 P. M.

"Busy" Lines Block Business
With telephones enough "busy" lines are avoided. The cost is small. The value is great.
THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,
15 Dey St.

30 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV., 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK.
The Latest in Bathing Sandals, 75c Pair
☞Special Section, Main Floor.
PUMP style, as illustrated, similar to the extremely favored model in footwear shown only by Simpson Crawford Co. Made of fast color canvas with cork soles; navy, black and white; all sizes.
Double strapped instep Grecian sandals.......... 50c
Plain Bathing Ties... 25c
Bathing Caps
All caps warranted fast color and water proof. Blacks, browns, blues, polka dots and plaids.
Pure Rubber Circular Caps.................50c
Rubber-lined Sateen Bathing Caps, Tam o'Shanter style................ 25c
Rubber-lined sateen and silk Bandanna effects, reinforced Circular Cap in centre.. 50c and $1.25
SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Big Reservations Opened
In July, 1909, three more Indian Reservations will be opened to the white man. All directly on, or adjacent to the
Northern Pacific R'y
The Flathead, in the most picturesque part of the Rockies, has 450,000 acres of the very finest of agricultural and grazing lands. A government reclamation project will also make a large part of it very attractive.
The Coeur d'Alene, just east of the city of Spokane, Washington. On Coeur d'Alene Lake, has about 200,000 acres, including timber lands.
The Spokane, north of the city of Spokane, has about 50,000 acres. The Flathead lands are appraised at $1.25 to $7.00 an acre—the others not yet appraised.
Registration for all these lands extends from July 15 to August 5, 1909. Drawing will take place August 9, 1909. Entries will not be made before April 1, 1910.
For the Flathead land, registration is at Missoula, Montana.
For Coeur d'Alene land at Coeur d'Alene City, Idaho.
For Spokane land at Spokane, Washington.
For detailed information regarding lands etc., write to
C. W. MOTT, Gen. Emig. Agent
Northern Pacific R'y. ST. PAUL, MINN.
For full information about Summer Tourist and Homeseekers' fares and train service write to
W. F. Mershon, Gen'l Agent Pass. Dept.
319 Broadway, New York.
'Phone Worth 835.
NORTHERN PACIFIC
835

What Greater Blessing Than Health?
What's more healthful than
fresh eggs, fresh, pure milk and cream, ripe fruit or its juices, pure water and pure sugar?
Pure, healthful drinks --- and ONLY pure, healthful drinks are served at Riker Soda Fountains.
If you are tired, hot or thirsty, stop a minute at one.
RIKER DRUG STORES
You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's

BRITISH HAVE TAKEN LIBERIAN TERRITORY

Seizure of 300 Square Miles Reported to American Commissioners.

CASE IS CONSIDERED CLEAR

British Officer Also Accused of Countenancing Mutiny—Said That British Will Disown Action of Colonial Officials.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—The official report of the American commission recently appointed to inquire into the question of alleged British encroachments upon Liberian territory will create a sensation in the United States and be very unpalatable to the British Government, it is confidently stated by a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES at Freetown, Africa. This correspondent's information is gathered from conversations had with various members of the Liberian Government who have accompanied the American commission to Sierra Leone.

It is not believed here, however, that any grave diplomatic complication can arise from the report, for there appears to be a tacit understanding that the British Government, upon finding that there is patent proof of the alleged encroachments, will recede from them with as good grace as may be possible, laying the entire responsibility upon the local colonial officials.

The Freetown correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES states that the commission found that the British had pushed their colonial authority as much as twenty-five miles beyond the recognized boundary of Liberia, thus making a tentative annexation of some 300 square miles of territory. Moreover, he says it has transpired that the English officer in charge of the Liberian frontier force which mutinied in February last on account of arrearages of pay, placed himself on record in a letter to the President of the African republic just prior to the outbreak as countenancing the disposition of the troops to violence toward the latter's person in the event of their demands not being granted. The testimony given at a military court of inquiry into the causes of the mutiny, held at Camp Johnson, Monrovia, fully confirmed this view of Major R. Mackay Cadell's remarkable course, the correspondent adds.

"It is understood there," he says, "that the reason why the American commission visited Sierra Leone was the desire to complete their investigation into the alleged encroachments on the part of that colony upon the northwest frontier of Liberia, and also to compare the respective methods employed in the colony and in Liberia in dealing with the questions most affecting the population of native origin. In both countries the coast negroes are descendants of American and English slaves, and form but an insignificant part of the population.

"It is reported at Freetown that while the American commission is not at all satisfied with the attitude of the British on the frontier, yet they do not find the question involved so difficult that it cannot be solved by cordial coöperation of the English with the American authorities. It appears that the British encroachments, according to what the American Commissioners learned, have been of the most pronounced character, extending even twenty-five miles beyond the real boundary. In a gradual manner the colonial troops have forced those of Liberia out of the district; then the Liberian District Commissioner, and finally the Liberian Customs Collector. After that the colonial authorities assumed complete sovereignty in a region comprising more than 300 square miles of the most fertile land in Liberia.

"According to the Liberian informants, the American Commissioners made up their minds that there could be no legitimate doubt of the territorial rights in the premises, as the boundary between Sierra Leone and Liberia was surveyed by a joint commission of the countries in 1903, and the line found to be correct by beacons. In fact, it is understood that there is no claim on the part of the British that Liberian territory has not been trespassed upon.

"This aggression, combined with the course of the British representative in Monrovia and the conduct of the English commandant of the Liberian troops in connection with the mutinous disposition of the latter, has created such intense feeling among the natives that there has almost resulted a boycott of everything British in the country. It is needless to say that the commercial representatives and traders of every other nationality are making very profitable use of this state of affairs. There have been some rumors of a disposition on the part of the French, whose possessions form the remaining land boundary of Liberia, to imitate the British in territorial encroachments upon the negro republic, but there is no evidence as yet that they have taken any steps in that direction."

The members of the Liberian Government who were in Sierra Leone at the same time as the American Commissioners were Secretary of the Interior Sims, Attorney General King, and Secretary of the Treasury Howard.

ATTACK TURKISH CONSULATE.

Persian Nationalists Repulsed with Loss of Ten Killed and Wounded.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 2.—A dispatch received here from Urmiah, Persia, says the Nationalists there recently attacked the Turkish Consulate and were repulsed with a loss of ten men killed and wounded. The Turks had one man wounded.

The attack is ascribed to resentment on account of the entry of Turkish troops into Urmiah and pillaging by the Kurdish regulars accompanying them.

Grape-Nuts

FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

CISSY LOFTUS MRS. WATERMAN

Wed Chicago Doctor June 9—Will Remain on Stage, Live in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Cecilia Loftus, whose wedding was announced in yesterday's NEW YORK TIMES, returned to-night to London and her engagement at the Coliseum after one day's absence. Miss Loftus smilingly admitted that she was married.

"The wedding," she said, "took place June 9 at the Registry Office in Kensington. My husband is Dr. A. H. Waterman of Chicago, in which city I met him. A few weeks ago he came to London, rang me up on the telephone at Liverpool, where I was filling an engagement, and proposed to me. He told me not to hesitate, as every minute over three meant money. So I had to say yes.

"After another fortnight I will go to Dublin for a week. Then we will sail for America, where I shall fill an engagement, and then return with my husband to settle down for good in London. I shall remain on the stage. I could not tear myself away from my profession. I love it too well."

The secret of the wedding has been so well kept that no London paper has yet mentioned it. In an interview which The London Daily Mail will print to-morrow Miss Loftus, or Mrs. Waterman, will say:

"If the wedding had taken place in America, every one in the same town would have known it the same day, but here in London people understand how to respect one's wishes for privacy."

Dr. Waterman, who is 32 years old, is a member of the American Medical Association, and for a short time practiced his profession in Chicago. He has traveled extensively during the last few years, but has spent much time in New York.

CHICAGO, July 2.—No trace of Dr. A. H. Waterman, who was recently married to Cecilia Loftus in London and is said to have practiced medicine here for some time, could be found here to-night. The absence of his name from all city, telephone, and physicians' directories indicates that he has not even an official residence in Chicago at present.

WAINWRIGHT NOT IN PARIS.

Fugitive St. Louis Brewer Said to be Summering at Marienbad.

PARIS, July 2.—Reports from the United States that Ellis Wainwright of St. Louis, who has been here for some time, would return to that city in connection with certain municipal prosecutions, cannot be confirmed owing to Mr. Wainwright's absence on a Summer traveling tour.

He has a residence on the Avenue Bois de Boulogne and an office on the Rue Scribe. For the last month he has been away, and it is understood that at present he is at one of the Austrian resorts, probably Marienbad.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 2.—Conflicting reports are in circulation here regarding the intention to return Ellis Wainwright, former President of the St. Louis Brewing Association, who has been a fugitive since his indictment in connection with the Folk anti-boodling campaign of 1902.

Wainwright has been in Paris most of the time since, but is now, according to information received here, absent from the French capital. One version has it that he has started for St. Louis.

JAURES DENOUNCES CZAR.

Socialist Deputy Protests Against Approaching Visit to France.

PARIS, July 2.—M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, in a violent speech in the Chamber of Deputies to-night, voiced the opposition of the Socialists to the approaching visit of the Czar to France. He referred to "the ship of murderous Czarism which is unable to land in England or France and is condemned to rove the seas without a resting place," and said it was a matter for protest that the visit to Russia last year of President Fallières was coincident with the execution of "noble sons of Russia dying like France's sons in defense of liberty."

M. Jaures said he did not oppose the meeting of sovereigns, but declared that limit should not be passed.

Foreign Minister Pichon, replying to M. Jaures, said the Czar would be welcomed as an ally and friend of France, and as a sovereign who had contributed efficaciously to the maintenance of international peace.

FEARED FINNISH PLOT.

Stories of Plan to Sink Czar's Yacht Cause of Firing on Woodburn.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 2.—In connection with the Woodburn incident, when this British steamer was fired upon by a Russian torpedo boat for approaching too close to the imperial yacht Standart, with the Czar on board, in Pitkipas Bay, a Finnish newspaper published an interesting item:

"The strict surveillance of the shipping near Pitkipas Bay," says the Finnish journal, "was due to information received by the Russian gendarmerie that the Finns had purchased several thirty-knot motor boats with the intention of using them to sink the imperial yacht."

GAS ASPHYXIATES FORTY.

Defective Valve in Blast Furnace at Hoerde, Prussia, the Cause.

DORTMUND, Prussia, July 2.—Odorless gas which escaped through a defective valve in a blast furnace was responsible for the asphyxiation of forty persons at Hoerde, near here, to-day. The sufferers were removed to the hospital and to-night the physicians in attendance had hopes of saving them all.

A majority of those overcome were stricken in their homes, where the odorless gas penetrated without their being aware of the fact.

$500,000 FOR McGILL.

Gift from Lord Strathcona to Canadian University Announced.

MONTREAL, July 2.—Principal Peterson of McGill University, who is in London, cabled the university authorities here to-day that Lord Strathcona, the Canadian High Commissioner in London, had given to McGill $500,000.

Of this amount $450,000 is to be used in completing the new medical building and $50,000 in augmenting professors' salaries.

WHIPS BROTHER'S MOTHER.

Mulai Hafid Is Revengeful—Pretender Decapitated 14 of Mulai's Soldiers.

TANGIER, Morocco, July 2.—During the recent fighting in front of Fez between the forces of the pretender and the troops of the Sultan, fourteen of the imperial soldiers were captured and decapitated and their heads exposed in the pretender's camp.

El Kebir has entered Mequirez. Mulai Hafid, the Sultan, was so enraged when he learned of this action on the part of his brother that he had El Kebir's mother whipped in public.

BURIED ALIVE TEN DAYS.

Young Woman Is Rescued from Caved-In Tunnel in Switzerland.

ST. GALL, Switzerland, July 2.—A young woman who ten days ago was caught in a cave-in of a railroad tunnel was to-day dug out alive.

She suffered agonies of cold and hunger during this period, but managed to sustain life by sucking moisture from her clothing, on which water occasionally trickled. She continued calling for help until she finally was heard and rescued.

High-class furnished rooms. See Page 15.

REYES WILL RETURN TO RULE COLOMBIA

President in London Says Enemies Used Treaty with United States Against Him.

GOT NO CUSTOMS GRAFT

Customs Are Leased to English Companies on Guarantee—English Concern Also Has Emerald Mine.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 2.—Gen. Reyes, President of the Republic of Colombia, has asked the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to deny in the most emphatic language possible the accusations against his patriotism and personal honesty published in part of the American press, a cabled summary of which was laid before him.

President Reyes authorized the following statement:

"The whole motive of these attacks upon President Reyes lies in the fact that he instructed the Colombian Minister to Washington during the discussion of the international questions arising out of the secession of Panama to sign a treaty with the United States for their settlement. This action gave rise to agitation in opposition to the Government, commencing in Bogota and extending over the country, but never affecting the majority of the people.

"The elections for Congress, recently held, prove, Reyes declares, the correctness of his attitude toward the United States. Vice President Holguin, who has been left in charge of the administration of the country, is regarded as entirely friendly to President Reyes, who expects to return to his country about the end of the year to resume the reins of government. The intervening time he will spend in England and on the Continent. He has planned to go to Paris in a few days, and expected yesterday to be received by King Edward.

"President Reyes admits that the customs revenues of Colombia have been leased, under a contract of 15 per cent., as a guarantee to the holedrs of the bonds representing the external debt of the republic, and 12 per cent. to guarantee the bonds of the railways which are under construction. The first of these arrangements was made in 1905, and the other in the last four years. English companies undertook the guarantees in consideration of the privilege of collecting the customs.

"President Reyes declares that not one penny's worth of the proceeds of these contracts has come into his hands, either directly or indirectly. All money taken for customs passes through the hands of the contracting companies, he adds, and they are fully at liberty to testify against him if he has been corrupt or has gained by these transactions.

"The Emerald Mine concession, instead of being owned by an American syndicate, is in the possession of an English corporation. It is called the Colombian Emerald Company, Limited, was formed in London in December of last year, and until his recent death the Chairman of the Board of Directors was Frederick Alexander English, long prominently identified with the exploitation of the diamond deposits in South Africa. President Reyes says the placing of the emerald mines in the hands of this corporation was fully authorized by law, and that the Government of Colombia, under the terms of the concession, expects to reap a large revenue therefrom, although represented on the company's board by only one Director."

CONTINUE POTASH AGREEMENT

Germans Extend It for One Week for Further Discussion with Americans.

BERLIN, July 2.—The German potash syndicate has agreed to continue the existing mutual protective arrangement provisionally for one week in order to permit of further discussion with American interests. Beyond this nothing definite in the matter of selling potash property to Americans has been decided.

The potash syndicate is the only German industrial pool which sells at a higher price abroad than at home. The United States takes upward of $2,000,000 a year of potash products for fertilizing purposes. The Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company bought a potash mine in Germany in 1906, and other American fertilizer concerns have been negotiating lately with mine holders in Aschenleben and the proprietors of the Sollstedt mine and the Westeregeln company. While the Americans have not closed arrangements with these mine owners, they have acquired options on a majority of the mines in the Aschenleben and Sollstedt districts, and the negotiations with the Westeregeln company are in an advanced state. Thus the syndicate faces the possibility of losing important American customers.

The Americans do not appear disposed to close the negotiations, even were that immediately possible, on account of their fears of an export duty on potash or other Governmental hindrance to the free export of the product to the United States. It is said the Americans have made a most advantageous offer for the property of the syndicate. The provisional agreement expires at midnight of July 8, and until then brisk negotiations will be carried on in order to keep the syndicate together.

The Prussian Government, which owns two mines, and Amhalt, which owns one mine, will strongly support the efforts that are being made to have the syndicate continue, as it is estimated, in the event of the breaking up of the syndicate, these Governments will lose about $2,250,000 annually in State and municipal taxes.

Herr Schmittmann, the sole proprietor of the Ascherleben mine, in conjunction with the American owners and the owners of the Sollstedt mine, continues to hold out firmly against the terms of the syndicate. The Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, which owns the Elvigkeit mine, is supporting the syndicate.

The total amount of pure potash produced in Germany last year was 495,000 tons, the value of which at the mines was $27,250,000. Of the output, 111,000 tons were shipped to the United States at a price 50 per cent. higher than it was sold for in Germany. The average freight rate paid on this was $18 a ton.

PRINCE TRIES BLACK HAND.

Uses Imitation Bomb to Terrify Rich Man and Is Captured.

TIFLIS, July 2.—A Caucasian Prince named Chulukidze was made a prisoner here to-day while attempting to blackmail a rich resident of Tiflis by "Black Hand" methods. He entered the man's house with a bomb in his hand and demanded a large sum of money, threatening otherwise to explode the bomb.

He was overpowered, however, and the bomb was found to be an imitation affair quite harmless.

Injunction for Coney Scenic Railway Co.

Supreme Court Justice Kelly in Brooklyn yesterday granted to the L. A. Thompson Scenic Railway Company an injunction restraining the police from interfering with the operation of the company's roller coasters at Coney Island on Sundays. The injunction provides that the case is to be tried in October.

MANY WATCH A BOY DROWN.

Onlookers Thought Grocer's Lad Was Pretending He Couldn't Swim.

Through an error on the part of a crowd of bystanders and two men in a boat, Geve Teplizka, an 18-year-old Austrian, was allowed to drown last night in the Harlem River, enar the foot of 117th Street.

The lad, who worked for a grocer named Klubuk of 320 Pleasant Avenue, went to the river to take a swim. While he was in the water, supporting himself by a lifeline because he could not swim very well, three girls who knew him walked down to the pier. They taunted him good naturedly about his holding to the line, and in a moment of bravado young Teplizka let go. He sank, but upon coming to the surface managed to grasp the line.

The girls and a number of others thought the young Austrian was simply making believe that he could not swim, and they laughed and clapped their hands when Teplizka let go the line for the second time. When he came up he made a frantic effort to regain his hold, but he had drifted out of reach. He struggled and cried for help, but those on the landing still thought he was playing a part, and made no move to go to his aid.

Not until Teplizka, with despairing gestures, sank for the last time did the onlookers realize that they had placidly watched the lad drown without raising a hand to save him. Then many strove to recover the body. The body was found an hour later.

Teplizka's employer said Teplizka had recently inherited several thousand dollars by the death of his mother in Austria. His father was formerly a civil Magistrate, but died some years ago.

EARTHQUAKES WIDESPREAD.

Shocks in Italy, Spain, Venezuela, and California.

ALICANTHE, Spain, July 2.—Three earthshocks were felt here yesterday afternoon. At Forrevieja and surrounding towns the walls of many houses were cracked and other damage was sustained. So far as known there were no casualties.

MESSINA, Sicily, July 2.—After the shocks of yesterday the people of Messina are beginning to return from the country. The local authorities have adopted stringent measures to prevent anybody occupying houses that are not considered safe.

The shocks continue to-day, but they are less frequent and of diminishing severity.

CARACAS, July 2.—Two slight shocks of earthquake were felt at Lauay Gra at 7:30 o'clock this morning.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., July 2.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here at 5:30 P. M. yesterday. No damage was done.

DOWNIEVILLE, Cal., July 2.—For over a week earthquake shocks have been felt here every night, and the residents of this part of Sierra County fear an eruption of Mount Fillmore, which seems the centre of the disturbed area. Miners, fearing cave-ins, are refusing to work under ground.

ALLIGATOR ATTACKS WOMAN.

"Princess Silva's" Arm Crushed in Creature's Jaws.

PARIS, July 2.—"Princess Silva," an alligator trainer, said to be an American, was attacked by an alligator to-day in the presence of a big crowd at Luna Park while putting the vicious animal, which had recently been brought out from Florida, through a series of exercises.

The alligator seized and crushed the woman's right arm in its jaws. With rare presence of mind she drew a revolver with her left hand and emptied five shots into the alligator's head. It let go its hold and "Princess Silva" was removed from the cage. The woman's injuries are not fatal.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ROME, July 2.—Mgr. Falconio, Apostolic Delegate in the United States, was received in private audience by the Pope to-day. The Pontiff praised the work of the delegate in America, and gave him instructions regarding certain matters that will be taken up on his return to Washington.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacao, July 2.—The Board of Health of the Island of Curacao has made practical provisions against the introduction into the island of bubonic plague from infected ports. These include the compulsory fumigation of all sailing vessels from La Guayra and their cargoes and baggage. Steamships will be admitted only when they have taken the precaution of ridding their holds of rats.

PARIS, July 2.—Ambassador White to-day gave a luncheon in honor of the American delegates to the international commission for the revision of the classification of diseases and causes of death. Among the guests were Surgeon Frank L. Pleadwell, U. S. N.; Prof. Walter F. Wilcox of Cornell University, and Drs. H. D. Geddings of the Public Health Service, and C. L. Wilbur.

Jewish Painters Refuse to Disband.

The New York District Council of the Brotherhood of Painters having decided to reduce the number of its local unions from ten to five, it was announced yesterday that an enrollment bureau has been opened at Brevoort Hall, where members can state to which local they want to belong. The chief reason given for the change is the expense of keeping up ten locals instead of five, but Local No. 1011, a Jewish organization, refuses to disband and has obtained a preliminary injunction against the new policy.

LIFE LOST IN BURNED ADIRONDACK HOTEL

Employe of the Ruisseaumont Went Back for His Watch—Dies of His Injuries.

MISS QUINLAN RESCUED

Young New York Woman Was Overlooked at First, but Later Taken Down on a Rope—$180,000 Loss.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., July 2.—One death and several narrow escapes from death are the result of the destruction of the second hotel by fire at this resort within the space of a few weeks. Albert Clapsaddle of Ilion, N. Y., an employe of the Hotel Ruisseaumont, who was badly burned when that hotel was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning, died of his injuries this afternoon. A number of New Yorkers who lost all of their personal belongings and suffered greatly from shock are now being cared for at other hotels and at the cottages here. They were aroused from sleep and had to hurry from the hotel.

Clapsaddle, who was houseman at the Ruisseaumont and roomed on the third floor under the tower in which the fire was first discovered, lost his life by going back to his room for his watch, when he was overcome by the flames and burned from head to foot before he was finally discovered and dragged out.

A New York woman who had a narrow escape from death is Miss A. C. Quinlan of 20 West Thirty-first Street. She reached the Ruisseaumont last night, and when the alarm was given, after William Washburn, a watchman, discovered the fire, she was overlooked.

When she opened her door she found her way cut off by the flames, which had destroyed the stairs and were sweeping through the corridor of the second floor on which her door opened.

Rushing to the window she shouted for help. George B. Merriam, Chief of the Lake Placid firemen, and others managed to get as far as the room below Miss Quinlan with a rope. From that point David A. Roche of 230 Elm Street, Albany, climbed up one of the burning supports of the veranda and worked his way along the eaves. With great difficulty he finally reached Miss Quinlan's room, where he made the rope fast. Then he slid to the ground with Miss Quinlan in his arms.

Among other New York people in the hotel who had narrow escapes were Mrs. W. K. Cleverley of 603 Seventh Street, Brooklyn, wife of the assistant cashier of the Second National Bank of New York, and her daughter, Miss Elsie G. Cleverley. They were taken to a near-by camp, where they were cared for by Mrs. George McLaughlin of New York.

Miss Pearl Worden of the Hotel Marseilles of New York lost all of her personal belongings. Other New Yorkers who had narrow escapes were Mr. and Mrs. F. Beinhauer of 156 East Sixty-third Street, Dr. George I. Glaze and his daughter, Mrs. C. D. Posey, who live in an apartment house on Riverside Drive, at 135th Street; Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Birch, their children Ledyard and Clement Birch, of 612 West 114th Street, and Mrs. Birch's maid, Anna Esselinger.

Dr. Glaze lost in addition to his clothing $400 in cash, which was in his pockets, and William Smith of 568 East Eighth Street, Trenton, N. J., who occupied a room on the third floor, lost $100 in bills which he had placed beneath his pillow.

Miss Gertrude Sager of Niagara Falls, who was a member of a party of young women who had won in a voting contest and were on a trip through the Adirondacks chaperoned by Mrs. E. D. Seymour of La Salle, N. Y., lost a valuable diamond ring she had won in the contest.

The origin of the fire is not known. It was discovered by the night watchman in the tower of the hotel half an hour after he had been there at midnight to turn out the acetylene light.

The loss is estimated at about $180,000, and is covered by insurance. The Ruisseaumont was built in 1893 and had accommodations for 300 persons. It was owned by the Lake Placid Improvement Company, of which W. Z. Larned of New York is President.

A few weeks ago Whiteface Inn, across the lake, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss of these hotels is a blow to the resort.

W. Z. Larned said yesterday through his secretary that until the Directors of the corporation met nothing definite as to the rebuilding of the Ruisseaumont would be decided. It was added, however, that it was quite certain that a new Hotel Ruisseaumont would be built.

RUSSIA PROTESTS TO CHINA.

Japanese Preparing to Enter Sungari River—Traffic Now in Russian Hands.

PEKING, July 2.—The Russian Government has demanded a declaration from China regarding the attitude of the Government on the treaty of Aigun, especially in the case of Japanese and others who seek the registration of vessels. Otherwise, Russia says, she will not consent to the opening of the Sungari River to international trade. Gen. Horvath, the Russian administrator of Harbin, Manchuria, yesterday refused to recognize the Chinese maritime customs on the Sungari at Harbin, Sarsing, and Lahasusu. The treaty of Aigun closed the Amur, Ussuri, and Sungari Rivers to all but Russian and Chinese vessels. Russia surrendered special rights under the treaty, and is, therefore, involved. The Japanese are preparing to enter the river traffic as soon as the maritime customs become operative.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 2.—Accorrding to private letters received here the new dispute between the Russians and China in Manchuria, affecting the right of foreigners to live outside the centres formally opened to foreign commerce, the Chinese show a disposition to follow up their victory in the Harbin administration question by holding the Russians strictly to treaty limits in their other privileges. At the town of Sansing, an important centre of the grain trade in Northeastern Manchuria, which has for years been one of the principal points of call for Russian steamers plying on the Sungari, Russian merchants have settled, interpreting the right of navigation, conferred by the treaty of Aigun, as covering also the privilege of residence. The Chinese authorities have now ordered them to leave.

Correspondents state that the Japanese, whom the Chinese authorities hold in wholesome fear, are capturing the grain trade of the Sungari, though only Russian steamers now navigate that river.

China is showing the same strict disposition toward Russian merchants in Mongolia, and Russian commercial and military expeditions have been forced to leave the province.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—This Government is not entirely satisfied with the agreement reached between Russia and China regulating the administration of the settlements along the line of the Chinese Eastern Railway in Manchuria and involving the government of Harbin. China has been informed that the United States will probably object to the agreement. The United States and various European powers having extra-territorial rights in Manchuria are deeply interested.

The views of this country are said to be shared by Great Britain. One serious objection to the agreement as now drafted is that the apparent derogation of the right of extra-territoriality which the powers now enjoy, though no less objectionable, are those features which give Russia a predominating influence in Manchurian affairs.

KING TO RECEIVE LEISHMAN.

New American Ambassador Will Meet Victor Emmanuel Sunday Morning.

ROME, July 2.—King Victor Emmanuel is desirous of meeting John G. A. Leishman, the new American Ambassador to Italy, before he leaves Rome for the Summer holidays.

His Majesty has consequently decided to receive Mr. Leishman, together with the personnel of the embassy, next Sunday morning.

Physicians say "Don't

smoke all-Havana cigars when you need your head for business—they're too rich, too full of nicotine." Get the delightful flavor of Havana blended with light, domestic leaf in the

Robert Burns
Mild 10c Cigar

Wallach Bros.
1195 Broadway
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SOFT shirts with soft collars attached, precisely what you'll need over the holiday. Even if you're going to stay in town you'll want to keep comfortable, and there's nothing that adds more to a man's comfort than a soft collared shirt. We have them in every worth while fabric, $1.50 to $5.00.

The Best Bitter Liqueur
Underberg
The World's Best
Bitters

Nothing so surely pleases the epicure, nor so quickly recuperates the invalid.

Sold Everywhere.

LUYTIES BROTHERS,
U. S. Agents, New York.

VOGEL BROTHERS, 42d St. at 8th Ave.

Just in Time for Your 4th of July Outing

Several Thousand High Class Summer Suits Reduced to $14.75

The best values ever offered—two-garment and three-garment suits in thin, cool, lightweight worsteds, serges and cassimeres.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

The Yellowstone and Other Western Trips

A very attractive variety of low-fare tours through the West and Northwest may be made this year, including tours through Yellowstone Park, a trip to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition at Seattle, through Colorado and California. You will add greatly to the comfort of your journey by *insisting* that your railroad and sleeping car tickets read via the

Chicago
Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway

A few of the numerous Western trips offered, together with the railroad fare from Chicago, are shown below:

Yellowstone Park Tours
$44 round trip from Chicago to Yellowstone Park, daily until September 22. Return limit, October 31. Choice of routes. Fourteen different tours at various rates are offered through the park. Stop-overs.

Round Trip to Colorado
$30 round trip from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo, daily until September 30. Return limit, October 31. Choice of routes. Stop-overs.

Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition
$62 round trip from Chicago to Seattle, daily until September 30. Return limit, October 31. Choice of routes. Stop-overs.
$62 round trip from Chicago to Tacoma, Spokane, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver, Butte and other points. Same dates of sale, etc.

To CALIFORNIA
$62.50 from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego, June 24 to July 10 and July 27 to August 6.
$72.50 round trip, daily until September 30. Return limit, October 31. Choice of routes. Stop-overs.

$62 for a combination trip through the West, as follows: Chicago to Seattle via St. Paul and Minneapolis, for the Exposition; stop-over at Yellowstone Park; returning via Portland and through Colorado to Chicago via Omaha or Kansas City. You may reverse these routes, if desired. Cost of railroad ticket for this trip, $62 for the round trip.

Complete information about railroad fares, routes, train service and descriptive literature free on application.

G. A. BLAIR, General Eastern Agent
381 Broadway
New York, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

THREE HOURS
—TO—
Atlantic City

Vestibuled Trains with Parlor Cars.
Leave West 23d St. 9.50 A. M. (12.50 P. M. Sats. only), 3.20 P. M. Sundays 9.30 A. M., 2.20 P. M. Leave Liberty St. 10.00 A. M. (1.00 P. M. Sats. only), 3.40 P. M. Sundays, 10.00 A. M., 2.30 P. M.

Special Express with Parlor Cars and Diner leaves Atlantic City for New York Indenendence Day, July 5, at 5.30 P. M.

SANDY HOOK And All Rail Routes
To North Jersey Coast Resorts

SANDY HOOK ROUTE.
Leave New York, Pier 81, N. R., ft. W. 42d St., 8.50, 9.35, 10.30 A. M., 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, 5.25, 7.45 P. M. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00 A. M., 1.00, 3.30, 7.45, 8.55 (W. End only), 10.40 P. M. (E. Long Branch only)
Leave New York, Pier 10, N. R., ft Cedar St., 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 8.10 P. M. Sundays, 9.30, 10.30 A. M., 1.30, 4.00, 8.10, 9.15 (W. End only), 11.10 P. M. (E. Long Branch only).

ALL RAIL ROUTE.
Trains leave foot of West 23d St. 8.20, 11.20 A. M. (12.20, 1.00 P. M. Saturdays only,) 1.20, 3.20 (4.20, except Saturdays,) 4.30 (5.05 except Saturdays,) 5.20, 6.20, 11.50 P. M. Sundays, 9.05, 9.50 A. M. 3.50, 8.20 P. M.
Trains leave foot of Liberty St. 4.00, 8.30, 11.30 A. M. (12.40, 1.20 P. M., Saturdays only,) 1.30, 3.30 (4.35 except Saturdays,) 4.45 (5.15 except Saturdays,) 5.30, 6.30 P. M., 12.01 A. M. Sundays, 9.15, 10.00 A. M., 4.00, 8.30 P. M.

OLD CROW RYE
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED. UNADULTERATED.
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Extra Fine, Bright, Clear, Sparkling.
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CORNELL WINS ALLTHREERACES

Columbia's Game Effort in 'Varsity Big Feature of Poughkeepsie Regatta.

RECORDS IN TWO EVENTS

Fine Conditions Prevail on Hudson Except Slightly Choppy Water for Early Contests.

'VARSITY A GRANDSTRUGGLE

Columbia Adherents Frantically Call on Their Crew as It Hangs to Winners to the Last.

FIFTEENTH INTERCOLLEGIATE ROWING ASSOCIATION REGATTA.

Poughkeepsie-Highland Course.

'Varsity Race.
Distance Four Miles.

Crew.	Time.
First—Cornell	19:02
Second—Columbia	19:04 2-5
Third—Syracuse	19:15 1-5
Fourth—Wisconsin	19:24 1-5
Fifth—Pennsylvania	19:32 1-5

'Varsity Four-Oared Race.
Distance Two Miles.

First—Cornell	10:01
Second—Syracuse	10:10
Third—Columbia	10:12
Fourth—Pennsylvania	10:27 2-5

Cornell led by five lengths. Cornell's time establishes a new record. Old record, 10:15 2-5, (Syracuse,) 1905.

Freshman Eight-Oared Race.
Distance Two Miles.

First—Cornell	9:07 3-5
Second—Syracuse	9:14 3-5
Third—Pennsylvania	9:21
Fourth—Wisconsin	9:22 4-5
Fifth—Columbia	9:26

Cornell led by one length. Cornell's time establishes a new record. Old record, 9:18, (Cornell,) 1903.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 2.—Cornell oarsmen made a clean sweep today at the annual regatta of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association on the Hudson River here. The victories were emphatic and complete, and to make them more pronounced two records were established in the 'Varsity four and freshman eight events. It was a vindication of the Courtney stroke and system of training, for the Cornell crews won easily, and the victories were secured by a combination of science and physical development.

The Ithacans captured the 'Varsity fours by five lengths in 10:01, which is 14 2-5 seconds better than the best previous record made by Syracuse in 1905. The freshman eight-oared race also went to Cornell by one length, the time being 9:07 3-5, which reduces the former record of 9:18 made by Cornell in 1903 by 10 2-5 seconds.

Cornell's time for the 'Varsity eight-oared race, which the Ithacans also won by a length, was 19:02, which was close to record time. A strong wind and favorable tide were partially responsible for the fast time.

Enthusiastic and Gay Crowd.

The spectacle was equal to that of former years, although there were fewer yachts and other craft on the river and the number of spectators lining the banks on either side of the river showed a slight decrease. But despite these two minor drawbacks there was the same old enthusiasm, the same display of pennants, the same sentimental ardor born of college association, and the same legions of pretty, tastefully dressed girls, staid old graduates, and effervescing undergraduates, all of which combined to contribute to a splendid day's aquatic sport.

As perfect a day for a boat race as ever was seen gladdened the hearts of nearly 25,000 persons gathered to witness the annual water battle between four Eastern universities and one Western. Unlike the struggle between Harvard and Yale, there was a degree of uncertainty that appealed strongly to the lovers of true amateur sport. Cornell, Columbia, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin each had a following which displayed more or less confidence in their favorite's ability to win one or more of the three events on the programme.

There were no cheer leaders, as in the football and baseball games, no marshals to direct an orderly array, and nothing foreordained about the spectacle. Everything was practically spontaneous, and, while the enthusiasm was somewhat tame compared with the riotous scenes witnessed at the big gridiron battles, there was no lack of jubilation minus the boisterousness usually accompanying collegiate competition.

Cheers for the Victors.

Amid vociferous cheering the victors in the triple event accepted the homage due them. It reminded the old timers of a decade ago, when the Ithacan sweeps brought victory upon victory with a regularity that was alarming and disheartening to other crews.

Courtney again emerged from his temporary eclipse and re-established himself as the greatest professional rowing coach in this country. Not the slightest semblance of a fluke marred either of the victories or detracted any credit due to the victors. They were all clean cut, honestly earned, and fairly won, and gave the Ithacans an opportunity of celebrating the triple event in true Cornellian style.

Second only to Cornell's victory was Columbia's gallant but futile effort to snatch an eleventh-hour victory from the Ithacans. Columbia proved a stubborn and unexpected contender, and it took all the great rowing strength and stamina of the Cornell crew to send the bow of their shell across the line in the 'Varsity eight-oared race a scant length in the lead. A more determined struggle or desperate attempt to turn the tide of defeat to victory has seldom been witnessed in a boat race. At one time, when nearly three lengths behind Cornell, the Columbia oarsmen developed a determination born of desperation to overcome apparently overwhelming odds. What might have been the result of the contest had the crews another half mile to travel is a matter of conjecture, but the effort will live long in the memories of the thousands of frantic, cheering enthusiasts, who lent vocal assistance and encouragement to the plucky Columbia oarsmen.

Cornell Favorite in Betting.

The two junior events were in themselves of no great importance, outside of emphasizing Cornell's victory. There was little question as to the ultimate result from the first dip of the oars, and as a result the events were robbed of the excitement attending the struggle between the 'Varsity eights.

Compared with former years there was little betting. Cornell was quoted at 2 to 1 against the field for the 'Varsity race or even money against another crew. In the pools Cornell was sold at $20, Syracuse $10, Columbia $5, Wisconsin $3, and Pennsylvania without a bidder. There was little betting on the two minor events, but a few wagers were recorded of 1 to 3 against Cornell winning all three events.

Not a mishap of any sort marred the day's sport, and the races were started with commendable promptness. Poughkeepsie is disposed to blame yesterday's big race at New London for the small attendance at to-day's races. The Harvard-Yale race drew all the large yachts to the Thames, and they had not time to reach the Hudson. While there were few large pleasure yachts here, there was a fair showing of the smaller type of motor boats gathered around the finish. Conspicuous among these was the splendid electric power boat of Col. John Jacob Astor, which brought down a large party from Col. Astor's place at Rhinecliffe.

Though not up to the record in numbers, the crowds of collegians that came to Poughkeepsie from New York, Philadelphia, Syracuse, Ithaca, and other places to cheer their crews on, did not lack in enthusiasm, and the ability to make themselves heard. The long observation train that carried the thousands along the river as the races were rowed was a blaze of color, with the blue and white of Columbia predominating, though Syracuse was strong in numbers and voice. Cornell, too, had a goodly following that made itself heard. They had the incentive to yell often and loud, and they missed no opportunity. Pennsylvania's sons cheered her as best they could under the depressing effects of a poor showing, and even Wisconsin's unfamiliar yell was heard often.

City Folks Go to the Races.

There seemed to be an exodus of the city's inhabitants shortly after noon, as visitor and resident alike turned their steps toward the river. Every sort of craft carried the crowds across the Hudson, some to the observation train, but many more to seek places on the high shaded hills, whence they could see the races.

Promptly at 3 o'clock the crews in the four-oared race rowed up stream to the starting mark, and from that time on the programme went through with promptness. The freshmen eight followed sharply on the heels of the 'Varsity fours, although there was an hour's wait for the stiff breeze that had kicked up the water to a choppy roughness during the early afternoon, to die away, and the water to smooth away. This came about 5 o'clock, and a few minutes later the five crews rowed slowly up stream. Cornell took her place first, followed quickly by Wisconsin, Syracuse, Columbia, and Pennsylvania.

There was the usual amount of celebrating in town to-night by Cornell and Columbia undergraduates, consisting of parading and singing college songs. The police were rather strict, and several young men who attempted to discharge firecrackers were arrested. Nothing more explosive than red fire was permitted.

The Syracuse and Cornell crews left for home on a special train on the West Shore Railroad to-night. The Syracuse crew elected M. K. Shimen, No. 6, Captain for next year. The Wisconsin crew elected Trane, No. 3, Captain.

A party of Harvard crew men from New London saw the races from the observation train. They afterward called at the Cornell boathouse and congratulated Coach Courtney and his oarsmen, expressing gratification at Cornell's success.

INTERCOLLEGIATE REGATTA, POUGHKEEPSIE.

SUMMARY.

VARSITY RACE, 4 MILES.

Columbia—Bow, P. Renshaw, 169 pounds; 2, A. M. Hamann, 172; 3, F. Miller, 167; 4, F. H. Saunders, 178; 5, E. S. J. Phillips, 172; 6, T. Robinson, 178; 7, L. A. Spalding, 170; stroke, R. K. Murphy, 158½. Average weight, 170. Coxswain, W. B. Edison, 115.

Cornell—Bow, C. N. Seagrave, 166¼ pounds; 2, L. D. Simson, 169¼; 3, F. B. Kelley, 160; 4, W. M. Aitchison, 180; 5, S. H. Sutton, 167½; 6, P. L. Day, 164; 7, Sewell Names, 164½; stroke, R. W. Weed, 156½. Average weight, 167¼. Coxswain, H. J. Kimball, 105.

Syracuse—Bow, B. J. Fisher, 165 pounds; 2, J. W. Guibord, 163; 3, D. Putnam, 178; 4, W. N. Gere, 168; 5, E. O. Hemenway, 174; 6, M. C. Shimer, 169; 7, W. C. Fisher, (Captain,) 176; stroke, E. G. Champlin, 170. Average weight, 172⅜. Coxswain, Frank Eldredge, 117.

Pennsylvania—Bow, A. Bennett, 163 pounds; 2, J. F. Reeves, 165; 3, L. W. Hoagland, 170; 4, R. S. Marx, 175; 5, J. P. Walton, 178; 6, D. Shoemaker, (Captain,) 182; 7, F. W. Breitinger, 176; stroke, F. L. Ballard, 158. Average weight, 171⅛. Coxswain, B. N. Westcott, 108.

Wisconsin—Bow, H. A. Sumnicht, 160 pounds; 2, S. Kerr, Jr., 163; 3, R. N. Trane, 160; 4, K. R. Hare, 165; 5, W. O. Van Loon, 170; 6, J. W. Wilce, 171; 7, K. L. Kraatz, 170; stroke, E. A. Dinet, (Captain,) 163. Average weight, 165¼. Coxswain, W. D. Richardson, 103.

Won by Cornell. Time—19:02; Columbia second, 19:04 2-5; Syracuse third, 19:15 1-5; Wisconsin fourth, 19:24 1-5; Pennsylvania fifth, 19:32 1-5.

1908—Won by Syracuse. Time—Syracuse, 19:34 1-5; Columbia, 19:35 1-5; Cornell, 19:39; Pennsylvania, 19:52 3-5; Wisconsin, 20:43 4-5. Record for the course, 18:53 1-5, made by Cornell in 1901.

VARSITY FOUR-OARED RACE, 2 MILES.

Columbia—Bow, C. P. Jordan, 160 pounds; 2, J. J. Ryan, 179; 3, L. R. Clapp, 161; stroke, B. P. Cerussi, (Captain,) 168. Average weight, 167.

Cornell—Bow, S. S. Bullen, 167 pounds; 2, F. E. Wurst, 167; 3, H. R. Lafferty, 160; stroke, G. H. Crawford, Jr., 155. Average weight, 162¼.

Pennsylvania—Bow, W. D. Woodhouse, 164 pounds; 2, R. L. Smith, 163; 3, J. P. Ferguson, 163; stroke, E. H. Brown, 162. Average weight, 164.

Syracuse—Bow, K. T. Klock, 143 pounds; 2, W. W. Williams, 154; 3, R. A. Peterson, 160; stroke, D. E. Banks, 158. Average weight, 153¾.

Won by Cornell. Time—10:01; Syracuse second, 10:10; Columbia third, 10:12; Pennsylvania fourth, 10:27 2-5. Cornell's time establishes a new record for the course.

1908—Won by Syracuse. Time—Syracuse, 10:52 4-5; Columbia, 11:06 3-5. Pennsylvania fouled Columbia, Cornell ran into buoy. Old record for the course, 10:15 2-5, made by Syracuse in 1905.

FRESHMAN EIGHT-OARED RACE, 2 MILES.

Columbia—Bow, R. Snevily, (Captain,) 161 pounds; 2, M. Salsbury, 150; 3, W. Pyne, 153; 4, J. Pulleyn, 167; 5, F. Gulman, 179; 6, J. J. Moore, 175; 7, J. T. Kemp, 174; stroke, G. Downing, 150. Average weight, 164⅞. Coxswain, E. Swazey, 115.

Cornell—Bow, C. E. Carpenter, 158 pounds; 2, E. F. Bowen, 158; 3, C. B. Ferguson, 170; 4, Walter Johnson, 164; 5, G. B. Wakeley, 169; 6, W. O. Kruse, 168; 7, J. M. McDermott, 164; stroke, W. G. Distler, 160. Average weight, 164⅜. Coxswain, C. F. Merz, 105.

Pennsylvania—Bow, J. H. Bell, 165 pounds; 2, E. L. De Long, 171; 3, R. R. Barratt, 168; 4, E. A. Stiefel, 170; 5, H. A. Pryor, 178; 6, E. H. Shoemaker, 179; 7, J. Alexander, 156; stroke, T. Reath, 148. Average weight, 166⅞.

Syracuse—Bow, F. H. Buckley, 156 pounds; 2, G. C. Babbitt, 166; 3, H. R. Topping, 165; 4, A. J. Grim, 158; 5, D. F. Frawley, 179; 6, H. S. Dodge, 167; 7, S. H. Camp, 175; stroke, H. S. Cheney, 160. Average weight, 165¾. Coxswain, H. H. Richardson, 118.

Wisconsin—Bow, C. C. Fenn, 164 pounds; 2, H. H. Rogers, 163; 3, R. J. Crissey, 169; 4, J. G. Carr, 173¾; 5, W. F. Mackmiller, 182; 6, A. L. Buser, 184½; 7, P. E. Lunde, 179½; stroke, R. L. Bowen, (Captain,) 152. Average weight, 171 1-15. Coxswain, G. L. Bigford, 113.

Won by Cornell. Time—9:07 3-5; Syracuse, 9:14 3-5; Pennsylvania, 9:21; Wisconsin, 9:22 4-5; Columbia, 9:26. Cornell's time establishes a new record for the course.

1908—Won by Cornell. Time—Cornell, 9:29 2-5; Syracuse, 9:38 3-5; Columbia, 9:43; Wisconsin, 9:55 1-5; Pennsylvania, 10:42. Old record for the course, 9:18, made by Cornell in 1903.

COLUMBIA'S PLUCKY FIGHT.

Cornell Forced to Make Best Effort to Win 'Varsity Race.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 2.—Five crews competed in the eight-oared 'Varsity race, which was rowed under the most favorable weather conditions. During the first two races the water was choppy, although the tide was in the oarsmen's favor. The wind died away entirely and the river's bosom bore an unruffled surface. There was considerable delay on the part of the crews in reaching the stakeboat. Pennsylvania was the first on the line, with Wisconsin second. Cornell, Columbia, and Syracuse hugged the west shore until the whistle of the referee's boat called them to their positions. The Ithacans drew the centre position, with Pennsylvania on the west shore and Columbia at the opposite end of the line.

The five shells were in perfect alignment when the pistol sent them on their four-mile journey. Forty gleaming oar blades struck the water simultaneously and an equal number of brawny young oarsmen bent forward with fierce and earnest determination. It was a magnificent spectacle, and brought forth an involuntary cheer from the 5,000 spectators on the observation train. They were all off together to as pretty a start as ever seen at a boat race. Cornell hit up a terrific pace from the start. Forty to the minute at the first crack, a speed enough to discourage almost any crew, but Courtney had carefully trained his youngsters and he had given Coxswain Kimball explicit instructions as to the way he wanted the race rowed.

The Cornell contingent on the observation cars, still smiling over the result of the first two races, saw their favorites jump out into the lead from the start. Wisconsin and Syracuse, the second choices in the race, rowing 37 and 36, respectively, lost no time in setting sail for the Ithicans. At the half-mile mark there was no change in the positions of the crews. Cornell was pulling like all-possessed and showed that she had skill as well as stamina, but had dropped her stroke to 34, while at this time the wearers of the blue and orange jerseys were battling for second place, half a length behind Cornell. Wisconsin and Pennsylvania occupied the rear positions, but rowing strong with little apparent effort. Just before the mile mark was reached, Syracuse showed signs of raggedness, although she quickly recovered. The coxswain exhorted them and they responded, pulling the stroke to 34.

At the mile mark Cornell maintained a lead of half a length, and had dropped down to a leisurely stroke, 32 to a minute. Syracuse and Columbia were racing neck and neck, both pulling around 33. The attention of the spectators was riveted on the first three crews, as it was apparent even at this early stage that barring accidents Wisconsin and Pensylvania would not figure as factors. With a good lead Cornell was gradually drawing into the best water and none of the other crews were fast enough to prevent it. Every Cornell man had his back well into the stroke and not an ounce of energy was being uselessly expended. Inch by inch the Ithacan shell forged ahead. Urged by Coxswain Eldredge, the Syracuse oarsmen bent to their oars with a will and hit up the stroke to 36, creeping up slowly on the Cornell boat, but the up-State boys were not to be so easily disposed of, and the effort failed in its materialization.

Open water was seen between Cornell and Syracuse as the leading crews approached the first half of the journey. It was a fast race up to this stage, and visions of a third record brought out all pent-up enthusiasm. Like a well-oiled piece of intricate machinery, the Ithacans moved together. Every time the oarblade sunk into the bosom of the Hudson River it brought the frail cedar shell nearer and nearer the goal and further and further from the other boats.

And now came Columbia gamely hitting it up. There was no faint heart in that boat, and the fact that Cornell was nearly two lenghts in front caused no discouragement. Two miles yet remained to be covered before the contest was at an end, and the Blue and White oarsmen were far from beaten. With a pluck and determination that called forth unstinted applause from friend and foe, Columbia redoubled its energies and began to overhaul Syracuse, the only crew separating it from the leader. There was no increase in the number of strokes, but more power was centred in the oarsmen's work. All crews were rowing a slow stroke at the two-and-a-half-mile mark, with Wisconsin's 36 the highest.

Columbia showed material gain in the next half mile, and Syracuse was barely a quarter of a length to the good. Cornell appeared safe with a two-length lead over Syracuse. Suddenly the Columbia coxswain called for an increase in the number of strokes to the minute, and the oarsmen replied with 36. This was not without effect, as the Morningside crew pulled itself into second place inside of 200 yards and challenged Cornell. A possible victory was in sight. The river was almost as placid as the proverbial mill pond, and everything favored a bitter closing struggle. The strain appeared to be telling on the Ithacans, and when the leading crews were within half a mile from home Columbia was coming up strong. Cornell, which had reduced its stroke to 30, added three more to the minute, but in spite of this the Columbia boat gradually drew up.

The Columbia oarsmen bent to their work with a willingness that threatened disaster to Courtney's men. The struggle was a magnificent one, and after a tremendous effort the Blue and White boat finally lapped the shell from Lake Cayuga. Then, continuing their splendid endeavors, the Columbia oarsmen made further gains and cut down several feet more of their opponent's lead.

In the closing efforts Columbia, still at 36, managed to hold Cornell, pulling 33. The final 100 yards demonstrated just how good were the Cornell oarsmen. To every spurt made by Columbia a like effort was made by Cornell until the third consecutive victory went to the men who rowed the Courtney stroke by the margin of a length. Columbia was four lengths in front of Syracuse, with Wisconsin and Pennsylvania bringing up the rear in the order named.

TWO MORE RACES FOR CORNELL.

Ithacans Capture 'Varsity Fours and Freshmen Win Easily.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 2.—The river was choppy, with a pronounced swell, when the 'Varsity fours took up their positions at the stakeboats. When the pistol sent the four crews on their journey Columbia caught the water first, with Cornell close behind. Pennsylvania's oarsmen began the race with a display of splashing. Columbia and Cornell each started with a thirty stroke, Syracuse began with thirty-seven, and the Quakers with thirty-eight. When once in swing the Ithacans drove their boat through the water at a great rate of sped, and before a furlong had been covered they had poked the nose of their boat in front of Columbia, while the latter led Syracuse by a quarter of a length. At the half-mile post the race was practically at an end. Cornell, pulling easily and with unmistakable regularity, had secured a lead of three lengths, with Columbia still in second place, three-quarters of a boat's length ahead of Syracuse. At the mile Cornell had still further improved its position, and, hitting up the stroke to thirty-two, showed three open lengths of water from the Morningside quartet. Syracuse also increased its stroke, and was trailing Columbia by a scant six feet. Pennsylvania was too far behind to cause any uneasiness.

Coming under the bridge Cornell had added a length to its lead, while Syracuse was still hanging on to Columbia. At this point the latter crew got into troublesome water and splashed somewhat, which enabled Syracuse to draw up on even terms. Half a mile from home Columbia displayed the first signs of trouble, Nos. 2 and 3 being off in their stroke. The Syracuse oarsmen still further increased their stroke, and gradually drew ahead of the New Yorkers. Nearing the finish Cornell took matters easy, while the struggle for second place continued apace. Upon recovering their form Columbia made an effort to cut down Syracuse's lead, but the latter crew had plenty of reserve and met the spurt with little effort. Cornell flashed over the line an easy winner by five lengths. Syracuse led Columbia by one and a half lengths, while Pennsylvania was five lengths away.

Although the water showed some slight signs of improvement when the freshman eight-oared race was called, it was far from perfect. The crews were on the line waiting fifteen minutes for the referee's boat, but when once on hand no time was lost in getting the race started. When the pistol was fired Cornell dipped its oars as one man and quickly assumed the lead with a 37 stroke. Wisconsin was second with one stroke faster. Syracuse rowed with the same number of strokes as Wisconsin, while Columbia and Pennsylvania started with 34. The Ithacans secured a lead of three yards in the first quarter mile and increased it to half a length at the half. The rhythmic stroke taught by Courtney showed its telling effects in the early stage of the contest, as the shell drew further ahead each time the men dipped their oars. Then with a quick impulse the Syracuse eight swung in perfect unison and Columbia's lead began to decrease. Pennsylvania was rowing well and threatened to become a factor.

As the five crews approached the bridge Cornell hit up the stroke to 36 and maintained a lead of a length. Syracuse was now in second place, and Columbia and Pennsylvania on even terms for third. The struggle between Cornell and Syracuse was a pretty one. First the Ithacans gained and then Syracuse, but the latter could not secure any appreciable advantage. Both crews increased their stroke, each trying to outrow the other. Before the leaders were 200 yards from the finish Columbia and Wisconsin were hopelessly beaten, while Pennsylvania was slowly but surely creeping up. Near the finish Syracuse made one more effort, but it was vain, and Cornell, for the second time during the afternoon, sent out a winning crew. Syracuse finished second, one length behind Cornell, and Pennsylvania was third, with Wisconsin fourth, half a boat's length away. Columbia was far in the rear.

Want competent help? See Page 15.

Peoria Railway Bonds Offered.

N. W. Halsey & Co. offer to investors at 98 and accrued interest the unsold balance of $1,500,000 Peoria Railway Company of Peoria, Ill., first and refunding 5 per cent. gold bonds dated June, 1906, and due Feb. 1, 1910 to 1926. The bonds are redeemable at 105 and interest. The Peoria Railway Company owns and operates, without competition, all the street railway lines of the City of Peoria and its suburbs. The bonds are a first mortgage on the entire property, subject only to $570,000 5 per cent. bonds, due 1915.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Forecast for the cotton and grain States for Saturday and Sunday:

North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

South Carolina—Local showers Saturday and Sunday.

Georgia—Partly cloudy; showers in southern portion Saturday and Sunday.

Eastern Florida—Showers Saturday and Sunday.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Western Texas—Local showers Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Kansas—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday, fair; moderate northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday; cooler in southern portion. Sunday, fair; moderate to brisk northerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate northerly winds.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Iowa and Missouri—Partly cloudy and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday, showers and warmer.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Partly cloudy and cooler Saturday. Sunday, showers.

REAL HEALTH RESORT IS NEW YORK CITY

City's Death Rate Never So Low as in the Six Months of 1909 Just Ended.

FEWER DEATHS THAN IN 1904

This in Spite of an Increase of 500,000 in the Population Since Then—Dr. Darlington Pleased.

New York is a healthier place to live in than ever before. Fewer infants are dying, fewer persons are dying from communicable diseases, more are living to old age, and fewer are dying of the infirmities of old age than in the history of the city. The city's death rate was never so low for a similar period as for the six months of 1909 just ended.

All these statements are based on a semi-annual statistical report just prepared by Health Commissioner Darlington. Dr. Darlington expressed himself yesterday as unqualifiedly pleased with what has been and is being accomplished by the department's campaign of preventive measures. The department has been pushing its work of this character with uncommon enthusiasm throughout the present year, and Commissioner Darlington decided not to wait until the end of the year, according to the usual custom, to find out how the health of the city stood, but to take the record for the first six months, comparing it with the first six months of the five years next preceding it, or going back to 1904, when he became Commissioner of Health.

The comparisons here made are between the record of the first six months of 1904, Dr. Darlington's first year, with the first six months of the present year, ended on last Wednesday, June 30, the Commissioner's last year under the present administration.

The subjoined table, compiled from the report, gives the number of deaths and the rate per 10,000 for the more common and most dreaded diseases:

	1904.	Rate.	1909.	Rate.
Total deaths	42,690	22.08	38,263	16.92
Typhoid fever	210	1.09	169	.74
Malaria	47	.24	18	.08
Measles	722	3.73	711	3.14
Smallpox	5	..	1	..
Scarlet fever	650	3.36	547	2.42
Whooping cough	103	.53	177	.78
Diphtheria and croup	1,284	6.64	1,072	4.74
Grip	422	2.18	268	1.18
Tuberculosis of lungs	4,606	23.83	4,650	20.56
Tubercular meningitis	459	2.37	413	1.83
Other forms of tuberculosis	271	1.40	230	1.02
Cerebro-spinal meningitis	810	4.19	164	.72
Organic heart disease	2,656	13.74	3,673	16.24
Pneumonia (excluding broncho-pneumonia)	5,600	28.97	3,220	14.24
Broncho-pneumonia	2,761	14.29	3,181	14.06
Bright's disease and nephritis	3,332	17.20	2,959	13.03
Old age	565	2.92	317	1.40
Violent deaths	3,064	15.85	2,163	9.56
Suicides	474	2.45	447	1.98
Homicides	82	.42	93	.41

In making a study of the two columns it must be borne in mind that the city's population has increased 500,000 in the five years between the first report and the last. In spite of this increase the actual number of deaths for the first six months of 1909 is 4,427 less than in 1904, while the rate per 10,000 has decreased 5.16.

This decline in the rate has been steady, as shown by this summary of the record:

	Deaths.	Rate.		Deaths.	Rate.
1904	42,690	22.08	1907	40,328	18.99
1905	37,969	19.04	1908	38,584	17.59
1906	38,843	18.88	1909	38,263	16.92

This almost unbroken decrease in number of deaths and the rate has gone on notwithstanding the rapid increase in population, much of that increase being due to immigration by which people ignorant of this city's sanitary regulations are brought into the territory included in these reports.

Decreases in deaths and rates have been made in typhoid fever, malaria, small pox, measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, and croup, grip, tubercular meningitis, cerebro spinal meningitis, pneumonia, (excluding broncho-pneumonia,) Bright's disease, and nephritis and old age. There has been an increase in deaths and the rates only in whooping cough. In broncho-pneumonia there has been a slight increase in the number of deaths, but, because of the increase in population, the rate has decreased. Though the population is half a million greater than five years ago, the increase in the number of deaths from consumption is only 44, while the death rate from this dreaded disease has fallen 3.27. The number of violent deaths has decreased, apparently indicating a greater degree of protection of life in industrial plants and in hazardous employments.

The increase in the number of deaths from heart disease has been great, the number nearly doubling and the rate, in spite of growing population, increasing more than two whole points. This is due, Dr. Darlington points out, to the strain under which the people live.

The greatest number of suicides, as might have been expected, occurred in the first six months of 1908, following the business depression of the Fall of 1907, and, curiously enough, the smallest number occurred just one year before in the first six months of 1907, when the business prosperity was at its height. The actual number of homicides has increased by 11, but the rate has fallen 1 per cent. The number of births for the first six months of 1904 was 47,384; for the corresponding period of this year, 60,949, an increase of 13,565. The marriages for the respective periods were 19,295 for 1904; 22,729 for 1909.

ROBBED BY A MAN IN GREEN.

He Plunges Through a Window to Escape, but Policeman Gets Him.

Miss Mabel M. Yerkes, the only clerk in the stationery store of Arthur R. Womarth, 2,792 Broadway, was taking stock yesterday when a young man in a green suit and wearing socks, tie, and hat of the same hue, entered the place with a companion. The man in green walked about the store while the other asked prices. Miss Yerkes said she heard a rattle and, looking up, found the man of one color taking some fountain pens from a glass case.

She ran toward him, and there was a flash of green, and the man gained the street with his companion behind him. The latter got away on 106th Street, but the other ran into the Stanley Court, an apartment house at 106th Street and Broadway. With his pursuers close behind, the man gained the basement, and then taking the freight elevator made his way to the first floor and out of the building into 105th Street.

He next entered the basement of the Van Horn apartment house and ran into the apartments of George Anderson, the janitor. Anderson gave chase and the pursued man plunged through the window and fell upon the stone flagging of the courtyard. There Policeman Eckart caught him.

At the West 100th Street Station the man gave his name as Charles Murphy. He said he was a bartender, living at the Mills Hotel in Seventh Avenue. Murphy's green suit was cut and torn by the window glass and covered with blood from numerous cuts about his head and face. He was locked up. The fountain pens were found on him, the police say.

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO

10¢ THE SURETY STAMP

During the Summer sales, which are now beginning throughout the store, Surety Stamps will be given exactly as they were given at the height of the season. One Surety Stamp with every ten-cent purchase made in the afternoon; two Surety Stamps with every purchase made before noon.

10¢ THE SURETY STAMP

Our Men's and Boys' Clothing Going for a Song

Adams Building—Second Floor.

For the past month we have been selling at absurd prices, considering how good the clothes were, hundreds of suits for boys and men at very low prices.

• At the beginning we frankly stated the reason why —we suddenly came upon the fact that the prettiest suits in the entire lot were made of cloths that were not all wool, and in order to get these out of the way quickly, we reduced them to absurd figures.

There are very few of the suits containing the least bit of cotton left. The majority of these advertised here are reduced because they were bought early last spring, but almost all of them are of all-wool cloths, and nearly all of them are exceedingly well cut and in very good style. The tailoring in the higher priced suits cannot be beaten.

Men's $7.50 to $9 Suits for $4
Men's $10 Suits for $5.95
Men's $12 to $15 Suits for $8.95
Men's $16.50 to $20 Suits for $12.95
Men's $22, $25 and $32 Suits for $16.95

Among the Boys' Suits you will find reduced

$3.85 Suits for $2.89
$4.59 Suits for $3.95
$6.50 to $7.50 Suits for $5.98
$5 to $6 Suits for $4.95
$10 to $11 Suits for $7.50
$12 to $15 Suits for $9

All the Boys' Suits are reduced, but we have no space to tell the details. You had better come in and see.

The story of the Boys' Suits is precisely the same as that of the Men's. We were not proud of them, and we are not going to sell merchandise that we are not proud of.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamps

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St. | 6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

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No other stores in New York can possibly offer you these values, because no other stores possess the close mill affiliations, the direct tailoring facilities, the personal designing ability or the business policy of least profit so as to enjoy biggest volume-business that Brill stores possess.

Here are extra values in whose production every ounce of Brill value-making energy has been expended.

FURTHERMORE TO-DAY, THE DAY BEFORE A DOUBLE HOLIDAY, Brill stores assure you not only absolute satisfaction as regards the clothes you buy, but also positive sure delivery of your purchases on time.

$18 and $20 Value Brill Summer Suits, $13.50

Included are B. B. special blue serge suits, new designs and colorings, in pure worsted suits, all-wool velour suits and lightest weight New England homespuns, cheviots and crashes. Included are Brill summer comfort models.

$22.50 and $25 Value Brill Summer Suits, $17.00

Included are English weave blue serge suits, Australian stock worsted suits, in the newest designs and colorings; tropical weight worsted suits, in exceptionally handsome gray designs; finest velour suits and lightest Saxony cassimere suits. Included are Brill summer comfort models.

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WOMEN'S AND MISSES' LINON AND REP DRESSES, all sizes and in the prettiest of shades. Trimmed with laces and embroidery. Net yoke with standing collar and Dutch neck. Skirts are gored or pleated. Real $5.00 to $8.00 dresses at the extra special price of $4.95

GIRLS' TAILOR-MADE TUB DRESSES, single breasted, three-quarter length coats and pleated skirts. Made of fine quality linen or rep. Sizes for 12, 14 and 16 year old girls, at $7.98

WOMEN'S WHITE FOOTWEAR. Oxfords, pumps and high shoes, made of canvas, with turned or welted soles, from $1.98 to $2.48

MEN'S 2 AND 3 PIECE SUITS, plain and fancy serges, gray worsteds and cheviots, in plaids and stripes. The very newest models. Sizes, 33 to 46 chest measure, in regular and stouts, and a dress suit case free with each suit at the extra special price of $12.88

BOYS' $3 SUITS, smart Russian and sailor models, made of fine white and colored materials. Sizes 2½ to 10 years. Regularly $3.00 and $4.00; special price $1.95

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, Special Bloomingdale make; superior material in handsome designs; coat model; attached or separate cuffs; plain or pleated bosom. Sizes 14 to 20. Regularly $1.50; extra special to-day at 95c.

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MUCH IS AT STAKE.

Mayor McClellan has put his public reputation into the keeping of Mr. Baker, the new Commissioner of Police, with power to save or to destroy. It seems to us that there is no escape from this conclusion.

In his letter to Commissioner Bingham the Mayor set up a very high standard of police administration, about the highest possible standard. Mr. Bingham's courage and honesty are unquestioned. The faults with which he was chargeable were errors of judgment. For these he was censured by Mayor McClellan. The series of orders issued to the Commissioner were an implied censure, since he was commanded to undo many things which he had done and to do others he had neglected or refused to do. His removal for declining to execute some of these orders was, of course, the most direct and positive censure. The Mayor is in the position, therefore, of insisting that his Commissioner of Police shall be not only honest and courageous, but possessed of the quality of sound judgment. He orders changes to be made, men to be dismissed, some degraded, others promoted, to the end expressly stated that the discipline and efficiency of the force may be raised and preserved.

These standards having been set up by the Mayor, his new Commissioner must faithfully live up to them. This means that he must be a better Commissioner than Mr. Bingham. Suppose he fails. The responsibility will not be his alone, but in very great part the Mayor's, for he was appointed by the Mayor. If the Mayor appointed Mr. Baker to the Commissionership upon the ground that the office must be more wisely and efficiently administered than by Mr. Bingham, and upon the belief that Mr. Baker is the man so to administer it, then the failure of Commissioner Baker would convict Mayor McClellan of an error of judgment worse than any charged against Mr. Bingham. His own reputation would be seriously damaged thereby.

That is not the worst of it. On every side is heard the charge that the Mayor has forced Mr. Bingham out of office for political reasons. We have elaborate specifications and details of the intrigue into which he is accused of entering to placate the politicians of Tammany and to serve their interest. If that be true, it requires no gift of prophecy to foretell what will happen. Tammany politics are poison to any department of the City Government, and most so to the Police Department. If the new Commissioner is to use his office and the force to serve the interests of Tammany, then the slimy and loathsome "system" will again raise its ugly head, the "dives" will reopen, violators of law and the purveyors to vice will prosper under the sale of "protection," to the great profit of men powerful in the councils of Tammany and to the scandal and disgrace of the community. Should that happen, Mayor McClellan would be destroyed utterly. Of course, he knows he would be destroyed.

In order that he may not be exposed to this peril, he has with great wisdom and sound logic made provision to protect himself and the community against the backsliding of the Department from the Bingham standards. Mr. Kelly, the new Inspector-at-large, stationed in the office of the Mayor, will, we imagine, be a most interesting and important figure in these coming months, during which the new Commissioner will have to show what stuff he is made of. The Mayor does not leave the community in doubt as to his purpose in creating this new post and stationing its occupant in his own office. This is what he said:

> Inspector Kelly is to be attached to my office, to investigate the complaints of citizens against the Police Department, which I have ordered sent to me in the future, and to do any other work I ask him to do. His office will simply be that of my personal representative in the Department, to guard against a repetition of the Duffy case.

Mayor McClellan thus publicly invites the co-operation of all good citizens in the effort to maintain the police force upon the high plane of efficiency he has set up for it. We advise the people of New York to accept in good faith the offer he has made to hear and determine any charges they may make against the police. Complaints following old channels might never reach the Mayor. Sent to Inspector-at-large Kelly they must reach him, or, we imagine, Mr. Kelly would follow Commissioner Bingham into retirement. This is the people's chance to lend powerful support to the Mayor in his effort for police reform. They ought not to miss it. The Tammanyizing of the force would be instantly detected under the scrutiny of the tens of thousands of eyes centred upon it by the Mayor's suggestion.

There is to be a municipal election this Fall, Mayor McClellan's successor is to be chosen. The issues of the campaign are as yet vague and formless. The Administration of the Police Department now almost inevitably becomes a prominent, perhaps the most prominent, issue. If the Department under the new Commissioner is handed over to Tammany, that at once will become a uniting issue. The decent elements of the community can be arrayed against Tammany to wrest the force from its grasp. If the Department is well and honestly administered, as every decent man must hope it will be, the struggle will be to keep it out of Tammany's grasp. Through the happy device of appointing an Inspector-at-large to receive complaints for transmission to the Mayor and to keep a vigilant eye upon the management of the force, not only the Mayor himself but the whole community has been put in a position to know from day to day whether Commissioner Baker is worthy of his trust, and what he is doing to improve upon the administration of Mr. Bingham. That knowledge will be invaluable.

THE ASSASSINATION IN LONDON.

While the officially expressed opinion of the India Office is that Dhingari, the assassin of Sir William Wyllie, political aide-de-camp to the Secretary of State for India, was impelled to do murder by some imaginary grievance or obsession, the London dispatches leave no doubt that the British public accounts the crime political, and the work of a sympathizer with the seditious factions in Bengal. Dhingari, who has been a student of engineering in London, is a Nationalist, and has relatives in Calcutta. Such crimes as his have not been common in London. It recalls the Fenian assassinations. The Oriental murderer does not often face his victim in a crowded assemblage and shoot him, when there is no chance for his own escape. A dark night, a secluded place to which the victim has been decoyed, a stab in the back, and the soft patter of bare feet are associated with East Indian assassination. For that reason one is inclined to regard Dhingari as a lunatic rather than a clear-headed agent of revolution.

But the British mind has lately been much stirred up by fear of uprising in India and sympathetic political crimes at home, as the rude eviction last week from a London hotel of Mr. Myron Phelps, an American critic of British rule in India, indicates. Lord Morley has been guarded from unidentified assassins, in his comings and goings, by Scotland Yard detectives. Whatever Dhingari's relations may be with the agitators in Bengal there is little doubt that the news of his killing of Wyllie will stimulate the excitement there. It is likely, also, to impel the Government toward more formidable measures of defense. Sir William himself seems to have been a kindhearted, able man, with the welfare of India, from the British point of view, ever uppermost in his mind.

DISTINCTIONS BETWEEN TRUSTS.

It is impossible not to remark that the late Administration, which was fierce toward the New England railway combination through the holding company device, was indulgent toward the Sugar Trust, and that the attitude of the present Administration is exactly the reverse in each case. Such contrasts and quick changes regarding the enforcement of the laws are confusing and demoralizing to those who seek to be law-abiding if only they can discover what the law is. It is difficult, perhaps impossible, to reconcile the acts of Mr. Roosevelt's Administration with any legal principle, but there is a clear line of justification for the procedure of the present Administration. Appreciation of the principle involved will disclose why the prosecution of the Sugar Trust strengthens confidence among all honest traders, and why the abandonment of the New York & New Haven prosecution lends no cheer to any evildoer.

The two cases together are halves of a whole which advances the administration of the Sherman anti-trust law a step toward practicability. As construed in the Northern Securities case, it was a revolutionary statute, whose cruel teeth mangled good and bad alike. At last there are signs of discrimination tending toward punishment of the bad and relief of the good. It is undeniable that in all these cases, and in thousands of others, there is restraint of trade. Every partnership is a restraint of trade. Every corporate combination of competitors is a restraint of trade. But the trade restrained in such cases belongs to the parties who restrain it, and it is the right of any man to restrain his own trade. It is obvious that this must be so, since the law cannot compel any man to trade against his will. The law therefore cannot compel any man or corporation to compete. The law nevertheless does protect competition by forbidding everybody to suppress the competition which anybody chooses to exercise.

This is why the combination of the New York & New Haven with the Boston & Maine was innocent and even beneficial, although it is a combination in restraint of trade and a practical monopoly as well. The parties were restraining their trade activities against each other, but they were combining their forces for the benefit of the communities which they could serve better together than separately. It is otherwise with the Sugar Trust. In the specific case now prominent it suppressed a competition which it feared by trick and device. What it destroyed was not its property. Its competitor had a right to compete, and the community had a right to its competition. The crime was a double one, against both the competitor and the commonwealth. And in other cases the trust violated the ethics of competition. To steal water, to procure cheap materials by fraud upon the revenue, to obtain access to markets by fraudulent advantage over a competitor, is a violation of about every right of trade. It is an evil combination, not because it is a trust, but because of the turpitude of its acts. It is the conduct which should be punished, not the combination.

It is noteworthy that the defendant named first in the indictment is the trust itself, followed by eight individuals, all of whom have been of good repute, and some of whom are of distinction as citizens and leaders in religious affairs. Guilt therefore is both personal and impersonal, and even justice can be done to both when the disposition exists. In the South and West corporations have been convicted of homicide, if we are not mistaken, and the New York Court of Appeals overruled within a few weeks the decision of the lower court that only a human being could be guilty of manslaughter. It will be interesting to observe what may follow the possible conviction of the defendant trust corporation. It is unpleasing but necessary to make the same remarks regarding the distinguished individual defendants that would be made regarding others less culpable because less intelligent. It is hardly conceivable how they could have been ignorant of the quality of their acts. The ferocity of such uneconomic competition is exactly what the law against conspiracies in restraint of trade is designed to prevent. There is no other way of keeping fair competition alive. Every trader will feel relief at the prospect that his throat is not to be cut by methods worthy of trade pirates, and without the excuse of necessity for self-preservation. In this respect the Administration is to be praised alike for what it has done and what it has left undone, but the old Litany's supplication for forgiveness daily seems more applicable to the reign of terror and inefficient administration of law now behind us.

THE BOAT RACES.

Artemus Ward was responsible for the story of the satisfied Yale man who said. "Yale doesn't need any more students, and we don't need any more universities. We have oarsmen enough." Surely there are enough aquatic universities, as appears from the news accounts of the fourteen powerful crews representing five of them that swept over the course at Poughkeepsie yesterday, with Cornell leading in the three events. But in view of the fact that within a week Harvard has won six boat races from Yale, defeating her for the second consecutive season, the blue university might with advantage begin to look about her for more and better oarsmen.

Harvard and Cornell are the champions. Cornell has of late years found her rowing prestige threatened, which accounts for the superb crews Mr. Courtney has this season coached into the form that won. Columbia, despite ill luck in the selection of her men, closely followed Cornell, and Syracuse, the victor at Poughkeepsie last year, was formidable. The "antediluvians" of Cambridge, those who won seventeen out of twenty-five races with Yale previous to 1885, rejoice at the successes attending the resumption of the old system—the long practice rows and races early in the season for the purpose of getting the crews "together." Since 1907 this system has developed a Harvard stroke distinguished by its superior power and rhythm. Mr. R. C. Lehmann increased Harvard's enthusiasm for boating, but he had had no experience in coaching novices, who need much practice during their unavoidably brief apprenticeship. This need Mr. Richardson and Coach Wray have fully realized.

The Oxford and Cambridge crews of England are composed of men who have boated from boyhood and keep up their rowing after graduation. American colleges may not rival the British universities on the water. But year by year the American records of oarsmanship improve, and the meetings are becoming classic.

SHAKESPEARE AND THE BIBLE.

Whatever ex-President Eliot of Harvard may have meant when he explained to a Times correspondent that the Bible and Shakespeare were omitted from his five feet of estimable books because everybody has read them, he certainly did not mean just that. We might take exception, also, to Dr. Eliot's statement that any good edition of Shakespeare's works requires five volumes. Both the Globe and the Leopold editions, assuredly good, critical editions, are published in one volume, and there are many others. Of course, the most desirable edition for a student's reading comprises a volume for each play, small enough to carry in one's pocket. But the people who habitually carry a play of Shakespeare with them in their daily walks are not to be included in Dr. Eliot's five-feet class of readers.

Obviously, however, to return to the theme of this brief discourse, neither Shakespeare nor the Bible has been read by everybody. What a worldful of culture we should have if everybody of reasonably mature years had read and inwardly digested those two founts of uplifting thought, profound wisdom, and pure English. All that Dr. Eliot means is that the Bible and Shakespeare do not stand in need of recommendation. Nearly everybody knows he ought to read them. But the proportion of men and women who ever read the books they know they ought to read is small, even in this age of enlightenment.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Spoke Without Authority.

When certain eminent—and eminently articulate—ladies announced to New York in general and the managers of the Interborough system in particular that women wanted and ought to have one car of every subway train set apart for their especial and exclusive use, most of us assumed that they spoke with knowledge of their sex. Indeed, so convincing was their confidence that the Interborough officials were roundly scolded by many for refusing to try the experiment. What right, it was pertinently asked, had they, mere men, and therefore by nature unable to understand women, to say, as they did, that any attempt at segregating the fair would be a failure, because the fair didn't really want to be segregated?

To break the pause for a reply that followed this question there came the voice of Mr. McAdoo, announcing that, not being as other transportation magnates were, he was going to give the women what they wanted. Then to each of the rush-hour trains in his tunnels he attached a car which no unescorted man could enter.

From the very beginning the plan worked, if not ill, at least in a way that cast doubt upon the fervency of the supposed demand. The women didn't exactly refuse the special privilege extended to them, but even while it was a novelty they showed no particular eagerness to accept it, and as time went on it became more and more evident that while women didn't like to be crowded any more than men do, they preferred, on the whole, to take their chances with unassorted humanity. Of late the reserved cars have been running half empty, to the obvious increase of the general discomfort, and this week the experiment was formally abandoned.

The inevitable conclusion from this interesting episode is that the eminently articulate ladies didn't know what they were talking about when they undertook to express the desires of their sisters. That is a not infrequent disclosure with regard to self-appointed spokesmen, masculine as well as feminine, but there is a particular significance in this case because of what it hints as to certain other demands, made in behalf of women by representatives who speak for them with no less assurance, but with no more authority. They, too, just possibly, may be mistaken as to what women want. As to what women ought to have, of course, that is another matter and not so easily determined by brief experiment.

Clocks Are All Right as They Are.

Those would-be disturbers of established custom who are so coolly advising us all to set our clocks ahead in the expectation that if we did it we would rise earlier, get our work out of the way sooner, and have more of the afternoon to spend out of doors in rest or play, forget that even now men are only very indirectly the slaves of their timepieces. Present habits are the result of a general adjustment, inclination yielding to necessity and compromising with convenience, as experience has proved to be on the whole best for the greatest number, and any effort to upset this enormous and complicated fabric of concessions and insistences that have attained a laborious compatibility would result in endless confusion and discomfort.

The comparatively small change that was involved in substituting standard for local time took more than a generation to accomplish, and, admirable as many of the results undoubtedly are, it can fairly be questioned if they were worth the trouble they cost. That is often the case with things in themselves desirable. It is judicious to let well enough alone. For example, any astronomer can tell why thirteen months to the year would be better than twelve, vastly simplifying not only the computations of scientific chronology, but also those of us common people, by making the months and weeks coincide and by freeing unnumbered millions from the degrading task of remembering and frequently repeating that imbecile rhyme which begins, "Thirty days hath September." Yet the suggestion of adding a month to the familiar list is never made seriously by any practical person, so troublesome would be the consequences in almost every phase of activity, not to speak of making all the dates in the histories wrong.

So, too, there would be advantages in numbering the hours of the day from 1 to 24 consecutively, instead of dividing them into two twelves. The railways have always hankered to do that, and if they get a little more power perhaps they will, but it will be a dreadful nuisance to most of us if they succeed, for it will force us for a long time to give conscious attention to no end of things which the subliminal mind now attends to for us. More people get up early now than want to do so, and everybody—except the children—goes to bed when he chooses. To increase the coercion at one end of the day and to introduce it at the other would be little less than an act of madness.

Wholesale Slaughter Advantageous.

Missouri's Supreme Court has just applied an ancient but little known rule of the law, much to the dissatisfaction of certain heirs, who as a result find the estate they are to divide much less than they hoped it would be.

Among the victims of an accident on the Missouri Pacific Railway was an entire family, consisting of a father, mother, and three sons, not one of whom lived five minutes after the train went off the track. The executor sued for damages, but first the lower and now the higher court held that there was nobody with a valid claim against the railway, the losses of the remoter heirs not being such as demanded money redress.

Under this decision, of course, it is better, so far as financial responsibility goes, for a railway to kill a whole family outright than to let one or several of its members survive. To the lay mind there seems to be something wrong or unjust about that view, but the legal theory of damages has a certain logic on its side. Anyhow, it has stood for a long time and been sustained by many courts.

BINGHAM INSUBORDINATE.

Holds That It Was "Not His to Ask the Reason Why."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial of to-day, "The Police Department," is intelligently written and intended to be fair and just, but I think you have overlooked the immediate cause of the Mayor's prompt action in removing the Police Commissioner. I do not know personally Mayor McClellan nor Gen. Bingham, although both the latter and myself were educated in the same school of discipline at the Military Academy at West Point. I have watched his course as Police Commissioner with great interest. I believe him to be absolutely honest and in a great measure efficient, and it will be difficult to find a worthy successor.

Without discussing the Justice Gaynor and Duffy incident or the mistakes Gen. Bingham may have made in connection with it, or Mayor McClellan's conclusions after investigation, within his authority and rights as Mayor, and, in army parlance, the commanding officer of Gen. Bingham, he ordered him to perform a certain duty. Gen. Bingham declined to execute these orders. It was no part of his business or duty to question the justice or legality of these orders; it was his duty to obey.

Gen. Bingham as an educated soldier in discipline knows this. The Mayor did only his duty, being vested with the authority, in at once removing him for actual insubordination, and no one knows this better than Gen. Bingham.

AN OLD SOLDIER.

New York, July 2, 1909.

Dr. Rainsford for Mayor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an ideal candidate for Mayor I beg to suggest the name of the Rev. Dr. William S. Rainsford, formerly rector of St. George's Church.

Born an Irishman, educated at an English university, and for most of his mature life a loyal and enthusiastic American citizen, his twenty-three years' experience as rector of the largest Protestant church in New York together with his great reputation as an organizer and his well-known liberal views on the Sunday question should combine to make him a candidate who would poll a great vote. Tammany Hall itself is kindly disposed toward him, as for many years Mr. Murphy's Anawanda Club was accustomed to make a large annual donation for his parish work.

The calibre of the man may be judged from the fact that he could draw to himself and his work and hold them during many years such diverse personalities as J. Pierpont Morgan, Seth Low, R. Fulton Cutting, W. Jay Schieffelin, and J. Borden Harriman.

The duties of Mayor would not require the wearing mental labor needed of a busy preacher, and New Yorkers would be reasonably sure of a ruler who gets very close to the masses.

New York, July 2, 1909. H.

A Portentous Dream.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This may be characterized as a dream I had last night—a nightmare in fact:

There came to me a sign from the Supreme Council of a mutual benefit organization with which I have been affiliated that for reasons deemed sufficient I must get rid of the manager of my business office. This I was loath to do, for although I had employed this man only about three years he had proved himself honest and efficient, and despite certain dispositional peculiarities the improvement in my office affairs under his administration had been marked.

Nevertheless I found myself "up against it" in this dream, and to square myself with my associates I "fired" the trusted manager.

Thereupon—and here is where the nightmare comes in—everything in my office turned topsy-turvy, and I woke up in a cold perspiration to find myself—out of bed on the floor!

MERCHANT.

New York, July 2, 1909.

Mr. Bingham's Administration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our Police Department has been administered by Bingham better than it has been at any time since Cyrus W. Field donned the uniform at a public ball so as to encourage the policemen to follow his example.

"Errare humanum est." Because perchance Duffy had been "mugged," and certain bankers were disgraced, is no sufficient reason for a sweeping condemnation of the entire system, and the dismissal of its best officers.

I can indorse every word Bingham said about Bert Hanson in his letter to the Mayor. The trials conducted by Hanson have been fair, his judgments were righteous, and he has done more than any other officer to elevate the discipline of the force to its present efficiency.

LOUIS WINDMUELLER.

New York, July 2, 1909.

Forty Things Attended To.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a close observer of the work of our Police Department, let me pay tribute to Gen. Bingham, who has brought it to its present efficiency. I have called his attention to about forty matters in west side precincts. In every instance they have received immediate attention, and the public has been benefited thereby.

S. L. T., 82 Years a Citizen.

New York, July 1, 1909.

What the Socialists Think of It.

From The New York Call.

The removal of Police Commissioner Bingham by Mayor McClellan for "disobedience of orders and insubordinate statements" brings a feeling of relief to the hearts of the immense majority of the inhabitants of the metropolis. They may congratulate themselves upon this fact, as they might congratulate themselves upon getting rid of a pest or any other natural visitation over which they exercise no control.

Suspects Influence of "Dives."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not a curious coincidence that just when Gen. Bingham is succeeding in closing Raines law hotels he is removed? A fair guess is that Tammany doesn't want these disgraceful dives closed, and is using the Duffy boy as a cloak for its real reason.

N. BLANCHE HUTCHINS.

New York, July 1, 1909.

End-Seat Casuistry.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Speaking of the "end-seat hog," would it not be proper to define him as an individual who refuses to vacate a position of advantage and comfort in order that another may enjoy it?

I have often allowed several cars to pass on hot days that I might obtain an end seat in the shade, and after attaining my desire, through a spirit of humanitarianism finally found myself relegated to the extreme inside seat and subjected to the joys of a broiling sun—all that some one might profit by my sacrifice.

In no other analogous situation is the occupant of an end seat expected to move in. No one would ever think of asking the possessor of an aisle seat in a theatre to relinquish it, nor in railroad travel is the person sitting nearer the aisle assumed to have porcine proclivities if he remains where he is and allows another to take the window seat.

No one with decent instincts will refuse to move for an old man or an old woman, one enfeebled from any cause, a child in arms, or, in fact, in any case where it is apparent common politeness should be shown; but to give way to a man in strong and vigorous health or to some dainty creature who has just spent four hours in a mad and wild shopping crowd, that he or she may receive the best seat and escape all inconvenience, and by which you not only lose your seat and comfort, but subject yourself to the additional annoyance of doing the "crawling act" on leaving the car—surely the hog is the one who expected the end man to move in, for his personal advantage and comfort.

AN "END-SEAT" HOG.

New York, July 2, 1909.

Denver Postmen's Cool Attire.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to "J. H. F.'s" article headed "Warmly Dressed Letter Carriers" in your issue of July 1, I would say that five years ago in the City of Denver the letter carriers adopted for their Summer uniform blue negligee shirts of washable material in place of the coat—the effect being most pleasing to the eye and comfortable to the wearer. The shirt matches in color the uniform, and this progressive movement on the part of a comparatively new Western city fanned by the breezes from snow-capped mountains should teach wise old New York a lesson in common humanity.

M. N. L.

New York, July 2, 1909.

MISS KELLER'S VIEWS.

Why She Prefers Braille Raised Type for the Blind.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of the 30th a correspondent speaks of reading matter for the blind, and mentions Miss Helen Keller in relation to it. As Miss Keller has given much thought to this subject and has recently expressed herself fully about it, it may interest your readers to know what she had to say on the points touched upon in the letter printed in The Times.

In a letter read before a committee on the type question at the Board of Education on March 24 she says:

> I have been deeply interested these many years in the question of raised types, not so much for my own advantage (I read all the systems) as for that of the large number of blind persons who may not share my good fortune. I understand that you are to consider the relative merits of American Braille and New York Point. Between these two systems, it seems to me, there can be no question when the facts are all properly presented to you.
>
> I have always found New York Point a difficult, unsatisfactory system. I object to it as it appears in most books that I have seen because it does not use capitals, apostrophes, and hyphens. This sometimes spoils the sense for the reader. But it has a worse effect upon the young pupil. He is liable to get an imperfect idea of capitalization and punctuation. I have received letters written on the ordinary ink typewriter from blind persons which contained errors significantly like the defects of New York Point, and I cannot but believe that this illiteracy is traceable to their habitual use of a defective mode of punctographic writing during school years.
>
> It is true, the makers of New York Point have devised capitals; but it is noteworthy that this very Winter the State Library at Albany was trying to decide upon a suitable capital sign. Forty years after this system was supposed to be perfected, it is still in an undecided state! * * * I am sure that in all important respects American Braille is superior to New York Point because it meets completely the needs of capitalization, punctuation, legibility, and physical ease of reading.

In another letter read before the committee on May 18 Miss Keller says:

> Please do not be misled by the attempts to make you believe that English Braille and French Braille and American Braille and German Braille are different from each other in the sense that New York Point is different from American Braille. As a matter of fact, all these Brailles have substantially the same mechanical characteristics. My old American Braille writer and my new German Braille writer will write any Braille. The machines for New York Point made or sold by the New York Institution for the Blind will write only Point. * * *
>
> It is also argued sometimes that if the new generation of blind children learns American Braille a valuable library of New York Point books will go to waste. This is not probable. The Perkins Institute for the Blind has a large library in Roman line, and these books are read and will be read until they are worn out. Yet nobody will urge that Roman line ought to be taught in any school for the blind so that the pupils may get the benefit of these books.
>
> Now it is for your board, Sir, to give the blind children of New York the system that is the clearer and the easier, a system that is complete and literate. * * * Good Braille corresponds to good ink print, and helps to bridge the gulf between the stylus and the seeing. The fact that the majority of schools for the blind in America use New York Point, and that therefore more blind persons learn it, is no argument for clinging to it. Any intelligent blind person who has learned any system of raised print and read it for a number of years can master another system in a day. * * *

It is generally conceded that Miss Keller approaches educational matters not only as a scholar and an expert, but that she has given special study to the education and emancipation of the blind.

WINIFRED HOLT,
Secretary of the New York Association for the Blind.

New York, June 30, 1909.

THE BROWN-TAIL MOTH.

Its Appearance Here an Added Reason for Protecting Bird Life.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with a great deal of interest and considerable alarm your editorial in this day's issue of The New York Times, "Fight the Brown-tail Moth." Your statement confirms a prophecy that the writer made to the Forest, Fish, and Game Committee of the last Assembly at a hearing on the Francis Bill. The committee were told that in a very short time it was probable that the gypsy and brown-tail moth would become a pest in the State of New York, and would call for the expenditure of thousands and thousands of dollars, which must be furnished by the taxpayers.

The New York Times can do no better or more important civic work than to keep before the public the great danger from the ravages of the gypsy and brown-tail moth and to urge the public to protect our native birds, especially by attracting them to live about our homes.

Wild birds can be attracted by erecting suitable bird houses, and in this way increasing the number of birds in a given locality. Birds will be found a far more effective remedy to prevent the increase of these two insect pests than any other means that can be employed.

There are three things that must be done: Create a sentiment in favor of the protection of birds, enact a comprehensive and drastic law to protect the birds, and finally to use every possible means to attract the birds and thus increase their numbers.

The late Baron von Berlepsch, on his estate of 500 acres at Seebach, in the District of Langensalza, in Thuringia, experimented along these lines for thirty years with the most phenomenal success. A history of his experiment was published in German. It has been translated into English, and may be obtained for a few cents from this association.

The fecundity of the gypsy and brown-tail moth is wonderful, and therefore every possible effort should be made to stamp out every colony of them that is discovered in this State before these pests can spread.

This association holds itself in readiness to instruct the public about ways of attracting our common wild birds, which will be one of the most effective means of keeping these pests in check in any given locality.

WILLIAM DUTCHER,
President National Association of Audubon Societies.

New York, July 1, 1909.

Streams of Milk to Strains of Music.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read an article in your valuable paper this morning about a farmer near Great Notch, who bought a phonograph for his dairy, contending that the music made the cows give more milk. Some years ago, when visiting Prof. Phin's place at Haldon, Paterson, N. J., who at that time kept some fine stock, I used to imitate the violin and mandolin, &c., as I do now on the stage, and the milker always got from half a quart to a quart of milk more when they heard the music. I merely write this to corroborate the statement. These are things people really should know. Just as the mother singing gently to her babe rests it and puts it to sleep, the music has the effect of getting all the milk from the animal. I also have sat at brooks and made noises imitating birds, &c., and all kinds of insects, rabbits, and squirrels came from their hiding places and listened with glee.

THE HUMAN VIOLIN.

New York, July 1, 1909.

Bunker Hill Shaft Not "Insolent."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It grieves me, as it will other Americans, to read that Mr. J. S. Robinson is ignorant as to the meaning of the Bunker Hill Monument. This "insolent" shaft marks the spot where many brave Americans fell, contesting the ground inch by inch, and not for the victory he supposes the Americans presume to have won. I doubt whether this battle would have been won by the British had the sides been evenly matched.

A. MOYSE.

New York, June 30, 1909.

Might Benefit Truck Drivers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial of Wednesday, June 30, headed "Profanity Among Boys," is a gem, and I wish a few hundred thousand circulars might be distributed around for the benefit of truck drivers and many others who probably do not get the benefit of reading The Times. The item hits the proverbial nail squarely on the head, and the truth and good contained in it ought to be scattered broadcast.

AN ADMIRER OF THE TIMES.

New York, July 2, 1909.

To Destroy a Tarantula.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Find the location of it; hermetically seal all crevices of room; put a lighted sulphur candle in an old iron pot in the room.

PHARMACIST.

Jersey City, June 29, 1909.

BEGGING LETTERS.

Dr. Aked's Treatment of Thousands Sent by a Misconception.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Rev. Charles F. Aked, D. D., pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church of New York, contributes an article to The Saturday Evening Post of June 26 which leaves one gasping. It is entitled "A Minister's Mail: Mr. Rockefeller's Millions," and it is a strange revelation of the mental attitude of a minister of the Gospel of Christ.

Dr. Aked writes of the letters which come to him, asking him to intercede with Mr. Rockefeller in behalf of the people who write the letters. These letters began when he had been in America less than a week. An enormous mail was delivered at his church. "It was impossible for me to carry all this stuff away," he says. "One of the Trustees of my church took pity on me and loaded his automobile up with the things and brought them and me to the Majestic Hotel, where I was then staying." He thought that everybody he knew in England had sent congratulations, but he was quickly undeceived. "We opened," he says, "about a hundred letters. Every one was an appeal for money! I could not understand it until I reached the letters which contained newspaper cuttings. Then the secret stood revealed. A London paper had published a string of lies to the effect that I had been appointed 'almoner' to Mr. John D. Rockefeller, charged with the duty of giving away his millions."

What did Dr. Aked do with these appeals? He stopped opening letters and "threw them away unopened—and what was in them and what became of them I neither know nor care." He tells us that in process of time the rush ended; 3,000 came in the first fortnight, then a thousand in the next two or three months; since then, in eighteen months, about 2,000, and now about twenty a week. "Such letters," he says, "are now seldom opened"—never if he and his secretary can guess what the letters contain. "But for the purpose of this article some that would have been consigned to the waste basket during the last few days have been read."

"Some of the appeals," Dr. Aked tells us, "are really pathetic. * * * In the most reckless and ridiculous way an old minister of the Gospel, fallen upon evil times, appears to have sent several letters to me and an illuminated testimonial presented to him by his church on his retirement after twenty years of service. I never saw it. I do not know what happened to it. All these things, as I explained, were thrown away, and the poor man bewails his loss. * * * A great map of Palestine, on some alleged new plan, is supposed to have been sent to me. It was delivered to my publishers, and I notified them that they could do what they liked with it—I should not receive it—and the poor fellow who sent it bombards me with applications for its return."

And what does the Rev. Dr. Aked do with these appeals? With the exception of a bundle of mining stock, which, "by a fortunate accident," was found by his secretary and returned, not the slightest notice has ever been taken of any letter.

Is it possible that it has never occurred to Dr. Aked to print a circular explaining courteously that he is not an "almoner" of Mr. Rockefeller's millions, and to send it to these unfortunate people, many of whom had been deluded by a newspaper article which doubtless seemed true to them?

A LAYMAN.

New York, July 1, 1909.

THE TAXIMETERS.

Cab Companies Protest That They Are Trig and Accurate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I assume that The Times seeks to be fair and just in its editorial expression. On that assumption I take it for granted that part of the statement in to-day's issue has been made under misapprehension or without a full knowledge of the facts. Under the title "The Taxicabs," you say, "the taxicabs are harmless. But the registering machines are most reprehensible, and need the closest inspection."

The object of a device for registering distance and calculating compensation in a passenger cab is the protection of the passenger. Every meter used on the cabs of the New York Transportation Company is carefully tested and inspected before it is put into practical operation, and then is subject to continuous supervision. Every possible precaution is taken to employ honest chauffeurs, so that with these two factors a "reprehensible" meter must necessarily be a dishonest meter and the company that uses it a party to a fraud. I do not think you intend to convey that impression. So far as this company is concerned, I wish to say most positively and with the greatest earnestness that the meters it uses on its cabs are known to be accurate and are open to inspection at any time. We welcome and invite inspection, and we ask The Times to extend the invitation.

RICHARD W. MEADE,
President New York Transportation Company.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial published to-day you intimate very plainly that the taximeter instead of being a protection for the passenger is just the opposite. "The manner in which the taximeters have registered in the favor of the owners of the vehicles has been astonishing."

If that means anything it means that the meters are adjusted for the purpose of cheating the passenger, but I hardly think you intend that to apply to legally organized corporations whose business depends upon efficient and honest service. Speaking for my own company, I can say that every possible effort is made to treat the passenger fairly. Our taximeters are watched and inspected constantly. Their registration is accurate, and no chauffeur would be employed who attempted in any way to take advantage of a passenger. I trust that The Times will correct the wrong impression it has created in making it appear that all taxicabs seek to avoid inspection. We want it, and if it can be shown that any meter we use is adjusted to register falsely we will forfeit $1,000 to any charity The Times may name.

JOHN H. NAUGHTON,
Treasurer, Universal Taximeter Cab Company.

LEON'S WHEREABOUTS.

Is He Harbored by Others Than of His Own Race?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial in this morning's issue entitled "A Chance for the Chinese" merits a reply from "a Chinese for the chance." Who does not know that the Chinese people are anxious to bring the murderer of Elsie Sigel to justice? Chinese officials here have again and again addressed their fellow-citizens, urging them to help effect the capture of the murderer. Chinese societies and mission schools have by word and deed warned their friends not to give the murderer any protection. Rewards are liberally promised, and co-operation of the Chinese quarters of all other cities is solicited by the Chinese here in their efforts to hasten the punishment for crime. My fellow-countrymen have told me that never before have the Chinese colonies been so aroused to indignation and so determined for justice as they are this time. Do you still doubt their sincerity?

Why have the police more than once turned Chinatown inside out without seeing the shadow of the one pursued? Why, despite the energetic efforts of detectives, have their numerous arrests of Chinese and Japanese and intrusions into Chinese houses failed to bring success? We must not forgot that Leon, the suspected murderer, has loved other American girls, as alleged by the police some time ago. It is more than probable that Leon is under the protection of some one who loves him more than justice. So if there is a chance for the Chinese, there will be equally a chance for the American. In regard to "the comment which the case has elicited," we are disturbed not by the expressions, but by the evils resulting from them. The anti-Chinese cries of yellow journals have aroused ill-feeling of the American toward the Chinese, hurt the Chinese market, and put Chinese dignity in danger when a Chinese walks in the streets.

PO-HENG LUM.

Columbia University, June 29, 1909.

A Psychological Puzzle.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Women are fools, of course, to play with fire, as did the two whose tragic ends fill the country at present. But most women will, at times. The attraction, I think, is due partly to the fact that there is danger and partly to a woman's natural desire to use her power. But will some one please tell me why a man whose passion is reciprocated, as it undoubtedly was in one of these cases, is so often impelled to kill the object of his so-called love?

UNSOPHISTICATED.

Brooklyn, June 27, 1909.

EMMA GOLDMAN SPEAKS THAT PIECE

Thirty Policemen Hear Her Awful Views on the Drama in Comparative Peace.

NO RIOT AND NO ARRESTS

Some 250 Intelligent Persons Undisturbed by Her Views of Hauptmann and Ibsen.

To a crowd of 250—all that could by any possibility be jammed into the hall at 100 West 116th Street, where she was to speak, even with two people sitting on a chair and other persons standing up along the wall—Emma Goldman, the Anarchist, succeeded last night in delivering her awful speech on "The Drama."

The last time she tried to deliver it, in Lexington Hall, a Plymouth Rock conservator named Rafsky—a Headquarters detective lineally descended from John Alden—stopped her because she was disturbing the peace. She was talking about Hauptmann and Sudermann and Ibsen, and every policeman knows that "them fellers is Anarchists."

Last night Emma Goldman tried it again. She went to the hall prepared for anything from a mere arrest to a riot, and addressed the crowd with a come-one-come-all look. For Inspector Titus was on the job, and with him at least thirty policemen. Twenty of them were in plain clothes and about ten in uniform, and the man who couldn't prove that he had a right to hear the foundations of society uprooted had a hard job getting past the sleuths.

When the uprooters of society were all gathered together—and somehow all of them looked singularly like pretty intelligent folks—Emma Goldman arose to her full height, which is not much, and said that Gerhardt Hauptmann was a credit to the German stage. At that moment a tall young policeman strode rapidly down the aisle, thrust his jaw forward, and looked at Miss Goldman with a fixed and threatening gaze. Miss Goldman looked back at him defiantly and gave vent, without the least shame, to the revolutionary sentiment that Ibsen had created a new literature for the Scandinavians. The tall young policeman folded his arms and retired to the rear.

Encouraged by this, Miss Goldman went much further and said that George Bernard Shaw was a clever man. At this moment Inspector Titus, visibly agitated, sent forward several cleverly disguised young sleuths to the front row to ascertain if there was anything deadly and mysterious behind what Miss Goldman was saying. There was. She went even further in her mad career and said that "The Third Degree" was a good play. Several of Inspector Titus's sleuths went back to him and asked if an incendiary statement like that afforded sufficient warrant for arrest. The Inspector thought it over, and said no. Then Miss Goldman, encouraged by this leniency of the authorities, plunged into far worse excesses and eugolized Eugene Walter and "The Easiest Way."

It was difficult for an audience to treat a thing like this seriously. Actually, a large force of police was out to protect the Harlem innocents from a perfectly ordinary lecture on literature, in which there was not a sentence or a word that anybody might not have said. The police themselves seemed to feel the ridiculousness of their position. When one of the Sergeants was asked if he couldn't oblige with an arrest to relieve the monotony, he said: "Not unless you go in there and start a rough-house."

After Miss Goldman got through, Alden Freeman and a number of her sympathizers got up and talked. Meanwhile the great army of police which had assembled there to prevent anybody from saying too much about Hauptmann strolled up and down and cussed the Police Department. Everybody was too loyal to Inspector Titus to cuss him.

As to what Miss Goldman said, it was just this: That the drama rather than the novel is the true lover of thought in literature; that Hauptmann has demonstrated it in Germany, Ibsen in Scandinavia, and that while America is not doing very much we at least have Eugene Walter.

Coming away from there, an American citizen said to a policeman, "Do you do this because you like to, or because you have to?"

"G'wan!" said the cop.

$4,262,395 INHERITANCE TAXES

$777,639 Gain Over Last Year in Collections from 15 Counties.

ALBANY, July 2.—For the nine months ended June 30, State Controller Gaus reports that there was received as taxes on collateral inheritances from the fifteen counties which report directly to his office the sum of $4,262,395. The receipts from the same source for the corresponding nine months last year were $3,484,756, which shows a gain for this year's period of $777,639.

Sixty-six of the estates making returns paid a tax of $10,000 or over. Of this number, twenty-five were the estates of women. Westchester County's payments of the larger sums were entirely on women's estates. Of the taxes in excess of $10,000, forty-eight were received from New York County. Here is a list of the estates whose taxes were $10,000 and greater in New York, Kings, Westchester, and Nassau Counties.

NEW YORK COUNTY.	
Mary G. Pinkney	$300,000.00
Matilda W. Bruce	207,073.21
Louis A. Heinsheimer	146,000.00
Elizabeth S. Van Buren	107,000.00
Sarah H. Dodge	84,887.96
Francis S. Kinney	76,000.00
Isidor Wormser	61,394.44
Moses Littman	50,814.49
Walter A. Schiffer	50,320.88
Eleanor Bird	47,699.90
John J. Emery	35,000.00
Edward Lucas	31,188.28
Giovanni Morosini	26,000.00
Henry S. Wilson	25,493.77
Joseph Larocque	25,000.00
Cornelia Austin	24,325.91
Lucy P. Eastman	22,000.00
Ann R. Howard	21,925.13
Loyal L. Smith	20,000.00
Theodore B. Starr	19,745.97
Edward W. Currier	18,800.00
Thomas Cummingham	18,000.00
Charles F. Barney	18,000.00
E. Dwight Church	17,500.00
Richard Webber	17,000.00
Florence H. Otis	17,000.00
Martha Potter	15,993.88
Ferruccio A. Vivanti	15,495.05
Edmund S. Bailey	15,000.00
Emma A. Tillitson	15,000.00
Theodore P. Nichols	15,000.00
Eugene Arnstein	14,750.00
Jane A. Martin	14,672.81
Peter Moller, Jr.	14,144.15
Martha G. de Brulatour	14,554.52
Simon W. Glazier	13,921.55
Lucretia Brydon	12,534.72
William A. Martin	12,500.00
William Rhinelander	12,000.00
Caroline W. Astor	11,875.00
Alexander Maitland	11,164.37
William S. Banta	11,030.53
Amelia M. Hammersley	10,189.00
Edward A. Downey	10,500.00
Eleanor Hendricks	10,676.16
Margaret Crawford	10,000.00
Frederick Beck	10,000.00
John F. Martin	10,250.00
KINGS COUNTY.	
Charles Merrill	$18,195.84
Susan A. R. Moses	13,808.32
Lucy A. Buhlor	12,000.00
WESTCHESTER COUNTY.	
Mary A. A. Woodcock	$70,000.00
Martha E. Dickerman	28,500.00
Mary E. Fuller	25,561.21
Hannah M. Barton	12,027.41
NASSAU COUNTY.	
William B. Leeds	$78,000.00
Everett V. Webster	15,000.00

Mayor Busse Still Improving.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The condition of Mayor Busse, who underwent an operation for appendicitis Tuesday, was said to show improvement to-day.

Ruppert
Knickerbocker Beer
BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY

ORPHAN'S HAPPINESS BRIEF.

Adopted Child Who Never Had a Home Finds Her New Mother Dead.

Six-year-old Faith Rose, who never had a home until she was adopted a few days ago by Mrs. Cora M. Rose of 50 Oliver Street, Newark, will probably have to return to the orphan asylum whence she was brought recently. When the little girl went to her foster mother's room on Thursday night because she was lonely she found Mrs. Rose dead. The child ran to neighbors for assistance, and the County Physician was summoned. He found that the woman had died of dropsy.

Little could be learned of Mrs. Rose by the police further than that she was a Christian Scientist, and had lived at 50 Olliver Street for about ten months. She had been ill a long time, but had refused to see a doctor.

The child will be the owner of the few possessions of her foster mother and will probably be returned to the Home for the Friendless in Newark.

GRAND JURY RAPS 'JOY RIDERS'

And Praises the Police Force Right in the Teeth of the Shake-Up.

In a presentment handed in to County Judge Dike yesterday, the Kings County Grand Jury attacked the practice of "joy riding" in the city-owned automobiles.

Calling the attention of all Commissioners and heads of departments to the new law relating to this practice, which goes into effect Sept. 1, the Grand Jury declared that even the gasoline used by these "joy riders" was owned by the city, and that to use it for such a purpose was theft.

The jury suggested that all vehicles owned by the city be plainly marked as such in letters not less than four inches in length.

The Grand Jury criticised the management of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys, and suggested that the Mayor and the Board of Charities investigate the institution.

OUTGOING LINERS CROWDED.

Season's Record for Kaiserin Auguste Victoria—Seven Ships Sail To-day.

The Hamburg-American Line steamship Kaiserin Auguste Victoria will sail for Hamburg to-day with the record number of cabin passengers for this season. Her total number of cabin passengers is 860 persons, of whom 560 are in the first and 300 in the second class.

The Kaiserin Auguste Victoria holds a record as a passenger carrier. In June, 1906, she left here with 875 cabin passengers, and in June of the next year she carried 844 persons in her cabin.

Every table in the Ritz Carlton Restaurant is reserved throughout the voyage.

The transatlantic steamships sailing to-day and some of those booked to sail on them are:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. John Albertson, Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Andrews, Mrs. J. P. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. V. Bermuth, Mrs. Charles Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryson, Mr. and Mrs. Sharswood Brinton, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Caldwell, Mrs. B. Warner Crane, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Coffin, Charles Felix Chlapowski, Dr. Joseph R. Duryee, T. A. Dykman, Mr. and Mrs. William N. Dykman, Prince and Princess Nicholas Engalitcheff, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ebeling, Miss Ethel L. Farnsworth, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Gould, William J Hosford, Mr. and Mrs. U. T. Hungerford, H. A. Hutchins, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hornblower, Alfred Booth Kuttner, Prof. and Mrs. E. Kuhnemann, Mr. and Mrs. Martin W. Littleton, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Lindsay, Mrs. G. C. W. Lowrey, Mr. and Mrs. Louis C. Madeira, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Nichols, Mrs. Raymond C. Penfield, Mr. and Mrs. William Lathrop Rich, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Steinmetz, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Morgenthau, J. B. Shaw, Mme. Louise Gerard-Thies, William H. Wilder, T. Chester Walbridge, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Webb, and Burgess W. Wooley.

CARONIA, (Liverpool)—The Rev. and Mrs. Charles F. Aked, Capt. and Mrs. W. Anderson, A. Sanderman Allen, Mrs. H. J. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Canfield, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Curtis, Mrs. Daniel Chauncey, Jr., Mrs. Frederick T. De Long, Mrs. N. V. V. Franchot, Edmund H. Gilliece, Douglas Gerrard, Mr. and Mrs. James Hay, Mrs. Charles Lathrop, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Kennedy, Col. and Mrs. George S. McGraw, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Middleton, Mrs. Robert T. Newberry, Mrs. T. J. Oakley, Capt. and Mrs. G. B. Pillsburg, Miss Elizabeth Plankinton, Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Taft, Dr. and Mrs. William Turk, and William H. Zimmern.

PHILADELPHIA, (Southampton)—Frederick H. Allen, George J. Brewer, Paul Broquet, J. W. Carpenter, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Clark, Mrs. Louise Coleman, Mr. and Mrs. William Crooke, Charles W. Deane, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs Stanley W. Edwards, Dr. and Mrs. Russell Story Fowler, Dr. and Mrs. Lawrence W. Gallagher, Henry G. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Holmes, Judge Franklin C. Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kahn, Henry C. Kelsey, Mrs. Charles Ludlow, Mrs. S. A. Meageath, Mrs. Taylor Morse, H. M. Mott-Smith, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. A. Pingree, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Seale, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spencer, John Franklin Stopp, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew V. Stout, H. S. Vanderbilt, and A. Toxin Worm.

CELTIC, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sinclair Armstrong, Mrs. A. L. Ashman, Mrs. William M. Bremer, Gilbert Butler, Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell, Capt. W. R. Cartwright, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Walter de Frece, Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Gambrill, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Kerr, Judge James T. Malone, William C. McCutcheon, Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Palmer, Col. and Mrs. W. H. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Swan, Mr. and Mrs. I. R. Thomas, Charles C. Watts, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Emerson Woodford.

MINNETONKA, (London)—H. V. Andrews, Mrs. G. G. Bauer, Mrs. Catherine Dwight, R. V. Flanders, Prof. and Mrs. Joseph Marshall Flint, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Gardiner, Mrs. J. Aspinwall Hodge, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Hoguet, Mr. and Mrs. Maximilian Morganthau, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick E. Smith, Clarence Watson, and Capt. and Mrs. Andrew C. Zabriskie.

CHICAGO, (Havre)—Mrs. Paul Arpin, Miss Nellie J. Crocker, Dr. Jane W. Carroll, George Corteyn, Prof. and Mrs. G. Fontaine, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Hess, William Dunbar Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur S. Kimball, C. W. Lasher, Prof. E. A. Lindorff, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Meriwether, the Rev. and Mrs. R. S. Van Cleve, and Mrs. E. T. Wilkinson.

CALIFORNIA, (Glasgow)—J. Scott Anderson, Dr. T. D. Crothers, Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. France, Dr. C. L. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Long, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Kingsland, Mrs. A. Forest McVicar, Dr. M. C. Pardee, Mrs. W. T. Owen Parry, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Renahan, Edwin C. Saunders, Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Wenig, and Dr. and Mrs. Charles Workman.

Social Notes.

The wedding of Miss Susan Sedgwick, daughter of Arthur George Sedgwick, to Dr. Arthur W. Swan, will take place today in St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Stockbridge, Mass. The Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Mass., will officiate. Among the bridesmaids will be the Misses Dorothy Whitney, Eleanor Whitridge, Dorothy Tuckerman, and Miss Katharine Atterbury of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Bramwell of 449 Park Avenue have gone to Woodmere, L. I., for the Summer.

Dr. R. A. F. Penrose of Philadelphia, who has been spending the Winter at the Hotel Wolcott, was joined there yesterday by L. A. Biddle, with whom he is sailing for London to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Symes Lehr are now both at Newport, Mrs. Lehr having arrived on Thursday. They are at the Eldridge cottage at Ochre Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph N. Ellis of New York have taken Charles Astor Bristed's cottage on Beacon Hill at Newport for the remainder of the season. They will arrive in a day or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius W. Friend and their daughter, Mrs. W. H. Park of Pittsburg, who have been staying at the Hotel St. Regis, have left for the Hotel Frontenac, Thousand Islands, where they will spend the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Breeden of San Francisco, who spent some days in town, have started on a motor trip through New England. They will return to New York in the Fall.

William Spencer, who has spent the past few days in New York, returned yesterday to Newport.

John H. Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. William Ives Washburn, and Miss Washburn are at the New Monmouth, at Spring Lake, N. J.

There will be a musicale and dramatic recital given by Mr. and Mrs. Damon Lyon of New York at Masonic Hall, Newport, on Wednesday evening, July 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Farrell and Miss Gertrude Farrell will spend the Summer at Bay Shore, L. I., where Mr. Farrell has taken a house for the season.

The engagement is announced of Miss Redlich of 112 West Seventy-ninth Street to Eugene Strouss, a lawyer, of Rochester, N. Y.

Everard Calthrop arrived in London last Monday. He will make a tour of England, Scotland, France, and Italy, returning late in the Fall to New York.

MODJESKA MOURNED AMONG HER OWN FOLK

Her Funeral Held in Little Old St. Stanislaus's, Where She Had Often Worshipped.

MANY CLUBS SEND FLOWERS

Count Bozenta Will Sail with the Body to Poland To-day—He Will Not Come Back.

Helena Modjeska, the last of the great actresses of the "golden days" of the American drama, made her final appearance in New York yesterday morning not in a theatre nor in a new quarter of the town but in little old St. Stanislaus's Polish Catholic Church, 107 Seventh Street.

St. Stanislaus's Church had long known Helena Modjeska. More than twenty years ago she first went there to pray, and since that time she had attended services in the church whenever she was in New York, either in a professional capacity or otherwise. Her son, Ralph Modjeska, was married there. The church is small, seating only a few hundred persons, and is situated in the heart of one of the poorer Polish districts.

Yesterday morning at the requiem high mass celebrated in honor of the dead actress the little place was filled with Polish men and women almost to the exclusion of any one else. Richard Watson Gilder was there and James O'Neill and John E. Kellerd and a few other players, writers, and artists, numbering perhaps twenty altogether, but the church was almost entirely filled with the country men and women of the dead artist, come to do her homage.

The bier, draped in black and buried in lilies and wreaths, among which were tributes of the Twelfth Night, Lambs, and Players Clubs, stood directly in front of the altar. The sunlight pouring in through the colored windows made a bright spotlight on the lilies and almost obscured the light of the many candles.

Father John H. Strzelecki of St. Sanislaus's Church celebrated high mass, Mgr. Lavelle spoke a few words in English in praise of Mme. Modjeska, and Father Wroblewski of Poland, who is here only for a few days, delivered an eloquent sermon in Polish.

All during the long service the people in the church sat reverently. Many of the women had brought their babies, and the cry of a child now and then forced its way through the singing of the mass. At the end, while the people stood reverently inside the church and the crowds outside stood with uncovered heads, the casket was carried out to the hearse which was to bear it away.

To-day Count Bozenta Chlapowski, Mme. Modjeska's husband, is bearing the remains of the actress on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria back to Poland, where still another funeral service will be celebrated. The Count has settled all his affairs in California, where the two had their home and where Mme. Modjeska died, and will not return to America again.

LAMP UPSET; TENANTS SAVED.

Old Man and a Woman Rescued by Neighbors—Others Escape Over Roofs.

Two persons were rescued and several barely escaped being caught in a trap last night when fire started in the rooms of Mrs. Patrick McGuire on the third floor of the tenement house at 318 West Forty-ninth Street.

The fire was caused by the overturning of a kerosene lamp which Mrs. McGuire was trimming. The blazing oil spread over the carpet in the room. Mrs. McGuire fled screaming to the street.

Mrs. Mary Kane, whose apartment is across the hallway from that of Mrs. McGuire, hearing the screams, rushed to her door, and, seeing the flames, also fled to the street. The flames quickly spread to the Kane apartment.

Joseph A. Heaney of 326 West Forty-ninth Street, who was passing, turned in an alarm. John O'Neil of 142 Eighth Avenue and Joseph Cordelli of 326 West Forty-ninth Street, rushed into the building.

On the third floor landing they found John Reese, aged 79, a tenant, lying unconscious, overcome by smoke. The two men carried him to the street.

Joseph Weiss and Frederick Lorenze, who live in the block, saved Mrs. Kate Sheppard by carrying her down from the third floor. The other tenants escaped over neighboring roofs. The damage was $5,000.

WINNING BAKERS PARADE.

Red Flags and Marseillaise Barred from Big East Side Celebration.

A parade of the bakers' unions and other organizations on the east side to celebrate the winning of the long strike by Local 100, known as the Kosher Bakers' Union, took place yesterday afternoon, followed by a mass meeting in Cooper Union. Large crowds of east siders cheered the paraders all along the line of march.

The parade started at 3 o'clock from the neighborhood of 127 Delancey Street, the headquarters of the Kosher Bakers' Union. In all about 5,000 people were in line, the bakers wearing white caps and white blouses. No plain red flags were carried, only the regular union flags, of which there were many, and several large American flags. Though the recent strikers are Socialists, the six bands refrained from playing the "Marseillaise."

One feature of the parade was the appearance in line of several hundred children dressed in white. They were followed by a truck bearing an immense loaf, which required four barrels of flour to make, and which it was originally decided should be carried on the shoulders of thirty bakers, but this plan was changed. It was decorated with small American flags and union mottoes.

Officers of the union state that negotiations have been going on with such bakers as Fleischman, Schultz, Hildebrandt, and Schmalz over a demand for a union agreement, with no result so far. The unions will await a definite reply from these employers before further action.

TWO YEARS OF SERVICE BOARD

Chairman Willcox Outlines Some of the Benefits the Public Has Obtained.

Chairman William R. Willcox of the Public Service Commission gave out yesterday a statement of some of the results attained by the commission during its two years of existence completed on July 1.

Among the many improvements brought about by the commission in regard to transportation is an amendment to the Rapid Transit act giving the city three ways of building rapid transit lines—planning a new system of subways to connect Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx, the relief of the Brooklyn Bridge crush by the extension of the Subway to Brooklyn, and the partial elimination of delays by surface cars, better life saving devices, which has resulted in a saving of one-third the number of deaths of two years ago, a better suburban service on the New York Central, and a reduction of local fares and the keeping of a uniform system of accounts by railroad and street railroad companies.

In addition the commission participated in the 80-cent gas law fight, and has induced electric light and power companies to restore "breakdown service," adjust rates, and establish a uniform system of accounts for gas and electric corporations with the publication of rates and contracts, and forbidding rate discrimination.

CONGRESSMAN CUSHMAN ILL.

In Roosevelt Hospital with Pneumonia After an Operation.

Representative Francis W. Cushman of Tacoma, Wash., is seriously ill of pneumonia in Roosevelt Hospital, this city. Mr. Cushman entered the hospital on June 21 for the removal of an abcess in his neck. The operation, which was a slight one, was successful, but before he recovered, pneumonia developed. Yesterday his illness had reached a critical stage, and he was not so well as yesterday. As this critical stage will not be passed for two days the doctors look for no immediate improvement in his condition, but hope for his ultimate recovery is entertained.

Never ask for "imported" ginger ale—say "Ross's imported," and you'll get the real thing: always cool, sparkling and safe to drink.
ROSS'S
Belfast Ginger Ale

GABRIELLE SAND DEAD.

Leaves Chateau of George Sand, Her Grandmother, to Found Academy.

PARIS, July 2.—Mme. Gabrielle Sand, granddaughter of the late George Sand, the authoress, is dead.

Her will bequeaths the famous château of her grandmother at Nohant for use as an academy and $20,000 for its maintenance.

John P. Hawkins.

John P. Hawkins, for nearly forty years the head of the Hawkins Shipyards, City Island, where, during that time, the yachts of many well-known New Yorkers have been overhauled and kept in repair, died at his home on City Island yesterday. Mr. Hawkins was 70 years old and had lived on City Island nearly fifty years. He was a native of Bristol, England, and came to the United States fifty-three years ago.

Among Mr. Hawkins's patrons were J. P. Morgan, the Goulds, Vanderbilts, Iselins, and other well-known people. The victorious America's cup defender Columbia is now berthed in the Hawkins Yard. For a long time the Defender, another of the successful defenders of the cup, was there.

Mr. Hawkins is survived by his widow and ten children. Of the children six are boys, and all are interested in the ship yard that bears their father's name. They are George, John, James, William, Samuel, and Richard Hawkins. Mr. Hawkins will be buried at City Island to-morrow afternoon, the funeral taking place at the Hawkins home at 3 o'clock.

Alexander George Wood.

Alexander George Wood, 77 years old, of 411 Manhattan Avenue, died in St. Luke's Hospital Thursday evening. For more than fifty years he had been intimately identified with Wall Street as a member of the Old Gold Exchange, now the Stock Exchange, and until 1893 as a member of the latter. Mr. Wood joined the Seventh Regiment before the civil war, and on its outbreak went to Washington when the regiment was called out to defend the National capital. An accomplished musician, for more than forty years he sang in the choir of Trinity Church as a volunteer. The funeral takes place in St. Agnes's Chapel, Ninety-second Street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Richard Degray.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 2.—Richard Degray, 68 years old, and for 35 years an active practicing lawyer at New Orleans, died at his Summer home at Monmouth Beach to-day from a complication of diseases. Mr. Degray, son of Richard Degray, was born at Hawthorne, N. J., and was graduated from Rutgers College in 1860. He is survived by three children, Goodwin Degray of Franklin, N. Y., and Frederick and Miss Edith Degray of New York.

Edward A. Currier.

Edward A. Currier, 59 years old, Secretary and Treasurer of the Calculograph Company, 9-13 Maiden Lane, Manhattan, died at noon yesterday at his home, 8 Shepherd Avenue, East Orange, as the result of a stroke of paralysis sustained two weeks ago. Mr. Currier was a son of the late John A. Currier, proprietor of the old Currier restaurant in Fulton Street. He leaves a wife and two sons, Percy and Kenneth. The funeral services will be held from the house in East Orange to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Followed Husband Closely in Death.

Within three days of the death of her husband, Charles J. McCartie, Mrs. Margaret E. McCartie, 74 years of age, died yesterday at her home, 1,830 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn. The husband and wife, who had been married fifty years, had been in failing health for some time. The funeral of the husband will be held today, while that of the wife will take place on Tuesday.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY A. TOWNER, who when he retired from the Chicago Board of Trade a few months ago was the oldest living member, died yesterday at his home in Highland Park, aged 77 years.

Mrs. MARY LANIER STONE, aged 86 years, wife of the late John Cameron Stone, died at the Curtis Hotel, in Lenox, Mass., yesterday after a long illness. The body will be taken to New York for burial on Sunday.

Mrs. XENIA CULBERTSON, wife of a wealthy banker, died in New Haven, Conn., yesterday of diabetes. She was about 60 years old. Her home was in Ekaberinalar, Russia. Her husband made his fortune in banking enterprises in Russia. He is now in England. Her two sons are at Yale.

EDWIN R. BUTLER, 65 years old, head of the George Allison Company, produce commission merchants in Manhattan, died at his home, 1,236 Dean Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was a native of Staten Island. His wife, two sons, and four daughters survive him.

SAMUEL BLUM, 81 years old, for many years in business as a cigar manufacturer in Manhattan, died at his home, 334 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn on Thursday. Mr. Blum had been a Captain in the National Guard, and was a member of Atlas Lodge of Odd Fellows. Two sons survive him.

GEORGE W. WAY, 80 years old, a veteran of the civil war, died Thursday night at his home in Bloomfield, N. J. Mr. Way, a native of Philadelphia, served in the Connecticut Artillery four years in the civil war, participating in a number of important engagements.

THOMAS C. DILLON, 75 years old, died at his home, 521 Grand Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, and for thirty-three years was in the bakery business in Brooklyn. His wife and five sons survive him.

GEORGE J. DUVAL, 90 years old and a resident of Brooklyn for the last seventy years, died yesterday from pneumonia. He was the father of George L. Duval of Wessel, Duval & Co., South American merchants. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. S. L. Dunne of Boston and Mrs. John R. Chadwick of Pelham Manor.

POLITICAL.
SOCIETY OF TAMMANY
CELEBRATION OF THE 133RD ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE
MONDAY, JULY 5TH, 10 A.M.
AT
TAMMANY HALL.
MUSIC BY
BAYNE'S 69TH REGIMENT BAND.
PATRIOTIC SONGS,
TAMMANY GLEE CLUB.
Reading
"The Declaration of Independence."
Long Talk
By
HON. ALBERT W. GILCHRIST,
Governor of Florida.
Short Talks
By
Hon. GEORGE F. BURGESS .... Texas
Hon. AUGUSTUS O. STANLEY .... Kentucky
Hon. HENRY D. CLAYTON .... Alabama
Hon. HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE .... New York
Hon. ROBERT BAKER .... New York
Hon. CHARLES V. FORNES .... New York
Hon. FRANCIS BURTON HARRISON .... New York
Hon. MICHAEL F. CONRY .... New York
Hon. CLAUDE KITCHIN .... North Carolina
Hon. THOMAS F. GRADY .... New York
Hon. ROBERT F. WAGNER .... New York
Hon. JOHN J. DELANY .... New York
Hon. JOHN J. FRESCHI .... New York
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36 WEST 37TH ST. NEW YORK

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GIBSON.—June 29, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gibson, a son.

Married.

BAUKER—GARRETSON.—On May 18, 1909, at Jersey City, N. J., Mr. Gordon D. Bauker of Jersey City to Miss Lovina A. Garretson of Jersey City.

DODD—MACNEILL.—Thursday, July 1, at the Presbyterian Church, Riverdale, New York City, by the Rev. I. S. Dodd, Jean, daughter of the late James MacNeill of Prince Edward Island, to William M. Dodd.

FARLEE—WILDEY.—On June 30, at Plainfield, N. J., by the Rev. John Sheridan Zelie, Natalie Frances, daughter of Mr. C. F. Wildey, to Hart Scudder Farlee.

BOELKE—WEBB.—June 28, Bayside, L. I., Ethel Webb to Frank Boelke.

DICKINSON—LARSON.—June 28, Roxbury, Conn., Jennie Larson to Edwin Dickinson.

DUTTON—FORSBERG.—June 30, Bristol, Conn., Sarah Forsberg to Howard Dutton.

FALKINBURG—MOORE.—June 30, Martha W. Moore to Nelson H. Falkinburg.

HAMILTON—ANDREWS.—June 30, Eliza Andrews to Arthur Hamilton.

HUTCHINSON—KIMMERLY.—July 1, Port Washington, L. I., Venie Kimmerly to Matthew Hutchinson.

JANSS—COYLE.—June 30, Douglaston, N. Y., Helen Coyle to Albert F. Janss.

MOULTHROP—KAMINSKA.—July 1, Elsie Kaminska to Leon J. Moulthrop.

PARSONS—LA DUE.—June 30, Waterbury, Conn., Cora La Due to James H. Parsons.

PORZENHEIM—DAUCH.—July 1, Clara Dauch to John E. Porzenheim.

STEELE—CONNOLLY.—June 30, Whitestone, L. I., Nellie Connolly to Harry Steele.

SYNNOT—KENNEY.—July 1, Waterbury, Conn., Katherine Kenney to Joseph Synnot.

WILMOTT—BOLLINGER.—June 30, Corona, L. I., Hazel Bollinger to Albert Wilmott.

Brooklyn.

BAKER—MOTT.—June 30, Jennie A. Mott to Charles A. Baker.

GORDON—LYONS.—June 30, Florence M. Lyons to Halstead R. Gordon.

MARTIN—RINGROSE.—June 30, Sadie Ringrose to Francis J. Martin.

MAYER—CLEMONS.—June 30, Elizabeth Clemons to Frank C. Mayer.

RENAUD—WALLACE.—June 28, Helen Wallace to H. Stanley Renaud.

SAYRE—DEMAREST.—June 30, Cornelia M. Demarest to Howard C. Sayre.

SCHILLY—LENAHAN.—June 30, Margaret Lenahan to Joseph Schilly.

JENSEN—WATTS.—June 30, Meta M. Watts to Oscar G. Jensen.

New Jersey.

BEST—MITZENZIUS.—June 29, Bayonne, Bertha Mitzenzius to George W. Best.

BLAKE—MONTGOMERY.—June 30, Montclair, Jennie Montgomery to Herbert C. Blake.

BOEHMER—WATKINS.—June 30, Summit, Ada Watkins to Jerome L. Boehmer.

BRADBURY—CAFFREY.—June 30, Newark, Catherine M. Caffrey to Ernest A. Bradbury.

DEVINE—LYNCH.—June 30, Elizabeth, Margaret Lynch to Luke Devine.

DUERR—PLATT.—June 30, Jersey City, Georgette Platt to Otto Duerr.

FRASER—LEWIS.—June 30, Jersey City, Jessie Lewis to Alexander A. Fraser.

GATHMAN—HOFFACKER.—June 30, Elizabeth, Caroline Hoffacker to Frederick Gathman.

HUGHES—KRAUSS.—June 30, Jersey City, Susanna Krauss to Jefferson E. Hughes.

McCLAINE—REID.—July 1, Paterson, Margaret Reid to James McClaine.

McDONALD—BROWN.—June 30, Jersey City, May Brown to James McDonald.

McKILLOP—SHERIDAN.—June 30, Bayonne, Anna Sheridan to John McKillop.

MARTIN—BUERK.—June 26, Bloomfield, Millicent G. Buerk to Harvey H. Martin.

MERCK—CROCKETT.—July 1, Irvington, Elizabeth Crockett to John Merck.

MOFFET—JOHNSON.—July 1, Newark, Ellen A. Moffet to Russell C. Johnson.

NONMAKER—CRATE.—June 30, Bissel, Mattie Crate to Mahlon S. Nonmaker.

TAYLOR—McCARTNEY.—June 30, Newark, Laura McCartney to Charles Taylor.

VON VITTINGHOFF—ERLENKOTTER.—June 30, Hoboken, Doris Erlenkotter to Hans Von Vittinghoff.

WEST—THOMPSON.—June 30, Jersey City, Mary Thompson to George N. West.

WESTHOVEN—WARNOCK.—June 30, Paterson, Minnie Warnock to John Westhoven.

WILBUR—KNAPP.—June 30, Hackensack, Pearl Knapp to Lawrence Wilbur.

Died.

BRIDGMAN.—At Stamford, Conn., Thursday, July 1, 1909, William Henry Bridgman, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 35 Suburban Av., Saturday, at 3:30 P. M. Boston and Cincinnati papers please copy.

BRIGGS.—Suddenly, July 2, 1909, at her home, 2,601 Creston Av., Fordham, New York City, Julia Wheatly Briggs, wife of Josiah Ackerman Briggs. Funeral private, Sunday, July 4, 1909. Saratoga (N. Y.) papers please copy.

CLASSON.—Entered into rest, Hope, beloved daughter of Francis and Annie B. Classon, July 2, 1909. Funeral private from residence, 312 East 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., July 3, at 2 P. M.

CUNNEEN.—Patrick J. Cunneen of 116 Cedar St., after a brief illness. Requiem mass at St. Peter's Church, Barclay St., Saturday at 10 A. M. Interment at Newburg.

CURRIER.—At East Orange, N. J., July 2, 1909, Edwin A. Currier, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services will be held from his late home, 8 Sheppard Av., on Sunday morning, July 4, at 10:30 o'clock, on arrival of 9:30 train from New York via D., L. & W. R. R. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Friends will kindly omit flowers.

DAVISS.—At Arverne, L. I., Thursday, July 1, 1909, Agnes D., widow of Walter S. Davies and daughter of the late John and Harriet Rappelyea, in her 73d year. Funeral services at the residence of Mr. Alexander G. Van Cleve, 150 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday, July 3, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

DWYER.—On July 2, at her residence, 484 St. Nicholas Av., Catherine, widow of Patrick J., after long illness. Funeral notice hereafter.

GRIFFITH.—At Saratoga Springs, after a long illness, Daniel J. Griffith, son of the late Griffith W. and Mary J. Griffith. Notice of funeral later.

HENRY.—John Watts, suddenly, July 1, 1909, at residence, 124 West 103d St., son of the late John T. and Elvenah Barber Henry. Funeral private. Burial, Homer, N. Y.

McKENNEY.—At Barbados, W. I., on June 29, Marie Heywood, wife of Henry Potter McKenney. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOGG.—On Thursday, July 1, 1909, Fanny, widow of James D. Mogg, aged 81 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, July 3, at 1 P. M., from her late residence, 424 Malone St., West Hoboken. Interment in Evergreens Cemetery, New York.

RAYMOND.—At Des Moines, Iowa, on Thursday, July 1, 1909, Capt. John C. Raymond, Second U. S. Cavalry, son of Brig. Gen. C. W. Raymond, U. S. A., retired.

REYNOLDS.—At South Orange, N. J., Friday, July 2, 1909, Mary A., widow of the late Clinton G. Reynolds. Notice of funeral hereafter.

STONE.—Friday, July 2, at Lenox, Mass., Mary Lanier, wife of the late John Cameron Stone. Funeral 9:30 A. M. Sunday at Church of the Ascension, 10th St. and 5th Av., New York.

SUTTEN.—At Chappaqua, N. Y., July 2, 1909, Phoebe H., widow of Jesse H. Sutten, in the 77th year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her son, Frederick Sutten, Chappaqua, N. Y., on Sunday, July 4, at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station, Lexington Av. Terminal, on Sunday at 11:50 A. M.

THOMASSEN.—Suddenly on June 30, 1909, Frank Thomassen. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, 65th St. and Central Park West, on Saturday, July 3, 1909, at 2:15 P. M.

WARNER.—At Thomaston, Conn., on Wednesday, June 30, 1909, Emily V. Seeley, beloved wife of Jonathan Marsh Warner, in the 82d year of her age. Funeral service at the homestead Saturday morning, July 3, at 10:00 o'clock.

BLOOM.—Mary A., Gloversville, N. Y., July 1, aged 37.

AHEARN.—Thomas, 15 Mulford St., Yonkers, July 1. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

BENSON.—Dominick P., 28 Sutton Place, June 30, aged 26.

BLACKALL.—John, 36 Hill St., Waterbury, Conn., July 1, aged 48.

CASEY.—Thomas, 89 Cole St., Waterbury, Conn., July 1, aged 30. Funeral to-day.

CORRIGAN.—Kate, Rockville Centre, L. I., July 1. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

CRONMEYER.—Charles, 2,972 Marion Av., July 1, aged 41. Funeral private.

DAYTON.—Mary E., Greenwich, Conn., July 1, aged 81.

DORMITZER.—Karoline, 103 East 88th St., July 1, aged 79.

DUFFY.—John, 773 Amsterdam Av., June 30, aged 33. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GRIGGS.—Mary E., Kingston, N. Y., June 30, aged 68. Funeral to-day.

HANLEY.—Cassie, 152 West 144th St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HAWKINS.—John P., East Fordham St., City Island, July 1. Funeral to-morrow.

HIGHBERGH.—Grace, 415 East 159th St., June 30.

HUSSEY.—Michael, 352 East 42d St., July 1. Funeral notice later.

KOHLER.—Elisabeth, 235 East 87th St., June 30, aged 49. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

NUNGASSER.—Frederick, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., June 29, aged 62.

MELLECH.—Nicholas, Steep Rocks, N. Y., June 30, aged 29.

McNEISCH.—Elizabeth, Waterbury, Conn., July 1, aged 50. Funeral to-day.

RICKES.—Jacob, 506 West 50th St., July 1, aged 64. Funeral to-day.

ROTH.—Cordelia, 91 East 116th St., July 1, aged 25.

SCULLY.—Lawrence J., 162 East 106th St., July 1, aged 23.

SNELL.—Mary L., 5 Stanley Place, Yonkers, July 1.

STILLGEBAUER.—Mary, 768 Columbus Av., July 1.

TYLER.—Annie, 344 East 42d St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

VALLAT.—Frank V., July 1, aged 79. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

VON BREMSEN.—Theodore, 176 East 80th St., June 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ABSALOM.—Rosa, 2,725 Fulton St., June 30, aged 65.

AUSTIN.—Mary T., 669 Hancock St., July 1. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

BLUM.—Samuel, 334 Knickerbocker Av., July 1, aged 81. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

BREWER.—John, 209 Lewis Av., July 2, aged 83.

BRZCZINSKI.—Mary, 157 Johnson Av., June 30, aged 41. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CLASSON.—Hope, 312 East 5th St., July 2, aged 35. Funeral private.

DUVAL.—George J., 444 59th St., July 2, aged 91. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

FARREL.—John, Kingston Avenue Hospital, June 30, aged 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GRAY.—Abraham, 27 Cambridge Place, July 2. Funeral to-morrow.

HIGGINS.—Thomas, 267 Front St., June 30, aged 54.

ILER.—Mary, 432 Central Av., July 1, aged 49. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KOHLMAN.—Genevieve H., 181 Stuyvesant Av., July 1. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McCARTIE.—Charles J., 1,830 Brooklyn Av., July 1. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MARSHALL.—Joseph, 341 88th St., June 30, aged 33.

NEWMAN.—Rene, Cumberland Street Hospital, June 30, aged 20.

PACHE.—Charles, 434 Stanhope St., July 1, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PETO.—Harry W., Avenue G and East 98th St., June 29.

ROBERTSON.—Evelyn F., 109 Hamburg Av. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

RYAN.—Ellen, 199 Prospect Av., June 30, aged 87. Funeral to-day.

SLEVIN.—Thomas, 197 South Elliott Place, July 1. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

STONE.—Charlotte, 324 52d St., July 1. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

THOMPSON.—William G., 200 St. Mark's Av., July 2, aged 68. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

VAIL.—Edward G., 304 Bainbridge St., July 1, aged 76.

New Jersey.

ARMSTRONG.—Muriel, Weehawken, June 30, aged 19 months.

ARNOLD.—Charles, 50 Greenville Av., Jersey City, July 1, aged 31. Funeral to-morrow, 4 P. M.

BABBITT.—Paul M., Morristown, July 2, aged 25.

BARNES.—Clarence V., Morris Plains, June 30, aged 33. Funeral private.

BEATTIE.—Peter, Midvale, July 1, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BERRY.—Jane B., Hackensack, July 1, aged 86. Funeral to-day.

BLAKEY.—Mary, 239 Henderson St., Jersey City, July 2, aged 74.

COONEY.—Margaret, 237 Whiton St., Jersey City, July 1. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DILKS.—Harriet C., Pitman, June 30, aged 40.

DORIS.—Mary, 219 4th St., Jersey City, July 1. Funeral July 5.

DOWNEY.—Ethel, 150 Hudson St., Newark, July 1, aged 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DUST.—William, 103 Grant Av., Jersey City, July 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

EARLY.—Mary, Elizabeth, July 2, aged 76.

GARRIGAL.—Mary, 172 Walnut St., Newark, July 1. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

GRAHAM.—William F., 54 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City, June 30. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HILL.—Angeline, Trenton, July 1. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

HOER.—George P., 202 6th St., Jersey City, July 2. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOGAN.—Charles, 154 Montgomery St., Jersey City, July 2, aged 55. Funeral July 5.

HOFFMAN.—George, Allwood, June 30, aged 7. Funeral private.

HULL.—Rachel K., Trenton, July 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HUNT.—Austin, Dumont, July 1, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

JOHNSON.—Annie M., Roadstown, June 30, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

KRATZEL.—Emma A., Dunellen, July 1, aged 2. Funeral to-morrow.

McGUIRE.—Margaret, 34 Vesey St., Newark, July 1. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

MAMPE.—William H., Carlstadt, July 1. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

MARTIN.—Thomas, Cranford, June 29, aged 16.

MILLER.—William, 630 Summer Av., Newark, July 2, aged 31.

MOGG.—Fannie, Malone St., West Hoboken, July 1, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

MULFORD.—Phebe, Bridgeton, July 1, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MULLER.—Anna, 27 Tyson Lane, Jersey City, July 1. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

OLSEN.—Thomas J., 573 Central Av., Jersey City, July 1, aged 53. Funeral to-day.

PROBERT.—Arthur T., Paterson, July 1, aged 75.

ROGERS.—Margaret, Elizabeth, July 2, aged 70.

RONALDSON.—Marie A., Bradley Beach, June 29, aged 26.

SAUER.—Edwina, 1,158 East Jersey St., Elizabeth, July 1, aged 10.

SEAVER.—William, 340 Clinton Av., West Hoboken, July 2, aged 41.

SHANNON.—Flora A., West Orange, July 1, aged 19. Funeral to-morrow.

SMITH.—Frank, 438 Pacific Av., Jersey City, July 2. Funeral notice later.

SMITH.—Hiram G., Paterson, July 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

THORNTON.—Martha, 47 Oriental Terrace, Newark, July 1. Funeral to-morrow.

VANDER VLIET.—Addie, Wallington, July 1, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

VAN DYKE.—Helen C., Trenton, June 30.

WAY.—George W., Bloomfield, July 1, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

WELDON.—John, 13 Hunterdon St., Newark, July 2. Funeral July 5.

In Memoriam.

BYRNE.—Josephine P., mass, Our Lady of Good Counsel Church, Newark, N. J., today, 9 A. M.

NUGENT.—Fred F., mass, Holy Cross Church, Harrison, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

CEMETERIES.
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Church Services To-morrow

BAPTIST.—Amity Baptist Church, 308-312 West 54th St., Rev. Leighton Williams, D. D., Pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. each Sunday during July and August by the Rev. George K. Allen, D. D.

Central Baptist Church, 42d St., West of Broadway, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—Dr. T. A. K. Gessler will preach Sunday morning and evening.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street,
Pastor, I. M. HALDEMAN.
Rev. Robert A. Cameron, D. D.,
will preach 11 A. M.—8 P. M.

Memorial Baptist, Washington Square South.—Edward Judson, 11, "Recuperative Power"; 8, "Trials of Reformed Men."

Madison Avenue Baptist Church,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET,
Charles A. Eaton, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Rev. Fred'k W. Hagar will preach.
8 P. M., Evangelistic Meeting & Service of Song.
Both Services in Parish House, Sanders Hall.
Men's League Meeting Tuesday, 8 P. M., addressed by Robt. S. Binkerd of Citizens' Union.
Strangers Cordially Invited.

Second Avenue Baptist Church,
Between 10th and 11th Sts.
Robert F. Y. Pierce, D. D., Pastor.
10:45 A. M., "Help for the Unworthy"; 12 to 1 P. M., Popular Sunday School Service. Afternoon Services in Hungarian, Slovak, Polish, and Italian; 7:30, Open-Air Meeting; 8:00, Patriotic Service, "The New Declaration of Independence."

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
REV. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D., Pastor.
Public Worship at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. Wm. A. Kirkwood, Asst. Pastor, will preach.
Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Prayer Meeting.

LUTHERAN.—Evang. Luth. Church of the Advent, Broadway and 93d St., Rev. W. M. Horn, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

Grace Church, 104th St., West of Columbus Av., Charles Howland Cookman, Minister.—11 A. M., Holy Communion; 8 P. M., Sermon by the Minister, "Patriotism."

MADISON AVENUE
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
Corner 60th Street.
Rev. Wallace MacMullen, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Preaching by Rev. C. B. McClelland.
No Evening Service.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street,
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Sermon by Dr. M. B. Chapman.

New Thought Meetings, Plaza Studios, 5 West 58th.—Sunday service, 11 A. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Brick Church,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street,
Ministers: { Rev. WM. R. RICHARDS, D. D., Rev. ROBERT DAVIS.
Rev. James M. Farr of Christ Church will preach at 11 o'clock.
Weekday Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

Central Presbyterian Church,
West 57th St., between Broadway-7th Av.,
Rev. W. MERLE-SMITH, Pastor.
Rev. George H. Smyth, Jr., preaches at 11 A. M. Sabbath morning services until the end of July, all other services discontinued for Summer.

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church,
Fifth Avenue and 55th Street.
Sunday Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Rev. John Kelman, D. D.,
Minister of St. George's Free Church, Edinburgh, Scotland,
will preach in the morning and afternoon on both July 4th and 11th.
Strangers are cordially invited.

Fourth Presbyterian Church,
West End Av. and 91st St.,
Edgar Whitaker Work, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work will preach at 11 A. M. in commemoration of "The Discovery of Lake Champlain."

Madison Av. Presbyterian Church,
Northeast corner of 73d Street.
Public Worship at 10:30 A. M.
Dr. Coffin will preach.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., Rev. GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Public Worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the services to-morrow the Pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Avenue and 105th Street,
Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., Pastor,
Preaching Service at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.—Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St.—Every Sunday in July, 8 A. M., 11 A. M.

Church of the Ascension,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street,
REV. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M., Morning service and sermon.
8 P. M., Evening service and sermon.
Rev. Andrew F. Underhill will preach at both services.

Church of the Transfiguration, 1 E. 29th. Communions—7, 8; CHORAL EUCHARIST and Sermon, 10:30; CHORAL VESPERS, 5 o'c.

Church of Zion and St. Timothy,
334 West 57th Street,
Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer .... 11 A. M.
Preacher, the Rector.

SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES
ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, corner 44th Street.
Sunday mornings at 11 o'clock.
Full Choir will be present. Seats free.
PREACHER JULY 4TH.
The Rt. Rev. Charles D. Williams, D. D., Bishop of Michigan.

The Middle Collegiate Church,
2d Av. and 7th St.,
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. John W. Van Zanten
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

The Marble Collegiate Church,
5th Ave. and 29th St.,
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister,
Rev. JOHN S. ALLEN, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The One Blood Brotherhood."
Evening: "Religion and Patriotism."

The Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Church closed during month of July.

The West End Collegiate Church,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister
Rev. WM. I. CHAMBERLAIN, Ph. D., of New Brunswick, N. J., will preach at 11 A. M.

34th St. Reformed Church, West of 8th Av., Rev. ROBERT W. COURTNEY, Pastor.—Services at 10:30 and 8.

REFORMED CATHOLIC.—Reformed Catholic services, Christ's Mission, 331 West 57th St.—Afternoon, 3:30. Patriotic service and recitations. Pastor O'Connor preaches: "Our Glorious Republic."

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Religious Society of Friends, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship, 144 East 20th St., new York, 11; Washington and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, 10:45. J. Lindley Spicer proposes attending N. Y. meeting.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Religious Society of Friends.—Religious meetings, 11 A. M., at East 15th St. and Rutherfurd Place, Manhattan, and Schermerhorn St., near Boerum Place, Brooklyn.

UNITARIAN.—All Souls' Church, 4th Av. and East 20th St.—Union Service of the New York Unitarian Churches at 11 A. M. in charge of Rev. Leon A. Harvey of Brooklyn. Subject: "The Religion of Thoughtful Americans."

OTHER SERVICES.

Disciples of Christ, First Church,
323 West 56th St. Rev. W. L. Fisher, Pastor.
Preaching at 11 A. M.
You are cordially invited.

Gospel Tabernacle Church, 44th St. and 8th Av.—Sunday, July 4, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preaching by Rev. W. F. Meminger at both services.

TENT EVANGEL,
124th and 125th, bet. Amst. and Manhat. Avs.
BIBLE CONVENTION WEEK.
S. D. Gordon, Sunday, 4 and 8, and nightly.

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The peculiar triangular shape of the Times Building makes possible all outside rooms; hence all face the street and get all the light and air.
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PASTORIUS BLOWS UP AND GIANTS WIN OUT

Brooklyn Boxman Walks Three Men in Ninth Inning and Victory Is Easy.

MURRAY BATS IN TWO RUNS

Lumleyites Tie in the Eighth After Driving Marquard Out, but Can't Hit in Final.

Toward 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a little band of gray-clad men was seen stealing across a verdant stretch of ground behind a high stockade near the bottom of the Park Slope, Brooklyn. The visitors bore arms of prehistoric appearance, chiefly long cudgels of heavy wood tapering to rude knobs. Clumsy though those weapons were, they were wielded with a certain dexterity, especially when swung against spherical missiles resembling those in use by ancient cave dwellers. Hardly were the invaders in the hitherto peaceful meadow when they began a furious attack on a group of worthy burghers who had assembled to participate in village sports. So desperate was the onslaught of the strangers that when they hurried away to a rustic retreat at the far end of the pasture, they had, despite courageous resistance, overthrown ten of the burghers. It was a wild battle between primeval and civilized man. The only clue to its cause was certain strange writing the visitors left on a black section of the stockade, which, being translated, read:

"New York, 5; Brooklyn, 3."

From various characteristics in the hieroglyphics, it is believed the strangers were a band of desperadoes led by a man of small stature but mighty deeds, known to history as John J. McGraw. That they are left-overs from a greater period in the world's annals is evidenced by the fact that they are known to anthropologists as the Giants. And, coming up to date, it may be remarked that the way they dangled victory before Brooklyn's eyes in the eighth inning was sinful. There was a space of several minutes in which the Superbas, as the worthy burghers are called by their friends, actually thought that simply because they had tied the score they were going to win—an idea the McGrawites speedily knocked gally west when Red Murray, after three strolls and a force at the plate left the bases filled with two out, landed on the leather for a single that sent in two more counts and gave the decision to New York.

For Pastorius blew up in the final. With one down, he walked Raymond, Tenney, and Doyle in sequence, and the worst he could do against McCormick was to inveigle Handsome Harry into a four-base squeeze. Then Red Murray, flame-crowned king of pinch hitters, toed the mark to do his prettiest, and did it with neatness and dispatch. Raymond carded on the single Red tunneled through second. Burch threw in to catch Tenney, whereupon Pastorius, blanketing Bergen to take the return, concluded he couldn't catch Fred and pivoted the ball to Hummel. Brooklyn's first baseman chased Murray all the way to second, and when Red got there safely Hummel pursued McCormick, whom he threw out to Lennox near third. But the chalking was at an end, for the locals, after driving Marquard of fthe slab in the eighth and achieving a tie with Raymond pitching, were powerless against the Entomologist in the ninth.

Bunching a brace of bingles by Schlei and Marquard with a couple of sacrifices by Tenney and Doyle, the Giants in the middle chapter broke a thick coating of ice that had formed on the game in the first four rounds. In the sixth, on Murray's one-bagger, O'Hara's triple, and Alperman's by-by attempt at Devlin's grasser, the visitors increased their total to three. But it was not to be a shutout, for Clement's three-sacker and Hummel's sacrifice to O'Hara gave Brooklyn one in the same round, and in the eighth the home players balanced the jots with two runs slated on Clement's hit, Hummel's double, Bridwell's wild throw on a fielder's choice, with Alperman's grounder, Lennox's jaunt, and Lumley's sacrifice fly. Then came the final, in which Gotham did all the recording.

The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tenney, 1b.	3	1	2	12	0	Burch, cf.	4	0	0	4	1
Doyle, 2b.	3	1	1	2	6	Clement, lf.	5	2	2	2	0
M'C'm'k, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	Hummel, 1b.	4	1	2	7	2
Murray, rf.	5	1	2	2	0	Alp'man, 2b.	4	0	1	3	2
O'Hara, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	Lennox, 3b.	3	0	1	1	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0	Lumley, rf.	1	0	0	3	0
Bridwell, ss.	4	0	0	0	3	M'Mil'n, ss.	4	0	1	1	1
Schlei, c.	4	1	1	5	0	Bergen, c.	3	0	0	5	1
Marq'ard, p.	3	0	1	0	3	Pastorius, p.	2	0	0	1	6
Raymond, p.	0	0	0	0	0	*Jordan	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	8	27	12	Total	31	3	7	27	13

*Batted for Pastorius in ninth inning.

Errors—Devlin, Bridwell, (2,) Hummel, Alperman, (2.)

New York..........0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 2—5
Brooklyn..........0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—3

Two-base hits—Hummel, Alperman. Three-base hits—O'Hara, Clement. Hits—Off Marquard, 7 in 7 1-3 innings. Sacrifice flies—Doyle, Hummel, Lumley. Sacrifice hits—Tenney, Lumley, Bergen. Stolen bases—Devlin, Burch. Double play—Bridwell, Doyle, and Tenney. Left on bases—New York, 9; Brooklyn, 9. First base on balls—Off Pastorius, 4; off Marquard, 3; off Raymond, 1. First base on errors—New York, 2. Struck out—By Pastorius, 2; by Marquard, 3; by Raymond, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

At Pittsburg.

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	0	2	0	4	B'beau, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1
Sh'kard, lf.	4	0	0	3	0	Leach, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
H'man, cf.	2	0	1	4	0	Clarke, lf.	4	0	1	2	2
Chance, 1b.	5	0	2	10	0	Wagner, ss.	4	0	1	1	2
S'feldt, 3b.	5	1	2	1	1	Abstein, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0
Schulte, rf.	5	1	1	2	0	Miller, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Tinker, ss.	5	2	1	2	3	Wilson, rf.	4	0	1	4	0
Archer, c.	4	2	3	5	1	Gibson, c.	3	0	1	4	0
Brown, p.	4	2	1	0	1	Simon, c.	0	0	0	0	0
						Camnitz, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
						Adams, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	38	8	13	27	10	Total	33	0	6	27	9

*Batted for Camnitz in fifth inning.

Errors—Hofman, Schulte, Archer, Wagner, Wilson, (2,) Simon.

Chicago..........0 0 1 3 0 2 0 2 0—8
Pittsburg..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Leach, Archer. Three-base hits—Steinfeldt, Tinker. Hits—Off Camnitz, 6 in five innings; off Adams, 7 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Evers, Sheckard. Sacrifice fly—Hofman. Stolen bases—Wilson, Chance. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 6; Chicago, 8. First base on balls—Off Brown, 1; off Camnitz, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Struck out—By Brown, 3; by Camnitz, 2; by Adams, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Barbeau, 3b.	4	2	0	0	2	Evers, 2b.	3	0	1	1	3
Leach, cf.	3	2	0	1	0	Sheckard, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Clarke, lf.	3	0	1	3	0	Hofman, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	1	5	5	Chance, 1b.	4	0	1	14	0
Abstein, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	St'feldt, 3b.	3	0	1	3	4
Miller, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1	Schulte, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Wilson, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	Tinker, ss.	3	1	1	0	5
Gibson, c.	4	0	2	7	2	Archer, c.	3	0	1	1	0
Maddox, p.	3	0	0	0	4	Moran, c.	0	0	0	0	0
						Has'man, p.	2	0	0	0	2
						*Zim'man	1	0	0	0	0
						Reulbach, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Total	33	4	8	27	12	Total	31	2	8	24	16

*Batted for Hagerman in eighth inning.

Errors—Barbeau, Wagner, (2,) Wilson, Evers, (2,) Steinfeldt.

Pittsburg..........0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 .—4
Chicago..........0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Hits—Off Hagerman, 7 in seven innings; off Reulbach, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Maddox, Steinfeldt. Stolen bases—Wagner, Sheckard, Hofman. Double plays—Steinfeldt and Chance; Wagner and Abstein; Barbeau, Gibson and Abstein. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 9; Chicago, 4. First base on balls—Off Hagerman, 2; off Maddox, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 3; Chicago, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Hagerman, 1. Struck out—By Maddox, 4. Wild pitch—Hagerman. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Emslie and O'Day.

At Philadelphia.

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b.	5	0	1	1	6	Becker, rf.	4	2	2	1	0
Grant, 3b.	5	0	2	3	4	Starr, 2b.	5	0	0	2	7
Magee, lf.	5	1	2	4	0	Bates, lf.	5	1	2	8	0
Osborn, cf.	5	0	0	1	0	Beaumt, cf.	3	0	1	3	1
Br'sf'd, 1b.	5	0	0	20	0	Sweeney, 3b.	5	1	0	2	4
Dein'ger, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	Stem, 1b.	5	0	2	13	1
Doolan, ss.	4	2	1	2	3	Coffey, ss.	5	0	0	2	0
Dooin, c.	5	2	2	2	2	Graham, c.	3	0	0	4	1
Moren, p.	2	0	0	0	2	White, p.	4	0	0	1	3
Richie, p.	1	0	1	0	1	Tuckey, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Covaleski, p.	0	0	0	0	2						
M'Quil'n, p.	1	0	1	0	1						
*Titus	1	0	0	0	0						
†Ward	1	0	1	0	0						
Total	43	5	13	33	25	Total	34	4	7‡31	17	

*Batted for Richie in seventh inning.
†Batted for Covaleski in ninth inning.
‡One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Knabe, Grant, Sweeney, Stem, Coffey, 2; Graham, White.

Philadelphia...0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1—5
Boston..........2 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Deininger, Doolan, Dooin, Becker, Bates. Three-base hit—Stem. Hits—Off Moren, 3 in two innings; off Richie, 4 in five innings; off White, 10 in eight and one-third innings; off Tuckey, 3 in two and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hits—Starr, Becker, White. Stolen bases—Grant, Deininger, Dooin, Magee. Double play—Sweeney, Starr, and Stem. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Moren, 1; off White, 3; off Richie, 2; off Covaleski, 3; off McQuillan, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 1. Struck out—By White, 3. Wild pitches—White, 2. Time of game—Two hours and seventeen minutes. Umpire—Mr. Rigler.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Becker, rf.	4	1	2	2	0	Knabe, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
Starr, 2b.	4	1	1	2	0	Grant, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
Bates, lf.	4	0	1	1	1	Magee, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Thomas, cf.	4	0	0	6	0	Osborn, cf.	3	0	0	4	2
Sweeney, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	Bransf'd, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0
Stem, 1b.	4	0	2	14	0	Dein'ger, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Coffey, ss.	3	2	3	0	2	Doolan, ss.	3	0	0	2	0
Bow'r'man, c.	3	0	1	0	0	Dooin, c.	3	0	0	7	3
Mattern, p.	3	0	0	1	1	Froelich, c.	1	0	0	0	0
						Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	2
						*Ward	1	0	1	0	0
						†Shean	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	10	27	8	Total	28	0	2	27	11

*Batted for Moore in ninth inning.
†Batted for Grant in ninth inning.

Boston..........0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1—3
Philadelphia..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Magee, Deininger, Coffey. Three-base hit—Becker. Sacrifice hit—Bowerman. Stolen bases—Becker, (2,) Coffey, (2) Bates, (2.) Left on bases—Philadelphia, 2; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Moore, 2; off Mattern, 1. Struck out—By Moore, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Rigler.

At St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	2	1	0	1	1	Bescher, lf.	4	1	2	1	0
Ellis, lf.	5	1	2	3	0	Oakes, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
B'han, 3b, c.	5	1	3	4	2	Egan, 2b.	4	0	0	5	4
K'n'chy, 1b.	5	1	3	12	0	H'litzel, 1b.	4	2	2	12	0
Evans, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	Mitchell, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
D'hanty, cf.	5	0	2	1	0	McLean, c.	4	0	0	2	3
H'switt, ss.	4	0	1	5	4	Mowrey, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1
Charles, 2b.	3	0	0	0	3	Downey, ss.	4	0	1	1	5
Beebe, p.	4	0	0	0	2	Fromme, p.	4	0	1	0	4
*Shaw	1	0	1	0	0	Paskert, 1b.	1	0	0	2	0
Phelps, c.	1	0	0	1	0						
Total	38	5	13	30	12	Total	35	4	5†28	14	

*Batted for Byrne in seventh inning.
†One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Ellis, Konetchy, Hulswitt, Beebe, Egan, (2,) Hoblitzel.

St. Louis..........2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—5
Cincinnati..........2 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—4

Three-base hit—Bescher. Home runs—Hoblitzel, Konetchy. Double plays—Downey, (unassisted;) Downey, Egan, and Hoblitzel; Charles and Konetchy; Egan and Paskert. Stolen bases—Bresnahan, Charles. Hit by pitcher—By Beebe, (Egan.) First base on balls—Off Beebe, 3; off Fromme, 3. Struck out—By Beebe, 4; by Fromme, 5. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 5. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes. Umpire—Mr. Johnstone.

Baseball To-day. Two games. First game called 1:45 P. M. American League Park, N. Y. Americans vs. Athletics.—Adv.

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BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York..........3 | Chicago..........15
Washington..........0 | St. Louis..........3

Philadelphia..........1 | Detroit..........3
Boston..........0 | Cleveland..........2

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York..........5 | Philadelphia..........5
Brooklyn..........3 | Boston..........4

Chicago..........8 | Boston..........3
Pittsburg..........0 | Philadelphia..........0

Pittsburg..........4 | St. Louis..........5
Chicago..........2 | Cincinnati..........4

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City..........7 | Baltimore..........2
Newark..........3 | Providence..........1

Montreal..........2 | Toronto vs. Buffalo
Rochester..........1 | —Rain.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

St. Paul..........3 | Milwaukee..........6
Minneapolis..........1 | Louisville..........1

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Detroit	45	21	.682	.554
Philadelphia	37	26	.587	.516
Boston	36	29	.554	.413
Cleveland	32	31	.508	.586
New York	31	31	.500	.400
Chicago	27	34	.443	.552
St. Louis	24	40	.375	.582
Washington	21	41	.339	.369

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	1908.
Pittsburg	45	16	.738	.621
Chicago	39	23	.629	.619
New York	34	23	.596	.576
Cincinnati	32	30	.516	.530
Philadelphia	28	32	.467	.466
St. Louis	25	35	.417	.369
Brooklyn	21	39	.350	.381
Boston	17	43	.283	.433

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	33	29	.532	Buffalo	31	32	.492
Baltimore	32	31	.508	Montreal	29	31	.483
Providence	29	29	.500	Toronto	29	34	.460
Newark	29	30	.492	Jersey City	26	33	.441

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	40	33	.548	Louisville	36	37	.493
Minneapolis	39	35	.527	Kansas C'y	33	35	.485
Ind'napolis	39	35	.527	St. Paul	32	35	.477
Columbus	37	37	.500	Toledo	31	40	.437

GAMES FOR TO-DAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York; 1:45 P. M.
Washington at Boston.
Detroit at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Brooklyn; 3:30 P. M.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Rochester at Montreal.
Buffalo at Toronto.
Baltimore at Providence.
Newark at Jersey City.—2 games.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Kansas City at Milwaukee.
Minneapolis at St. Paul.
Indianapolis at Louisville.
Columbus at Toledo.

YANKEES SHUT OUT SENATORS AT HILLTOP

Johnson, Visitors' Star Pitcher, Leaves Game After the Seventh Inning.

BOTH TEAMS FIELD WELL

Battery Work of Hughes and Sweeney a Feature of an Interesting Contest—Two Games To-day.

The Washington team signalized its last appearance of the season at American League Park yesterday by a 3-to-1 defeat at the hands of the Yankees. Some 4,000 persons were much interested in the playing, the fielding of both teams being sharp and decisive.

The Yankees wielded the stick with better effect, and this, with some wild pitching and Donohue's bad throw, gave Stallings's men the game. The Washingtons had the services of their star pitcher, Johnson, who had won the last six games in which he officiated, with Street behind the bat. Opposed to this pair were Hughes and Sweeney both of whom were in their best playing mood. Hughes gave two bases on balls and hit a batsman, but he more than made up for this by his intricate delivery, only four of the eleven men who faced him in the nine innings hitting him safely. Sweeney's work behind the bat was one of the leading features of the game, while Hemphill's catch of Delehanty's fly in the second inning was of a sensational description.

It was not until the fifth inning that the Yankees tallied their first run, and before they were retired two were placed to their credit. They lost a run in the second inning because Demmitt, in his anxiety to reach home, left third base before Knight's sacrifice fly fell into Unglaub's hands in right field. Demmitt started the fifth inning by reaching first on called balls. Knight was unable to gauge Johnson's curves and was called out on strikes, Demmitt going to second on a steal. Austin was thrown out at first and Demmitt advanced to third. Johnson could not give Sweeney the right kind of a ball and the Yankee catcher not only ambled to first, but purloined second. Hughes came to the runner's rescue with a hit to right field, sending both home. Hughes landed on second because Donohue threw badly to Street to catch Sweeney. Cree was easily thrown out at first.

The local men did not score again until the eighth inning, when Nick Altrock was substituted for Johnson. Elberfeld began with a bunt to Conroy and landed safely on first, and Chase's clever sacrifice placed the "Kid" on second. Engle, who had replaced Hemphill in centre field, the latter being put out of the game for protesting too strenuously his being called out on strikes, placed a nice single in left field and Elberfeld crossed the plate. Demmitt and Knight were easily disposed of.

The nearest the Washington's came to scoring was in the first and seventh innings, when Unglaub and Lelivelt were thrown out at the plate.

The Yankees have dispensed with the services of Pitcher McConnell, selling him to the Jersey City club of the Eastern League.

There will be two games between the Yankees and Philadelphia Athletics at the Hilltop this afternoon, the first game starting at 1:45 o'clock. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cree, lf.	4	0	0	1	1	Milan, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
Elb'feld, ss.	4	1	1	2	3	Conroy, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1
Chase, 1b.	3	0	2	8	3	Unglaub, rf.	3	0	1	2	1
Hemph'l, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	Donohue, 1b.	4	0	2	10	0
Engle, cf.	1	0	1	3	0	Lelivelt, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Demmitt, rf.	3	1	1	0	2	Del'nty, 2b.	3	0	1	1	3
Knight, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2	M'Bride, ss.	3	0	0	3	2
Austin, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1	Street, c.	3	0	1	4	3
Sweeney, c.	2	1	1	9	3	Johnson, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Hughes, p.	3	0	1	0	3	*Tannehill	1	0	0	0	0
						Altrock, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	30	3	8	27	13	Total	29	0	5	24	13

*Batted for Johnson in the eighth inning.

Errors—Donohue and Knight.

New York..........0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 .—3
Washington..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Three-base hits—Demmitt, Chase. Sacrifice hit—Chase. Stolen bases—Demmitt, Sweeney. Left on bases—Washington, 4; New York, 6. First base on error—Washington, 1. Double play—Unglaub, Street, and Conroy. Struck out—By Hughes, 8; by Johnson, 4; by Altrock, 1. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 2; off Hughes, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Hughes, (Unglaub.) Hits—Off Johnson, 6 in seven innings; off Altrock, 2 in one inning. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Sheridan and Kerin.

Collins's Homer Beats Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., July 2.—Collins's clean hit to the flagpole for a home run gave Philadelphia its fourth victory out of the five-game series with the locals which ended to-day, the score being 1 to 0. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Oldring, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	McCon'l, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Ganley, cf.	3	0	1	2	0	Gardner, 3b.	4	0	0	0	3
Collins, 2b.	3	1	2	4	2	Speaker, cf.	4	0	0	2	1
Murphy, rf.	4	0	0	3	0	Hooper, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Davis, 1b.	3	0	2	8	0	Wagner, ss.	4	0	1	3	5
Baker, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	Stahl, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
Barry, ss.	4	0	0	1	2	Niles, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Thomas, c.	3	0	1	12	0	Carrigan, c.	3	0	0	6	3
Krause, p.	3	0	0	0	2	Wood, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Total	29	1	6	27	6	Total	32	0	4	27	15

Errors—Barry, Thomas.

Philadelphia..........0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Boston..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Home run—Collins. Sacrifice hit—Baker. Stolen bases—Davis, Oldring. Double play—Gardner, McConnell, and Stahl. Left on bases—Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Wood, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Wood, 3; by Krause, 9. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Perrine.

At Cleveland.

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
McIn're, lf.	6	0	0	0	0	Turner, 2b.	6	0	3	1	3
Bush, ss.	4	0	2	3	7	Stovall, 1b.	6	0	1	14	1
C'ford, cf.	5	0	0	6	0	Flick, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
Cobb, rf.	6	1	2	2	0	Easterly, c.	5	0	2	6	1
R'sman, 1b.	5	1	1	18	0	H'hman, lf.	5	0	0	4	1
O'L'ry, 3b.	3	0	0	1	5	Bir'am, cf.	3	1	1	3	0
Mo'rty, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0	Ball, ss.	4	1	1	3	4
Sch'fer, 2b.	6	1	4	3	4	Br'dley, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
Schmidt, c.	3	0	1	3	4	Rhoades, p.	4	0	1	0	2
Suggs, p.	3	0	0	0	2	†Goode	1	0	0	0	0
Mullin, p.	2	0	0	0	0	‡Bemis	1	0	0	0	0
*Jones	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	41	3	10	36	23	Total	44	2	8	36	15

†Batted for Bradley in twelfth inning.
‡Batted for Rhoades in twelfth inning.
*Batted for O'Leary in the tenth inning.

Errors—Rossman, O'Leary, Schaefer, Easterly, Ball, 2.

Detroit..........0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Cleveland..........0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Hits apportioned—Off Suggs, 2 in six and two-thirds innings; off Mullin, 6 in five and one-third innings. First base on errors—Cleveland, 3; Detroit, 2. Two-base hit—Easterly. Sacrifice hits—Schmidt, 2; O'Leary, Rossman. Stolen bases—Hinchman, 2; Bradley, Schaefer. Double play—Ball and Stovall. First base on balls—Off Rhoades, 8; off Suggs, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Suggs, (Birmingham.) Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; Detroit, 13. Struck out—By Rhoades, 4; by Suggs, 1; by Mullin, 1. Wild pitch—Rhoades. Time of game—Two hours and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Connolly.

At Chicago.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hahn, rf.	3	2	1	0	0	Hartzell, rf.	4	1	2	2	0
Welday, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	Hoffman, cf.	4	0	0	2	1
Parent, cf.	6	3	2	3	0	McAl'se, cf.	2	0	1	0	0
Altizer, 1b.	5	2	3	15	0	Griggs, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
D'gh'ty, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	Ferris, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Purtell, 3b.	5	1	3	2	1	Wallace, ss.	5	0	0	0	2
Tan'hill, ss.	4	1	1	2	4	Jones, 1b.	4	1	1	8	0
Atz, 2b.	5	3	3	2	7	Will'ms, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1
Reilly, 2b.	1	0	0	0	1	Criger, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Payne, c.	4	2	1	2	2	Smith, c.	3	1	1	3	0
Walsh, p.	5	1	2	1	2	Graham, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						Criss, p.	2	0	0	0	0
						Howell, p.	3	1	1	1	1
Total	38	15	14	27	17	Total	37	3	12	24	13

Errors—Reilly, Ferris, Wallace, (2,) Jones.

Chicago..........5 0 0 5 2 3 0 0 .—15
St. Louis..........0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—3

Two-base hits—Criss, Purtell, Walsh. Three-base hit—Tannehill. Hits—Off Graham, 5 in one inning; off Criss, 2 in two and one-third innings; off Howell, 7 in four and two-third innings. Sacrifice hits—Dougherty, Ferris. Stolen bases—Purtell, (3,) Altizer, Dougherty, (2,) Atz, Parent, Reilly, Hahn, Walsh. Double plays—Atz, Tannehill, and Altizer; Hartzell, Jones, and Wallace. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 11. Bases on balls—Off Walsh, 1; off Graham, 1; off Criss, 3; off Howell, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Howell, (Reilly.) Struck out—By Walsh, 4; by Graham, 2; by Criss, 4. Passed ball—Criger. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Evans.

MORGAN STILL BEST IN GOLF.

Baltusrol Player Wins Two Matches in Apawamis Tournament.

W. Fellowes Morgan, Jr., the Baltusrol golfer who won the medal for the low score in the qualifying round of the Apawamis Club tournament, was in fine fettle again yesterday during the match-play rounds for the chief trophy on the links at Rye, and won both of his games, making the low score of 73 strokes in the afternoon, the best of the tournament and within two of the amateur record held by Walter J. Travis. This score was made in Morgan's match with G. L. Conley of the Siwanoy Club, Mount Vernon, whom he beat handily by 6 up and 4 to play.

Morgan had a much harder fight in the morning round against the Flushing golfer George White. The latter held on grimly, and when he was 2 up on the thirteenth green, it looked dubious for the Baltusrol player. But splendid putting squared the game on the seventeenth green, and, getting out from a bad lie, Morgan won by one hole on the home green. Both players took 82 strokes for the round.

Charles Seely, the metropolitan champion last year, had a close call in the first round against C. A. Spofford of the home club, the match being prolonged to nineteen holes, when Seely won by 5 to 6. He won his afternoon round easier. W. G. Pfeil, the new Philadelphia champion, won both of his matches in good shape, and will play Seely in the semi-final this morning.

One of the exceptional features was the remarkable play-off between Knapp and Inslee for the last place in the first set. The first six holes were halved, but Knapp finally won the place on the seventh hole, the long play-off taking the players over a mile from the club before the tie was decided.

Besides the additional prize offered by the club for the fourth set, a cup was also offered for the beaten eight in the first division. The summaries:

First Cup.—First Round.—W. Fellowes Morgan, Jr., Baltusrol, beat George W. White, Flushing, 1 up; G. L. Conley, Siwanoy, beat H. C. Kayser, Scarsdale, 3 up and 1 to play; W. R. Thurston, Apawamis, beat Lloyd P. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 3 up and 1 to play; F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, beat F. H. McAdoo, Morris County, 3 up and 2 to play; Maturin Ballou, Apawamis, beat J. H. T. McMurtrie, Apawamis, 2 up and 1 to play; W. G. Pfeil, Philadelphia, beat F. W. Howard, Wykagyl, 4 up and 3 to play; Charles H. Seely, Wee Burn, beat C. A. Spofford, Apawamis, 1 up, (19 holes;) H. O. Parsons, Crescent A. C., beat J. P. Knapp, Apawamis, 1 up.

Second Round—Morgan beat Conley, 6 up and 4 to play; Wheeler beat Thurston, 2 up and 1 to play; Pfeil beat Ballou, 3 up and 1 to play; Seely beat Parsons, 6 up and 5 to play.

Second Cup Set.—First Round—Z. T. Miller, Dunwoodie, beat C. H. Zimmerman, New Haven, 4 up and 2 to play; W. S. Adams, Apawamis, beat G. P. B. Clarke, Dunwoodie, 7 up and 6 to play; R. D. Lapham, Apawamis, beat W. W. Harris, Dunwoodie, 3 up and 1 to play; C. W. Inslee, Wykagyl, beat C. G. Waldo, Brooklawn; C. G. Waldo, Jr., Brooklawn, beat Carl Martin, Wee Burn, by default; H. A. Sherman, Apawamis, beat J. J. Radel, Forest Hill, 4 up and 2 to play; B. C. Fuller, Apawamis, beat A. J. Watson, Dunwoodie, 6 up and 4 to play; S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, beat H. L. Phillips, Siwanoy, 1 up.

Second Round—Miller beat Adams, 2 up and 1 to play; Inslee beat Lapham, 3 up and 1 to play; Waldo, Jr., beat Sherman, 3 up and 2 to play; Fuller beat Bowers, 1 up.

Beaten Eight Cup.—First Set—White beat Kayser, 6 up and 5 to play; Gwyer beat McAdoo, 2 up and 1 to play; A. McMurtrie beat Howard, 2 up and 1 to play; Spofford beat Knapp, 2 up and 1 to play.

Third Cup Survivors.—D. R. Hartshorne, Apawamis; James Matless, Taconic; James D. Foot, Apawamis; E. S. Kellogg, Essex County.

Fourth Cup Survivors.—B. F. Tilt, Knollwood; W. Larendon, Dyker Meadow; E. L. Scofield, Jr., Wee Burn; Bryson, Howie, Whitmarsh.

MAY CHALLENGE FOR CUP.

Royal Ulster Y. C. to Ask About Conditions for America's Trophy Event.

GLASGOW, July 2.—It is understood here that the Royal Ulster Yacht Club has decided to invite the New York Yacht Club to disclose definitely on what conditions a challenge for the America's Cup would be received and what concessions would be granted. This step will be taken with the view to an early challenge if the reply is at all favorable.

Dispatches from Glasgow that Sir Thomas Lipton was ready to challenge again for the America's Cup under modern racing rules and that the Royal Ulster Yacht Club had decided to inquire of the New York Yacht Club on what conditions a challenge would be received were read with interest by yachtsmen yesterday. Members of the New York Yacht Club said that when the inquiry of the Royal Ulster Club was received a meeting would be called and a reply drafted.

It can be stated that the attitude of the New York Yacht Club has undergone no change since two years ago, when a challenge by Sir Thomas was turned down on the grounds that the conditions for the America's Cup contest were provided by the deed of gift and that the club has no right to alter them. In brief, that the New York Yacht Club insists that the rule of measurements which permits the greatest spread of canvas on a given water line without regard to displacement shall prevail.

OCEAN YACHT RACE TO-DAY.

Captains Receive Final Instructions for Cape May Cup Contest.

There was no end of yachting activity at the Brooklyn Yacht Club last night when the Captains of the ten boats that are expected to start this morning in the ocean race to Cape May and return reported to the Race Committee and received their final instructions. It has been decided to finish the race off the Scotland Lightship instead of at the Southwest Spit Buoy. Of the eleven entries received during the week, W. M. Campbell's yawl Albicore will not be able to start owing to an accident during the week in which she lost her topmast. Ex-Commodore Frank Maier of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, who entered his yawl Hyperion, is also a doubtful starter. The boats that are expected to get away at 10 o'clock this morning are:

Commodore William C. Towen's schooner Tammany, Brooklyn Yacht Club; John Lewis's schooner Vigil, Brooklyn Yacht Club; L. J. Callanan's schooner Eclipse, New York Yacht Club; Frederic Thompson's schooner Shamrock, Brooklyn Yacht Club, the winner last year; L. D. Armstrong's schooner Grampus, Indian Harbor Yacht Club; Gen. David B. Austen's sloop Ondawa, Brooklyn Yacht Club; Rear Commodore Leo S. Herzig's sloop Gardenia, Brooklyn Yacht Club; Dr. Richard Von Foregger's sloop Adyta II., Brooklyn Yacht Club; Haviland brothers' yawl Sakana, Brooklyn Yacht Club, and Frank Maier's yawl Hyperion, New Rochelle Yacht Club. There is also a possibility that George W. Titcomb's Uncas may start. The chief trophy is a silver cup given by Richard Croker.

MR. BORDEN'S FAST YACHT.

Little Sovereign Makes Initial Run from This City to Atlantic Highlands.

A new high speed pleasure yacht made her first appearance in New York Bay yesterday, making her initial run from the city to the Atlantic Highlands with her owner, M. C. D. Borden, on board and a small party of friends. The boat is the Little Sovereign, one of the fastest boats of her type ever seen in local waters. The yacht was launched about a month ago from the Charles L. Seabury ship yards at Morris Dock, and was formally delivered to Mr. Borden yesterday. She is 137 feet long, with a beam of only 13 feet 6 inches, and is equipped with a pair of triple expansion engines developing 1,000 horse power.

In her trial trips over the measured mile course on the Hudson River the yacht showed an average speed of 33.96 miles, but it is believed this will be materially exceeded before the close of the season. The yacht is enrolled in the New York Yacht Club fleet, and will be used during the Summer in running to Mr. Borden's Summer home.

German Sonder Yachts Selected.

KIEL, July 2.—The committee of the Imperial Yacht Club formed to select German representatives in the races for sonderklasse yachts, which are to be held at Marblehead, Mass., this Summer, met in this city to-day under the chairmanship of Prince Henry. The committee decided to send C. Alt's Wittelsbach V., Hevella, owned by O. Protzen, and W. Rachenius and Herr Berghoff's Seehund II.

BEAUCLERE WINS IN A RECORD RACE

Salvator Gelding Easily Equals Best Mark for Mile and a Half on Turf Course.

FASHION PLATE'S HANDICAP

Oneck Stable's Colt Beats Montgomery, His Second Victory in Two Days at Sheepshead Bay.

Beauclere, the one horse in the mile and a half on the turf course at Sheepshead Bay yesterday that had ever showed a disposition to stay over a distance, furnished the sensation of the day, when running away from the biggest field of the card, he finished all alone, in time that equaled the record for the grass course, 2:33.

Beauclere's performance was a marked improvement over his recent running, the Salvator gelding regaining his old form somewhat suddenly, but the luck of the race was his, and with the running just to suit him, he came on in the last quarter to win in impressive style.

Ten horses went to the post for the mile and a half, with The Wrestler and Bonnie Kelso as the choices. The Wrestler, taking the track early, raced in front, at a good pace as far as he could go, Judge Ermentrout then taking up the running, while Beauclere closed on the leaders in the run around the last turn. Before the head of the stretch was reached Beauclere was in the lead, and from there on the Salvator gelding had it all his own way, and, pulling up, was first by eight lengths from Bonnie Kelso, which racing through the crowd near the end, was second, four lengths in front of Gus Helm, third.

Fashion Plate won the Swift Stakes so easily on Thursday that William Karrick, his trainer, decided to send him back for another race, and in the mile and a furlong handicap, Fashion Plate started favorite in a light field. Montgomery, which also ran the day before, broke in the lead, and raced there into the stretch, where Fashion Plate went up to him with little effort, and racing beside Montgomery through the stretch drew to the front and won cleverly by a neck, earning his second victory in two days for the Oneck Stable. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—The Grapple, for mares and geldings three years old and upward, selling allowances; one mile.
Earl Linnell's Black Mate, ch. g., 5, by First Mate-Later, 102, (G. Garner,) 40 to 1 and 10 to 1..........1¹
R. Angarola's Hill Top, b. f., 3, 94, (McCahey,) 2 to 1 and 3 to 5..........2²
Samuel Emery's Arasee, b. g., 4, 103, (Glass,) 6 to 5 and 1 to 2..........3³
Sir Cleges, 108, (Page,) 6 to 1; Mombassa, 105, (Butwell,) 30 to 1; Takahira, 101, (Grand,) 8 to 1; Ida D., 96, (Ural,) 15 to 1, and Warden, 95, (Russill,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:39 4-5.

SECOND RACE.—The Requital Handicap, for three-year-olds; six and a half furlongs on the main course.
M. J. Cromwell's Tim Pippin, b. g., by Woolsthorpe-Gretchen, 108, (Grand,) 7 to 1 and 8 to 5..........1ʰ
G. M. Odom's Prince Gal, b. c., 120, (Powers,) 13 to 10 and 2 to 5..........2²
John E. Madden's Miss Kearney, b. f., 106, (E. Dugan,) 3 to 2 and 2 to 5..........3³
Sir Alvescot, 103, (Butler,) 7 to 1, and Yama, 89, (Glass,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:19 4-5.

THIRD RACE.—The Crescendo, for two-year-olds; selling allowances; five and a half furlongs on the turf course.
Harry Payne Whitney's Evening Song, ch. f., by Hamburg-Vespers, 99, (Page,) 5 to 1 and 3 to 2..........1⁴
W. P. Reed's Good Intent, b. c., 102, (Grand,) 30 to 1 and 7 to 1..........2ʰ
Chelsea Stable's Little King, blk. g., 103, (Scoville,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2..........3¹
Rebellion, 99, (McCahey,) 6 to 1; Langenbeck, 99, (Russill,) 40 to 1; Zacatecas, 97, (Creevy,) 5 to 2, and Helen Carroll, 94, (Glass,) 15 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:07 4-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Sir Walter Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.
Oneck Stable's Fashion Plate, ch. c., 3, by Woolsthorpe-Fashionable, 113, (H. Smith,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2..........1ⁿ
S. C. Hildreth's Montgomery, ch. h., 5, 116, (Powers,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 1..........2⁴
Thomas C. McDowell's Huck, ch. g., 4, 111, (Page,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 1..........3⁴
Norbitt, 113, (Butwell,) 4 to 1, and Rye, 90, (McCahey,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:52 1-5.

FIFTH RACE.—The Gloaming, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a half on the turf course.
T. W. Coulter's Beauclere, b. g., 5, by Salvator-Phida, 105, (Lynch,) 4 to 1 and 7 to 5..........1⁸
George M. Odom's Bonnie Kelso, b. g., 3, 96, (Upton,) 3 to 1 and 1 to 1..........2⁴
William Oldfield's Gus Helm, b. g., 3, 104, (Butler,) 40 to 1 and 10 to 1..........3³
The Wrestler, 105, (Scoville,) 5 to 2; Rio Grande, 105, (McCarthy,) 6 to 1; Judge Ermentraut, 103, (Butwell,) 20 to 1; Ruxton, 101, (Grand,) 10 to 1; Lighthouse, 85, (Benschoten,) 15 to 1; Grand Rapids, 89, (Valentine,) 50 to 1, and Yankee Daughter, 89, (G. Garner,) 7 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—2:33.

SIXTH RACE.—The Meelick, for maidens 2 years old; special weights; last five furlongs of the Futurity course.
L. O. Appleby's Niagara, b. g., by Bridgewater-Coralie, 109, (Raynor,) 11 to 5 and 4 to 5..........1⁴
Mrs. L. A. Livingston's Acumen, b. c., 112, (Scoville,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1..........2¹
George J. Long's Don Antonio, ch. c., 112, (Powers,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1..........3³
St. Dunstan, 112, (Nicol,) 5 to 2; Loco, 109, (E. Dugan,) 4 to 1; Astor Key, 112, (McDaniel,) 40 to 1; Dracoola, 109, (Grand,) 10 to 1; Grecian Bend, 109, (McCarthy,) 100 to 1, and Coonskin, 109, (Creevy,) 4 to 1, also ran. Coonskin left at the post. Won easily. Time—1:00 4-5.

HORSES AND HORSEMEN.

H. Smith, jockey for the Oneck Stable, riding the two-year-old Coonskin for his employers, was painfully injured yesterday while on the way to the post for the last race. Coonskin reared just in front of the stand and fell over sideways, falling on Smith. The boy was unconscious when picked up, and Creevy was substituted and rode Coonskin, which then was left at the post. Smith is the boy who was injured in an accident last Fall when Dugan, on Shadow Glance, knocked down two other horses near the finish, Smith, rider of one of the horses thrown, spending months in the hospital.

The Coney Island Jockey Club yesterday announced that an extra day of racing will be added to the programme for next week, the arrangement providing racing every day but Tuesday.

Richard Miller, who for a number of years trained successfully for Philip J. Dwyer, has been engaged to train a stable of horses with which W. S. Fanshawe will re-enter racing this Summer. Mr. Fanshawe, a wealthy patron of the sport, recently has engaged only in breeding at the Silver Brook Stud in New Jersey. He will start racing again with seventeen horses in training, under Miller's care.

Detective, winner of the Hamilton Derby, has arrived at Sheepshead Bay [illegible] $20,000 [illegible] last day [illegible] the high [illegible] Clarence Mackay's [illegible] and afterward was sold to Joseph Boyle, [illegible] him in Canada.

WESTON STILL IN HEAT BELT.

Pedestrian Says He Cannot Reach San Francisco in 100 Days.

Weston's Transcontinental Walk, New York to San Francisco.

Ninety-Fifth Day of Walk.

Weston is in his seventy-first year, and his task is to walk across the United States in 100 days, (Sundays excepted.) Estimated Distance, Revised Schedule, 4,000 Miles.

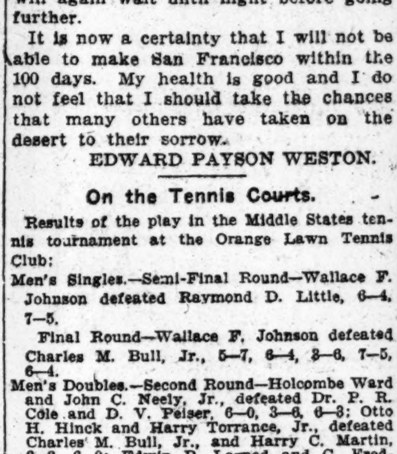
	Miles.
March 15 to 20, New York to Utica..	273
March 22 to 27, Utica to Chafee....	260
March 29 to April 3, Chafee to Youngstown....	225
April 5 to 10, Youngstown to Toledo.	239
April 12 to 17, Toledo to Chicago....	276
April 19 to 24, Chicago to Lincoln...	170
April 26 to May 1, Lincoln to Mexico.	246
May 3 to 8, Mexico, Mo., to Topeka..	239
May 10 to 15, Topeka to Wakeeney....	259
May 17 to 22, Wakeeney, Kan., to Hugo, Col....	219
May 24 to 29, Hugo, Col., to Nunn..	184
May 31 to June 5, Nunn, Col., to Hanna, Wyo....	167
June 7 to 12, Hanna, Wyo., to Granger, Wyo....	205
June 14 to 19, Granger, Wyo., to Ogden, Utah....	149
June 21 to 26, Ogden, Utah, to Carlin, Nev....	252
June 28 to Battle Mountain, Nev.....	59
June 29, remained at Battle Mountain.	
June 30, to Golconda, Nev....	43
July 1, to Humboldt, Nev....	59
*July 2 to Mill City....	
Total....	3,514

*Day's walk not completed.

Written exclusively for THE NEW YORK TIMES By EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

Special to The New York Times.

MILL CITY, Nev., via Humboldt, Nev., July 2.—After arriving at Rose Creek yesterday, thirty-one miles, without rest, and the thermometer registering 104 in the shade, I decided to take a rest until evening. The night came, but it was still hot. I started again at 1 A. M. this morning, arriving at Mill City, fourteen miles, where I was compelled to seek shelter from the sun, the thermometer registering 114 in the shade. It is a physical impossibility to go on in this heat, and I will again wait until night before going further.



Weston's Route Through Nevada.

It is now a certainty that I will not be able to make San Francisco within the 100 days. My health is good and I do not feel that I should take the chances that many others have taken on the desert to their sorrow.

EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

On the Tennis Courts.

Results of the play in the Middle States tennis tournament at the Orange Lawn Tennis Club:

Men's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Wallace F. Johnson defeated Raymond D. Little, 6—4, 7—5.

Final Round—Wallace F. Johnson defeated Charles M. Bull, Jr., 5—7, 6—4, 3—6, 7—5, 6—4.

Men's Doubles.—Second Round—Holcombe Ward and John C. Neely, Jr., defeated Dr. P. R. Cole and D. V. Peiser, 6—0, 3—6, 6—3; Otto H. Hinck and Harry Torrance, Jr., defeated Charles M. Bull, Jr., and Harry C. Martin, 6—3, 6—0; Edwin P. Larned and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., defeated Schuyler Van Vechten and Spencer Miller, Jr., 6—1, 6—0; Nathaniel W. Niles and Arthur S. Debney, Jr., defeated R. D. Smith and F. S. Dyckman, 6—0, 6—1.

Third Round—Holcombe Ward and John C. Neely, Jr., defeated Edgar F. Leo and Benjamin M. Phillips, 6—2, 6—2; Otto H. Hinck and Harry Torrance, Jr., defeated Edwin P. Larned and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., 6—4, 6—4; Nathaniel W. Niles and Arthur S. Debney, Jr., defeated Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little, 2—6, 6—2, 6—2; Hugh Tallant and Lyle E. Mahan defeated George S. Groesbeck and F. C. Baggs, 6—2, 6—3.

Women's Singles.—First Round—Mrs. George L. Chapman defeated Miss Mills, 6—1, 6—3.

Women's Doubles.—First Round—Miss Edna Wildey and Miss Eleanor Souther defeated Miss Reynolds and Miss Freeman, 6—1, 6—1; Mrs. George L. Chapman and Miss Louise S. Hammond defeated Miss Gwendolyn Rees and Miss Marjorie Grannis, 6—1, 7—5.

Semi-Final Round—Miss Edna Wildey and Miss Eleanor Souther defeated Mrs. S. F. Weaver and Miss Elizabeth C. Bunce, 6—4, 6—2; Mrs. George L. Chapman and Miss Louise S. Hammond defeated Mrs. W. C. Underhill and Miss Holden, 6—3, 7—5.

Six Speedy Runners in Mile Race.

Six of the greatest one-mile runners in the United States in a special race at that distance will be one of the conspicuous features at the big meet of Lawson Robertson's newly organized Brighton Beach A. C., which will be held this afternoon at Brighton Beach. The speedy sextet is made up of Melville W. Sheppard, Harold Wilson of England, the record holder for 1,500 meters; Emilio Lunghi, the fast Italian; Harvey Cohn, Frank Riley of Greenpoint, L. I., and Harry Gissing, the most formidable rival of Sheppard in middle-distance races. Another attraction will be a special 300-yard run between "Yank" Robbins of Boston, who figured prominently in the memorable 400-meter race at the Olympic games, London, and James Rosenberger of the Irish-American A. C. Martin Sheridan will make his last appearance in the all-round championship in the shot put.

Entries for Sheepshead Bay Races.

FIRST RACE.—The Jubilee High Weight Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs on the main course.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Live Wire	140	Belleek	104
Nimbus	129	Sententious	98
Rialto	126	Hoffman	95
Lady Bedford	123	Also eligible:	
Notasulga	120	Prince Gal	130
Pantoufle	115	Julia Powell	128
Desirous	107	Henley	110

SECOND RACE.—The Perion Steeplechase Handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles through the field.

Touchwood	160	Alamansor	140
Sandy Creeker	152	Selectus	138
Kentucky Beau	150	O. K.	137
Reginald	143	Adjutor	135
Lizzie Flat	140	Ascetic Silver	130
Locked Out	140		

THIRD RACE.—The Great Trial Stakes, for two-year-olds; six furlongs on the Futurity course.

Medallion	122	Firebox	122
Lovetie	122	Brushbroom	117
Dalmatian	122		

FOURTH RACE.—The Coney Island Jockey Club Stakes, for three-year-olds, penalties and allowances; one mile and a half.

Fitz Herbert	120	Fayette	116

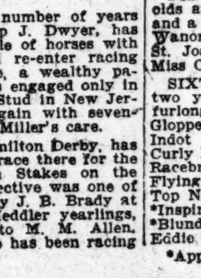
FIFTH RACE.—The Glorifier, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth on the turf course.

Wanonoca	104	Shapdale	91
St. Joseph	103	*Yankee Daughter	82
Miss Catesby	101	Footpad	102

SIXTH RACE.—The Etherial, for maidens, two years old, special weights, selling; five furlongs on the Futurity course.

Glopper	110	Chickasaw	110
Indot	110	Heart Pang	110
Curly Locks	107	Galley Slave	107
Racebrook	107	[illegible]	107
[illegible]	107	Sweet Simplicity	107
Top Notch	107	[illegible]	110
[illegible]	107	[illegible]	102
Eddie Dugan	110	May Florence	107

*Apprentice allowance claimed.



Subject: Going-Away?

You can declare your independence of time and wait till the last moment to provide your "4th-of-July" clothes needs. We're prepared to serve you in hurry times with—

Light-weight suits, khaki, flannel and worsted trousers; shirts, underwear, neckwear, belts, bathing suits, hosiery—and kit bags; satchels and leather cases.

WM. VOGEL & SON,
Two Broadway Stores { At 44th Street / At Houston Street

MAY BUILD HUGE MOTORDROME HERE

Auto Dealers and Manufacturers Subscribe $16,000 Toward Construction.

AFTER BRIGHTON TRACK

Plan to Hold Twenty-four Hour Automobile Races at Beach Some Time This Month.

New York may yet have a motordrome to rival the splendid racing plant which has been built at Indianapolis. It was learned yesterday that there is a movement on foot to buy a large piece of property within the limits of the greater city and to build a huge race track for motor cars, possibly a two-mile track, with turns banked so that two-miles-a-minute speed can be made without great danger.

This movement has taken such definite form that $16,000 has already been subscribed by manufacturers and dealers. As yet the men interested are not prepared to give the details of their plan, but it is known that they have in view the purchase of the Brighton Beach race track property.

It is also stated on the highest authority that a twenty-four-hour race is to be held over the Brighton Beach track some time this month. The work of converting the Brighton Beach track into building lots was well under way when it was stopped recently. The fences are down and the field stand was demolished, but the men who intend holding the twenty-four-hour race will put up new fences, build a temporary stand, and put the old race track into racing condition again.

There has been a great deal of talk for a number of years of building a motordrome near New York, but the proper support could not be secured. At one time the movement had progressed to such an extent that an option was taken on a piece of property on Long Island. Owners of property which was needed to complete the racing plant learned of the plans of the men behind the movement and raised the price on real estate so high that the financial backers of the scheme withdrew their aid and the plan fell flat.

Auto Racing at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 2.—Chevrolet, Strang, Oldfield, Burman, Lorimer, and other automobile racers to-day participated in a series of events under the auspices of the Columbus Automobile Club without breaking records or adding to their list of laurels. Lewis Strang in a Buick won the ten-mile event in 9:52 2-5. Burman in a Buick took the five-mile race in 4:55. Lorimer with a Chalmers-Detroit "Blue Bird" won the 25-mile event in 26:06 2-5. The one-hour record race was taken by Burman, driving a Buick. He covered 55¾ miles.

Miller Gets License in England.

LONDON, July 2.—Walter Miller, for two years the leading American jockey, was to-day granted a license by the English Jockey Club. Miller has been in England since shortly before the running of the Derby, and is managed by Thomas McCreery, an American horseman. It is Miller's intention to ride as a free lance, and already his services have been sought.

AUTOMOBILES.
Read the "Automobile Exchange" department in next Sunday's Times.

For sale at a sacrifice, 50 h. p. Fiat, in first-class running order, equipped with handsome seven-passenger Pullman body. The Adams Repair Co., 244 West 49th St.

FERRY FOR AUTOS
across
LONG ISLAND SOUND
between
RYE and SEA CLIFF.
Leaves RYE EVEN HOURS.
Leaves SEA CLIFF ODD HOURS.
10 A. M. to 9 P. M. Capacity 25 Cars.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ALCO American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. Tel. 5300 Col.
AUTO BARGAINS Every make. New & 2d-hand. PRICES THE LOWEST. Broadway Auto Exchange, 239-245 W. 58th St.
BENZ Benz Auto Import Co. of America, 1,599 to 1,601 Broadway, N. Y.
BRUSH Runabout $550. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St. Tel. 6154 Barclay.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN. Dup. parts on hand; best make. 1,912 B'way. Tel. 2719 Col.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
ELMORE A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 61st St., N. Y. Phone 3850 Col.
FRONTENAC Abendroth & Root Mfg. Co., 1,621 B'way. Phone 5177 Col.
KISSEL KARS Kissel Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,875-1,877 Broadway.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER 56th St. and Broadway. Telephone 6385 Columbus.
MACK BROS.' MOTOR CAR CO. GASOLENE TRUCKS NEW YORK OFFICE, 66 West 43d St. B'klyn Branch Factory, 532-540 Atlantic Av.
MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6355 Col.
MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO. 1922 B'way, (64th St.) Tel. 5988 Col.
OAKLAND 40 H. P. $1,600. 20 H. P. $1,250. 1785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
OVERLAND $1,250. $1,500. 6 cyl. $2,250. 1,657 B'way. Tel. 5596 Col.
Palmer-Singer Cars Palmer & Singer Mfg. Co. 1620-22-24 B'y. Tel. 5030 Col.
Pennsylvania J. M. QUINBY & CO. 21-39 Division St., Newark, N. J.
PULLMAN Cimiotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
'SIMPLEX' "Made in New York City." Factory, 614 E. 83d St. Tel. 2142 79th.
STEVENS-DURYEA A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
WHITE WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. Phone 3952 Col.

Accessories.

Auto Tires and Supplies at Cut Prices. Catalogue free. E. J. Willis Co., 8 Park Place, near B'way.
MONOGRAM OIL "Best for Your Engine." For sale at all Garages.

SECOND-HAND AUTOS.

USED RAINIER CARS
1907 Rainier touring, 30-35 H. P.
1906 " " 30-35 H. P.
1908 " " 45-50 H. P.
1907 Rainier Limousine 30-35 H. P.
The above cars have been traded in for 1909 Rainiers, are fully overhauled and repainted, and will be sold with guarantees. Free of repairs for six months.
RAINIER MOTOR CO.,
Broadway, Cor. 64th St., N. Y.

BILLIARDS.

EVERYTHING FOR BILLIARDS AND BOWLING.
Prices and Terms to Suit.
Repairs by Expert Mechanics
The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co.,
29-35 West 32d st., near Broadway.

THE TURF.

RACING TO-DAY
AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.
Also July 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13.
L. I. R. R., until further notice, leaves East 34th Street 12:10, 12:40, and 1:20 P. M.
Brooklyn Rapid Transit every 10 minutes via Brooklyn Bridge, or Subway to Borough Hall, Brooklyn, and changing to elevated Lorum Place Station. Via 39th Street Ferry, 1 P. M. boat.

SPORTING EVENTS.

YALE-HARVARD Intercollegiate Championship Baseball Game, Polo Grds., Tdy., 3 P. M.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Although Sealskins Fall in Price the Prevailing Higher Rate Is Assessed.

In denying a claim filed with the Board of United States General Appraisers the customs tribunal laid down the rule that under the tariff law duty must be levied in every instance upon an amount not less than the invoice or entered value.

It appears from the testimony in the case that Joseph Ullmann of this city, in the years 1904, 1905, and 1906, purchased abroad certain sealskins, which he did not enter here until 1907. At the time of entry it seems that the price of like sealskins was less than the prices paid by Ullmann during the years of purchase. In order to obtain the benefit of lower duties the importer asked the Secretary of the Treasury for permission to enter the skins by appraisement, but this the Secretary denied.

The Appraiser returned the invoice value as correct and full duty was exacted. In his protest filed with the board Ullmann alleges that he should have been allowed to enter the merchandise by appraisement, and that the act of the Appraiser was invalid. A third allegation was that the skins should have been assessed on their actual market value or wholesale price at the time of exportation, which was 1907.

General Appraiser Hay for the board denies all of the contentions. Joseph G. Kammerlohr of Kammerlohr & Duffy, attorneys for the importer, says that the issue is a very important one and will be appealed to the Federal courts.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

WILLIAM H. MURPHY.—William H. Murphy, a dealer in photograph supplies at 12 East Fifteenth Street, has assigned for the benefit of his creditors to Harry Oberle.

GEORGE D. SCHMIDT.—George D. Schmidt, otherwise known as George D. Smith, a painter, at Walker Avenue near Frisby Avenue, Borough of the Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,156, consisting of unsecured claims and assets of $388.

VALERIE DE KERMEN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Valerie de Kermen, residing at 448 Central Park West, and Juan C. Alquiza of 1,815 Eightieth Street, Brooklyn, individually and as partner, under the trade name of the South Trade Company. The liabilities are $919 and no assets. Fernando Perez of 2 Stone Street, New York City, is the only creditor.

GUMPERTZ & LEVI.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Gumpertz & Levi, formerly dealers in furs and skins, at 33 East Twenty-first Street, have been filed, and show liabilities of $34,645 and assets of $11,366, consisting principally of stock and machinery. The individual schedules of Albert D. Levi, filed at the same time, show liabilities the same as those of Gumpertz & Levi, and nominal assets.

VACUUM IMPREGNATING MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Vacuum Impregnating Manufacturing Company, 50 Church Street, by Luke Robinson. The company admitted in writing its inability to pay its debts and its willingness to be adjudged a bankrupt. The petitioner states that Leo Oppenheimer has already been appointed a receiver for R. W. Marshall & Co. of the same address, the principal officers of which concern are the same as those of the Vacuum Impregnating Manufacturing Company. Judge Hand appointed Leo Oppenheimer receiver for the vacuum concern.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Appleton, Robert—E. L. Knoedler, $480.
Amanna, Leopold—J. F. Donnelly, $147.
Berel, Arthur—I. Weissberger, $627.
Boegelefsen, Elias—E. Koenigsberg, $321.
Belden, George G., administrator—W. Belden et al., costs, $237.
Same—A. V. Belden, costs, $115.
Barkow, Joseph—L. Hirsch, $724.
Becker, Rudolph—H. W. Monroe et al., $3,147.
Calderwood, John F.—C. W. Clark, $431.
Choate, George C., et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $308.
Cohn, Louis—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., $107.
Crocker, Perly S.—W. W. Taylor, $566.
Du Brul, Cyriac—W. T. Rodgers, $2,841.
Denton, Francis M., et al.—J. F. Thibaut, $151.
Devlin, Nellie—Buckley-Newhall Co., costs, $117.
Doyle, James A.—N. Y. Importation Co., $563.
De Graff, Alfred, et al.—M. F. Topkon et al., costs, $304.
Einhorn, Ludwig—B. Silverstone, $104.
Frank, Louis—F. L. Sheppard et al., $282.
Fogarty, John—H. J. McElroy, $184.
Fichter, Herman—R. Simon, $508.
Gildea, Hugh—United Electric Light and Power Co., costs, $123.
Hogan, Robert W.—W. Bator et al., $1,297.
Huttner, Anna—A. J. Saalfield, $247.
Hunter, Moses—H. Hausman, $191.
Kelly, Robert S.—W. & J. Sloane, $174.
Kubusch, George J., et al.—J. C. Stewart, $6,865.
Lotaif, Alexander—S. Elias, $881.
Larkin, Peter—C. F. Mehltretter et al., $169.
Lynch, John M.—C. H. Parsons, $278.
Levy, Samuel—J. Mandelberg & Co., Ltd, $109.
Munsey, Brackett T.—A. Adelberg et al., $692.
Marmod, Marc, et al.—N. Y. Fashion Feather Co., $436.
Martens, Herman and Elizabeth.—W. Geraiedts, $1,268.
Meyer, John E.—Engel-Holler Co., $509.
McConchie, T. Lloyd—Jenusch Mfg. Co., $629.
McAleer, Thomas J.—I. Sommers, $171.
Pescia, Wurico V.—A. Candia, $829.
Roggiani, Maddalina, et al.—V. Ferri, 164.
Roggiani Pietro, et al.—Same, $164.
Rothschild, Theresa K.—M. Trischett, $147.
Rubenfeld, Abraham—J. Levy et al., $130.
Ruger, Adolph—W. G. Wright, $467.
Rosaler, Joseph—State Bank, $281.
Seibold, Max, et al.—G. R. Sutherland, $603.
Seltzer, Jacob—S. A. Lerner, $295.
Samorizzi, Emerick—Federal Sign System Electric, $107.
Strong, William H.—Iron-Lead Mfg. Co., $117.
Stevens, John M.—G. A. Hodenpyl et al., $284.
Starin, John H., et al.—M. F. Fopken et al., $304.
Schultz, Louise, et al.—J. R. Mason, $12,868.
Spuntzik, Joseph, et al.—S. Rubin, $204.
Smith, Isaac E.—N. Roggen, $156.
Taiskey, Rudolph and Morris, et al.—S. Rubin, $204.
Van Brunt, William T., (not summoned,) et al.—J. C. Stewart, $6,865.
Wood, Jonathan, et al.—J. F. Thibaut, $151.
Walcoff, Philip—S. Grossman, $717.
Wise, Henry, et al.—Federal Sign System Electric, $242.
Waxman, Samuel—Corn Exchange Bank, $1,042.
Bergen Iron Works—C. E. Ring, $161.
Ulida Copper Co.—R. Y. Slater, $684.
Co-operative Securities Co.—T. V. Giara, $187.
United States Horse Insurance Co.—C. A. Christman, $272.
Atlas Construction Co.—Grossman Brothers et al., $316.
Catholic Co-operative Society et al.—N. Y. Fashion Feather Co., $436.
Bergen Iron Works—Gross Brothers & Rosenbaum, $393.
Italo Mfg. Co., Inc.—Halstead & Co., $247.
New Rochelle Publishing Co.—Barnhart Type Foundry Co., $197.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Albany Saw Works Co.—Delworth, Gilbert & Towne, Jan. 26, 1909, $361.
Beckmann, Dora—M. N. Clement, May 14, 1909, $1,819.
Drake, Fred D. and Mary L.—M. L. Roome, April 20, 1909, $188.
Connor, Charles—J. Walsh, June 23, 1909, $1,082.
Foersch, John, et al.—J. Schmitt, May 29, 1906, $4,500.
Platt, Jacob, et al.—J. Schmitt, May 29, 1906, $4,500.
Same—Same, May 29, 1906, $5,945.
Foersch, John, et al.—F. Schmitt, May 29, 1906, $5,945.
Galligan, Patrick—W. F. Bell, Feb. 26, 1909, $204.
Healy, Frank, et al.—C. Jacobs, March 25, 1909, $128.
Delaney, Joseph M., et al.—C. Jacobs, March 25, 1909, $128.
Same—S. Marx, March 25, 1909, $131.
Healy, Frank, et al.—S. Marx, March 25, 1909, $131.
Herdling, Louise—S. Flaum et al., Jan. 15, 1908, $124.
Kahn-Stern Co.—A. Melandry, June 30, 1909, $103.
Marcuson, Alexander, et al.—Edward Thompson Co., June 29, 1905, $380.
Firestone, Charles, et al.—Edward Thompson Co., June 29, 1905, $380.
Haughton, John H., Lawrence C., and Joseph B.—M. Morris, Oct. 24, 1908, $5,207.
Seneca Distributing Co.—M. L. Phillips, Feb. 11, 1909, $1,589.
Walsh, John P., et al.—Mechanics and Traders' Bank, May 18, 1907, $389.
McGuckin, Henry J. and Mary E.—Mechanics and Traders' Bank, May 18, 1907, $389.
Walsh, John P.—Otis Elevator Co., July 26, 1907, $1,329.
Schleimer, Abraham—G. L. Eckstein, Dec. 17, 1908, (reversed,) $251.
Griffith, William J.—Guaranty Trust Co., April 16, 1904, (canceled,) $6,257.
McMillan, Samuel—City of New York, June 20, 1907, (vacated,) $264.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Conlan, J.—Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Henry T Carey vs. Wm M De Peyster—Wm H Ricketts. Samuel Mann vs. Louis Strumpf—Jacob Panteil. Anna Schmidt vs. Jack Vigarite—Wm L Schneider. Rose Bardash vs. Henry H Korn—Wm P Curley. Business Men's Lunch vs. Simon Henderson—Edwin W Sohmer. Conron Bros Co vs. Richard H Owen—Wm P Curley.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—de Beck vs. de Beck—John J Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Schelling vs. Schelling—Geo Rubenstein. Livingston vs. Schreiber—F R Rich. Vates vs. Fitzroy—Wm A Boyd. In re Debevoise—Wm Chilvers.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Fellman, L., New Orleans, La.; S. Israel, clothing; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; M. M. Dunn, dress goods and silks; 648 Broadway.
Carter & Cooley Company, Springfield, Mass.; J. V. Morrell, silks, dress goods, hosiery, and gloves; Hotel Seville.
King-Brinsmade Mercantile Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. W. Crandall, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel Latham.
Whittingham, A. C., Company, Toledo, Ohio; A. C. Whittingham, millinery and ribbons; Broadway Central Hotel.
Zollinger, W. R., & Co., Canton, Ohio; W. R. Zollinger, dress goods, silks, laces, gloves, and hosiery; 41 Union Square.
Hutzler Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. Oppenheimer, dress goods, cloaks, and suits; Hoffman House.
Hollander, L. P., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. F. Farrell, dress goods and silks; 222 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wolcott.
Katzenstein Manufacturing Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; Mrs. M. L. Williamson, muslin underwear; 821 Broadway; Hotel Woodward.
Long, J., Sons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; C. Heitzman, domestics; B. Long, notions and millinery; 817 Broadway.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; L. A. Carter, housefurnishing goods; 683 Broadway; Hotel Longacre.
Maas & Kemper, Baltimore, Md.; J. Kemper, laces; Hotel Broztell.
Sinnocks, J. W. & Son, Quincy, Ill.; J. W. Sinnocks, hosiery and notions; 61 Leonard Street; Hotel York.
Goodman, M., Columbus, Ohio; dry goods and notions; Hotel York.
Rice, S. M., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; H. L. Rice, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Jenner, J. E., & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. E. Jenner, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.

CUTTER, &c.—Young man, thoroughly experienced in the cloak and suit line, can do cutting, bookkeeping, shipping, desires position with responsible firm; unwilling to work Saturdays. B 3 Times, Times Square.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of leading Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For Information TELEPHONE 1000 Bryant.

BUTTONS.
Atlas Button Works, 13 Crosby, near Grand.
BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, V. N. & T., 100 Grand St.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUSTOMS BROKERS AND FORWARDERS.
Chas. Friedenberg, 17-19 State St. Est. 1890.
EMBROIDERIES.
Stein, Doblin & Co., 583-5-7 Broadway.
Zahner & Schiess Co., 515-17 Broadway.
JEWELRY.
Boxes for Jewelry, Silverware, Window Nov.
Wolfsheim & Sachs, 35 Maiden Lane.
KNIT GOODS (Underwear.)
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LEATHER GOODS—Alligator.
Grossman Leather Co., Inc., 329 E. 34th St.
NOVELTIES.
Traveling Bags.
Deitsch Bros., 14 East 17th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Charles W. Lyford & Son, 141 Fifth Avenue.
NOVELTIES.
Samstag & Hilder Bros., 557-59 Broadway.
OPTICAL GOODS.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.
PICTURE FRAMES AND DECORATIONS.
Crucet & Cook Mfg. Co., 308 West 133d St.
VEILINGS AND NETS.
Louis Hamburger & Co., 91-93 Fifth Ave.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the

HOTEL ROLAND

Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.

NICE ROOMS WITH BATH FOR PER DAY $1.00 $1.50 $2.50

59th St., Madison and Park Avs.
Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

BOSTON—HOTEL VENDOME
COMMONWEALTH AVENUE

Distinguished for its clientage, appointments, and location. Equally attractive to permanent and transient guests. Perfect quiet.

Associate Members of Ideal Tours. Excellent garage near by.

C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.,
Summer Hotel, NEW PROFILE HOUSE,
White Mountains.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO
CONEY ISLAND
LANDING AT DREAMLAND,
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.

TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):
Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M., 12:30, 2:00, 3:00, 4:50, 7:45 P. M.
Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9:30, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M., 12:00 M., 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:15, 7:00, 7:45, 8:30, 9:10 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St.
Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *10:40, *11:25 A. M.; 12:10, *12:55, *1:40, 2:55, 3:40, *4:25, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, *7:55, *8:40, *9:25, *10:10, 10:45 P. M.
Returning from Coney Island trips marked with a * go to 129th St., North River.
Round Trip Tickets, 40 Cents.
Round Trip Tickets 129th St., 50 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7:40 A. M.; Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC
ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. Yonkers 8:30 A. M.
Lv. foot 129th St., N. R., 9:30 A. M., *12:30 P. M.
Lv. 22d St., N. R., 10:15 A. M., 2:00 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10:40 A. M., 2:30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12:30 P. M., 5:30 P. M.
Trip marked * transfer to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round Trip Tickets, 50c.; Children 25c., include admission to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Saturday, July 3d, Steamer Rosedale will leave 129th St. at 9:00; West 22d St., 9:45, 2:30 P. M.; Battery, 10:15 and 3:00. Leaving Seaside Landing, Rockaway, 5:30 P. M.

BRIDGEPORT EXCURSION

Sunday, July 4th. Independence Day, July 5th.
ON THE MAMMOTH PALACE STEEL Str.
"CITY OF WORCESTER,"
Largest and most luxuriously furnished steamboat of its class in the world.
Lvs. Pier 29, E. R., ft. Market St..10:00 A. M.
Recreation Pier, ft. East 24th St..10:30 A. M.
75c. ROUND TRIP FARE 75c.
Landing at Port Jefferson, L. I.
Music. Entertainment. Dancing.
Dining Saloon and Grill Room under management of New York HARLEM CASINO.

SATURDAY, JULY THIRD
DAILY THEREAFTER (Except Sunday and July 5th.)
THE PALATIAL & COMMODIOUS STEEL Str. "CITY OF WORCESTER" will leave
EVERY AFTERNOON
UP THE HISTORIC HUDSON
Most Charming and Invigorating 6-Hour Sail.
From Recreation Pier, ft. E. 24th St..2:00 P.M.
Battery Landing..........2:30 P.M.
EVERY EVENING delightful outing
UP LONG ISLAND SOUND
leaving
Foot of W. 131st St..........6:45 P. M.
Battery Landing..........8:00 P. M.
Recreation Pier, E. 24th St..........8:20 P. M.
50c. FARE ON EITHER TRIP 50c.
Return evening trip stops only East 24th St.
For Staterooms or Information Phone Orchard 606.

SIGHT SEEING STEAMER
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND
New and Special Designed Steamer
"ZEPHYR" Lvs. E. 24th St......1:30 P. M.
Lvs. Battery Landing 2:00 P.M.
Daily, Except Sunday. Lecturer. FARE $1.00.

EXCURSION to NEW HAVEN
SUNDAYS, ALSO JULY 5th

Superb steamer RICHARD PECK will leave Pier 28, E. R., 9 30 A. M.; foot East 22d St., 10.00 A. M.; due New Haven 2.30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 8.45 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, $1.00; Children, 50 cents.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAYS

Splendid steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10.00 A. M.; W. 120th St., 10.30 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music, Refreshments. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.

These excursions under management of FALL RIVER LINE. Tickets now on sale at City Ticket Office, 171 BROADWAY. At Piers only on day of excursions.

JULY 3RD, 4TH AND 5TH
SPECIAL CRUISES
LUNCHEON WITH MUSIC
on the Steamer Clermont

formerly a well-known millionaire's private yacht. 100-mile cruises about New York Harbor and to the ocean.

Leave dock, West 22d St., daily, 1:30 and 7:00 P. M. Tickets $1.00 the trip, at dock or

CLERMONT STEAMSHIP CO.
47 West 42d St. Tel. 302 Bryant.

EXCURSIONS.

FIFTH OF JULY
Up the Picturesque Hudson.
To West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Return
BY SUPERB DAY LINE STEAMERS "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," AND "MARY POWELL."

Leaving Desbrosses St., 8:40, 9:40 A. M. and 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St. 9:00, 10:00 A. M. and 2:00 P. M.; W. 129th St. 9:20, 10:20 A. M. and 2:20 P. M. Returning, due W. 42d St. 5:30 and 8:40 P. M. Orchestra on each boat. See Stmbt. Advt.

THESE CHARMING EXCURSIONS
MADE DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Patrons are advised that on July 5th there will be more room on the second boat up and the first boat down.

Fifth of July Afternoon Exc.
TO WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45, W. 42d St. 2:00, W. 129th 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 5 P. M., where connection for New York is made with Day Line Steamer "HENDRICK HUDSON." Excursion fare $1.00. Also choice when buying tickets of return by any West Shore or N. Y. Central train, or Cent. Hud. Str., $1.10. Cadets in Camp, Public Buildings, etc.

EXCURSION
JULY 4 and 5
To West Point & Newburgh
Steamer
Homer Ramsdell

Leaves foot FRANKLIN ST., 9:00 A. M.;
WEST 129TH ST., 9:30 A. M.
Returning leaves NEWBURGH, 6:00 P. M.;
WEST POINT, 7:00 P. M.
Round Trip, 90 Cents
DINNER SERVED ON BOARD, 50c.
TROLLEY CONNECTS with Steamer at Newburgh for ORANGE LAKE PARK, 35 minutes' ride from dock to this beautiful Summer resort and amusement park. Music, boating and all modern attractions.
Excursion tickets from New York to Orange Lake Park, $1.10. Tickets sold on Steamer.

4TH OF JULY
EXCURSIONS

NIAGARA FALLS. July 3 & 4, Return July 6, (All Trains Except Black Diamond Express.)	$9
GLEN ONOKO and MAUCH CHUNK, July 4 & 5,	1.50
BELLEWOOD PARK, July 4 & 5 & Every Sunday,	1.00

SPECIAL TRAINS
Leave New York for
MAUCH CHUNK, July 4 & 5, 7:55 A. M.
BELLEWOOD PARK, July 4 & 5, 8:55 A. M.
Time shown is from West 23d St.
Lehigh Valley Railroad
For Particulars Inquire
1,460, 355, and 140 Broadway, New York, and Pennsylvania Ferries; 211 Market St., Newark; 30 Flatbush Av. and Annex Ferry, Brooklyn.
Fare, via Annex Ferry, 15c. additional.

BLOCK ISLAND, $1.50
SUNDAY JULY 4th

Commencing Sunday, July 4th, Special Express train, with parlor car, will leave every Sunday from foot E. 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; Brooklyn, Flatbush Av., 8:40, Nostrand Av., 8:44, and East New York, 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."

Leave Block Island, returning, 4 P. M. Tickets on sale, commencing Friday of each week, at 120 B'way, 263 Fifth Av., and Long Island R. R. station, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y., and at Long Island City and Brooklyn stations. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Music and refreshments on steamer.

SUNDAY AND JULY 5TH

Up the Sound to Sea Cliff & Glenwood	Steamer "Nantasket," from Pier 8, E. R., near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta., at 9:30 A. M. and from ft. 31st St., E. R., at 10:00 A. M. Returning leave Glenwood at 5:35, Sea Cliff 6:00 P. M. Excursion 50c. Tickets

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UP THE HUDSON
JULY 4th JULY 5th
Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Steel Screw steamer
"MONTAUK"
Lve. L. I. R. R. Dock, L. I. City....9:00 A.M.
" 24th St., E. R., N. Y..........9:15 A.M.
" Dock St. (near Fulton,) B'klyn.9:45 A.M.
" Pier 8, E. R. (near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta.,) N. Y..........10:00 A.M.
Returning, due New York..........6:00 P.M
Fare 75c. Round Trip
Music and refreshments.

UP THE SOUND
Best Sunday Excursion Out of New York
BRIDGEPORT 75c Round Trip.
AND RETURN
Every Sunday at 10:30 A. M., from Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, by Elegant Fast Steamer EDGEMONT, stopping a short time at City Dock, Bridgeport, Conn. Telephone 2700 Beekman.

Sunday Excursion
UP THE HUDSON
TO WEST POINT
Str. SEA GATE
Leaves BATTERY LANDING, 9:00 A. M.
WEST 129TH ST., 10:00 A. M.
Returning arrives 129TH ST., 8 P. M.
Music. Refreshments. Tickets 75 cents.

EXCURSIONS
SUNDAY and INDEPENDENCE DAY.
Lake Hopatcong $1.00.
Leave West 23d St., 8:50; Liberty St., 9:00 A. M.
Mauch Chunk $1.50.
Leave W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

SATURDAY EXCURSION
UP THE SOUND
Str. "Nantasket" leaves New Pier 8, E. R. (near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta.) for Sea Cliff and Glenwood every Saturday, 1:00, and 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Returning, due N. Y. 9:25 P. M.
EXCURSION 50c. TICKETS.

SEE THE OCEAN
YACHT OBSERVATION
1 P. M. daily to Sandy Hook Lightship; returning in four hours.
SIGHTSEEING YACHT
Halcyon every day from Statue of Liberty Pier, near South Ferry, at 10:30, 2:30.

SEEING NEW YORK—STEAM YACHT
Leave W. 22d St., N. R., 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Three hours' trip; fare $1. The most instructive and enjoyable trip in the world. Tel., 4944—Gram.
*.*Seeing N.Y. Autos, from Flatiron Bldg. 5 Av., hourly

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN AND COTTAGES

A famous Summer Resort Hotel. In center of Natural Park of 450 acres. All out-door sports. Complete auto garage. Attractive social life.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN,
Clinton County, N. Y.

Opens, June 26.

Delaware & Hudson Co., owners. Illustrated booklet and full information.

ROBERT MURRAY, Manager, 243 5th Ave., New York, until June 26. Two particularly fine cottages to rent.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

"At the Ocean's Edge."

Arverne Hotel
and Shore Annex.
Arverne-By-The-Sea, L. I.

86 Train Connections every Day.
27 Minutes by L. I. railroad from Flatbush Ave. or L. I. City.
Dustless roads and all facilities for automobilists.
Accomodations for four hundred.
Rooms with bath.
Restaurant overlooking the Sea.
Shore dinners de luxe a la carte.
Under same management as Cafe Boulevard this city.
NOW OPEN.
(Time table and road map upon application.)

SEA VIEW HOUSE,
SAG HARBOR, L. I.
Situation unsurpassed; a delightful Summer home; our table supplied with our own products; surf and still water bathing, fishing, boating; everything homelike, at moderate prices. Write for rates, &c., to JOHN K MORRIS, Prop., Box 485, Sag Harbor, L. I. Can be reached by boat or train.

PROSPECT HOUSE
SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
Golf, Bathing, Yachting, Tennis, Garage.
Booklet. E. D. LANGWORTHY, Mgr.

EUREKA HOUSE
Cor. Cedar & Carlton Av.,
FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.
Select family hotel, with cottage adjoining; private baths. Tel. 715. Mrs. A. S. Talley.

HOTEL PASADENA,
Grove Ave. Ocean Front.
Hammels or Holland Station,
ROCKAWAY BEACH, N. Y.
Refined Family Hotel.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R.
in connection with West Shore and Pennsylvania Railroads forms the only all rail through car line between Philadelphia, Jersey City, New York, and all points in this famous Mountain region.

The Summer Schedule for Season of 1909 inaugurated Sunday, June 20th, including the famous RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER and the CATSKILL MOUNTAIN LIMITED trains.

An illustrated Summer Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 9 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS,
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains.
NOW OPEN.
For terms and full information address the Grand Hotel Company, Highmount P. O., N. Y.

HOTEL ST. REGIS
Newly Built up-to-date Hotel.
Latest Modern Improvements.
Situated in most beautiful spot in Catskills, Opposite large lake. Elevation 2,500 feet. Superior table, pure spring water, excellent service. Information: HOTEL ST. REGIS, FLEISCHMANN'S STATION, N. Y.

Hotel New Point,
AMITYVILLE, L. I.
Swept by the cooling breezes of Great South Bay; every comfort offered; amusements, fishing, bathing, &c. Unexcelled table.

HOTEL KAATERSKILL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.
Elevation 3,000 feet.
GARAGE.
HOTEL KAATERSKILL CO.,
Kaaterskill P. O., New York.

THE HORSECHESTNUTTS,
HIGHLAND MILLS, N. Y.
Wooded hills; beautiful drives; commuting distance.

THE MILLBRAE PALENVILLE, GREENE CO., N. Y.
For booklet address H. E. RHODES.

THE CLAREMONT, Haines Falls, N. Y. New; electric light; baths; tennis, golf; for 75; circular.
SAMUEL E. RUSK.

Catskill Mountain Resorts on the Ulster & Delaware Railroad, see Sunday "Times."

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HOTEL ST. CHARLES
On Oneida Lake.
7 miles wide, 21 miles long.
FINEST { Bathing Boating Fishing
Delightful Healthful Invigorating } CLIMATE
For further information address
MANAGER, SYLVAN BEACH, N. Y.

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Hotel Cornucopia.
ON THE BEAUTIFUL KIAMESHA LAKE.
The Hotel is equipped with all modern improvements; accommodates 250. Dining room orchestra. Write for booklet and rates.
HARRY YOHALEM, Mgr.

NEW YORK—Putnam County.

DEAN HOUSE Lake Mahopac, Putnam Co., N. Y.
Pleasantly located on the southwest shore of the lake; shaded lawn; boating, fishing, golf and tennis. Booklet on application.
A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

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BELVEDERE LARCHMONT ON-THE-SOUND.
First-class Family Hotel. Meals at all hours. Special Dinner parties served. Tel. 231.

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UNION HOTEL Sharon Springs, N. Y.
CH. SAUER & SON
Proprietors.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.

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1,000 ISLANDS ST. LAWRENCE RIVER
NOW OPEN.
A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an island in the St. Lawrence River, with an exclusive class of patronage. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing, and all aquatic sports. An extremely picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; also tennis and other sports. Unequalled bass and fresh water fishing near hotel. For booklet and full information address
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager.
(Also Mgr. Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)

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ADIRONDACKS.
TAYLOR HOUSE and Cottages Situated on beautiful Schroon Lake. Homelike and Select.
For particulars address
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Taylor's on Schroon, N. Y.

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RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y.
Great White Sulphur Springs, noted for curative powers; gout, nervous and blood diseases; the leading hotels, the Earlington and the Berkeley-Waiontha.

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Address WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Props.

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On the New England Coast.

Hotel Wentworth
New Castle
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Unsurpassed in beauty of surroundings and perfection of service.
Golf Course Surf and
Yachting Still Bathing
Fishing Garage
Accommodates 450.
NOW OPEN.
Send for beautiful booklet.
WENTWORTH HOTEL CO.
H. W. PRIEST, Managing Director,
Portsmouth, N. H.

WAUMBEK & COTTAGES.
Jefferson, N. H., in the White Mountains.
SEASON JUNE UNTIL OCTOBER.
Detached family cottages completely furnished, with Hotel Service.
Particulars Upon Request.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, Manager.

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ACADEMY HALL,
Near Long Island Sound,
STAMFORD, CONN.
45 MIN. FROM N. Y. EXCELLENT TRAIN SERVICE.
A refined, quiet Summer Colony.
Delightful surroundings. Picturesque location. No mosquitoes. Table unexcelled. Up-to-date improvements. Charming Drives. All Outdoor Sports. Camps for Boys near by. For Rates and Booklets address Academy Hall.

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Up among Vermont's green hills and on Lake Champlain. Best Summer resort region. Terms $5 to $10 per week. Handsomely illustrated booklet containing 150 pages, full information, also details Tercentenary Celebration, Lake Champlain. Send 6c. to "Summer Homes," No. 31, St. Albans, Vt., or 385 Broadway, New York. Free on personal application.

Lake Bomoseen, Vermont, Prospect House; sanitary plumbing, electric lights; garage; milk, cream, vegetables from hotel farm; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Mgr.

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Rates, $8 to $14. Fishing. Hydeville, Vt.

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Red Lion Inn and Heaton Hall
Two of the best appointed hotels in the Berkshires. Allen T. Treadway, Prop., New York Office, Hotel Flanders, West 47th St.

CAPE COD TRURO, MASS., Directly on beach; extensive sea and country views, vegetable gardens, berries; fish, clams, ideal bathing; launch; $10-$12. Booklet.
Corn Hill-by-the-Sea.

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NEW HYGEIA HOTEL
Block Island, R. I.—Modern conveniences; opens June 26; accommodates 300; coolest resort on coast; booklet; daily connections from New York. J. V. JORDAN, Jr., Mgr.

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MRS. J. PERRY, Prop. Booklet.

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PENN.
NOW OPEN to December. Unquestionably the finest equipped, most luxurious, and best situated hotel. Highest altitude; no noise or dust of railroads or highways; 160 tiled private baths; running water in all rooms; steam heat, log fires; elevators, electric lights; sun parlors, &c. Cuisine of highest standard; French chefs, white service. Own farms and registered cows. Orchestra; social diversions. Golf, saddle horses, tennis, bowling, billiards; trout fishing, boating, &c. Garage, livery. Special early season rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Coaches meet trains. Ownership management. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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THE LEADING HOTEL AT DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Write for illustrated booklet showing hotel Kittatinny Park scenes, Auto maps, &c. Orchestra. Livery. Garage. G. FRANK COPE.

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MT. PLEASANT HOUSE.
Finest location on Pocono Mts.; steam heat baths; Cuisine and service excel. Special rates for July. Booklet.
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Cap. 250. Booklet. E. L. Hooker, Jr.

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HOTEL SAVOY.
In the most popular Chelsea district, one block from renowned Hotel Chelsea and near Million-Dollar Pier. Only hotel directly on the ocean front with hot and cold sea water baths and running water in all rooms, at moderate rates. Elevator to ground. Dancing. Special to early bookers, $12.50 weekly up. Now Open.

RALEIGH St. Charles Place and the Beach. 200 large, airy rooms, elegantly furnished. most with ocean view; private baths, elevator, library, electric lights, &c. Large porches facing the ocean. Cuisine and service famed for their excellence. Guaranteed equal to any hotel in the city. Special low rates June and July. Booklet. H. J. DYNES.

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CAPACITY 1,100.
Particularly attractive during Atlantic's great Summer season. White Dining Room Service both American and European Plans.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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Virginia Av., overlooking Ocean.
Capacity 300. Elevator to street level. Steam heat; suites with bath, and every convenience. Best cuisine and service. Music. Special $2.50 up daily, $12.50 up weekly. Booklet.
SAMUEL A. ELLIS.

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South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator to street; capacity 350. Superior table. Afternoon tea served. June rates. Open all year. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. & Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
Under personal supervision of
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Atlantic City, N. J. Beach location. Unobstructed ocean view. Sea water in baths. Capacity 400. Special rates for families MRS. GERSON L. KAHN.

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MILLER COTTAGE, 9 to 13 N. Georgia Av. Capacity 250. Especially noted for its table; $1.25 daily, $7 and up weekly.

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The Leading House in All Respects.
For Reservations, Rates, Booklet, address
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Hotel Charles 7th Av., North Asbury. Full view of ocean. 'Phone 308. H. Charles, Mgr.

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Hotel Frederick, 1 blk. ocean; strictly kosher; Amer.-Hung. cuisine. Rachlin & Schaelnen.

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The Finest Resort on The Jersey Coast
WEST END COTTAGES
AND
HOTEL { **WEST END** N. J.
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Entirely Renovated, Remodelled and Handsomely Furnished, and with every modern appointment.
Restaurant a la Carte and Table d'Hote.
Phone West End 420

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The MONTCLAIR
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Information at
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SEABRIGHT, N. J.
C. H. DEDERER, PROPR.

THE OCTAGON 75 min. N. Y. via Sandy Hook Boats.
Built directly on beach, Casino over Ocean; perfect roads; superb bathing, riding, and tennis. Telephone 40 Seabright.

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LAKE VIEW HOUSE
LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.
Extensive improvements. Noted for superior table and service. T. R. MOORE.

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The TREMONT Right on the beach. Delightful country surroundings. Special June rates.
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ELBERON HOTEL and Cottages,
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'Phone 321—West End.

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Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Telephone 84.

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THE ALLAIRE Spring Lake, N. J.
Directly on beach. Booklet. E. M. Richardson.

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SPEND YOUR VACATION ON
LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.,
The Paradise of America.

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MT. CLEMENS, favorite Health Resort. Its Mineral Baths cure Rheumatism. Write for Ill. Booklet to F. R. Eastman, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

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Pension Arrangements During Winter

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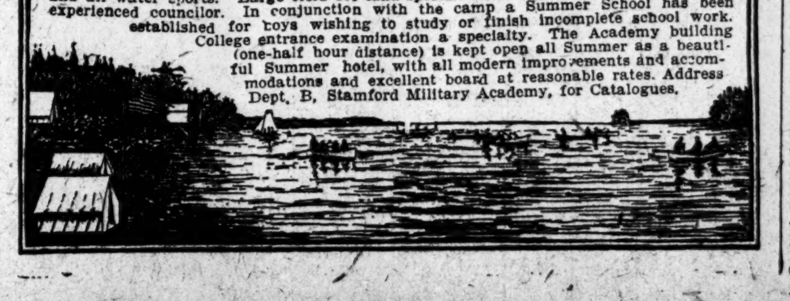

Shipping and Mails

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:32|Sun sets..7:34|Moon rises...

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:27	7:44	1:25	1:59
Governors Island	7:33	7:55	2:00	2:08
Hell Gate	9:23	9:45	3:34	3:59

Arrived—Friday, July 2.

SS Pennsylvania, Hamburg, June 20.
SS Murcia, Huelva, June 15.
SS Monterey, Vera Cruz, June 24.
SS Estonia, Rotterdam, June 24.
SS Indrasamha, Gibraltar, June 12.
SS Burgermeister Petersen, Shields, June 18.
SS Cherokee, Turks Island, June 27.
SS Polarstjernen, Santos, May 25.
SS El Siglo, Galveston, June 26.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, June 29.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, July 1.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, July 1.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caronia, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
K. A. Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cr. of Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Norman Pr., Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	10:00 A.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	———	12:00 M.
California, Glasgow	———	10:00 A.M.
Chicago, Havre	———	12:00 M.
Alamo, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Juan, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
C. of Columbus, Savannah	———	12:00 M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Crispin, Para	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Coppename, Demerara	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Kronp. Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Duca di Genova, Naples	———	———
C. of Savannah, Jackson.	———	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Citta di Messina	Gibraltar	June 17
Tamarac	London	June 18
Romsdalen	Gibraltar	June 13
Horatius	Para	June 19
Prinz Joachim	Santa Marta	June 24
Volturno	Hamburg	June 12
Santiago	Cienfuegos	June 26
Savoie	Havre	June 26
St. Paul	Southampton	June 26
Cedric	Liverpool	June 26
Lucania	Liverpool	June 26
Nueces	Tampa	June 28
Northwestern	Mobile	June 25
Comal	Key West	June 29
Mohawk	Jacksonville	June 30
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Columbia	Glasgow	June 26
Minnewaska	Southampton	June 26
Gallia	Marseilles	June 15
Fallodon Hall	Middlesbrough	June 21
Comanche	Jacksonville	July 1
City of Savannah	Savannah	July 1
Jefferson	Norfolk	July 3
DUE MONDAY.		
Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	June 26
Prinz Fried. Wilhelm	Bremen	June 26
Kroonland, Antwerp	Antwerp	June 26
Carolina	Trieste	June 18
Pallanza	Hamburg	June 20
Verdi	Rio Janeiro	June 19
Saramacca	Paramaribo	June 26
Carolina (Am.)	Porto Rico	June 30
Cuthbert	Barbados	June 27
San Juan	Porto Rico	June 30
Jose	Port Antonio	June 29
Momus	New Orleans	June 30
El Dia	Galveston	June 29

Reported by Wireless.

SS Savoie, incoming from Havre, was reported by Marconi wireless 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1:40 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS St. Paul, incoming from Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless 596 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS Lucania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 360 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Columbia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 630 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:15 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday morning.

SS St. Louis, outgoing, was reported by Marconi wireless 250 miles west of the Lizard at 10:30 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth about 1:30 P. M. to-day.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Koenig Albert, at Genoa, July 2.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, at Plymouth, July 2.
SS Ultonia, at Naples, July 2.
SS Richmond, at Montevideo, July 2.
SS Taormina, at Naples, June 29.

Sailed.

SS Cincinnati, from Southampton, July 2.
SS Hyanthes, from Bahia Blanca, June 30.
SS Baltic, from Liverpool, July 2.
SS Camoens, from Bahia, June 30.
SS Cynthiana, from Pernambuco, June 29.

Passed.

SS Italia, New York for Naples, passed Sagres.
SS Atlanta, Trieste for New York, passed St. Michael.
SS Chicago City, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS Saranac, New York for Dublin, passed Fastnet.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.		Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Asia	July 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	July 9	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Antilochus	July 9	6:30 P.M.
Australia, (except West,) New Zealand, Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Aorangi	July 11	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	July 12	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Seattle)—Tosa Maru	July 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	July 17	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco) Hilonian	July 23	6:30 P.M.
New Zealand, Australia, (except West,) Samoan Islands, and New Caledonia, (via San Francisco)—Gymeric	July 25	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Aug. 1	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A storm that was central Friday night over lower Michigan will move rapidly eastward to the Atlantic Coast Saturday, attended by showers north of Virginia, followed by considerably cooler weather within the next thirty-six hours, which is already reported along the northwest Canadian border.

Showers are indicated for the Middle Atlantic and Northeast States, followed by fair Sunday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light variable, becoming moderate to brisk northerly Saturday afternoon; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate southwest, shifting to brisk northerly Saturday afternoon or night; South Atlantic Coast, moderate variable.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate to brisk variable winds, unsettled weather, and showers to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming brisk and possibly high northerly by Saturday afternoon.

New Jersey—Unsettled weather, probably showers Saturday; much cooler by Saturday night; Sunday fair and cooler; moderate southwest, shifting to brisk northwest winds.

New England—Showers and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming brisk north by Saturday afternoon.

The temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1908.	1900.		1908.	1909.
3 A. M.	72	75	4 P. M.	83	82
6 A. M.	71	72	6 P. M.	88	80
9 A. M.	77	76	9 P. M.	73	78
12 M.	86	78	12 P. M.	73	77

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 76; for the corresponding date last year it was 79; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 72; at 8 P. M. it was 79. Maximum temperature, 82 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 71 degrees at 7 A. M.

Humidity, 55 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 40 per cent. at 8 P. M.

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We Will Sell
100 Borden's Milk Com. & Pfd.
$10,000 Central Foundry Deb. 6s
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100 Hudson & Manhattan Com.
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Tenn. Coal & Iron, Birmingham Div. 6s, 1917
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Cin., Ham. & Dayton 4% Notes, 1913
Central Pacific Ref'd 4s, 1949
Illis. Central R. R. Sec. 4s "A," 1952
Paterson & Co. BONDS Traction, Gas, Inactive Railroads
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C. P. W. 5s, 1921
Omaha Cons. 6s, 1930
Manitoba 6s, 1933
Rock Island 1st 6s, 1917
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Western N. Y. & Penna. 5's.
Ozark & Cherokee Cent. 5's.
Tacoma Gas Light Ref. 5's.
BLAKE & REEVES
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2ND INSTALLMENT PAID.

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Sent on Request
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'Phone 7355 Hanover. 49 Wall Street

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188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Moderate Advance in Stocks—Call Money Rates, 1¾@1⅞ Per Cent.

ASSESSED STOCKS FALL

Banks Gain Cash from Interior, Offsetting Gold Exports—Unfavorable Cotton Report.

The only important exceptions to a general though moderate advance in the stock market yesterday were Third Avenue, which lost 2¾ points, and Western Maryland, which lost 2⅜ points, both under the influence of selling induced by the assessments levied or to be levied on these stocks. The important news of the day was found in the publication of the Government cotton report, which showed a sharp decline in the condition of the crop between the May report and June 25, as of which date the present report is made. This factor, however, while responsible for an advance of $2.50 a bale in the cotton market, was without appreciable influence upon the stock market, which practically ignored the unfavorable character of the Government's return on the condition of the cotton crop. The dealings were on a somewhat larger scale than on Thursday, the last day of business before the triple holiday not being influential in restricting trading, which was, however, made up very largely of the transactions in a few issues, prominent among which were United States Steel, Union and Southern Pacific, Reading, Western Maryland, and Third Avenue. There was considerable expansion yesterday in the dealings in the bond department over the transactions of the previous day, and in the trading in bonds, both on the Stock Exchange and over the counter, was found evidence of a resumption of interest on the part of investors. The dullness in bonds which existed a week ago has been succeeded by a very substantial increase in the demand for most classes of bonds, the demand coming, not only from individual investors, but also from institutions. The latter are again buying after having recently been sellers of bonds to a small extent. The failure of the preparations for the July payments to bring any upturn in interest rates is seemingly the explanation of this resumption of buying of bonds by institutions.

The Government crop report placed the condition of the cotton crop on June 25 at 74.6, a decline of 6.5 points for the May condition and 6.2 points under the ten-year average for June. This showing, which was much less favorable than had been expected, was followed by excited trading in the cotton market, where prices for the several options rose an average of about ½ cent a pound.

No further gold engagements for Europe were announced yesterday, despite an advance in foreign exchange rates, but preliminary arrangements were made for further shipments to Argentina, which may bring to-day's total shipments to that point up to $2,750,000, of which $1,500,000 was actually withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury yesterday. The usual estimates of the week's currency movements indicated a gain from the interior this week in excess of the gold exports, and the banks' payments to the Sub-Treasury holding forth promise of another favorable bank statement, provided the loan expansion is not so heavy as to offset the estimated gain in cash.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Alliance Realty Co.
Cincinnati Tobacco Warehouse.
International Buttonhole Machine Co.
J. B. Stetson Co., common and preferred.
Quaker Oats Co., common.
Reece Buttonhole Machine Co.
Reece Folding Machine Co.
Wells-Fargo Express Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Pittsburg Lamp, Brass & Glass Co., preferred.
Southwestern Railway of Georgia.
United Shoe Machinery Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1¾@1⅞ per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 2 per cent. for sixty days, 2¼@2½ per cent. for ninety days, 2½@3 per cent. for four and five months, and 3¼@3½ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3½@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable; 3¾@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4@5 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 1⅜ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 1⅜ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¼ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $610,961,165; balances, $35,557,099; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,310,787.

Sterling exchange was firmer, with demand quoted at $4.88@$4.8810, sixty days at $4.8650@$4.8660, and cables at $4.8830@$4.8840.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.15⅝ less 1-32@5.15⅝ plus 1-64 for cables, 5.15⅝ less 5-64@5.15⅝ less 3-64 for sight, 5.17½ less 1-64@5.16⅞ less 3-32 for sixty days. Reichmarks, 95⅝ less 1-16@95⅝ less 1-64 for cables, 95½@95 9-16 less 1-64 for sight, and 95@95 3-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5@10c discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 40c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; St. Paul, 90c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London was quoted at 23⅞d per ounce, unchanged, and in New York at 51⅞c per ounce, unchanged. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@50c.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general business conditions throughout the country as reported by its correspondents, Dun's Review says:

> Statistics of traffic and exchanges and reports from the principal industries and mercantile centres confirm the recent evidences of improvement in business confidence and activity.
>
> This is the critical time for the principal crops, but weather conditions are auspicious, and every day adds to the prevailing confidence in harvests, which, if not of record-breaking proportions, will at least be adequate for the continuance of agricultural prosperity. The end of the first half of the calendar year and the beginning of a new fiscal year give opportunity for comparisons which tend to increase the optimism which has become the characteristic note of American business during the last few weeks. The contrast between conditions now and those of six and twelve months ago is most marked in the financial field, and the courage displayed there is spreading over the whole country.
>
> Foreign commerce of the port in the latest week again recorded a gain over last year, the movement in and out aggregating $27,623,327 this year and $22,368,881 a year ago.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4s	May, '59		100⅞	101	100⅞	101
4½s	May, '57,	l'chg	111⅝	111⅞	111⅝	111⅞
4½s	Nov., '57,	l'chg	111⅝	111⅞	111⅝	111⅞
4½s	May, '17,	l'chg	104⅝	104⅞	104⅝	104⅞
4s	Nov., '57,	l'chg	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼
4s	May, '57,	l'chg	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼
4s	Nov., '56,	reg	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾
4s	Nov., '36,	reg	100⅛	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝
3½s	Nov., '55,	l'chg	90	90½	90	90½
3½s	May, '54,	coup	89¾	90¼	89¾	90¼
3½s	May, '54,	reg	89½	89⅞	89½	89⅞
*6s	Nov., '09,	rev	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
*6s	Nov., '10,	rev	103½	104⅛	103½	104⅛

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales July 2, 1909 480,989
From Jan. 1, 1909 99,910,954
Corresponding period last year 84,984,408

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15¼	16	800	Allis-Chalmers	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	−½
82⅝	82¾	4,200	*Amalgamated Cop.	82⅝	82⅞	82⅝	82⅝	+½
45½	46	2,000	Am. Agricul. Chem.	44	46¼	44	46¼	+2½
43¾	44	500	Am. Beet Sugar	44	44	43¾	43¾	−⅛
11⅝	11¾	200	Am. Can	11½	11½	11½	11½	...
82	82⅝	800	Am. Can pf.	82	82½	82	82½	+¼
57¼	57½	1,100	Am. Car & Foundry	57¼	57½	57¼	57½	+½
74¾	75½	1,300	Am. Cotton Oil	74½	75½	74½	75	+½
8¼	8⅝	100	Am. Hide & Leather	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+1⅛
41	42	700	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	41¼	41¾	41½	41½	−⅜
38½	39	100	Am. Ice Securities	38½	38½	38½	38½	−½
45½	46	100	*Am. Linseed pf.	45	46	45	46	+1½
60⅛	60¼	500	Am. Locomotive	60½	60½	60¼	60¼	−½
118¼	119	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼	+½
9¼	9¾	100	Am. Malt	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	−½
92¾	92⅞	6,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	92⅝	93	92⅝	92⅞	+½
110⅞	111⅛	100	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	−½
87½	88	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	88	88	88	88	+½
48½	49	437	Am. Steel Foundries	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	+½
127½	128	1,000	Am. Sugar Ref.	126	127½	126	127½	+½
140⅝	140¾	1,400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅞	140⅞	140⅝	140⅝	−⅛
100¾	101	120	Am. Tobacco pf.	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	−⅛
33¾	34½	100	*Am. Woolen	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	...
103½	104	200	*Am. Woolen pf.	103⅞	103¼	103⅛	103⅛	+½
48½	48⅝	1,000	*Anaconda Cop. M. x d.	48½	48½	48⅜	48½	−¼
115¾	115⅞	10,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	115⅞	116	115⅝	115⅞	+½
104½	104¾	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	−⅛
128	129	100	Atlantic Coast Line	128¾	128¾	128⅜	128⅜	...
118⅝	118⅞	6,900	Baltimore & Ohio	118	118¾	117⅞	118⅝	+½
94½	95	300	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	95	95	95	95	...
4⅞	5⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	5	5	5	5	−⅛
30½	31	400	Bethlehem Steel	30½	30¾	30½	30⅜	−½
79½	79¾	1,800	Brook. Rapid Transit	79⅜	79⅝	79⅜	79⅝	+⅜
30¼	32	50	Butterick Co.	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	...
183½	183¾	6,600	Canadian Pacific	182⅞	183⅜	182⅞	183⅜	+1⅛
30⅝	31⅛	200	Central Leather Co.	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	−⅛
288	290	500	Central R. R. of N. J.	289½	290	288	290	...
76¾	77	3,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	77	77¼	76½	77	+¼
1¾	..	4,500	Chicago Gt. Western	2	2⅛	1¾	1⅞	−¼
4½	4⅞	800	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B	4¾	4¾	4½	4½	...
58	59¾	200	Chi. Gt. West. deb.	60	60	60	60	...
154½	154⅝	4,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	154⅝	154⅝	154⅜	154½	...
169½	169¾	339	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	169½	169⅝	169½	169⅝	+¼
182	183	100	Chi. & Northwestern	182¾	182¾	182¾	182¾	+¼
13	14¾	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t. r. sta.	13¾	13¾	13½	13½	−1¼
44⅝	44½	2,800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44½	44⅝	44¼	44½	+¼
56⅞	57	300	Colorado & Southern	56⅞	57	56⅝	57	+¼
81½	82¼	145	Col. & South. 1st pf.	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	−¼
80¼	80¾	285	Col. & South. 2d pf.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	...
64	64½	200	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	−½
139¾	140	600	Consolidated Gas	140	140	140	140	+¼
22¾	23⅛	900	Corn Products Ref.	23	23	23	23	...
87	87½	200	Corn Products Ref. pf.	87½	87½	87	87	−½
194	194½	1,400	Delaware & Hudson	194	194½	194	194¾	+¾
47¾	48	1,200	Denver & Rio Grande	48¼	48¼	47⅞	47⅞	−⅛
37⅝	37½	17,100	Erie	37⅛	37⅝	37⅛	37½	+⅝
54¼	54½	3,000	Erie 1st pf.	54	54¾	54	54¼	+¾
44	44¾	500	Erie 2d pf.	44	44¾	44	44¾	+1¼
164	164¼	1,300	General Electric	164	164½	164	164¼	+¼
150	150¼	5,300	Great Northern pf.	149¾	150½	149⅝	150⅛	+⅜
76	76¼	1,900	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	76	76¼	75½	76	...
87	88½	100	Havana Electric pf.	88	88	88	88	−1
149¼	149⅝	1,400	Illinois Central	148¾	149⅝	148½	149⅜	+⅞
16½	16⅝	5,300	Interborough-Met.	16¼	16½	15⅞	16½	+¼
49⅜	49½	8,332	Interborough-Met. pf.	49¾	49¾	48½	49¼	−½
15¾	16¼	200	Intern'l Paper	16	16¼	16	16¼	...
63¾	64½	800	Intern'l Paper pf.	63	64	63	64	+1
39⅜	40	100	Intern'l Steam Pump	39¾	39¾	39⅜	39¾	−¼
88¾	89	300	Int. Steam Pump pf.	89⅛	89½	88⅜	88¾	−¼
29¾	30	1,025	Iowa Central	29½	29⅞	29½	29⅜	...
55½	56½	400	Iowa Central pf.	56	56⅝	56	56⅜	+⅜
45⅞	46¼	2,000	Kansas City South.	46¼	46⅝	45¾	46	+½
71	72½	150	Kan. City South. pf.	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	−⅛
140½	141½	200	Louisville & Nash.	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	...
73½	74¼	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	−¾
23½	23¾	225	Mercantile Marine pf.	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+⅛
20	24	200	*Met. Street Railway	18	18	18	18	−4
55	..	200	Minn. & St. Louis	55⅝	55¾	55⅝	55⅝	...
139½	140⅛	150	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	139¾	139¾	139⅝	139⅝	−¼
41⅞	42	2,000	Mo., Kansas & Texas	42	42⅛	41⅞	41⅞	+½
73½	74	300	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	73½	73½	73½	73½	+½
73	73¾	700	Missouri Pacific	73⅝	73¾	73½	73¾	+1¼
15½	16½	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	−⅜
86	86¼	350	Nat. Lead Co.	86	86	86	86	−¼
52⅛	53¼	500	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	53	53¼	53	53¼	+½
25	25⅝	7,450	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	24¼	25¼	24¼	25¼	+⅞
1¾	2	100	*Newhouse M. & S.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	−⅜
86½	88	100	N. Y. Air Brake	87½	87½	87½	87½	−½
133	133¼	2,250	N. Y. Central	133⅜	133⅝	132⅞	133⅛	+⅛
52½	52⅞	300	N. Y., Ont. & West.	52⅞	52⅞	52¼	52½	...
89¾	90	400	Norfolk & Western	90	90	89⅝	89¾	+⅛
85	90	100	Norfolk & West. pf.	88	88	88	88	...
83	83½	1,900	North American	83	83	83	83	+⅜
152¾	152⅞	4,300	Northern Pacific	152¼	152⅞	152	152¾	+1
30¾	31½	100	Pacific Mail	31	31	31	31	...
136⅞	137	4,300	Pennsylvania R. R.	136¾	137⅝	136½	136¾	+⅜
43¾	44	1,085	Pressed Steel Car	44	44	43¾	43⅞	+⅜
104	105	180	Pressed Steel Car pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	+½
8½	8¾	6,500	Quicksilver	7⅛	9¼	7½	8⅜	−1⅜
8	8¾	700	Quicksilver pf.	7⅞	8¾	7¾	8	+1
43	44½	100	*R'way Steel Spring	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	+½
101	105¼	200	*R'way Steel Sp. pf.	105	105	105	105	+½
157⅞	158	79,600	Reading	157¼	158½	157	157⅛	+1⅜
92	93¼	240	Reading 1st pf.	92¾	93	92⅝	93	+¼
101	102	100	Reading 2d pf.	101	101	101	101	+1
31⅝	31½	620	Rep. Iron & Steel	31⅜	31½	31⅜	31⅜	...
104½	105	1,500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	105	105	104¼	104¼	−¾
32⅞	33	10,800	Rock Island Co.	33¼	33⅜	33	33	−⅛
71	71½	800	Rock Island Co. pf.	71⅜	71⅜	70⅝	71	−½
69	70	725	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	68	69⅛	68	69¼	+1½
46	46¼	1,100	S. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	46	46½	46	46¼	+½
27¼	27⅞	100	St. Louis Southwest'n	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	−⅛
68¾	69	500	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	68¾	69	68⅝	68⅝	...
131¾	131¾	29,750	Southern Pacific	132	132⅛	131⅝	131⅜	+⅜
131½	131¾	1,485	Southern Pacific pf.	131⅞	132	131½	131½	...
31¼	31¼	1,400	Southern R'way ext.	31¾	31¼	31	31¼	+¼
68½	69	400	South. R'way pf., ext.	68½	69⅛	68½	68¼	−½
37¾	38¼	200	*Tennessee Copper	38¼	38¼	38	38	...
34½	34¾	200	Texas & Pacific	34½	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝	+⅜
17	17½	13,470	Third Avenue	20	20	16	17¼	−2¾
48	48½	400	Tol., St. L. & West.	48¼	48⅜	48	48⅜	...
68¼	68¾	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	68½	68⅝	68½	68⅝	+⅛
104	104½	100	Twin City R. Transit	104½	104½	104¼	104¼	+⅛
14¾	15	200	Union Bag & Paper	14⅜	14¾	14¾	14⅜	−¼
79½	81	100	Union B. & Paper pf.	81	81	81	81	−¼
194½	194¾	40,100	Union Pacific	194½	194⅞	194⅛	194⅜	+1
103½	104⅛	3,500	Union Pacific pf.	104½	104¼	103¾	104	+¾
56	58	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	55	55	55	55	...
81¼	81½	100	U. S. Realty & Imp.	81½	81½	81¼	81½	+¼
38	39	100	U. S. Rubber	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜	+¼
116¼	117	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	116	116½	116	116¼	+1
82½	84	200	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	82	82½	82	82¼	...
69⅛	69¼	53,400	U. S. Steel	69½	69½	68⅞	69¼	−⅛
125⅞	126⅛	3,400	U. S. Steel pf.	126¼	126¼	125⅝	126¼	−⅛
48¾	49½	300	Utah Copper	48⅞	49½	48⅞	49⅛	+⅞
54⅛	54½	700	Va.-Caro. Chemical	54¼	54⅞	54¼	54⅞	+⅞
18	19	100	Vulcan Detinning	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	−¾
68	69½	100	Vulcan Detinning pf.	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼	−1¼
21⅝	21¾	1,200	Wabash	21¾	21⅜	21	21¾	−⅛
56¾	56½	2,500	Wabash pf.	56⅞	56⅜	56	56⅜	−⅝
9⅞	9½	22,860	Western Maryland	11⅛	11¼	8¾	9⅜	−2⅜
72	72½	500	Western Union Tel.	72¼	72¼	71⅝	72	...
84	85½	400	Westinghouse E. & M.	85¼	85⅝	85¼	85½	+¼

*Unlisted.

MINING STOCKS.

		100	Alice	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101¼	102
2s, c., 1930	101¼	102½
3s, r., 1918	101½	102¼
3s, c., 1918	101½	102¼
4s, r., 1925	118	119
4s, c., 1925	120	121⅛
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¾	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¾	101½
D. C. 3-65s	108½	..
Adams Exp.	215	..
Alb. & Sus.	224½	..
Allis-Ch. pf.	51¾	53
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	..
A. B. S. pf.	94	96½
Am. C. & F. pf.	117⅛	118
Am. Coal	120	130
Am. Cot. O. pf.	102	105¼
Am. D. Tel.	29	30
Am. Exp.	223	230
A. Lin. Co.	17	17⅝
A. Malt pf.	54	55
Am. Snuff	250	300
Am. Sn. pf.	101	106
A. S. R. pf.	124	125
A. T. & C.	76	84
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	80
Asso. M. 1st pf.	109	114
Asso. M. 2d pf.	109	..
Beth. St. pf.	61	64
B. Un. G.	139	140
Bruns. City	18	19
B. R. & P.	95	98
B. R. & P. pf.	121	134
B. & S. pf.	..	70
Canada So.	63¾	67½
Cent. L. pf.	104	105
C. & S. A. Tel.	113½	..
Chi. & Alt.	68½	69
Chi. & A. pf.	73	75
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	130
Chi., G. W. pf. A	23½	24½
C. I. & L. pf.	40	80
C. & N. W. pf.	221	225
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	158	165
C., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	173	175
Chi. T. T.	2	2¾
C. T. T. pf.	12	18¼
Chi. U. T. ctfs. sta.	4	5
C., C., C. & St. L.	74	75½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	102	..
Cleve. & P.	175½	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	75	85
Crex Carpet	58	61
D., L. & W.	605	650
D. & R. G. pf.	85	86
D. M. & Ft. D.	10	15
D. & M. pf.	..	94
Det. U. R.	60	62
Dist. Sec.	39	40
D., S. S. & A.	16	17
D., S. S. & A. pf.	31½	32
Ev. & T. H.	60	75
Ev. & T. H. pf.	83	95
F. M. & S.	70	88
F. M. & S. pf.	87¼	90
Fed. S. pf.	91	100
Gen. C. Co.	74½	77
Gen. C. Co. pf.	103	..
Granby Con.	90	102
Hav. E. R.	59½	60½
Hock. Valley rects	103	115
Hock. Val. pf.	90¼	94
Homestake	91	91½
Ill. C. L. l.	98	..
Ing.-Rand.	55	..
Ing.-R. pf.	90	..
Int. Harv.	84½	85
Int. H. pf.	121¼	122
Int. Power	..	39
Jol. & Chi.	168¼	..
K. & M. r.	57	65
Kan. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	77	79
K. & D. M.	6	9
K. & D. M. pf.	30	35
Kn. I., Chi. pf.	60	67
Lacl. Gas	104	..
Lacl. G. pf.	97	99
L. E. & W.	26	27
L. E. & W. pf.	60	63
Lake Shore	300	400
Long Island	69½	70½
Mackay Cos.	79½	80
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach	4	6
Man. Elev.	143	147
Md. C. pf.	75	..
Mer. Mar.	7½	7⅝
Mich. Cent.	140	180
M. S. T. pf.	..	90
M. & St. L. pf.	84	87½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. l'sed lines	90	91
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	151	152½
Mor. & Es.	182½	190
N., C. & St. L.	130	138
Nat. Bis.	105¼	106
Nat. B. pf.	123½	125½
Nat. En. pf.	88	91
Nat. L. pf.	108	109
N. Cent.	25	53
N. Y., C. & St. L.	53	57
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	80	85
N. Y. D. Co.	41	45
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	80	82½
N. Y., L. & W.	126	130
N. Y. N. H. & H.	171	172¼
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	132	135
N. O. T. & L.	25½	28
Ont. Mining	3½	4¼
Pac. Coast	97⅜	102
P. C. 1st pf.	100	105
P. C. 2d pf.	96	100
Peo. G., Ch.	114½	114¾
Peo. & E.	23	26
Phelps-D'ge	200	..
P., C., C. & St. L.	92	93
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	120
Pitts. Coal	11¼	12
Pitts. C. pf.	45	50
P., Ft. W. & C.	174½	..
Pullman Co.	187	190
R. R. Sec., Ill. C. stk. ctfs.	..	92
Rens. & S.	195	..
R. W. & O.	125	..
R. G. M. Co. pf.	95	115
Rutland pf.	33	38½
R. I. ctfs.	150	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	62	63
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	116	130
Sears-R. pf.	112½	114
S-S. S. & I.	83	84
S-S. S. & I. pf.	113	115¾
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	83	86
Texas Cent.	35	..
Texas C. pf.	70	..
T. P. L. Tr.	91	92
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	8⅜	9
U. C. M. pf.	107	108
U. D. G. pf.	110¼	110⅝
U. Rys. In 37	39	
U. S. C. I. Pipe	30	33
U. S. Exp.	85	90
U. S. L. pf.	110	120
U. S. R. & Ref.	14½	16½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	35	38⅝
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	80	83
[illegible]	174	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	120	121
Va. I., C. & Coke	62½	65
W.-F. Exp. ex. d.	315	325
Westingh'se 1st pf.	121	122½
W. & L. E.	9	10
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	22	23
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	10	12
Wis. Cent.	55	56¼
W. C. pf. rects	89¾	89⅞

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—Bearish crop conditions ruled the market yesterday, when speculative trade was also restricted by the holiday feeling. Liverpool closed ¼d net lower. There was a decline of ⅝c at Berlin, but Budapest was ⅝c net higher. Export business amounted to 15 loads, all outports. No. 2 red wheat in New York was quoted at $1.45, nominal, in elevator, and free on board, afloat, for old, and $1.21⅛, free on board, afloat, end of August, for new. Old No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.30¼, and No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.33¾, free on board, afloat, both nominal.

CORN.—Almost ideal weather conditions prevailed in all parts of the belt yesterday, and crop reports generally were of a most favorable nature, ruling the market. Liverpool was ¼@⅝d lower. Primary receipts amounted to 422,000 bushels, compared with 327,000 bushels a year ago. Export sales included 20 loads here, and 10 loads at outports. No. 2 corn was quoted 79c, elevator, and 78c, free on board, afloat, nominal, for old, and 65¼c for new, free on board, afloat, Winter shipment.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
July	$1.24¾	$1.24⅛	$1.24⅛	$1.25⅛
September	1.18	1.17¼	1.17⅞	1.18⅜
December	1.16¼	1.15⅝	1.15⅞	1.16⅝
May	1.18⅛	1.17⅝	1.17¾	1.18¼
Corn—				
July	..	..	78¼	79
September	74⅛	73⅛	73⅜	74⅞
December	..	..	67⅛	67⅞

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
July	$1.15	$1.14⅝	$1.14⅞	$1.15¼
September	1.10½	1.09½	1.09⅞	1.10⅝
December	1.08⅛	1.08	1.08⅛	1.08⅞
Corn—				
July	70½	69⅝	69¾	70⅝
September	66⅛	65⅝	65¾	67
December	57⅝	57⅛	57⅛	57⅝
Oats—				
July	48⅝	47½	47½	48⅝
September	43	41⅝	41⅞	43
December	43⅛	42⅛	42⅜	43¼
Lard—				
July	11.80	11.70	11.77	11.72
September	11.85	11.79	11.82	11.75
Ribs—				
July	11.20	11.12	11.20	11.07
September	11.20	11.02	11.20	11.05
Pork—				
July	20.45	20.42	20.45	20.37
September	20.70	20.50	20.62	20.55

$2,000,000 K. C. Southern Bonds Sold.

Sutro Brothers & Co., Potter, Choate & Prentice, and the National City Bank, it was learned in bond circles yesterday, have purchased the balance of the new Kansas City Southern bonds amounting to about $2,000,000, the rest of the $10,000,000 issue having been taken by the [illegible]

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Sluggish After Early Promise of a Day of Active Trading.

COPPER ISSUES STRONG

Although Volume of Business in This Department Is Circumscribed, Prices Are Well Maintained and Close with Some Gains.

Although the Curb market promised active trading in the early session yesterday the volume of business rapidly diminished as the day progressed and the total of sales reported at the close of the market showed it to be one of the dullest of the year. Sentiment on the eve of the triple holiday was bullish and prices were well maintained, especially in the coppers, which in many instances made fractional advances. The bond list was practically at a standstill.

⁂

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	A., G. & W. I.	11	11¼	†11	11¼
115	A., G. & W. I. pf.	28½	28½	28⅜	28⅜
225	Bay State Gas	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
100	Gen. El. Dis.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
10	Standard Oil	687½	687½	687½	687½

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
175	Am. L. & Tr.	235	235	235	235
400	Chi. G. W., w. i.	20¼	20¼	20⅛	20¼
530	Third Av., w. i.	31	33	31	33

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
8,000	*Alaska Mines	13	13	11	11
100	Boston Copper	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
800	Butte Coalition	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25¼
1,200	*Carisa	$1.00	$1.02	$1.00	$1.02
5,000	*Cobalt Central	37½	37½	37	37½
4,300	Comb. Frac.	57	57½	56½	57
2,700	Con. Ar. Sm.	¾	¾	11-16	11-16
700	Cum.-Ely Min.	7 15-16	7 15-16	7⅞	7⅞
100	First Nat. Cop.	5	5	5	5
1,500	*Fur. Cr. Cop.	6	6	6	6
100	Giroux Mining	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
3,900	Goldfield Con.	7 3-16	7 3-16	7	7 1-16
1,500	Greene-Can.	10	10¼	10	10¼
1,300	*Green Water Cop. Smelt.	5½	5½	5¼	5½
1,200	Insp. Copper	7	7 3-16	6⅞	6⅞
1,000	Kerr Lake	7⅝	7⅝	7 11-16	7⅝
250	King Edward	15-16	15-16	⅞	⅞
12,460	La Rose Con.	8 3-16	8¼	8⅛	8 3-16
600	Mason Valley	2⅛	2⅛	2	2
200	Miami Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
6,200	*Mont. of C. R.	30	34	30	34
100	Nev. Con. Cop.	23⅝	23¾	23⅝	23⅝
3,000	N.-U. M. & S.	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
200	Nip. Mines Co.	10⅛	10¼	10	10
10,800	Ohio Copper	5	5½	5	5 7-16
5,000	*Otisse	41	41½	41	41½
300	Prec. Metals	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
15,000	*Rawh. Coal'n	25	26	25	26
3,000	Ray Central	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
100	Ray Con.	17	17	17	17
200	Starlight M. S. & D. Co.	$1.01	$1.01	$1.01	$1.01
800	Sup. & Pitts.	15½	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛
2,500	*Tramps Con.	5	5½	5	5
500	Union Mines	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
1,800	United Copper	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10¼
900	Yukon G. M.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	72	73	72	73
110,000	C., M. & St. P. 4s, w. i.	94¾	94¾	94⅝	94⅝
17,000	Nat. M. & L. 6s, w. i.	92⅞	93¼	92¾	93¼

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	July 2. Bid.	Asked.	July 1. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Tobacco	430	440	430	440
Am. Writing Paper	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	19	20	19	20
Am. Light & Trac. Co.	234	235	234	236
Am. Light & T. Co. pf.	109	112	109	112
Bay State Gas	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Boston Copper	14¾	15¼	14¾	15⅛
British Col. Copper	7⅛	7⅞	7½	7⅞
Butte Coalition	25¼	25½	25¼	25¾
Butte & New York	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Central Foundry	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
Central Foundry pf.	18	20	18	20
Chicago Subway	20½	22	20½	22
Combination Fraction	56	57	56	57
Cobalt Central	37	37½	36	37
Cumb.-Ely Mining	7⅝	8	7 15-16	8
Davis-Daly	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dolores Limited	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅝
Douglas Copper	4⅝	5⅛	4⅝	5⅛
First National Copper	2¼	2½	2⅜	2½
Giroux Mining	7⅝	7¾	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldfield Daisy	22½	23½	22	23
Goldfield Con.	7	7 1-16	7	7⅛
Greene-Cananea	10	10¼	10	10⅛
Inter. S. & R.	127	130	127	130
Kerr Lake	7 11-16	7¾	7 13-16	7⅞
King Edward	⅞	1	⅞	1
La Rose Con.	8⅛	8 3-16	8 3-16	8¼
Manhattan Transit	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Mason Valley	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2¼
Mines Co. of America	9-16	11-16	9-16	11-16
Miami Copper	15½	15¾	15½	16
McKinley-Darragh	87	92	87	92
Nevada Con. Copper	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23¼
Nevada Smelting	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1 15-16	2 1-16	1 15-16	2
Nipissing Mines Co.	10	10¼	10⅛	10¼
Ohio Copper	5¼	5½	4⅞	5 1-16
Ray Central	2⅛	2 3-16	2¼	2⅜
Ray Consolidated	16⅝	17	16⅝	17
Standard Milling	16½	19	16½	19
Standard Milling pf.	55	57	55	57
Standard Oil	685	688	682	689
Tri-Bullion	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
United Copper	10¼	10½	10¼	10⅞
United Dry Goods	105	..	104	..
United Dry Goods pf.	110	110¼	109⅝	110¼
Yukon Gold Mines	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Allis-Chal.	15	15	15	15
1,750	Amal. Copper	82¾	83	82¼	82⅝
120	Amer. Can	11½	11¾	11⅝	11⅝
380	Am. C. & Fdry.	57	57⅛	57	57⅛
280	Am. Cot. Oil	74¼	75¼	74¼	74⅞
10	American Ice	38½	38½	38½	38½
10	Am. Woolen	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞
50	Am. Lin. pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½
30	Am. Loco	60	60	60	60
1,670	Am. Smelt.	92⅝	93¼	92⅝	92¾
180	Am. Sugar	126	127¼	126	127
40	Am. Beet S.	43⅝	43¾	43⅝	43¾
30	Anaconda Cop.	48⅜	48⅜	48½	48½
270	At., T. & S. F.	116	116⅛	115⅞	115⅞
120	Balt. & Ohio	117¾	118⅝	117¾	118¼
110	B. R. T.	79½	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
70	Can. Pacific	182⅝	183⅛	182⅝	183⅛
10	Cent. Leather	31	31	31	31
130	Ches. & Ohio	77⅝	77⅝	76¼	76¼
30	Chi. Gt. W.	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
620	C., M. & St. P.	155	155	154½	154⅝
420	Col. F. & I.	44¾	44¾	44¼	44¼
10	Col. & H. C.	64	64	64	64
30	Corn Prod.	23¼	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞
80	Den. & R. G.	48⅜	48⅜	48	48
1,640	Erie	37¼	37⅜	37	37⅜
10	Erie 1st pf.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼
270	Gt. North. pf.	149¾	150⅛	149¾	149⅞
20	Gt. N. Ore cfs.	75¾	76	75¾	76
10	Ill. Central	148⅜	148⅝	148⅝	148⅝
510	Inter-Met.	16⅛	16½	15⅞	16¼
2,110	Inter-Met. pf.	49½	49⅞	48½	49⅜
30	Kan. City So.	46	46¼	46	46¼
650	Mo., K. & T.	41¾	42⅛	41¾	42
40	Mo. Pacific	73⅜	73⅝	73⅜	73⅝
100	Nat. Lead	86½	86¼	86	86¼
150	N. RR. M. 2d pf.	24⅝	25¼	24⅝	24⅞
850	N. Y. Cent.	133¼	133¼	132⅞	132⅞
10	N., O. & W.	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
330	Nor. Pacific	152½	153	152½	152⅞
20	Pacific Mail	31	31¼	31	31¼
220	Pennsylvania	136⅝	137⅜	136⅝	137
50	Pressed S. C.	44	44	43⅞	43⅞
17,620	Reading	157	158¼	157	158
40	Rep. Steel	31¼	31⅜	31¼	31⅜
670	Rock Island	33¼	33⅜	33	33¼
10	Rock Isl. pf.	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼
2,950	South. Pac.	132	132¼	131⅝	131⅝
80	Southern Ry.	31⅛	31¼	30⅞	31
20	South. Ry. pf.	69	69¼	69	69¼
10	Tenn. Copper	38	38	38	38
90	Texas Pacific	34¾	34¾	34¼	34¼
2,680	Third Av.	20	20	16¼	17¼
16,940	Union Pacific	194⅝	195	194⅛	194⅜
10	U. S. Rubber	38½	38½	38⅜	38⅜
7,620	U. S. Steel	69¼	69⅜	68⅞	69¼
120	U. S. Steel pf.	125⅞	126⅛	125⅞	125⅞
40	Va.-Car. C.	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞
80	Wabash	21⅝	21⅝	21	21¼
210	Wabash pf.	56⅜	56½	56	56
1,290	West Mary.	11¼	11¼	9⅝	10

62,470.

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
120	Batopilas	5.12½	5.12½	5.12½	5.12½
200	Comstock	.27	.27	.27	.27
200	Comb. Frac.	.56	.56	.56	.56
300	Gold. Daisy	.23	.23	.23	.23
100	Gold. Con.	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.15
1,000	Lone Star	.05	.05	.05	.05
100	Ophir	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½
300	Potosi	.23	.23	.23	.23
1,600	Quicksilver	7.00	9.25	7.00	8.75
500	Red Hill	.06½	.06½	.06½	.06½
800	Sierra Nev.	.27	.27	.27	.27
200	Standard	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
300	Tramp	.05½	.05½	.05½	.05½
800	Ton. Belmont	.88	.88	.88	.88
400	Ton. Ext.	.48½	.48½	.48½	.48½
200	Yellow Jacket	.50	.50	.50	.50

6,120.

WHEAT.

250,000	Sept. option	1.10½	1.10½	1.09⅝	1.10

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 2.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Doc. Jackpot	9	9⅜
Elkton	65	65½
El Paso	53¼	56
Gold Dollar	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jackpot	7⅛	7½
McKinney	39½	40
Portland	80	83

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

United States 3s, reg, 1908-18
1,000..........102
Argentine 5s, J P M & Co rects
5,000.......... 96¾
Imperial Jap Govt 4½s, sterl loan
2,000.......... 93⅝
5,000.......... 94
1,000.......... 93⅝
2d series
1,500.......... 93
Repub of Cuba 5s
4,000..........102½
San Paulo 5s, trust rects
20,000.......... 93¼
5,000.......... 93⅛
N Y City 4s, 1959, temporary recs
178,000..........101
N Y City 4½s, 1957, new
5,000..........111⅝
4,000..........111½

Adams Expr 4s
1,000.......... 92½
Allis-Chalmer 5s
6,000.......... 86
2,000.......... 86¼
2,000.......... 86
10,000.......... 86½
Am Tel & Tel Cv 4s
2,000..........105
5,000..........105⅛
11,000..........105
6,000..........105¼
Am Tel & Tel Col 4s
5,000.......... 95
Am Tobacco 6s
9,000..........111⅝
5,000..........111⅝
registered
8,000..........111
Am Tobacco 4s
5,000.......... 80¼
Armour 4½s, Interim ctfs
2,000.......... 93¼
65,000.......... 93⅜
55,000.......... 93½
21,000.......... 93⅜
21,000.......... 93¼
A, T & S F gen 4s
16,000..........101⅛
12,000..........101⅛
11,000..........101¼
7,000..........101⅛
conv 5s
8,000..........115¼
25,000..........115⅛
conv 4s
80,000..........115⅝
80,000 c..........115⅝
conv 4s, sub rcts, when issued
110,000..........114⅛
61,000..........114½
At Coast Line, L & N Col 4s
20,000.......... 90
B & O, P, L E & W S 4s
5,000.......... 93¾
B & O gold 4s
1,000..........100⅞
Beth Steel 5s
22,000.......... 89
Bklyn Rap Trans refg conv 4s
5,000.......... 86¾
17,000.......... 86½
Cent Leather 5s
8,000.......... 98½
1,000.......... 98⅜
4,000.......... 98½
Cen of N J gen 5s
4,000..........127½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
11,000.......... 97⅛
10,000.......... 97¼
Cent Pac, T S L 4s
16,000.......... 94⅝
Ches & O con 5s
2,000..........115
1,000..........114¾
Ches & O gen 4½s
10,000..........104½
2,000..........104⅝
15,000..........104½
fund 5s
8,000..........101½
6,000..........101⅞
C, B & Q gen 4s
27,000..........100
joint 4s
82,000.......... 98½
2,000.......... 98⅝
5,000.......... 98¼
2,000.......... 98⅜
11,000.......... 98¼
Deb 5s
1,000..........102
Chi Gas Lt & C 1st 5s
2,000..........104
Chi, Mil & St P, C & P Wn 5s
2,000..........109¼
Chi & N W con 7s
1,000..........114¼
gen 3½s
35,000.......... 92
C, R I & P gen 4s
5,000..........100½
C, R I & P R R 4s
33,000.......... 80⅝
4,000.......... 80½
C, R I & P Ry refunding 4s
35,000.......... 91¾
1,000.......... 91⅞
12,000 c.......... 91⅞
25,000.......... 91⅝
4,000.......... 91⅞
Chi, St L & N O gold 5s
1,000..........119¾
Col Industrl 5s
11,000.......... 78
6,000.......... 77⅞
2,000.......... 78
Col Mid 1st 4s
5,000.......... 82⅛
Col & So 1st 4s
3,000.......... 98½
2,000.......... 98¼
3,000.......... 98⅜
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
4,000.......... 99½
5,000s20f.......... 99¼
4,000.......... 99
Del & H conv 4s
8,000..........106
Den & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s
20,000.......... 94½
18,000.......... 94⅝
13,000.......... 95
10,000.......... 94⅞
11,000.......... 95
Dis Sec Cor 5s
6,000.......... 76½
Erie 1st gen 4s
2,000.......... 79¼
1,000s20f.......... 79
5,000.......... 79¼
1,000.......... 79⅛
1,000.......... 79¼
Erie conv 4s, ser A
5,000.......... 87
10,000.......... 86⅝
5,000.......... 87
series B
74,000.......... 76⅝
1,000.......... 76½
Galv H & H 1st
1,000.......... 97
General Electric conv deb 5s
10,000..........149⅝
10,000..........149¼
1,000..........149½
5,000s10f..........149⅝
2,000..........150
Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs B
1,000.......... 15⅜
1,000.......... 15½
Illinois Central refunding 4s
1,000..........100
Inter-Met 4½s
40,000.......... 80⅛
47,000.......... 80
6,000.......... 79⅞
135,000.......... 80
11,000.......... 79⅞
10,000.......... 79¾
123,000.......... 79⅞
100,000.......... 80
7,000.......... 80⅛
117,000.......... 80
Interboro R T conv 6s
17,000..........104⅝
Int Mer & Mar col trust 4½s
2,000.......... 72
1,000.......... 71½
Int Stm Pump 6s
2,000..........103½
Kan Cy S ref 5s, temp ctfs
10,000..........100¼
10,000..........100⅜
10,000..........100⅜
25,000..........100⅞
1,000..........101
19,000..........100⅞
11,000..........101
L S & Mich So 4s, 1931
5,000.......... 93
L & N unified 4s
10,000..........100½

M, St P & S S M 1st Cons 4s
7,000..........100
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
1,000.......... 85½
Mo, Kan & T 1st
8,000..........100⅝
1,000..........100½
M, K & T s f 4½s
5,000.......... 91
Mo Pacific 4s
10,000.......... 82¼
40,000.......... 82⅜
18,000.......... 82
Nat Rys of Mex gen 4s
1,000.......... 87⅛
Nat Rys of Mex prior ln 4½s
10,000.......... 94⅝
Nat R R of Mex 1st Con 4s
20,000.......... 84
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
4,000..........115½
N Y Cen & H R R deb 4s, 1934
2,000.......... 95⅝
L S col 3½s
4,000.......... 88⅜
N Y G, E L, H & M C coll 3½s
2,000.......... 83
P coll trust 5s
10,000..........103
pur money 4s
1,000.......... 84¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000..........138⅝
1,000..........138½
conv 3½s
20,000..........108½
N Y, O & W ref 4s
1,000.......... 98⅜
Nor & W conv 4s
13,000.......... 98¾
Nor Pac gen 3s
5,000.......... 74¼
8,000.......... 74⅛
Northern Pac 4s
5,000..........102⅞
registered
1,000..........103
N Pac Term 1st
4,000..........115⅝
Or R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 99
9,000.......... 99½
Oreg Short Line gtd refg 4s
45,000.......... 95
Pac T Tel 5s
8,000.......... 96⅞
21,000.......... 96¾
9,000.......... 97
Pennsylvania R R 4s, 1948
6,000..........104½
Penn Conv 3½s, 1915
14,000.......... 96¾
1,000.......... 96⅞
1,000.......... 96¾
1,000.......... 97
500.......... 96⅞
1,000.......... 97
11,000.......... 96⅞
1,000.......... 96¾
Peop G & C Chi refunding 5s
10,000..........103½
Pocahontas Cons Col skg fd 5s
5,000.......... 88⅝
5,000.......... 89
Reading gen 4s
6,000..........100½
5,000..........100¼
Reading Jersey C col 4s
5,000.......... 97¾
Rio Grande Wsn col trust 4s
3,000.......... 85
St L & S F R R gen 5s
2,000.......... 90
1,000.......... 89⅞
2,000.......... 90⅛
10,000.......... 90¼
ref 4s
1,000.......... 86¼
1,000.......... 86¼
1,000.......... 86½
St L South Wn con 4s
2,000.......... 79½
Seaboard A L Ry refunding 5s
10,000.......... 99¼
So Pac 1st ref 4s
83,000.......... 94½
5,000.......... 94⅝
So Pac conv 4s sub receipts, full paid
144,000..........103¼
97,000..........103⅜
266,000..........103½
75,000..........103⅝
90,000..........103¾
30,000..........103⅝
42,000..........103¾
13,000..........103⅞
110,000..........104
24,000..........103⅞
3,000..........104
5,000..........103⅞
15,000..........104
South Ry 1st 5s
2,000..........111
Southn Railway gen 4s
10,000.......... 83
25,000.......... 82⅞
10,000.......... 83
102,000.......... 82⅞
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
5,000..........114
Third Ave con 4s Cen Trust Co of stamped
10,000.......... 69½
20,000.......... 69⅝
2,000.......... 69⅜
5,000.......... 70
Ulster & Del 1st
1,000..........107
Union Bag & P 5s stamped
5,000.......... 97
Un Pac 1st 4s
3,000..........103⅞
3,000..........104
500..........104
500..........104
12,000..........104½
Un Pac cnv 4s
40,000..........111¼
20,000..........111¼
275,000..........111⅛
2,000..........111⅛
1,000..........111
2,000..........111
48,000..........111⅛
10,000..........111¼
8,000..........111⅜
77,000..........111⅜
30,000..........111¼
Union Pacific 1st & ref 4s
15,000.......... 99⅝
19,000.......... 99⅝
United Railroads of San F 4s
3,000.......... 75
8,000.......... 75¼
U S Leather 6s
11,000..........103
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000.......... 90⅝
1,000.......... 90½
U S Rubber 6s
5,000..........105⅛
4,000..........105
U S Steel Corpn sinkg fd or 5s
51,000..........105¼
7,000..........105⅜
20,000..........105¼
2,000..........105⅜
10,000..........105¼
1,000..........105⅜
22,000..........105⅜
registered
8,000..........105¼
1,000..........105½
Va-Car Chemical temp 1st 5s
2,000.......... 98½
Va & Sow con 5s
5,000.......... 90½
Wabash 1st 5s
3,000..........112⅝
Wabash ref & ext 4s
75,000.......... 77¼
1,000.......... 77⅜
3,000.......... 77½
Wab, Pitt Ter 1st Trust Co ctfs
10,000.......... 47
10,000.......... 46½
4,000.......... 46
West Maryld 4s
1,000.......... 85¼
4,000.......... 85½
Westn N Car 1st
2,000..........109
West Shore 4s
10,000..........102½
W U Tel col tr 5s
11,000..........100½
Western Union cn 4s, ser A
5,000.......... 87¾
Wiscon Central's Superior & Dul div & term 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
10,000.......... 93

Total sales July 2, 1909 .... $4,737,000
From Jan. 1, 1909 774,801,700
Corresponding date last year 452,709,020

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee was steadier yesterday, and in Havre prices were ¼ to 1 franc higher. The close was steady at a net advance of 5@10 points. Sales were reported of 26,750 bags.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points, July being unchanged. The only change in Brazil was a decline of 50 reis at Santos. Receipts were hardly so heavy as on the previous day. Rain was reported in Sao Paulo and is supposed to be beneficial to the new crop. Reports indicate that new crop receipts at Santos so far have been of poor quality, but the average grade of the crop is believed to be good.

Spot coffee was quiet, 7⅝c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
July	6.25	6.20	6.30@6.35	6.20
August	..	..	5.60@5.65	5.55
September	5.55	5.55	5.55@5.60	5.45
October	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
November	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
December	5.45	5.45	5.40@5.45	5.35
January	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
February	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
March	5.50	5.50	5.45@5.50	5.40
April	..	..	5.45@5.50	5.40
May	5.55	5.55	5.50@5.55	5.45

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 2.—Superior and Pittsburg was the feature in the Boston market to-day, the price making a further advance to 16⅝, over 5,000 shares changing hands. Butte Coalition was active between 25¼ and 25½. United States Smelting sold up to 49¾, and the balance of the list, while quiet, was strong.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	94½	94½	94½
2,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	101½	101½	101½
34,500	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	73	72½	73
1,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
500	Gen. Elec. deb. 3½s	82½	82½	82½
6,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
7,000	United Fruit 4½s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	Boston Elevated	129	129	129
130	Boston Elev., $25 pd.	39	39	39
10	Boston & Albany	231	231	231
56	Fitchburg pf	130	130	130
20	Mass. Elec. pf.	71	70½	70½
109	N. Y., N. H. & H.	171½	171¼	171¼
10	Old Colony	200	200	200
32	Prov. & Worcester	270	270	270
255	Union Pacific	195	194⅛	194⅞
100	Union Pacific pf.	104	104	104
12	Vermont & Mass.	172	172	172
2	West End	93	93	93
6	West End pf.	106	106	106

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
476	American	141	140⅝	140⅝
85	New England	134½	133¾	133¾
40	Western pf	87	85	85

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8,167	Am. Ag. Chem.	46¼	44	45¾
10	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	101	100½	101
8	A. G. & W. I.	11	11	11
80	A. G. & W. I. pf.	28½	28½	28½
275	Am. Pneu. Service	8	7⅞	8
183	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18¼	18	18
830	Am. Sugar Ref.	126¾	125¾	126⅝
56	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	125	123⅞	125
134	Am. Woolen pf.	103	103	103
50	East Boston Land	11¾	11¾	11¾
1	Edison	250	250	250
53	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	93	92½	92½
46	General Electric	164	164	164
20	Mass. Gas	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝
38	Mass. Gas pf.	90½	90½	90½
40	N. E. Cotton Yarn	94	94	94
10	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	108	108	108
38	Pullman	189	189	189
108	Swift	108⅛	108	108⅛
8	United Fruit	140	140	140
855	United Shoe	62	61	61¾
3	United Shoe pf.	29¾	29⅝	29⅝
1,591	U. S. Steel	69⅝	69	69⅜
93	U. S. Steel pf.	126⅛	125⅞	125⅞

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	6⅜	6¼	6¼
1,215	Amalgamated	82⅞	82⅜	82⅝
490	Am. Zinc	29½	29⅛	29½
55	Arcadian	4	4	4
500	Batopilas	5¼	5	5
100	Bonanza	50	50	50
1,015	Butte Coalition	25½	25¼	25⅜
80	Calumet & Arizona	106	104½	106
2	Calumet & Hecla	650	650	650
10	Copper Range	81⅝	81¼	81½
145	Daly-West	8	8	8
165	East Butte	12¼	12	12
600	Franklin	18	17½	17½
885	Giroux	7⅝	7½	7½
55	Granby	102	101	102
1,715	Greene-Cananea	10¼	10	10¼
80	Hancock	10¼	10⅛	10⅛
175	Isle Royale	25½	25	25
235	Kerr Lake	8	7⅞	7⅞
55	Lake	22	21½	22
230	La Salle	13	12½	12½
175	Mayflower	70	60	60
350	Mexico	4⅝	4½	4½
50	Miami	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
100	Michigan	10	10	10
50	Mohawk	65	65	65
150	M. C. & C.	25c	25c	25c
50	New Idria	7¼	7¼	7¼
620	North Butte	56⅜	56⅛	56⅛
100	North Lake	9	9	9
10	Ojibway	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
50	Old Dominion	53½	53½	53½
10	Parrot	30⅜	30	30
5	Quincy	89½	89½	89½
145	Shannon	15½	15⅛	15¼
150	Superior Copper	41	41	41
165	Superior & Boston	15¼	15⅛	15⅛
5,311	Superior & Pittsburg	16⅝	15¼	15¾
17	Trinity	12½	12	12
55	U. S. Oil	33	33	33
790	U. S. Smelting	49¾	49	49¼
842	U. S. Smelting pf.	49⅜	49	49¼
100	Utah Apex	4⅝	4 9-16	4 9-16
10	Utah Con	41½	41½	41½
10	Utah Copper	49	49	49
150	Winona	5¼	5	5

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 2.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Consolidated Ice	11½	11¼	11¼
210	Crucible Steel	9¼	8⅞	9
15	Crucible Steel pf.	72	72	72
29	Fireproof	7¼	7	7
110	Fireproof pf.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
800	Harb.-Walker Ref.	20½	20¼	20⅜
3	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	85	85	85
2,500	Interior Mining	7c.	7c.	7c.
573	Mfrs. Light & Heat	18	17½	17½
40	Ohio Fuel	37	37	37
34	Pittsburg Coal pf.	47½	47⅜	47½
2,000	Pittsburg Con.	5c.	5c.	5c.
50	River Coal pf.	25	25	25
4,500	Ross Mining	20c.	20c.	20c.
100	Shoshone	$1.63	$1.63	$1.63
700	Tonopah Extension	45c.	43c.	45c.
15	Union Switch pf.	97½	97½	97½
20	U. S. Steel	69½	69⅜	69½
2	U. S. Steel pf.	125⅞	125⅞	125⅞
1	West. Electric 2ds	42	42	42
45	West Penn.	45	43	45
24	West Penn. pf.	78¼	78¼	78¼

BANKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
18	Exchange Nat. Bank	85	82½	85

UNLISTED.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
502	Kansas Gas	55¼	53	54
1,500	Mount Elliott	24c.	23c.	24c.
5,200	San Toy	51c.	49c.	51c.
47	Union Gas	108	108	108

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Pittsburg Brew. 6s	102	102	102

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Trading on the local Exchange was very quiet and price changes were fair. Fisheries common sold half a point higher, at 16½, but the preferred was steady. Chicago Railways, Series 2, sold at 40 at the outset. In Box Board there was some sharp bidding for the stock and general bonds. The preferred stock rose to 16¼, but fell half a point at the close. Chicago Railways, Series 1, sold at 112¾ at the close, compared with 110 at the opening, while Series 2 closed at 40½.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	11½	11⅛	11⅛
250	American Can pf.	82¼	82	82
110	Booth Fisheries	16½	16	16½
106	Booth Fisheries pf.	53	52	53
200	Chicago Brewing	1	1	1
200	Chicago Rys., Series 1	112¾	110	112¾
858	Chicago Rys., Series 2	40½	39½	40½
10	Chicago Rys., Series 3	27	27	27
7	Chicago Rys., Series 4	10	10	10
100	Chicago Subway	22	22	22
21	Chicago Telephone	132½	132½	132½
285	Commercial Edison	121⅝	121	121⅝
52	Diamond Match	130	130	130
10	Kansas City Light	50½	50½	50½
5	Kansas City Light pf.	85	85	85
100	Met. Elevated pf.	49	48	48
10	National Biscuit	104	104	104
10	Nat. Carbon, ex div	90	90	90
5	Quaker Oats pf.	102½	102½	102½
600	Sears-Roebuck	92	92	92
275	Street's	49½	49½	49½
145	Swift & Co.	108⅜	108⅛	108⅜
1,520	United Box Board	16¼	15	15½

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Reading was the chief feature of the stock market to-day. Cambria Steel again crossed 41, but was not in large demand. The market closed steady.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	American Cement	40½	40½	40½
10	American Ice	38	38	38
100	American Smelting	92¾	92¾	92¾
1	Bell Telephone	116½	116½	116½
206	Cambria Steel	41½	41	41½
93	Elec. Storage Bat.	52½	52	52
5	General Asphalt pf.	62¾	62¾	62¾
5	Keystone Telephone	13¼	13¼	13¼
1,657	Lake Sup. Corp.	24	23	23
5	Lehigh Navigation	103½	103½	103½
250	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	103¼	103	103¼
946	Lehigh Valley	80½	80	80½
842	Penn. R. R.	68½	68⅜	68⅜
125	Philadelphia Co.	41½	41¼	41¼
72	Philadelphia Elec.	11¼	11⅛	11⅛
830	Philadelphia R. T.	28⅝	28¼	28⅝
12	Philadelphia Trac.	92	91	91
3,175	Reading	79 3-16	78¾	79 1-16
15	Reading 2d pf.	50½	50½	50½
25	Tonopah Belmont	15-16	15-16	15-16
400	Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6½	6⅝
124	Union Pac.	194⅞	194⅝	194⅞
420	Union Traction	53	52⅞	53
493	United Gas Imp.	88¼	88	88¼
2,051	U. S. Steel	69⅝	69	69⅝

FULTON TRUST CO.
OF NEW YORK
30 Nassau Street
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 NASSAU ST., New York.
33 LOMBARD ST., London, E. C.
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus and undivided Profits $5,183,285

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.
Capital and Surplus $12,000,000
Oldest, Largest and most Progressive in New York

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Some Excitement in Cotton.

What little excitement Wall Street found yesterday came from the cotton pit, following the publication of the Government's report as of June 25, showing a decline in condition of 6.5 points during the month. This the cotton trade regarded as decidedly bullish, and the different options were bid up at a furious rate, but the Stock Exchange appeared to take only an academic interest in the demonstration going on in cotton. Ordinarily, bullish news on cotton means bearish news on stocks, but for some reason or other the stock market did not appear to regard the poor cotton report very seriously. On the basis of the Government figures, some traders estimated that the cotton yield would be a little better than 11,000,000 bales, which, the bulls on stocks argued, would not be so bad, after all, inasmuch as the crop ought to sell for a pretty good price. In some banking quarters where cotton conditions are followed closely, accurate knowledge being essential to the proper conduct of certain branches of the business, no attention at all was paid to the Government figures, the belief being expressed that they did not reflect the true situation.

⁂

The Traffic Standpoint.

For one thing, it is a bit early in the season for the stock market to become unduly excited over cotton prospects. Just now, operators in stocks are paying more attention to wheat and corn conditions. Some of the largest buyers of stocks yesterday gave as the reason for their commitments the belief that next Thursday's Government report on cereals would be more favorable than has been generally realized heretofore. Although the cotton crop is of great importance from the money point of view, and its relation to our foreign credits abroad, it is toward wheat, corn, and oats that most of the railroads look for traffic returns. In the public estimation it is undoubtedly true that more stress is laid on the cereal production than on cotton, and sentimentally the former is more of an influence on security prices. Traffic of only a comparatively few roads is involved in the moving of cotton, while all the big Western common carriers are vitally interested in grain shipments.

⁂

Reading's Recovery.

Reading was the most conspicuously strong stock in yesterday's market, advancing to approximately the level from which it began to decline following the declaration of only the usual dividends a couple of weeks ago. On the recovery in prices since a week ago last Monday, Reading has been in the lead, having advanced more than ten points from the low level then recorded. The traders could not get the idea out of their heads that "something would be doing in Reading" in the way of an extra disbursement before many months, their conviction being strengthened by Thursday's announcement of the Lackawanna extra dividends. Bankers affiliated with the Reading, however, again failed to give any encouragement for that belief, and many very well-informed persons insisted that nothing out of the ordinary would be done by the Reading Company, at least until some line could be had on what the next Congress might do concerning amendment of the commodities clause of the Hepburn bill. It is suspected that the company is apprehensive lest the law may be modified so as to invalidate the holding company as a legal means of complying with its provisions.

⁂

Three Unpopular Stocks.

Stocks of the companies in process of reorganization do not seem to be very popular just now. Third Avenue, Western Maryland, and Chicago Great Western shares were all very weak yesterday, with particularly severe declines occurring in the former two, on top of the slump which had been going on in them for the last week. In the case of Third Avenue, which dropped to 16, the scarcity of the stock for loan purposes apparently had no terrors for those who wanted to go short of it. The fact that a stock is hard to borrow is not necessarily a bull argument on it, and some very free short selling of Third Avenue was under way. The stock has been loaning flat for several days, but so did Chicago Great Western for a long time prior to formal announcement of the reorganization plan. The common stock of the Great Western, which was then selling around 5, yesterday sold as low as 1½. Western Maryland sold at 8⅜, less than one-third of the price it brought not many weeks ago under the benign influence of pool operations.

NATIONAL STARCH FINANCING.

Corn Products Subsidiary May Take Up Defaulted Coupons.

A plan for the refinancing of the National Starch Company, a subsidiary of the Corn Products Refining Company, which may result in a reduction of its bonded indebtedness, is under discussion by the officials of the parent company, which, while owning all of the common stock of the concern, only owns $50,000 of the $3,715,000 5 per cent. debentures outstanding.

The starch company has been running behind, it is understood, and has been helped out by the Corn Products Refining Company. The July coupons of the debentures have not been paid, and measures are being discussed by which a foreclosure may be avoided. President Bedford of the parent company, said yesterday that bondholders representing more than $1,000,000 of the bonds have suggested that the Corn Products Refining Company take up the coupons. A committee of the bondholders will in all probability be appointed to consider the best means of meeting the situation.

RECEIVERS FOR MAINE BANK.

Waterville Trust Co. Perpetually Enjoined from Doing Business.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 2.—Permanent receivers for the Waterville Trust Company of Waterville were appointed to-day by Associate Justice Spear of the Supreme Court. This bank was closed May 10, when a restraining order was issued by Judge Spear on the complaint of State Bank Examiner William B. Skelton. The receivers appointed to-day were Charles F. Johnson, who is counsel for the company, and Harry L. Holmes, Treasurer of the company.

Judge Spear's decree perpetually enjoins the Waterville Trust Company and its officers from the further prosecution of its business as a trust company.

The Week's Failures.

Bradstreet's reports 213 failures for the week ended July 1, as against 223 for the preceding week and 236, 135, 134, and 127 for the corresponding week in 1908, 1907, 1906, and 1905. The Eastern States have 25, Middle States 65, Southern States 53, Western 36, Northwestern 13, and Far Western 21. About 87 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 or less, 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000, and 3 per cent. from $20,000 to $50,000.

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000
TRUST FUNDS TO REDEEM OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES.	
Gold coin	$852,090,869
Silver dollars	484,406,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,213,000
Total	$1,340,709,869
General fund	96,011,527
Deposits in National banks	74,663,499
In Philippine Treasury	4,152,073
Current liabilities	110,400,588

Furnished rooms and board. See Page 15.

D., L. & W.'S GRIP ON COAL CO.

Lackawanna Contracts Will Prevent Outsiders Getting Control.

An interesting feature of the transfer by the Lackawanna Railroad of its coal business to the new Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company, which did not become generally known until yesterday, is a clause in the contract between the railroad and the coal company by which the former may terminate its contracts at any time and refuse to sell coal to the $6,800,000 company whose stock is to be divided among the railroad stockholders at par.

This precaution of making the contracts terminable at will has been taken, it is understood, with the possibility in view of the control of the coal marketing company passing out of the hands of those identified with the railroad.

The 136,000 shares of the coal company will be at first scattered, according to the terms of subscription privileges, among the Lackawanna Railroad stockholders, but there is nothing to prevent their accumulation by outside interests except this provision in the coal-selling contract, which leaves the merchanting company at the mercy of the railroad management.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London 'Change Cheerful—Americans Gather Strength.

LONDON, July 2.—Money was plentiful and in quiet demand on the market today. Discounts were easy.

Trading on the Stock Exchange continues cheerful on further general advances under the influence of cheap money, dividends being reinvested in consols and gilt-edged securities, while home rails received attention on the settlement of the labor troubles. Copper shares were steady after a period of irregularity. Russian and Japanese bonds were in good demand, and Kaffirs were dearer with a broadening of business.

American securities opened steady, a fraction above parity. Later the market gathered strength on covering operations, and at midday was firm, with prices from ⅛ to ⅞ over yesterday's New York closing. The approaching holiday in the United States checked business, but prices later improved under the lead of Union Pacific, and with New York buying in the afternoon, especially in the case of Erie, the market closed firm.

Bar silver quiet at 23⅞d per ounce.

Money, ¾@1 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 1⅜ per cent.; for three months' bills, 1⅜ per cent.

PARIS, July 2.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm.

At closing, 3 per cent. rentes were 97f 62½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 19c for checks.

BERLIN, July 2.—Trading was very inactive on the Boerse to-day, but prices were firm. Canadian Pacific shares tended downward.

Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, July 2.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

Cash in hand decreased 123,572,000 marks, loans increased 124,063,000 marks, discounts increased 299,306,000 marks, Treasury bills increased 85,262,000 marks, notes in circulation increased 443,737,000 marks, deposits decreased 93,515,000 marks, and gold in hand decreased 111,143,000 marks.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84¼	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	84⅜	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	10	48¾	49¼	— ½
Atchison	118½	115⅛	115⅛	.. ..
Canadian Pacific	186⅝	182⅜	..	.. ..
St. Paul	158½	154⅞	154½	+ ⅜
Erie	38½	37⅝	36⅞	+ ⅜
Erie 1st pf	56	54¾	53½	+ 1¼
Illinois Central	153	149⅜	148½	+ ⅛
Louis. & Nash	144	140½	..	.. ..
N. Y. Central	136½	132¾	133	— ¼
Pennsylvania	70	136¼	136⅜	+ ⅛
Reading	80¾	157⅞	156⅞	+ 1⅜
Southern Pacific	135¼	131⅝	131⅜	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	199¾	194⅛	193⅝	+ ½
U. S. Steel	71⅛	69½	69¼	+ ¼
U. S. Steel pf	129¼	126¼	126¼	.. ..

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95	96
German consol 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102¼	103¼
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85	86
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88	89
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British consol 2½s	84	85

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	9	6	Esperanza	2	17	6
Tomboy	1	2	6	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	6	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.03	Julia	.07
Alpha Con	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.14	Kentucky Con	.05
Belcher	.44	Mexican	9.00
Best & Belcher	.35	Occidental Con	.15
Bullion	.20	Ophir	1.42
Caledonia	.17	Overman	.20
Challenge Con	.18	Potosi	.35
Chollar	.19	Savage	.20
Confidence	.75	Sag Belcher	.02
Con. Cal. & Va.	.87	Sierra Nevada	.28
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con	.47
Crown Point	.42	Utah Con	.04
Gould & Curry	.18	Yellow Jacket	.50
Hale & Norcross	.22		

Silver bars, 51⅞c.; Mexican dollars, 49@52c.; drafts, 2@2½c. premium; telegraph, 4@5c. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.23
Belmont	.83	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.10	Goldfield Con. M.	7.07
McNamara	.25	Great Bend	.05
Midway	.21	Jumbo Extension	.10
Montana	.65	Kendall	.04
Tonopah Extension	.48	Lone Star	.03
West End	.23	Red Hills	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm	.09
Adams	.01	Silver Pick	.10
Atlanta	.0[illegible]	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Nat. Bank	.02
Combination Frac.	.57	Tramp Cons	.01
Crackerjack	.01		

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 2.—The market was dull and featureless aside from the continued pressure to sell and increasing weakness of Western Maryland, which sold down to 4¾. Stocks, 1,500; bonds, $50,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Cotton Duck 5s	81	81	81
10,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
9,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	Seaboard 4s	88	88	88
10,000	United Rys. 4s	87	86¾	86¾
6,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	82¾	82½	82½
3,000	Va. Midland 2d	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
	STOCKS.			
45	A. C. L. of Conn	282¾	282¾	282¾
25	Balt. Brick	4	4	4
10	Con. Coal	91½	91½	91½
45	Md. Casualty	90	90	90
10	Norfolk Rys. & Lit.	21¼	21¼	21¼
15	Seaboard Co. com	19	19	19
1,350	West. Maryland	5	4¾	4¾

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar (A) 4s, March 15, 1911	99	99½
Am. Cigar (B) 4s, March 15, 1912	98½	..
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100¼	100⅞
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100¾	101
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101¼	101¾
Interborough 5s, March, 1910	101⅛	101⅝
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	104	104¼
K. City Ry. & Light 6s, Sept., 1912	99⅞	100⅛
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99½	99⅞
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Louisv. & Nashv. 5s, March, 1910	101⅛	101⅜
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅝	100
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	101⅛	101⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100¾	101
Westingh. E. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅞	101⅛
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	102¾	103¼

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

SILPA & MIRSKY.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership between JACOB SILPA and JOSEPH MIRSKY, under the firm name and style of SILPA & MIRSKY, was dissolved on July 1, 1909, by mutual consent, and that all debts due to said partnership and those due by them will be assumed, settled by JOSEPH MIRSKY, the remaining partner, who will continue the business under the firm name of JOS. MIRSKY.—Dated New York, July 1, 1909. (Signed) JOSEPH SILPA.
JOSEPH MIRSKY.

Executor

Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON
18 Bishopsgate St. Within.

PARIS
41 Boulevard Haussmann

Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.

Travelers' Letters of Credit

Payable Throughout the World

Administrator

Guardian

Franklin Trust Company

166 Montague Street, Brooklyn — 140 Broadway, New York

Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on Demand and Time Deposits

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

Empire Trust Company

MAIN OFFICE
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
BRANCH OFFICES
487 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. — 242 E. Houston St., N. Y.
FOREIGN OFFICE
9 New Broad St., London, E. C.

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, JUNE 30, 1909

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
N. Y. State Bonds	$941,553.75	Capital	$1,000,000.00
Municipal Bonds, N. Y. State	792,601.25	Surplus and Undivided Profits	1,079,784.06
First Mortgages on N. Y. City Real Estate	740,368.17	Reserved for Taxes	19,436.81
Other Stocks and Bonds	1,337,093.25	Dividend (payable July 1, 1909)	40,000.00
Time Loans and Bills Purchased	3,491,510.45	DEPOSITS	19,383,201.37
Vault and Fixtures	54,447.55		
Demand Loans	6,877,111.63		
Cash on hand and in Banks	7,153,186.02		
Accrued interest	134,550.17		
	$21,522,422.24		$21,522,422.24

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DEPOSITS

December 31, 1907	6,421,510.76
December 31, 1908	13,425,117.61
June 30, 1909	19,383,201.37

This Company is the Fiscal Agent of the State of New York for the Sale of Stock Transfer Tax Stamps.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY

of NEW YORK

54 Wall Street, New York

Report of its condition at the close of Business, June 30th, 1909

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Bonds and Mortgages	$1,179,369.57	Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Public Securities	7,189,088.48	Surplus	15,000,000.00
Other Securities	18,886,927.62	Undivided Profits	701,027.47
Loans	41,496,392.74	Deposits	93,724,526.44
Real Estate	979,765.19	Other Liabilities, viz.:	
Cash in Banks	33,660,051.73	Reserved for Taxes	163,000.00
Cash in Vaults	9,024,299.25	Accrued Interest	133,616.66
Accrued Interest	348,275.99	Unpaid Dividends	42,000.00
Total	$112,764,170.57	Total	$112,764,170.57

OFFICERS

JAMES N. WALLACE, President
E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice-President — BENJAMIN G. MITCHELL, Vice-President
DUDLEY OLCOTT, Vice-President — EDWIN G. MERRILL, Vice-President
MILTON FERGUSON, Secretary — FRANK B. SMIDT, Assistant Secretary

CARNEGIE TRUST COMPANY

115 Broadway, New York

CHARLES C DICKINSON, President

Statement at close of Business, June 30th, 1909

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Cash on Hand and in Bank	$3,212,242.34	Capital	$1,500,000.00
State and City Bonds	2,052,828.80	Surplus	750,000.00
Stocks and Bonds	1,486,942.50	Undivided Profits	287,570.87
Loans, Demand and Time	1,938,652.78	Acceptances	325,948.24
Bills Purchased	6,494,394.99	Deposits	13,203,579.47
Foreign Exchange	32,509.00	Reserve for Taxes	15,000.00
Mortgages	513,000.00	Accrued Interest Payable	35,454.26
Equipment	151,000.00		
Accrued Interest Receivable	235,982.43		
	$16,117,552.84		$16,117,552.84

Permanent Investments
IN
NEW YORK REAL ESTATE
Yielding
Full Profits

Past . . . Over $1,000,000
Present . Surplus $765,000
Future . At Least 12%
(3% Cash, Annually / 9% Accumulations)

Assets, - $3,000,000
STOCKHOLDERS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Write for Booklet 7 and 14 Years' Results

New York Realty Owners
489 Fifth Avenue, New York

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP

Boston, Mass., July 1, 1909.

We, the undersigned, have formed a copartnership under the name of WILLIAM WHITMAN AND COMPANY, to carry on a general dry goods commission business, and to act as selling agents for textile mills, as successors to the late firm of Harding, Whitman and Company.

WILLIAM WHITMAN
WILLIAM WHITMAN, JR.
ARTHUR T. BRADLEE
MALCOLM D. WHITMAN
LOUIS H. FITCH

17 AND 19 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK, JUNE 30, 1909.

The interest of the late MR. H. H. HOLLISTER in our firm ceases this date. The business will be continued by the surviving partners and Mr. WM. ALDEN PRATT, who becomes a partner this day.

HOLLISTER & BABCOCK.

MR. WATSON B. DICKERMAN has this day retired from membership in our firm.
MOORE & SCHLEY.
July 1st, 1909.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer,
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, July 7th, 1909
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
50 shs. Germania Fire Insurance Co.
70 shs. Germania Fire Insurance Co.
FOR ACC'T OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$36,000 Consolidated Lithograph Co. Coll. Trust 20-year 5 p. c. Bds., 1925, April, 1909, coupons attached.
$3,600 Consolidated Lithograph Co. 6 p. c. Bd., Interest Note No. 55, due July, 1912.
19½ shs. Union Bank of Brooklyn.
$11,500 International & Great Northern R. R. Co. 3d Mtge. 4 p. c. Bonds, 1921.
100 shs. Union Typewriter Co. 1st Pfd.
9 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
15 shs. National Park Bank.
11 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
12 shs. Importers & Traders Natl. Bank.
17 shs. National Bank of Commerce.
20 shs. Merchants Natl. Bank.
25 shs. Brooklyn Union Elevator R. R. pfd.
$14,103.62 Ctf. of Deposit of Metropolitan Trust Co., account Reorganization Committee of the Mobile, Jackson, Kansas City R. R. Co. and Gulf & Chicago Railway Co. for deposit of Notes of Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City R. R. Co., with Interest at 6 p. c. per annum.
$5,000 Ctf. of Deposit of Metropolitan Trust Co., account Reorganization Committee of the Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City R. R. Co. for Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City R. R. 1st Consld. 5 p. c. Bonds.
$375 do. do. for Coupons.
600 shs. Chicago & Mobile Securities Co.
15 shs. Guardian Trust Co. of N. Y.
127 shs. Oriental Bank (old stock.)
$15,000 Southern Electric Securities Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1934.
$6,067.21 Demand Note of Edmund K. Stallo, with interest with $8,000 Tennessee R'way 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. 30-year Gold Bds., 1937, as collateral.
$12,000 Ches. & Ohio R'way 1st Consld. 5 p. c. Bds., Regstd., 1939.
9 shs. Bank of America.
13 shs. Market & Fulton Natl. Bank.
15 shs. United States Mtge. & Trust Co.
43 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.
40 shs. Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line R'way Co.
75 shs. City Investing Co. common.
$5,000 Standard Motor Construction Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. S. F. Bds., 1927.
333 1-3 shs. Jalapa R. R. & Power Co.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,
New York City, June 30th, 1909.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company at 90 West Street, New York City, on Tuesday, the twentieth (20th) day of July, 1909, for the purpose of ratifying and approving the action of the Board of Managers of this Company in increasing, to the extent of Three Million and sixty-seven thousand Dollars, the Capital Stock of this Company, and directing a stock dividend of Fifteen (15) per cent., payable August 2, 1909 to Stockholders of record July 15th, 1909.

The polls will open at ten o'clock and close at eleven o'clock A. M. of the same day.

A. D. CHAMBERS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

$1,500,000

Peoria Railway Company

PEORIA, ILLINOIS

First and Refunding 5 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

Dated June 20, 1906 — Due Serially, Feb. 1, 1910-26

Redeemable at 105 and interest on any interest date. Interest payable February 1 and August 1 in New York City. Coupon Bonds, Denomination $1,000, registerable as to principal. Trustee, Illinois Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Ill.

The Peoria Railway Company owns and operates WITHOUT COMPETITION all the street railway lines of the City of Peoria, Illinois, and its suburbs, Averyville, Peoria Heights and East Peoria, Illinois—embracing a GROWING territory with a population estimated in excess of 80,000.

Financial Statement

Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00	
Bonded Debt		
Central Ry. Co. 5's, maturing April 1, 1915, to retire which Peoria Ry. Co. First and Refunding 5's are reserved	$570,000.00	
Peoria Ry. Co. First and Refunding 5's	2,249,000.00	$2,819,000.00
First and Refunding 5's retired in accordance with Trust Agreement		75,000.00
First and Refunding 5's reserved for additions and improvements to the property at 75 per cent. of cost		706,000.00
Total authorized issue First and Refunding 5's		$3,600,000.00
General Mortgage 5's outstanding secured by a lien junior to that of the First and Refunding Bonds		500,000.00

The First and Refunding 5 per cent. bonds are a first mortgage on the entire property of the company, subject only to $570,000 5 per cent. bonds due 1915. Present value of this property is estimated by independent engineers to be largely in excess of the bonded debt.

The Company has placed a supplementary mortgage on its properties, for the benefit of the bondholders, wherein it covenants to maintain a depreciation and maintenance fund, payments to be made annually beginning with 1909 and ending with 1925, which should aggregate about $1,865,000. This depreciation fund is calculated not only to prevent any deterioration of track and equipment, but to keep the property in excellent physical condition and modern in every respect.

The outstanding bonded debt of the company is being rapidly reduced by serial maturity of the bonds. $1,500,000, or more than 40 per cent. of the entire authorized issue, will be retired before 1926, in accordance with requirements of Trust Deed. Therefore, in 1926, the outstanding bonds of this issue will aggregate approximately only $1,394,000, against a replacement valuation of at least twice this bond issue.

Official Statement of Earnings.

(As certified by Arthur Young & Co., Certified Public Accountants.)

Year ending Dec. 31.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Gross earnings	$550,624.66	$571,399.10	$593,390.54
Opg. Expenses and Taxes	255,659.32	277,593.09	291,194.72
Net earnings	$294,965.34	$293,806.01	$302,195.82
Interest on First and Refunding 5's and prior liens outstanding as indicated in above table			140,950.00
Balance available for interest on junior liens, depreciation, dividends, etc.			$161,245.82

Net Earnings are considerably more than double interest charges on these bonds and prior liens. The Gross Revenue for the last five years has increased at the rate of about $25,000 per year.

Year ending Dec. 31,	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Gross Revenue	$493,606.36	$529,593.43	$550,624.66	$571,399.10	$593,390.54

The Peoria Railway Company First and Refunding Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds are guaranteed by endorsement on each bond, unconditionally as to principal and interest, by the Illinois Traction Company, which controls practically all the street and interurban railway systems of the entire central portion of the State of Illinois.

The above statement is based upon and is a summary of a letter by the Hon. William B. McKinley, President of the company, copy of which may be obtained upon application.

Having sold a large part of the above issue, we offer the unsold balance at 98 and accrued interest.

N. W. HALSEY & CO.

BANKERS

49 Wall Street, New York

PHILADELPHIA — CHICAGO — SAN FRANCISCO

SAVINGS BANKS.

United States Savings Bank

S. W. Cor. Madison Avenue & 58th St.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the three or six months ending June 30, 1909, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum, on all accounts of $5 and upwards entitled thereto, payable July 19, 1909. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1, 1909.

CHARLES N. TAINTOR, President.
JOHN HYSLOP, Treasurer.
EDWARD H. LANDON, Secretary.
ADOLPHE F. LeGOST, Cashier.

The Franklin Savings Bank

Corner 8th Avenue & 42nd Street

97th semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 19th, 1909.

Deposits made on or before the tenth of July will draw interest from the first.

Wm. G. Conklin, Pres. — J. Hallock Waring, Sec.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces the usual semi-annual cash dividend at the rate of Five Per Cent per annum on all accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the Society's

41st Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES:—First Mortgages on homes in New York City and vicinity, non-speculative, non-fluctuating.

Banking Dept. Supervision

Even a dollar will open an account. Thousands of investors, large and small. Assets over $1,175,000. Payments up to and including Saturday, July 10th, earn from July 1st.

SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM.

Begin now, or write for Booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS.
One Beekman St., New York.

FIVE PER CENT

PROPOSALS.

BOND SALE

City of New Rochelle, N. Y.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned at the Common Council Chambers, City Hall Building, corner of Main and Mechanic Streets, until Tuesday evening, July 6th, 1909, at eight o'clock, for the purchase of all or any part of $53,000.00 Registered five per cent. Relief Bonds, Series "C" of 1909, of said City, of $1,000.00 each, dated August 1, 1909, and maturing six of said bonds on the first day of May in each of the years 1911 to 1918, inclusive, and five of said bonds maturing on May 1, 1919. Interest payable semi-annually on the first days of May and November in each year. Principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer of the City of New Rochelle, and at the option of the purchaser, will be paid in New York Exchange.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on an incorporated bank or trust company in the State of New York for five per cent. of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer, or the same amount in cash.

No bid of less than par value of the bonds will be considered. Bidders must use the printed form of proposal furnished by the undersigned. Accrued interest to be paid by the purchaser and the delivery will be made at the office of the City Treasurer in New Rochelle on the first day of August, 1909.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

The legality of these bonds will be approved by Messrs. Delafield & Longfellow, No. 60 Wall Street, New York City, whose opinion will be furnished to the purchaser.

Dated New Rochelle, N. Y., June 17, 1909.

WILLIAM G. RAINSFORD, City Clerk.

WEST POINT, N. Y., JULY 1, 1909.—SEALED proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, for furnishing forage and straw at this Post will be received until 12 o'clock M., July 30, 1909. Deliveries to be made during fiscal year ending June 30, 1910. Information furnished upon application. The U. S. reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed "Proposals for Forage and Straw." Addressed Quartermaster

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Bowery Savings Bank.

128 AND 130 BOWERY,
NEW YORK, June 14, 1909.

150th Consecutive Dividend

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of FOUR per cent. per annum has been declared and will be credited on the first day of July next to all depositors entitled thereto, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 19th, 1909.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1909.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION

644-646 Broadway

116th SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

June 8th, 1909.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 30th inst., payable on and after July 19, 1909.

Deposits made on or before July 10, 1909, will draw interest from July 1, 1909.

JOSEPH BIRD, President.
FRANK G. STILES, Secretary.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Ass't Secretary.

EMIGRANT INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS BANK

51 Chambers St., New York

The Board of Trustees has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all deposits entitled thereto.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10, 1909, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST, 1909.

THOMAS M. MULRY, President.
JOHN J. PULLEYN, Comptroller.

Metropolitan Savings Bank

1 and 3 THIRD AVE. (opp. Cooper Institute)
CHARTERED 1852.

112th DIVIDEND

New York, June 8th, 1909.

INTEREST FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1909 at the rate of

Four Per Cent. Per Annum

will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the bylaws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000. INTEREST PAYABLE JULY 21, 1909. MONEY DEPOSITED on or before July 13th will draw interest from July 1st.

JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, June 15, 1909.

180TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending June 30th, 1909, at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after July 20th, 1909.

The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal, July 1st, 1909.

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1909.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
CHARLES A. SHERMAN, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

Empire City Savings Bank,

231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30, 1909, at the rate of 4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000, payable July 19, 1909. Money deposited on or before July 13 will draw interest from July 1, 1909.

[illegible] A. HOPPER, President.
A. T. TIMPSON, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

115 Chambers St., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30th, 1909, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, on all sums from $1 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable on and after July 15th.

Deposits made on or before July 12th will draw interest from July 1st, 1909.

W. H. B. TOTTEN, President
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary
H. E. TENER, Jr., Chairman of Finance Committee

Dollar Savings Bank

2808 Third Avenue.

Interest credited July 1st. at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, on accounts from $5 to $3,000.

Deposits made on or before July 10th draw interest from July 1st.

JOHN HAFFEN, President.
WM. M. KERN, Secretary.

CHANGE OF HOURS

Bank will close hereafter on Saturdays, at noon

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

31 W. 34th St. bet. 5th & 6th Aves.

Interest credited July 1st

FOUR per-cent per Annum

on deposits of $5, to $3,000. Deposits made by July 10th, draw interest from July 1st.

Bank open 10 a. m. to 3 p.m., Mondays 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. Saturdays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Samuel D. Styles, President
Fred'k N. Cheshire, Sec. & Treas.
George T. Connett, Asst. Treas.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, and in accordance with the Savings Bank Law, for the six months ending June 30th, 1909.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, July 19, '09.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
New York, June 23d, 1909.

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.

July 1, 1909, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

56 AND 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.

98TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Trustees have ordered interest at the rate of

FOUR (4) PER CENT.

per annum to be paid to depositors on and after July 19th on all sums of $5 and up to $3,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending June 30th, 1909, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

HENRY HASLER, President.
HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.
EMIL A. HUBER, Assistant Secretary.

ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Lafayette and Spring Sts.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30, 1909, at the rate of

4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM

on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable July 20th, 1909. Money deposited on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1, 1909.

JOSEPH N. FRANCOLINI, Pres.
JAMES J. SLEVIN, Treas.

COTTON CROP BELOW TEN YEARS' AVERAGE

Government Figure of 74.6 Per Cent. for June 25 Is 6 Per Cent. Beneath It.

SURPRISE FOR EXCHANGE

Local Brokers Had Estimated It Higher by 3 Per Cent.—Announcement Starts Active Trading Here.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The condition of the cotton crop in the United States averaged 74.6 per cent. of a normal on June 25 last, according to to-day's report of the Department of Agriculture. This is against 81.1 on May 25 last. On June 25 a year ago it was 81.2 and two years ago 72. The average condition on June 25, for ten years was 80.8.

The condition of the cotton crop by States for June 25, 1909, June 25, 1908, and ten year average respectively follows:

Virginia, 76, 92, 84; North Carolina, 75, 89, 84; South Carolina, 77, 84, 81; Georgia, 79, 83, 81; Florida, 88, 84, 85; Alabama, 64, 82, 80; Mississippi, 61, 84, 80; Louisiana, 62, 80, 81; Texas, 79, 80, 80; Arkansas, 76, 85, 81; Tennessee 80, 89, 84; Missouri, 83, 87, 84; and Oklahoma, 84, 64 and 82.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 2.—With the receipt of the Government report of 74.6 for the condition of the cotton crop on June 25, the most sanguine expectations of the New Orleans bulls were surpassed, and advances of 25, 30, and 35 points were scored by the active months on the New Orleans Exchange.

The December option, which opened at 11.65, and October, which opened at 11.64, went to 12 cents within a few moments after the report was received. There were corresponding advances in all other months. Later prices eased off somewhat on profit taking.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2.—That the black rot will cost Georgia cotton planters over $250,000 this season is the opinion of State Entomologist Worsham, who has just received reports from a majority of counties in the State.

A bill appropriating $10,000 for experiments with resistant varieties of cotton has been introduced in the Legislature.

With a Government report of condition as of June 25 6 per cent. below the ten-year average at this season and 3 per cent. below the estimates of sixty-two active members of the Cotton Exchange collected on Tuesday, the reading of the percentage of 74.6 from the rostrum of the Exchange at noon yesterday created more excitement in the pit than has been seen in several years and sent prices soaring. During the morning the course of prices had fluctuated between 6 and 8 points above Thursday's closing quotations, and traders awaited the flash from Washington with more nervousness than common.

The private estimates had varied widely, ranging from guesses of 78 per cent. accepted freely in Liverpool and New Orleans to The Journal of Commerce's estimate published on Thursday morning of 76.6. Theodore Price's published report of 73 per cent. had received very little credence, and the market was unprepared for the news from Washington, which had the effect of a bombshell in the pit.

Upon the Chairman's announcement the market immediately shot up 40 points from Thursday's close, or about $2 per bale. Within three minutes of the announcement the August, October, and January options were selling at 12 cents per pound as compared with 11.60 while the pit was awaiting the news. December sold up to 12.4.

The rush to buy began as soon as the Chairman, from his point of vantage in the rostrum, had called out "seventy-four," and the pandemonium in the pit drowned out the fraction except to the ears of those close at hand.

The first block which changed hands, as far as could be learned, was at 11.90, and it was not until an enormous volume of trading had been put through that the profit-taking orders which began to come over the floor telephones brought the first reaction. The rise was so sharp in the first few minutes that it is doubtful if any of the stop-loss orders on the way up from 11.60 were executed below the nineties.

It is a long time since the cotton brokers have had to handle such a rush of business as came in over the wires yesterday, and the confusion in the pit was increased by mix-ups in orders, which resulted in sharp fluctuations after the first upward rush. The first reaction amounted to from 10 to 12 points from the high levels, but the upward movement started in again when orders began to come in from Liverpool and out-of-town customers.

Under this stimulus the market went to still higher points, touching 12.08 cents per pound, with all the other months crossing 12.10 cents. At these prices the market was up from $2.50 to $2.60 per bale.

The crop estimators who had been figuring on a crop of 13,000,000 bales from the May Government report reduced their estimates yesterday to figures in the neighborhood of 11,800,000 bales, which would be little better than the short crop of 1907.

Yesterday's announced percentage of 74.6 on June 25 is the lowest, with the exception of that reported for June, 1907, in fifteen years. In that year the June percentage was 72 and the crop 11,000,000 bales.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Soars on Government Figures—Closes 51 to 55 Points Net Higher.

Cotton had a very excited advance yesterday, following the publication of the Government report, the gain being the more sensational in that it followed closely upon previous rapid advances, and carried the market far above all previous high records for the season. The close was 51 to 55 points up. The opening was steady, net unchanged to 6 points higher.

Weekly total crop movement figures of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Port receipts, 9,788,798 bales, against 8,260,257 last year; overland to mills and Canada, 1,252,117, against 802,852 last year; Southern mill takings, 2,165,000, against 1,961,000 last year; stock at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1, 55,880, against 71,577 last year; brought into sight thus far for season, 13,261,795, against 11,095,686 last year; brought into sight during the month of June, 246,506, against 286,941 last year.

Total crop movement is for 305 days this season, against 307 days last season.

Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
July	12.15	11.52	12.07@12.09	11.52
August	12.12	11.55	12.06@12.08	11.55
September	12.14	11.56	12.11@12.13	11.56
October	12.14	11.55	12.11@12.14	11.57
November	11.98	11.63	12.10@12.12	11.59
December	12.18	11.60	12.14@12.15	11.60
January	12.15	11.56	12.10@12.12	11.56
March	12.16	11.55	12.10@12.12	11.58
May	12.16	11.58	12.13@12.15	11.69

Spot cotton was steady, with prices 50 points higher, at 12.60 for middling upland and 12.85 for middling Gulf. Sales, 435 bales.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston steady, ⅜c higher, at 11⅞c; sales, 100 bales. New Orleans steady, ½c higher, at 12c; sales, 1,225 bales. Savannah quiet and firm, ⅜c higher, at 11¾c; sales, 25 bales. Norfolk firm, ¼c higher, at 11¾c; sales, 90 bales. Augusta firm, ½c higher, at 12¼c; sales, 380 bales. Memphis firm, 5-16c higher, at 11¾c; sales, 400 bales.

Board in private families. See Page 15.

HOLLINS & CO. GET C., C. & L.

Edwin Hawley Said to Have Been After It, but Bankers Got Ahead of Him

H. B. Hollins & Co., it was learned yesterday, have acquired a controlling interest in the bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville, which will give these bankers the dominant voice in the reorganization of this property.

W. A. Bradford, Jr., is President of the road, which for a time was included in the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton system, but later was turned back to the old stockholders.

Much interest has of late been taken in the affairs of this road for the reason that it has been understood that Edwin Hawley meant to use this road as an extension of the Chesapeake & Ohio from Cincinnati to Chicago. Some time ago it was reported that Mr. Hawley had obtained a controlling voice in the road's affairs through the purchase of first mortgage bonds, but such an interest has now been acquired by Hollins & Co. and a member of that firm said yesterday that the firm was not associated in any way with Mr. Hawley in its purchase of the bonds.

A representative of the Hollins interests said that the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville is in a position to be developed into an important road, but that it was not possible at this time to outline the plans for the future which Hollins & Co. have in mind. The committee, headed by Seth M. Carter, representing the bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville, gave notice to the bondholders yesterday that the committee has entered into an arrangement with H. B. Hollins & Co. which is expected to benefit the bondholders. The bondholders who have not yet deposited their bonds with the committee have until July 20 to do so, after which date no bonds will be accepted by the committee except at its discretion.

BANK CLEARINGS EXPAND.

The Country Over Showing a Heavy Increase for June.

Bank clearings for June also show a phenomenal gain over the corresponding month in previous years, and, notwithstanding the natural contraction of business expected at this season, show a substantial gain over the preceding months of this year. Much of the increase at New York was due to increased speculative activity on the Stock Exchange, but the large returns from points outside of the city are significant of the gains in general business.

According to the figures compiled by Dun's Review from returns from 116 cities in the United States, the total exchanges for June were $14,064,414,046, an increase of 43.3 per cent. over the figures for the same month in 1908 and of 14.6 per cent. as compared with 1906. Dun's says:

"There are comparatively few points that do not participate in this increase. In the Middle Atlantic States, Philadelphia and Pittsburg make a favorable comparison with last year, but the returns are smaller than in 1907 and 1906 on account of the depression in the iron market, although conditions in that respect are rapidly improving and will probably soon be normal. Boston, Hartford, New Haven, and some other New England cities make gratifying increases, while in the West there is remarkable improvement at Chicago, Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Detroit, Kansas City, St. Paul, Omaha, and almost every other point over last year, and in most instances over 1906.

BIG GAIN IN POSTAL RECEIPTS.

Nearly a Million in the June Quarter—7 Per Cent. for the Year.

Large gains in postal receipts are shown by figures which Postmaster Morgan gave out yesterday covering the business done by the New York Post Office during the fiscal year ended on June 30. The report showed receipts for the year of $19,921,054.87, as against $18,569,119.41 for the year ended June 31, 1908, an increase of 7 per cent. For the June quarter the receipts were $5,033,299.21 this year, as against $4,486,677.59 for the same quarter last year, showing that the Post Office is now on a $20,000,000 a year basis.

These figures were received with interest in the financial district yesterday, as the postal returns are generally regarded as an important indication of the business prosperity of the country.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The daily Consular and Trade Reports of the Bureau of Manufactures for to-morrow show the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these can be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

3,569. BIRD GUANO.—An American Consul in the West Indies reports that a party of Americans has located a considerable quantity of sea bird guano there, and would like to have the addresses of dealers in this material to whom samples could be sent for valuation.

3,570 PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Bids will be received until July 12 by the Isthmian Canal Commission, in Washington, for the supply of dredge dippers and parts, malleable castings, steel, switch plates, brass, bronze, copper tubing, boiler tubes, lock washers, mule shoes, steel cables, post drills, milling cutters, taps, bellows, anvils, tool holders, trowels, coke forks, timber carriers, adzes, pipe cutters, hoes, rail benders, saws, riddles, coal baskets, painters' trestles, pulleys, carborundum wheels, wire rocskets, slip scrapers, lawn mowers, butts, carlocks, sailmakers' palms, marine lights, station lamps, valves, cocks, gauges, gongs, pipe fittings, oilers hose couplings and nozzles, siphons, expansion joints, blasting batteries, hose, packing rubber valves, pipe covering, ship's felt, tent flies, canvas, bunting, railroad flags, sea coal facing, lead color paint, ammonia, sponges, shairs, tables, rugs, books, paper, guide cards, shipping tags, pens, pencils, erasers, rubber bands, paper clips, tacks, ranging poles, rules, steel tape, ink, lumber, &c. (Circular No. 519.)

3,571. CARRIAGES.—One of the American Consular officers in Latin America reports that a certain municipality there has recently granted permits for public and private carriages. Most of the carriages are upholstered and black leather, and provided with lamps lighted by candles. They are painted black and are generally striped with fine red lines. Their construction combines strength and lightness on account of the rough streets and the small horses used. He furnishes a list of owners of public carriages with whom correspondence in Spanish might be profitably held.

3,572. SODA FIBRE AND PAPER BOTTLES.—A letter received from a merchant in one of the Oriental countries who desires to enter into negotiations with manufacturers of soda fibre and paper bottles, as he believes there is a fine market there for the sale of these articles. He requests that all correspondence be accompanied with catalogue showing shapes and sizes of the bottles, and if possible with a sample of either or both articles.

3,574. WAGON UMBRELLAS AND HORSE HATS.—It is reported by an American Consul stationed in one of the European countries that there appears to be an excellent opportunity to introduce into that country the type of wagon umgrella so commonly used in the United States, and also straw hats for horses.

3,575. COMPRESSED WOOD BUNGS, OAK FLOORING.—A letter received from a manufacturer's agents states that the firm would like to receive correspondence from American firms in regard to compressed wood bungs, oak flooring, and several kinds of hard wood. This firm would also like to represent a limited number of American business houses, and is desirous of receiving correspondence to that effect.

3,576. PUBLICATIONS FOR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—An American Consular officer who is located in a certain European city reports that the Chamber of Commerce there desires to procure and place on file at the disposal of the business men of the city such documents and trade publications as contain the names and addresses of American producers.

3,577. NEW DEPARTMENT STORE.—A new department store is to be opened in the near future in a certain European city, and the firm owning it will begin shortly to place orders for the stocks of merchandise. The Consular officer reporting this matter states that the store will be the larges tone there, and that the firm is desirous of enering into correspondence with American manufacturers and exporters with a view of establishing business relations with them.

3,578. DRUGS AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.—Consul General Lewis M. Iddings of Cairo reports that the Egyptian Government will receive bids until Sept. 1 for the supply of drugs and druggists' sundries required by the Department of Public Health.

3,579. PROPOSED RAILWAY LINE.—An American Consul in Latin America furnishes the name of a man who should be addressed in regard to the construction of a proposed railroad line there.

3,580. FERTILIZERS AND MACHINERY AND MATERIALS FOR THEIR MANUFACTURE.—One of the American Consuls in South America reports that a company is being formed to engage in the manufacture and sale of fertilizers, and that he has been asked to procure catalogues and price lists from American manufacturers of the chemicals and machinery required. He also furnishes a list of firms and individuals who might be profitably addressed in regard to the sale of fertilizers.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
3d week June..	$37,240	$35,086	$2,154
July 1-June 21..	1,828,129	1,837,190	*9,061

DENVER, NORTHWESTERN & PACIFIC—

3d week June...	21,831	15,871	5,960

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

3d week June...	28,181	27,054	1,127
July 1-June 21..	1,475,739	1,587,484	*111,745

TWIN CITY LINES—

3d week June...	140,841	129,600	11,241
Jan. 1-June 21..	3,036,357	2,783,097	253,260

BOSTON & MAINE for May—

Total op. rev...	3,339,937	2,905,374	434,563
Net op. rev.....	1,129,619	821,978	307,641
Total net rev...	1,133,951	831,975	301,976
Oper. income ..	976,530	693,551	282,978
Gross income ..	999,391	715,918	283,473
Net income	874,728	66,672	808,056
Surplus	223,264	†107,258	330,523
Eleven months—			
Total op. rev...	36,079,825	35,375,962	703,863
Net op. rev.....	10,406,143	9,193,263	1,212,880
Total net rev...	10,494,561	9,238,637	1,255,924
Oper. income ..	8,862,614	7,664,798	1,197,815
Gr. corp. inc....	9,341,157	8,208,165	1,132,989
Net income	2,170,870	457,733	1,713,136
Surplus	504,974	1,448,946	1,953,330

*Decrease. †Deficit.

COLORADO MIDLAND for May—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	194,091	164,431	197,652
Exp. and taxes.	166,815	137,564	152,634
Net	27,276	26,867	45,018
Other inc. (deb.)	8,761	6,443	6,552
Total income ..	18,515	20,424	38,466
Charges	31,350	31,350	30,647
Deficit	12,835	10,926	*7,819
11 months gross	2,123,740	2,035,788	2,238,900
Exp. and taxes.	1,757,223	1,659,695	1,687,597
11 months net..	366,517	376,093	551,303
Other inc. (deb.)	53,822	34,957	39,053
Total income ...	312,695	341,136	512,250
Charges	344,850	341,339	337,113
11 months def..	32,155	194	*175,137

*Surplus.

HOCKING VALLEY for May—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total oper. rev.	396,278	303,606	92,671
Total oper. exp.	267,523	276,585	*9,061
Net oper. rev...	128,754	27,021	101,733
Total net rev...	134,841	12,282	122,059
Operating inc...	115,379	*3,753	119,132
July 1-May 31:			
Total oper. rev.	5,409,396	5,393,142	16,254
Total oper. exp.	3,661,815	3,990,929	*329,113
Net oper. rev...	1,747,580	1,402,212	345,367
Outside op. (net)	46,561	4,862	41,699
Total net rev...	1,794,142	1,407,074	387,067
Taxes	215,093	206,931	8,162
Operating inc...	1,579,048	1,200,143	378,904

*Decrease.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for May—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	4,665,394	4,050,015	4,862,104
Exp. & tax.....	3,400,520	3,053,856	3,569,188
Net	1,264,874	996,159	1,292,916
11 mos. gross...	52,626,824	53,635,795	51,727,739
Exp. & tax.....	40,532,235	41,948,527	36,831,570
11 mos. net.....	12,094,589	11,687,268	14,896,169

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for May—

Gross	175,835	125,314	232,596
Exp. & tax.....	169,223	103,877	182,463
Net	6,612	21,437	50,133
Other income...	5,752	3,567	545
Total income...	12,364	25,004	50,678
Charges	24,751	23,266	20,491
Surplus	*12,387	1,738	30,187
11 mos. gross...	1,971,720	1,845,498	2,164,350
Exp. & tax.....	1,663,385	1,669,666	1,689,114
11 mos. net.....	308,335	175,832	475,236
Other income...	93,020	167,550	5,862
Total inc.......	401,355	343,382	481,098
Charges	256,659	245,891	235,248
11 mos sur....	144,696	97,491	245,850

*Deficit.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for May—

Gross	3,647,894	3,259,672	4,050,858
Exp. & tax.....	2,635,715	2,591,285	3,039,371
Net	1,012,179	668,387	1,011,487
11 mos. gross...	41,898,184	41,194,630	43,886,060
Exp. & tax.....	28,675,760	32,574,369	31,130,903
11 mos. net.....	13,222,424	8,620,261	12,756,157

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM for May—

New York Central & Hudson River:

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total oper. rev.	7,417,309	6,494,124	923,185
Total oper. exp.	5,208,647	4,925,443	283,204
Net oper. rev...	2,208,662	1,568,681	639,981
Outside op. (net)	8,062	21,051	29,113
Total net rev...	2,216,724	1,547,630	669,094
Taxes	362,159	319,599	42,560
Oper. income....	1,854,565	1,228,031	626,534
Rutland:			
Total oper. rev.	261,291	220,479	41,812
Total oper. exp.	200,884	164,988	36,896
Net oper. rev...	60,407	55,491	4,916
Total net rev...	60,407	55,491	4,916
Taxes	9,430	6,470	2,951
Oper. income...	50,977	49,013	1,964
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:			
Total oper. rev.	3,472,216	2,894,302	577,914
Total oper. exp.	2,230,601	2,046,762	183,839
Net oper. rev...	1,241,615	847,540	394,075
Outs. op. (debit)	8,407	*1,259	9,666
Total net rev...	1,233,208	848,799	384,409
Taxes	125,000	110,000	15,000
Oper. income...	1,108,208	738,799	369,409

*Credit.

Lake Erie & Western:			
May tot. op. rev.	372,549	307,947	64,602
Tot. op. exp....	325,100	314,756	10,344
Net op. rev....	47,449	†6,809	54,258
Taxes	17,762	17,741	21
May op. inc....	29,687	†24,550	54,237

†Deficit.

Michigan Central:			
May tot. op. rev.	2,164,970	1,850,392	314,578
Tot. op. exp...	1,521,677	1,280,882	240,795
Net op. rev....	643,293	569,510	73,783
Outside op. (debit)	7,505	46	7,552
Tot. net rev....	635,788	569,556	66,232
Taxes	94,000	90,000	4,000
May op. inc....	541,788	479,557	62,231
Cincinnati Northern:			
May tot. op. rev.	78,566	72,155	6,411
Tot. op. exp....	74,416	57,627	16,789
Net op. rev....	4,150	14,528	*10,378
Taxes	4,100	4,000	100
May op. inc....	50	10,528	*10,478
Chicago, Indiana & Southern:			
May tot. op. rev.	234,221	186,354	47,867
Tot. op. exp...	181,213	166,526	14,687
Net op. rev....	53,008	19,828	33,180
Outside op. (debit)	211	......	211
Tot. net rev...	52,797	19,828	32,969
Taxes	12,500	7,000	5,500
May op. inc....	40,297	12,828	27,469
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis:			
May tot. op. rev.	2,130,102	1,762,020	368,082
Tot. op. exp....	1,561,274	1,423,432	137,842
Net op. rev....	568,828	338,588	230,240
Outside op. (debit)	2,668	†599	3,267
Tot. net rev....	566,160	339,187	226,973
Taxes	74,000	75,801	*1,801
May op. inc....	492,160	263,386	228,774

†Credit.

New York, Chicago & St. Louis:			
May tot. op. rev.	814,105	717,346	96,759
Tot. op. exp....	550,147	508,054	42,093
Net op. rev.....	263,958	209,292	54,666
Outside op. (deficit)	1,901	910	991
Tot. net rev...	262,057	208,382	53,675
Taxes	26,000	23,000	3,000
May op. inc...	236,057	185,382	50,675
Peoria & Eastern:			
May tot. op. rev.	210,097	179,604	30,493
Tot. op. exp...	165,832	159,889	5,943
Net op. rev....	53,265	19,715	33,550
Taxes	8,800	9,662	*822
May op. inc....	44,465	10,093	34,372
Pittsburg & Lake Erie:			
May total......	1,088,687	645,809	442,878
Tot. op. rev...	480,488	410,418	70,070
Net op. rev....	608,199	235,391	372,808
Outside op. (debit)	641	165	476
Tot. net rev...	607,558	235,226	372,332
Taxes	17,000	17,500	*500
May op. inc....	590,558	217,726	372,832

*Decreased.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for May—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	911,995	804,194	1,122,311
Expenses	676,358	579,931	895,870
Net	235,637	224,263	226,441
Chgs., taxes, &c.	151,663	149,562	149,018
Surplus	83,974	74,701	77,423
11 months gross.	10,224,879	10,022,722	11,124,678
Expenses	7,969,308	7,778,269	8,826,352
11 months net...	2,255,571	2,244,453	2,298,326
Chgs., taxes, &c.	1,663,615	1,673,281	1,642,487
11 months surp.	591,955	571,172	655,839

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for May—

Gross	309,796	231,236	430,285
Exp. and taxes.	228,012	191,547	281,350
Net	81,784	39,689	148,935
Other income...	*721	9,222	4
Total income....	81,062	48,911	148,939
Charges	39,001	39,108	36,767
Surplus	42,061	9,803	112,172
11 months gross.	3,777,869	3,836,290	4,427,119
Exp. and taxes.	2,688,158	2,770,595	3,055,724
11 months net...	1,089,711	1,065,695	1,371,395
Other income...	49,918	180,385	7,076
Total income....	1,139,630	1,246,080	1,378,471
Charges	439,379	445,058	406,029
11 months surp.	700,251	801,022	972,442

*Debit.

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for May—

Gross	705,387	683,618	703,953
Exp. and taxes.	660,345	721,376	670,936
Net	45,042	*37,758	33,017
11 months gross.	9,371,847	9,478,433	8,765,792
Exp. and taxes.	8,330,639	8,444,570	7,435,130
11 months net..	1,041,208	1,033,863	1,330,662

*Deficit.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Engineers—Managers,
CHICAGO.

The Board of Directors of the **San Diego Consolidated Gas & Electric Co.** has declared a quarterly Dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred stock of this Company, payable by check July 15th to stockholders of record as of the close of business July 5th.

The preferred stock transfer books will be closed on July 6th and will reopen on July 16th.

R. J. GRAF, Asst. Secretary.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Engineers—Managers,
CHICAGO.

The Board of Directors of the **Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company** has declared a quarterly Dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred stock of this Company, payable by check July 15th to stockholders of record as of the close of business July 5th.

The preferred stock transfer books will be closed on July 6th and will reopen on July 16th.

R. J. GRAF, Asst. Secretary.

The Undersigned Are Authorized to Receive Public Subscriptions to

200,000 SHARES

Of the Treasury Stock of the

ALVARADO CONSOLIDATED MINES CO

(Incorporated under laws of Maine)

Authorized Capital - - - $10,000,000

Divided into 1,000,000 shares of a par value of $10 each, of which 800,000 shares are now outstanding.

DIRECTORS

A. J. McQUATTERS, Prest. McQuatters Co., Engineers, Dallas, Tex.
H. DUMARESQ, retired partner Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston.
T. E. HOPKINS, Danielson, Conn., V. P. Federal Trust Co., Boston.
JAS. I. LONG, Prest. Parral & Durango R. R., Parral, Mexico.
WM. B. HARRISON, Prest. State National Bank, Ft. Worth, Texas.
JUAN A. CREEL, Prest. Banco Minero, Chihuahua, Mexico.
THOS. S. SHEPPERD, Govt. Engineer, Chihuahua, Mexico.
J. R. SCHERMERHORN, Capitalist, East Orange, N. J.
GEORGE H. FLINT, Treasurer, Boston, Mass.

OFFICERS

President.....................A. J. McQUATTERS
Vice-President.....................J. R. SCHERMERHORN
Consulting Engineer.....................FRANK C. MOREHOUSE
Treasurer.....................GEO. H. FLINT
Secretary.....................W. J. FREEMAN
Attorneys.....................ADLER & WOOD, Boston; CANCINO & RIBA, City of Mexico
Counsel.....................RICHARD OLNEY, Boston; AUGUSTUS P. LORING, Boston
Registrar of Stock.....................STATE STREET TRUST CO., Boston
Transfer Agent.....................FEDERAL TRUST CO., Boston

This company is the owner of the famous Palmilla Mines in Parral, Mexico, formerly owned by Pedro Alvarado, having recently secured full ownership of the property, though the company was originally formed with the same capital stock to secure a 15-year lease of the property on a 55% royalty basis. The Mines are located 2½ miles from the City of Parral, Chihuahua, Mexico, connected by a branch of the Mexican Central called the Parral & Durango R. R., which passes within one mile of the property.

These properties were owned by the father of Pedro Alvarado. No considerable mining was done until 1898, but from that time until 1906 Pedro Alvarado produced, from the best data obtainable, $25,000,000 (Mexican). Through the careless manner in which the property was run it is estimated that at least 25% of the total value of the ore was stolen.

The property is situated on what is known as Palmilla Hill, which rises abruptly from 300 to 500 feet above the surrounding country. This hill seems to be the vein centre of the district, as veins enter it from many directions.

The development has disclosed two well-defined ore chutes. These ore chutes, designated as the North and South chute, are connected by a drift on the 600-ft. level on the vein, carrying ore of commercial value. **The ores carry gold and silver in the average proportion of one-third gold and two-thirds silver in value.** At the 600-ft. level or lowest level these chutes are 100 feet wide.

The property is well equipped throughout with good shaft houses, blacksmith and machine shops, dwelling houses, etc., with up-to-date hoisting and pump equipment and also with an aerial tram 2½ miles in length from the mine to the railroad at Parral.

Work Done By Present Management

The following letter from Prest. A. J. McQuatters shows the work that has been accomplished by the present management:

To Directors and Stockholders, Dallas, Texas, June 25, 1909.

Gentlemen: Since accepting the presidency of the Alvarado Consolidated Mines Co., I have been in very close touch with its local management, in fact, I have been almost constantly at the property.

From an examination of the mines at that time it was evident that we had two very important problems confronting us; first, the successful handling of the water in the mine, and second, to prove the mine to depth.

To accomplish these results we first installed a large and adequate pumping plant on the 6th level and are now handling the water with comparative ease and at a very nominal expense. We retimbered a number of the shafts and installed up-to-date electrical hoisting equipment. A large working tunnel was driven through the Palmilla hill for a distance of 1100 feet, which taps the mine workings at 437 feet below the collar of the shaft, thereby reducing the water and ore lift 437 feet. A three-compartment shaft was started at the tunnel level and is now down to a depth of 350 feet below that point, or 200 feet below the lowest point worked by Alvarado, and is still being sunk at the rate of 2½ feet per day. At the bottom of the new shaft, or the 800-ft. level, we are cross-cutting and drifting through the ore bodies, which work, when complete, will give us enormous ore reserves, as we will have opened 200 feet of virgin ground.

The upper levels have been carefully examined by our engineers, who report more than 300,000 tons of milling ore left in the mine by Alvarado and blocked out by us, that will average net values, after treatment charges, of $7.00 per ton (gold). We have over 250,000 tons of ore already mined and now on the surface, from which we have taken over 3000 samples, the assays from which indicate net values after deducting treatment charges of $6.00 per ton gold.

We have been prospecting the bottom of the mine, where we expect to secure our high-grade ore, with diamond drills to an average depth of 225 feet. A large number of assays from these drill holes showed ore of fabulous richness, as well as proving the existence of large bodies of milling ore. As the ore bodies are more than 100 feet wide at this depth, with a combined length of more than 750 feet, the quantity of ore indicated from the diamond drill prospecting would be from 900,000 to 1,100,000 tons. Taking the average of the high-grade and the milling ore and it is safe to figure upon the company realizing very handsome profits in the treatment of this tonnage.

As we have demonstrated by diamond drills that the ore bodies at a depth of 225 feet below the 600-ft. level are over 100 feet wide, there is of course every reason to believe that the values and size of the bodies continue to great depths.

Having solved the problems of handling the water and having proven the permanency of the veins and values below the water level and having demonstrated in a satisfactory manner that the ore yields readily to treatment and that excellent results are obained, I unhesitatingly recommend the immediate construction of a cyanide mill of a daily capacity of 1000 tons to be constructed in units of 250 tons each.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) A. J. McQUATTERS, President.

The New Mill

In order to build the new mill it is proposed to organize a Milling Company with a capital of $1,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares, par value $1, to treat the ores of the Alvarado Consolidated Mines Co. and the ores of other nearby mines. **The shares of the milling company will be given to the stockholders of the Alvarado Mines Co. as a bonus,** one share of Milling Co. stock for each share of Alvarado Consolidated Mines Co. stock so purchased and can only be obtained this way.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE MILLING CO. ARE:

JAMES I. LONG, Parral, Mex.
F. W. CLIFFORD, Minneapolis, Prest. Cream of Wheat Co.
J. DUDLEY CLARK of H. C. Wainwright & Co., Bankers, Boston.
SPENCER W. RICHARDSON, Retired Senior Member of Richardson, Hill & Co., Bankers, Boston.
L. S. GILLETTE, Capitalist, Minneapolis, Minn.

The proceeds from the sale of 200,000 shares of the capital stock of the Alvarado Consolidated Mines Co. are to be used in paying underwriters' commission, all expenses and commissions in the flotations of its securities and the buying of an interest in the MILLING COMPANY, so that said MILLING COMPANY will have in its treasury at least $750,000 in cash to build and equip a 1,000-ton mill.

THESE 200,000 SHARES OF TREASURY STOCK (WITH A BONUS OF ONE SHARE OF MILLING STOCK) ARE NOW OFFERED FOR PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION AT $5 PER SHARE, AS FOLLOWS:

$2 per share to accompany the application for subscription; and the balance of $3 per share payable within 10 days after notice of final allotment

If less than the number of shares applied for is allotted, the sum paid on subscription will be credited on the number of shares allotted. On failure to make final payment, the amount paid on subscription will be liable to forfeiture.

Applications for subscriptions should be made to the undersigned and all checks made payable to the Alvarado Consolidated Mines Co.

The subscription list will be opened on July 8th, and will be closed on the following day, though the company reserves the right to close the list at any time without notice, to reject any subscription and to allot any smaller amounts than applied for.

The entire issue of stock now being offered has been fully underwritten by responsible parties, under which agreement the underwriters are bound to take all of the stock not subscribed for by the public.

Subscriptions will be received by George H. Flint, Treasurer of the

ALVARADO CONSOLIDATED MINES CO

Room 711, 60 State St., Boston

And by the

CITY TRUST COMPANY

50 State Street, Boston

Or any National Bank, State Bank, Trust Company or responsible brokerage firm wherever located, is hereby authorized to take and receipt for subscriptions and forward same to us in accordance with this advertisement.

Stock will be traded in on the Boston and New York Curbs.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY.
42 Broadway, New York, July 1, 1909.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company has this day declared from its net profits a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the first preferred stock (including all outstanding old "preferred" stock) and a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the second preferred stock of this company to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Thursday, July 15th, 1909, payable, without closing of the transfer books, July 31st, 1909.

JOHN J. WATSON, Jr., Treasurer.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY,
30 Church Street, New York, June 24th, 1909.

The Board of Directors this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred capital stock, payable July 21st, 1909, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on July 6th, 1909. Checks will be mailed.

Transfer books of the preferred stock will close at 3 P. M., July 6th, 1909, and reopen July 22d, 1909.

S. T. CALLAWAY, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL BUTCHERS AND DROVERS' BANK.
New York, June 17, 1909.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three (3) per cent., free of tax, payable on and after July 1st, 1909.

The transfer books will be closed from June 17th until July 1st, 1909.

WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, June 9, 1909.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., ($1.00 per share,) payable July 15, 1909, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1909. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

OUT-OF-TOWN NATIONAL BANKS' REPORTS WILL BE PUBLISHED IN THE NEW YORK TIMES MONDAY, JULY 5TH, AND IN THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW OF THE SAME DATE.

Supremacy

At the last Bank call The New York Times as usual carried more statements of banks than any other newspaper—one hundred and two. The actual number of bank statements carried by the next newspaper was ninety-seven, including Canada.

The New York Times is recognized by bankers and financiers generally as the foremost, most largely circulated, and most efficient financial advertising medium. The Times is kept on file in banking institutions throughout the country, and the financial houses use its advertising columns more extensively than any other newspaper in New York, or, indeed, in the wrld.

The circulation of The New York Times exceeds by at least five times the circulation of the newspaper next to it in volume of financial advertising.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review of next Monday, July 5, will reprint the National bank statements.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Harlem Flats Sold—Apartment Houses for Bronx—Dealings by Brokers and at Auction

Charles I. Fleck and Company and Max [illegible] have sold for Elias Goodman and others 37 West 114th Street, a five-story double flat, on lot 25 by 100; also, 215 and 215½ East Seventh Street, two five-story single flats, on lot 33 by 97.

David Gerstenfeld has sold for a client to Daniel L. Korn, 71 East 105th Street, a five-story building, on plot 35 by 100.

Apartment Houses for Bronx.

Charles A. Weber has sold for a client the northeast corner of East 189th Street and Marion Avenue, a plot 50 by 100 feet, to Stephen McBride, a builder, who will improve the same with a five-story apartment house.

Henry Humphreys has sold the northeast corner of Park Avenue and 187th Street, a plot 102.6 by 100, to builders for improvement with flats.

Smith & Phelps have sold and resold 2012 Third Avenue, three three-story buildings, on lot 25 by 170.

Arnold, Byrne & Baumann have sold for Morris Freundlich the plot, 100 by 97, on the north side of 161st Street, 100 feet west of Prospect Avenue, to the Spencer-Polatcheck Realty Company, which will erect an apartment house on the site.

Jere J. Sullivan & Sons have sold for the Newton Holding Company 580 and 582 East 140th Street, a five-story new law house, on plot 38 by 100, to an investor.

More Apartment Sites on Heights.

The Henry T. Bulman Company has purchased from the Waunegan Realty Company the block front on the south side of 163d Street from Broadway to Fort Washington Avenue. The plot has a frontage of 157.2 feet on Broadway, 338 feet on 163d Street, 105.3 on Fort Washington Avenue, and a southerly line of [illegible].11. The property will probably be improved with apartment houses.

Lowenfeld & Prager have sold the northwest corner of Macomb's Place and 152d Street; also, 2,574 Seventh Avenue, southwest corner of 149th Street, a five-story flat, on lot 25 by 100.

East 77th St. Tenement Sold.

Lowenfeld & Prager have bought the southeast corner of Second Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 27.2 by 89.

E. E. Tisch & Co. and E. Simon have sold for the Joseph J. Hauer estate 323 and 325 East Sixtieth Street, two five-story tenements, on plot 50 by 100.5, to Abraham Greenberg.

C. Grayson Martin is the buyer of 64 West Forty-sixth Street, recently reported sold.

G. F. Butterly was the broker in the sale of 510 to 514 West Twenty-seventh Street reported recently. The buyer will erect a warehouse on the site. It is reported that the transaction involved $400,000.

L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co. have sold for Johannis Brunke, the property 250 Fourth Avenue, at the southwest corner of Twentieth Street, to one of their clients.

Leases for Stores.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Acme Mortgage Company two of the five stores, including the corner, in the building at the northeast corner of Twenty-first Street and Eleventh Avenue, opposite the new Chelsea Piers, for ten years, for a rental aggregating $60,000, to a brewery, for café and restaurant purposes.

[illegible] & Weissbein have leased for the [illegible] Construction Company the two southerly stores in the Allenhurst, at Broadway and 100th Street, to Herschmann & Bleier for a term of years.

De Blois & Eldridge have leased for the [illegible] estate their place at Ochre Point, Newport, R. I., to J. S. Barney of New York.

Harvey N. Bloomer has leased for the United Merchants' Realty and Improvement Company the store at 268 and 270 West 125th Street to the Riker Drug Company for ten years at an aggregate rental of $120,000. The same broker has also leased for the Winthrop Hotel Company a store in the building at the northwest corner of 124th Street and Seventh Avenue to S. Erlanger for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $15,000.

Jesse C. Bennett has sold his interest in the corporation of Jesse C. Bennett & Co. to Samuel B. Timmons, and is now in business temporarily at 1,440 Broadway.

Receiver in Foreclosure Suit.

Dennis O'L. Cohalan has been appointed receiver of the rents of 42 Broad Street and 38 New Street, an eight-story and basement office building, by Justice Giegerich of the Supreme Court, in a suit brought by the Broadway-Cortlandt Company against Shapiro, Portman & Henry, incorporated, and the Engadine Company to foreclose a second mortgage of [illegible] made on Jan. 25. The prior mortgage on the property amounts to $300,000. The receiver is required to give a bond of [illegible].

Justice Giegerich has appointed William H. Ricketts receiver of the rents of property on the north side of Seventy-second Street, 75 feet east of West End Avenue, [illegible] by 100, known as 265 West Seventy-second Street, pending a suit brought by Henry T. Carey against William M. D. Peyster to foreclose a second mortgage of $7,500. The prior mortgage amounts to [illegible].

Westmoreland Plots Sold.

The Rickert-Finlay Company has sold in Westmoreland to Catherine Burns the plot, 40 by 100, on the west side of Bayview Avenue, 260 feet south of Cutter Avenue; to J. E. Jennys the plot, 40 by 100, on the east side of Westmoreland Avenue, 220 feet south of Cutter Avenue; also the plot 40 by 100 on the west side of Bayview Avenue, 220 feet south of Cutter Avenue; to May A. McConeghy the plot, 40 by 100, on the east side of Westmoreland Avenue, 420 feet south of Cutter Avenue; to Capt. Richard Herbert the plot, 40 by 100, on the east side of Westmoreland Avenue, 340 feet north of Broadway; to W. P. Jollie the plot, 40 by 100, on the west side of Bayview Avenue, 180 feet south of Cutter Avenue.

Also, in Douglas Manor, to Caryl Bensel the plot, 60 by 100 feet, extending from Park Lane to Ridge Road, 280 feet east of East Drive.

The McKnight Realty Company has purchased about 300 acres of land at Little Neck and Great Neck, L. I., known as the Thorne and Duryea farms, with a frontage of 4,000 feet on Little Neck Bay. The property is opposite Douglas Manor, and has been held by E. C. M. Fitzgerald and Desmond Dunne at about $1,000,000.

Temple for Long Island Masons.

Among the new buildings projected in the Borough of Queens is a temple for Olympia Lodge, No. 808, F. and A. M., of Far Rockaway. It will be a two-story brick building on Mott Avenue, on plot [illegible] by 102, and will cost $27,000.

[illegible] & Kubelle of Astoria have filed plans for the erection of a four-story factory, 60 by 100 feet, to be built at Far Rockaway at a cost of $25,000.

Edward McVickar has sold the old Planten homestead at Paterson, N. J., consisting of seventy acres, to a Mr. Judd, who will immediately develop the property into building lots and bungalow sites.

New Weston Hotel Sold.

The New Weston Hotel, a twelve-story building at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street, was sold at auction in a foreclosure sale yesterday to the Knickerbocker Trust Company on a bid of $673,066. The company had a judgment of $170,000 against the property.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Madison Av, 431 to 437, n e corner of 49th St, [illegible] irregular, twelve-story hotel; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, the Knickerbocker Trust Co., for $673,066.

241st St, n s, 135 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; also 241st St, n s, 185 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; also 241st St, n s, 235 ft e of Katonah Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; also 241st St, n s, 285 ft e of Katonah Av, 50x100, two two-story dwellings; foreclosure sale, withdrawn.

By William Kennelly, Jr.

Webster Av, w s, 150.4 ft n of 179th St, 25x110, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, the Bronx Borough Bank, for $3,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

4½ SPECIAL MORTGAGE FUNDS; QUICK ACTION. WATSON & TAYLOR, [illegible] Park Row. 'Phone 2556 Cort. 4½

MONEY loaned, large sums, on first-class property only. Polak, 4,030 3d Av.

MORTGAGE MONEY | At lowest rates and charges. A. W. J. Petrie, 31 Nassau.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Lafayette St, 29 to 33, for a seven-story brick warehouse, 80.0x24.6; C. Lane, owner; T. W. Lamb, architect; cost, $40,000.

Greenwich St, 719 and 721; for six-story brick lofts, 37.6x73; Greenwich Holding Co., owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $40,000.

Courtlandt Av, e s, 75 ft n of 151st St, a six-story brick tenement, 40.7x87; Onyx Realty and Construction Co., owner; George F. Pelham, architect; cost, $50,000.

147th St, s s, 315 ft w of Brook Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 25x87.9; Jane Kitchem, owner; Moore & Landseidel, architects; cost, $25,000.

Courtlandt Av, n w corner of 155th St, for a six-story brick tenement, 50x89.7; Onyx Realty and Construction Co., owner; George F. Pelham, architect; cost, $65,000.

Bathgate Av, 1,587, for a one-story brick market and stable, 25x100; Wolf & Nathan, owners; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $8,000.

Vyse Av, e s, 200 ft n of Jennings St, for a four-story brick tenement, 22x60; Adele Harrington, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $18,000.

Vyse Av, s e corner of 173d St, for two four-story brick tenements, 35x89 and 40x90; One Hundred and Seventy-third Street Building Co., owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $70,000.

Boston Road, e s, 118.98 ft n of 165th St, for a six-story brick tenement, 82.11x99.4; Lorenz Weiher, owner; Moore & Landseidel, architects; cost, $60,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

58th St, 211 West, to a five-story brick apartment building; Bijou Real Estate Co., owner; O. Lewinson, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JULY 2.

AVENUE B, 170, 17.2x71; Harry Freed to David Lazarus, $100.
AVENUE D, 103 and 105, 37.6x100; Dora Willner to Rachel Michelson, (mtg $57,250,) $100.
BROADWAY, 2,783 and 2,785, w s, 50x100; Nathan L. Ottinger and another to Charles Hecht, (mtg $100,000,) $100.
CHISHOLM ST, e s, 113.11 ft n of Stebbins Av, 28x irregular; Ida Kaufman to Frederick Meyer, (mtg $16,950,) $100.
CLAY AV, w s, 211.11 ft s of 167th St, 150x97.6; Teller Av, e s, 325 ft n of 166th St, 105.5x221 to Clay Av x161.11x irregular; Leo Levinson to Nathan Mark and another, (mtg $39,800,) $100.
COLUMBUS AV, 473, e s, 25.2x100; Ernest A. Fairbanks to Solomon Fry and another, (mtg $36,000,) $1.
DECATUR AV, e s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; William H. Perry to Julius Josephsohn, (mtg $6,000,) $100.
FINDLAY AV, 1,272, e s, 16.8x100; Thornton Brothers' Co. to Marie Erb, (mtg $3,000,) $100.
FOREST AV, n e corner of 161st St, 21x98.6; Joseph Jacobs to Isaac Luitz, (mtg $13,000,) $100.
FOREST AV, w s, 39 ft s of 166th St, 20x97.3; Anna M. Beyer to Albert O. Lehr, $1.
FRONT ST, 191, e s, 19.3x75.6; Rosina Vollhart to Carolyn B. Prentice, (mtg $13,000,) $1.
GRAND ST, 66, 25x100; V. Tuska to Regal Construction Co., (mtg $30,000,) $100.
GREAT JONES ST, 30, 25.8x100; Jacob Schattman to Julius Schattman, Jr., and another, $1.
HEATH AV, w s, 615.10 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x100; Fordham Realty Co. to Arthur L. L. Montgomery, (mtg $4,500,) $100.
HOE AV, e s, 270 ft s of Bancroft St, 40x100; the Gaines-Roberts Co. to Ernest H. Opitz, (mtg $25,000,) $100.
KINGSBRIDGE to Williamsbridge Road, n w s; Lots 60 and 61, map of Charles Darke property, 50x160; Sumner Deane to William A. Mark, Brooklyn, (mtg $4,000,) $1.
KINGSBRIDGE to Williamsbridge Road, n w s; Lots 60 and 61, map of Charles Darke property, 50x160; William A. Mark to Sumner Deane, (mtg $5,000,) $1.
LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 126th St, 99.11x60; Celia Schattman to Julius Schattman, Jr., and another, $1.
LINCOLN ST, e s, 275 ft n of West Farms Road, 50x100; William Cameron to Margaret R. Cameron, (mtg $600,) $600.
LOT 103, map of Wakefield; Virgie A. Bogia, widow, and others to Carrie D. Dyer, $1.
LOT 104, map of Wakefield; Virgie A. Bogia, widow, and others to Charles V. Bogia, $1.
LOTS 104, 110, and 113, amended map of Camman estate; George J. Adams to McLernon Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $15,000,) $100.
LOTS 104, 110, and 133, amended map of Camman estate; Ida Hess to George J. Adams, (mtg $15,000,) $100.
LYON AV, s e s, at s w s of Doris Av, 101.11x120.2; William D. Howell to Baxter Howell Building Co., (mtg $7,000,) $1.
MADISON AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 105th St, 25x69.10; Margaret Campbell to Morris Victorius, (mtg $15,000,) $26,600.
MARION AV, n e corner of 189th St, 50x100.7; Caroline A. Weber to Stephen McBride, (mtg $3,750,) $100.
MINETTA ST, 6 to 10, 65.3x—; William Gullery to Julius Friedman, (mtg $17,500,) $1.
MINETTA ST, 6 to 10, 65.3x—; Julius Friedman to Esther Schulman, (mtg $17,500,) $1.
NATHALIE AV, e s, Lots 47 and 48, map of Anthony estate, 50x86; Martha D. Wormsere to Bertha Van Gilder, $100.
PARK ROW, 101, 18x65; Everett Jacobs to Eversley Jacobs, (mtg $50,000,) $100.
PARK AV, s w corner of 76th St, 102.2x100; Betty M. Hawks to Alliance Realty Co., (mtg $202,500,) $100.
PARK AV, n e corner of 73d St, 45.2x96; Corinne De B. Moore to Betty M. Hawks, $100.
PARK AV, n e corner of 39th St, 19.9x80; Emily A. Lawrence to George C. Boldt, Jr., (mtg $88,000,) $100.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 98th St, 106.5x96.11; Century Holding Co. to Barkin Construction Co., (mtg $98,000,) $100.
UNION AV, 821, 22.6x120.3; Mary A. King and another to Julia A. Stroh, $1,700.
WASHINGTON AV, n w s, at n e s of 169th St, 98x150; Herbert S. Ogden, executor, to Moe Cohen, $100.
WAVERLEY PLACE, 146, 22.3x97; John J. Long to Rosina Marron, (mtg $16,000,) $100.
WEST END AV, s w corner of 68th St, 25.5x100; Patrick Barry to Mary E. Kenney, (mtg $27,000,) $100.
1ST AV, 2,245, w s, 20x73; William Byrnes to Giacinto Bizzarri, (mtg $8,400,) $1.
2D AV, 676, 19.7x78; William H. Tyler to Thomas F. Quinlan, (mtg $12,000,) $100.
4TH AV, s w corner of 20th St, 20x64; John Borkel to Henry Iden and another, trustees, (mtg $70,000,) $100.
5TH AV, e s, 74.1 ft s of 33d St, 24.7x100; William R. H. Martin to City Real Estate Co., (mtg $120,000,) $100.
6TH AV, 57, 23.7x80; William F. Fischer to Mary L. Tucker of Chicago, Ill., $1.
7TH ST, 215 and 215½ East, 33.4x97.6; Morris Bloch and others to Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $28,200,) $1.
7TH AV, e s, 39.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x60; Isidor Blumenkrohn and others to Benjamin Blum, (mtg $43,000,) $100.
7TH AV, n e corner of 141st St, 37.11x100; Francis J. Walton to Jaeger Brothers' Realty Co., (mtg $80,000,) $100.
8TH AV, 511, 20x74; Anna M. Fox and another, heirs, to Rosa Haft, 2-3 part, $27,666.
8TH AV, 511; John H. Nesbitt to Rosa Haft, 1-3 part, $13,833.
9TH ST, 341 East, n s, 25x92.3; Leah Cohn to Louis M. Rosenthal, (mtg $22,000,) $1.
10TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 1st Av, 28x irregular; Joseph Jacobs to Isaac Lintz, 1-3 part, (mtg $26,000,) $100.
15TH ST, 157 West, 20x103.3; Catharine E. Webb to John B. McGinley, (mtg $12,000,) $1.
15TH ST, 157 West, n s, 20x103.3; John B. McGinley to Florence F. Altmayer, (mtg $15,500,) $100.
25TH ST, 353 West, 25x98.9; Mannsell B. Field, referee, to Robert J. Walsh, $15,600.
28TH ST, 31 and 33 East, n s, 45.10x98.9; Julia D. Thompson to William N. Heard, $100.
28TH ST, n s, 202.6 ft e of 2d Av, 40.10x98.9; Bernard S. Minkin and others to Mary C. Leto, (mtg $50,625,) $100.
40TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 25x122.10; Annie B. Jennings and others to Edw. F. Whitney, $100.
48TH ST, 240 and 242 West, s s, 42x93.7; Benjamin W. Levitan to Flora Levitan, ½ part, (mtg $45,000,) $1.
49TH ST, n s, 394 ft w of 6th Av, 44x100.4; Evan Griffiths to William J. Griffiths and others, $1.
49TH ST, n s, 384 ft w of 6th Av, 44x100.4; Evan Griffiths and another to William J. Griffiths and others, $1.
49TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 50x98.9x50.6x92.3, Richard M. Henry to Samuel Goldsticker, $95,100.
52D ST, s s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 50x100; Commercial Twine Co. and others to Louise Wick, (mtg $25,000,) $36,000.
55TH ST, 538 West, 25x100.5; Arleigh Pelham, referee, to William T. Laing, $16,400.
56TH ST, 318 East, n s, 25x100.5; Edward Marx and others to Isaac Mark, ½ part, (mtg $16,000,) $1.
56TH ST, n s, 189.4 ft e of 9th Av, 17.10x100.5; David H. Mackie to Mary E. Lester, (mtg $15,500,) $1.
67TH ST, n s, 475 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5; Barbara A. Simpson to Ricka Kaufman, $1.
69TH ST, 209 East, n s, 28x100.4; Bertha L. De Victoria to Amelia Schenck, (mtg $23,000,) $100.
76TH ST, 54 and 56 East, s s, 33x102.2; Fanny Schlesinger and another to Betty M. Hawks, (mtg $30,000,) $67,500.
76TH ST, 54 and 56 East, s s, 33x102.2; Betty M. Hawks to Alliance Realty Co., (mtg $46,000,) $100.
79TH ST, 415 and 417 East, 53x102.2; East End Av, e s, 51.4 ft s of 83d St, 25.4x82; Ignaz Vogel to Rosie Vogel, $1.
80TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 48.3x102.2; G. L. Lawrence to Francis J. Welton, (mtg $60,000,) $100.
83D ST, s s, 331 ft w of 8th Av, 19x102.2; Lucy W. Kuhne to Albridge C. Smith, Jr., (mtg $20,250,) $1.
85TH ST, 343 East, s s, 25x102.2; Joseph Jacobs to Isaac Lintz, ½ part, (mtg $29,750,) $100.
100TH ST, 234 East, s s, 25x100.10; Louise Hiller to Jacob Horowitz, (mtg $17,000,) $100.
109TH ST, 234 East, 25x100.10; Hannah Horowitz to Louise Hiller, (mtg $23,500,) $100.
114TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.11; Harry L. Topilitz to Hennessy Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) $100.
114TH ST, 214 West, 25x100.11; Eleonora Wallach to Albert Marschat, (mtg $20,000,) $100.
114TH ST, 37 West, 25x100.11; Morris Bloch and others to Scheir-Ginsburg Realty and Construction Co., (mtg $20,000,) $1.
115TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 35x100.11; Lena Taxler and another to Ray Lefkowitz, $100.
115TH ST, 16 East, 25x100.11; George Freeman to Meister & Bache Realty Co. and others, (mtg $24,500,) $100.
120TH ST, 540 East, 18.9x100.11; Louis Meyer Realty Co. to Jennie Kraus, (mtg $6,700,) $1.
129TH ST, 215 West, 18.9x99.11; Noah Hirshfield to Gertrude Hirshfield, (mtg $7,000,) $1,000.
131ST ST, 22 West, 15x84.11; Joseph A. Jackson to Sara R. Spencer, (mtg $6,500,) $100.
136TH ST, 122 to 126 West, 44.11x99.11; Louis E. Kleban to Golde & Cohen Corporation, (mtg $24,000,) $100.
136TH ST, 122 to 126 West, 44.11x99.11; Golde & Cohen to Emily L. Kent, (mtg $24,000,) $100.
137TH ST, 311 West, 15x99.11; Julius Nassauer to Julius Rogowski, (mtg $7,500,) $100.
144TH ST, s s, 84 ft w of Hamilton Terrace, 16x80; Mary R. Jarrett to Blanche F. Joseph, $16,000.
152D ST, 534 and 536 West, 75x99.11; Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co. to Morris Bloch and others, (mtg $84,000,) $100.
166TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 25x95.4; Edward Ritz to Matilda Tschenlin, $1.
166TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 25x95.4; Matilda Tschenlin to Edward Ritz, $1.
178TH ST, 515 and 517, 42.6x100; Regal Construction Co. to V. Tuska, (mtg $46,000,) $100.
181ST ST, 619, n s, 84.11 ft e of Wadsworth Av, 20x100; Adelheid Behring to Charles C. Marshall, $100.
236TH ST, s s, 350 ft w of 2d St, 25x100; Joseph C. Gillings to Giuseppe Rinaldo and another, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

AMERICAN-BOHEMIAN REALTY CO. to German Savings Bank in the City of New York; 74th St, 232 East, 3 years........$2,000
BARKIN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Century Holding Co.; Riverside Drive, e s, 106.10 ft s of 90th St, 106.5x—, 1 year, 6%......$54,500
BAXTER HOWELL BUILDING CO. to Samuel J. Moore; Doris Av, s w s, 75 ft s e of Lyon Av, 25x101.11, 3 years, 5½%....$4,000
BAXTER HOWELL BUILDING CO. to Poughkeepsie Trust Co., Trustees; Doris Av, s w s, 25 ft s e of Lyon Av, 25x101.11, 3 years, 5½%........$4,000
BLOCH, Morris, and others to Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co.; 152d St, 534 and 536 West, prior mtg $84,000, 2 years, 6%........$20,000
BLUM, Benjamin, to Isidor Blumenkrohn and another; 7th Av, e s, 39.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x100, prior mtg $43,000, 3 years, 6%........$10,000
BOBRICK, Bessie, to Elizabeth F. King and others, executors; 45th St, 522 West, 5 years........$14,000
BOBRICK, Bessie, to American Trust Co.; 45th St, 524 West, 5 years........$14,000
BOLDT, George C., Jr., to Emily A. Lawrence; 4th Av, n e corner of 39th St, 19.9x80, 3 years, 4½%........$88,000
BOSS, Louisa, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Dawson St, s s, 265 ft w of Leggett Av, 25x132.11, 5 years........$5,000
BROOK CONSTRUCTION CO. to Leon Weinshank; Brook Av, n e corner of 136th St, 40x100, 3 years, 6%........$5,000
BROOK CONSTRUCTION CO. to Leon Weinshank; Brook Av, e s, 160 ft n of 136th St, 40x100, 3 years, 6%........$5,000
BURNAP, Caroline L., to the New Church Board of Publication; 123d St, s s, 96 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11, 3 years........$10,000
BYRNE, James M., to Hannah Barry and others; 33d St, 321 East, due, &c., as per bond........$5,000
COHEN, Moe, to Herbert S. Ogden, executor; Washington Av, n w s, at n e s of 169th St, 98x150, 3 years........$23,000
COHN, Joseph, to Ferdinand Krieger; Franklin Av, s e s, 145 ft n of 7th St, 37.2x150, due, &c., as per bond........$4,000
D'AMBROSIO, Matteo, and another to Ida Van Wert; 1st Av, 2,310, prior mtg $10,000, installments, 6%........$1,500
DAMBROSIO, Mattie, to Christine Bladel; 1st Av, e s, 75.8 ft s of 119th St, 25.2x94, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6%........$1,000
EISEN, Joseph, to Frank Drechsel; Pitt St, e s, Lot 128, part of Lot 127, map of estate of Isaac Clason, 5 years........$25,000
ELLIOTT, Aline D., and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 11th Av, n e corner, of 58th St, 100.4x100, due, &c, as per bond........$30,000
FISCHLOWITZ, Jacob, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Chisholm St, 1,311, due, &c, as per bond........$3,000
GOLDSTEIN, Sophie M., and another to Edward A. Kerbs; 163d St, 438 West, 3 years........$20,000
GRAUMANN, Barbara, to Gussie Sam; Washington Av, w/s, 464 ft s of 182d St, 18x110, 3 years........$3,250
GREENBLATT, Louis, to Fannie B. Wolfe and another; 111th St, n s, 128 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, 5 years........$42,500
GREENBERG, Nathan, to Isabella Wilson; Allen St, 171, due Feb. 1, 1918, 6%....$6,000
GRIFFITHS, William J., and others to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 49th St, 131 to 135 West, due, &c, as per bond........$20,000
HAFT, Rosa, to Union Dime Savings Bank; 8th Av, 511, due, &c., as per bond....$29,000
HARDY, Elizabeth, and another to Bernard Yeaman; 121st St, 308 West, due Jan. 2, 1912, 6%........$4,000
HAASE-LIPPMAN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Jonas Reutlinger and another; Brook Av, e s, 25.1 ft n of 139th St, 37.8x103.7, 5 years........$32,000
HAASE-LIPPMAN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Jonas Reutlinger and another; Brook Av, e s, 62.9 ft n of 139th St, 37.8x107.2, 5 years........$32,000
HAWKS, Betty M., to Egbert B. Seaman; Park Av, s w corner of 76th St, 102.2x100, prior mtg $75,000, 3 years........$127,500
HAWKS, Betty M., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Park Av, n e corner of 73d St, 45.2x92, due July 1, 1912, 4½%........$105,000
HAWKS, Betty M., to Fanny Schlesinger and another; 76th St, 54 and 56 East, prior mtg $36,000, 2 years........$10,000
HEARD, William N., to Julia De W. Thompson; 28th St, 31 and 33 East, due, &c, as per bond........$95,000
HILLER, Louise, to American Mortgage Co.; 109th St, s s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, 5 years........$17,000
HOEXTER, Leo, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Cauldwell Av, 786, 5 years........$6,500
HORTON, Floyd M., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 14th St, s s, 195 ft w of Avenue B, 25x103.3, due July 1, 1912, 4½%.$12,000
HOYNE, Catherine, to trustees of the Northern Dispensary of the City of New York; 181st St, n s, at s e s of Lafontaine Av, 95x25, 5 years, 4½%........$5,000
HUNT, Elizabeth O., to Smith Williamson, executor; 135th St, s s, 270 ft e of Willis Av, 20x100, 3 years, 5½%........$1,000
ISAAC, Bertha, to Jacob Isaac; Monroe St, 7, due July 1, 1912, 6%........$3,000
JANTZEN, William, to Gustav Eckert; Lot 128, map of Schieffelin estate, 5 years..$500
JOHN MASSIMINO CO. to William I. Seaman; Davidson Av, n e corner of 177th St, 90x30, prior mtg $95,000, 2 years, 6%.....$950
JOHN MASSIMINO CO. to William I. Seaman; 177th St, n s, 31.11 ft e of Davidson Av, 32.9x67.8, prior mtg $8,500, 2 years, 6%......$1,950
JOSEPH, Blanche F., to Mary R. Jarrett; 144th St, s s, 84 ft w of Hamilton Terrace, 16x80, due, &c., as per bond........$10,000
JOSEPHSON, Julius, to Charles J. Perry; Decatur Av, e s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100, prior mtg —, installments, 6%........$3,000
KLEINET, Adolph, to American Mortgage Co.; 134th St, n s, 225 ft e of Lenox Av, 35x99.11, 3 years........$12,000
KOCH, Katharine, to Alois Buhlmaier; St. Ann's Av, 417, 2 years, 5½%........$3,750
KOLBECK, Lena, to Dollar Savings Bank; Webster Av, e s, 25 ft s of 173d St, 34.10x90, due June 1, 1912........$14,000
LEFKOWITZ, Ray, to George Kocher and another; 115th St, 232 and 234 East, prior mtg $23,500, 4 years, 6%........$4,000
LEHR, Albert, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Forest Av, 1,075, due, &c, as per bond........$6,000
LEVI, Carrie, to Samuel Levi; Lots 22 and 23, Revised map of Seneca Park, 3 years..$500
LYMAN, Willis, and others to Union Mortgage Co. of New York; Wall St, 112, 3 years, 4½%........$40,000
MARGARETEN, Ignatz, to Moses A. Horowitz; 124th St, n s, 283 ft e of Broadway, 52x100.11, due March 3, 1914, 6%........$5,000
MARSHALL, Albert, to Eleonora Wallach; 114th St, 214 West, prior mtg $20,000, due, &c., as per bond........$5,000
MARSHALL, Hannah, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 91st St, 144 West, 1 year, 4½%........$25,000
MARSHALL, Charles C., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 181st St, 619, n s, 84.11 ft e of Wadsworth Av, 20x100, due, &c., as per bond........$10,000
MARX, Isaac, and another to Jacob Marx; 50th St, n s, 175 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5, due, &c., as per bond........$5,000
McGINLEY, John B., to Catharine E. Webb; 15th St, 157 West, 2 years, 6%........$3,500
MERCURIO, Michael, to Martin Walter; Fairmount Av, n e s, 150 ft s e of Prospect Av, 50x200, prior mtg $4,000, due, &c, as per bond........$1,200
MICHELSON, Isaac, to Louis Marshall and another; 127th St, n s, 70 ft w of Park Av, 48x—, 5 years........$46,000
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF APPLIED DESIGN FOR WOMEN to William H. Taylor; Lexington Av, n w corner of 30th St, 39.6x80, due, &c., as per bond........$24,000
O'DONNELL, Thomas, to Herman H. Cammann and others, executors; 11th St, 240 East, 5 years, 4%........$15,000
OPITZ, Ernest H., to Gaines-Roberts Co.; Hoe Av, e s, 270 ft s of Bancroft St, 40x100, 3 years, 6%........$3,500
PETERSON, Ehrich, to Grace L. Hoffman; Lot 61, map of Cebric Park, 3 years, 5½%........$3,500
PETERSON, Ehrich, to Commercial Finance Co.; Lot 61, map of Cebric Park, prior mtg $3,500, 1 year, 6%........$750
RINNA, Albert A., to Elsa Kaiser; 3d St, w s, 100 ft s of 10th Av, 25x100, prior mtg $3,000, 2 years, 6%........$1,000
POKORNY, Frank, to Thornton Brothers Co.; Findlay Av, 1,278, prior mtg [illegible], due, &c, as per bond........[illegible]
REGAL CONSTRUCTION CO. to Virginia Tuska; Grand St, 66, prior mtg [illegible], due, &c., as per bond........$3,000
REISS, Yette, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 10th St, 431 East, due, &c., as per bond........$16,000
REISSMANN, Oswald H., to Conrad Heckert; 55th St, 432 East, 10 years........$10,000
REUBEL, Henry, to Barbara Deckelmann; Jennings St, n s, 60 ft w of Longfellow St, 50x75, 5 years........$2,250
REUBEL, Henry, to Barbara Deckelmann; Longfellow St, 50x100, 5 years........$2,250
RIETHER, William, to Joseph Herrmann; 140th St, 520 East, 3 years, 6%........$2,000
RIVERSIDE ASSOCIATION to Augustus Van Cortlandt; 69th St, 259 West, equal lien with mtg of $15,000, due Dec. 31, 1912, 4½%.$2,000
ROCKFORD REALTY CO. to Patrick Burke; 7th Av, w s, 100.5 ft s of 55th St, 25x100, prior mtg $32,000, due March 21, 1914, 6%........$18,000
ROGOWSKI, Julius, to Julius Nassauer; 137th St, 311 West, prior mtg $7,500, 3 years, 6%........$2,000
SCHENCK, Amelia, to Bertha L. de Victoria; 69th St, 209 East, prior mtg $15,000, 5 years, 6%........$8,000
SCHILL, Edward, and another to Hattie A. [illegible]; Lot 130, 2d map of Neill estate, 1 year........$2,500
SCHMIDT, Louisa M., to Lewis S. Goebel; 89th St, s s, 160 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.8, 3 years, 6%........$800
SCHOEN, John A., to William Scholz; 112th St, 5 East, installments........$8,000
SECCAFICO, Giuseppe, to Kathleen G. Turle; Hester St, s s, 100 ft w of Mott St, 25x100, due July 1, 1912........$35,000
SECURITY MORTGAGE CO. to George B. Phelps, guardian; Lots 7, 8, 9, and 10, map of land of Elliott M. Zborowski, due, &c., as per bond........$145,000
S. F. MYERS REALTY CO. to Onondaga County Savings Bank of Syracuse, N. Y.; Maiden Lane, n s, 192.9 ft e of Nassau St, 45.6x—, 5 years, —%........$425,000
SIGLER, Arthur H., to Henry C. Heiser; Valentine Av, e s, 375.7 ft n of 180th St, 50x—, prior mtg $6,000, 1 year, 6%........$2,000
SOMMER, Henry, to Eva Hatzman; 8th St, s s, 105 ft e of Avenue C, 50x108, Unionport, 3 years, 5½%........$8,000
SPENCER REALTY CO. to the Maximilian Fleischmann Co.; 69th St, s s, at n e s of Broadway, 161.8x100.10, 5 years.....$775,000
STREIBEL, Marie L., to Ida M. Wheeler; Bathgate Av, w s, 195.1 ft s of 180th St, 21.2x94.8, 5 years........$3,000
STEWART, Robert S., to Harlem Savings Bank; Forest Av, n e corner of 163d St, 110x55, due April 1, 1910........$2,000
STROH, Julia A., to Mary A. King; Union Av, 821, 5 years........$4,600
TWENTY-NINE UNION SQUARE CO. to Bank for Savings in the City of New York; Union Square, 29, prior mtg $182,000, due, &c, as per bond........$5,000
VAN GILDER, Bertha, to Martha D. Wormsere; Nathalie Av, w s, Lots 47 and 48, map of Anthony estate, 4 years, 5½%...$6,100
VIAU, Benjamin, to Abernathe Ferguson; Longfellow St, s e corner of 172d St, 100x25, 2 years, 6%........$1,000
VIAU, Benjamin, to Abernathe Ferguson; Boone St, w s, 100 ft s of 172d St, 2 lots, each 25x100; 2 mtgs, each $1,000; 2 prior mtgs —, 2 years, 6%........$2,000
WALLACH, Hannah, to William R. Wilder and others, trustees; 33d St, n s, 80 ft e of 2d Av, 20x98.9, due June 1, 1914..$14,000
WALLACH, Hannah, to William R. Wilder and others, trustees; 126th St, s s, 165 ft e of 3d Av, 30x99.11, due June 1, 1914.$20,000
WEISSBERGER, Herman, to American Mortgage Co.; 100th St, 222 East, 5 years..$15,500
WILLIAMS, Sarah M., to Elizabeth G. Ketcham; 2d Av, 2,242, 5 years........$15,000
WILTON, Francis J., to Gustavus L. Lawrence; 80th St, s s, 250 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 48.2x102.2, 3 years........$40,000
WOHLFARTH REALTY CO. to Emily G. Schweitzer; 84th St, 205 West, 2 years, 6%........$5,000
WULFF, John P., to John Brummer; 94th St, 245 East, due, &c., as per bond........$15,000

Mechanics' Liens.

MORRIS AV, 2,760 and 2,762; Decarprio Innocent against Emil Elliott, owner; Thomas F. Lahey, contractor, $80.
NICHOLAS TERRACE, w s, 129th to 130th St, 199.10x143; Corrugated Bar Co. against Sonn Brothers, owners; Ficklen Concrete Construction Co., contractor, $155.
AVENUE B, s e corner of 2d St, 20x100; Hydraulic Press Brick Co. against H. J. Sprung and estate of Isaac Sprung, owner; John Kruly & Co., contractor, $132.
MADISON AV, 1,562 to 1,566; Bravin Tile and Marble Co. against Alfred D. Mittendorf, owner; S. Tannenbaum, contractor, $115.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 181st St, 100x150; A. P. Dienst Co. against Gustavus L. Lawrence, owner; Charles O'Shea Construction Co., contractor, $181.
5TH ST, 802 East; Martin Ackerman against Mary Rosenberg, owner and contractor, $92.
MATILDA AV, e s, 200 ft s of 239th St, 100x100; Pasquale Sorino against Edward Egenberger, owner; S. Calderano & Co., contractors, $195.
170TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x100; Nathan Strom against Helene Realty Construction Co., owner and contractor, $2,130.
9TH AV, w s, 49.4 ft s of 39th St, 24.6x100; J. H. Drew & Brother, Inc., against Laura Block, owner; Revolving Picture and Amusement Co., lessee and contractor, (renewal,) $360.
146TH ST, 218 to 222 West; Louis Bandes against Geneta Perlson, owner and contractor, $69.
144TH ST, 207 and 209 West; Louis Bandes against Geneta Perlson, owner and contractor, $22.
146TH ST, 246 and 248 West; Louis Bandes against Geneta Perlson, owner and contractor, $35.
1ST AV, e s, 39th St, 40th St, and East River, block, &c.; Rome Locomotive and Machine Works against New York Edison Co., owner; C. F. Davenport Co., contractor, $511.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

WASHINGTON ST, 792 and 794; Frederick Koberle against Minerva Realty Co. and others, June 10, 1909, (by bond,) $109.
119TH ST, s s, 50 ft e of Amsterdam Av.; Barnett Rosenstein against Jumel Realty and Construction Co. and others, June 29, 1909, $78.
HORATIO ST, 42; Barnett Rosenstein against John Doe and others, June 28, 1909, $34.

Lis Pendens.

121ST ST, 229 East; Rose Bardach against Henry H. Korn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hymes, Woytisek & Schaap.
2D AV, 2,000, and 103d St, 299 East; Anna Schmidt against Jack Vigorito and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Goldie & Gumm.
PRINCE ST, 66; Frank Strachan against Elizabeth Langan and others, (partition;) attorneys, Tierney & Conlon.
114TH ST, s s, 155 ft e of Park Av, 37.6x100.11; Business Men's Realty Co. against Simon Hendeson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Nelson.
152D ST, n s, 25 ft w of Wales Av, 25x86.11x28.11x101.5; William H. McCarthy against Philip Hetterich and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Saxe & Powell.
CATHARINE SLIP, 15; State Bank against Abraham Silverson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. T. Kohn.
BRIGGS AV, n s, Lots 924, 933, and 934, map of Laconia Park, Williamsbridge, Bronx, three actions; Walter Whewell, executor, against Charles W. Riedinger and others, (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorney, E. R. Koch.
107TH ST, n e corner of Lexington Av, 65x17.7; Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with small children against Charles A. Winter and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.
8TH AV, 2,581; Julius Oppenheimer and others against David S. Kalman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. Kurzman.
8TH AV, 2,581; Max J. Bernheim against Emilie Kalman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. L. Halff.
HULL AV, 3,270; Mary V. Maceusker against Charlotte E. F. Ryan, (action to impress trust;) attorney, J. A. Rooney.
PEARL ST, 187 and 189; Mabel R. Cushing against Freybell Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. I. Taylor.
118TH ST, 17 West; George C. Erreger, Jr., and others against Jacob Schneider and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. T. Booth.

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Has produced a regular annual income of between $4,000 and $5,000 for many years; 208 acres rich soil, smooth fields, excellent crops, hay, grain and produce; lots of apples and wood; pure water in house and barn; convenient location; 2-story, 14-room house, three big barns, outbuildings, good repair, advanced age forces immediate sale at the low price $13,000; $5,000 cash. Page 66 Strout's May-June Bulletin, copy free. E. A. Strout Co., Dept. 1,093, 47 W. 34th St., cor. B'way, N. Y.

BAYSIDE PARK BARGAIN.

Bayside Park is the finest residential property on Long Island; has all city improvements, and is now built up with the finest of houses; is on Little Neck Bay and only 10 miles from Manhattan. Have a corner plot for sale that has a beautiful view of bay and with water-front privileges; not much money needed as will sell on contract. Title guaranteed by Title Guarantee & Trust Company.

TAYLOR GREEN,
Flushing, L. I.

Elmhurst, Borough of Queens, 16 minutes from Queensboro Bridge, one block from trolley lines; same distance from City Hall as 120th St., Manhattan; elegant one-family brick houses, containing 9 rooms and large bathroom; laundry in cellar; hot water, heat; oak trim and floors; price only $5,500; $650 down, balance like rent. Roberts, 500 5th Av.

Business property Main Av. of Long Island City; one block from Bridge plaza, sacrificed at $12,000, for quick sale; owner in bad health, going to Europe immediately. Roberts, McCabe Co., 500 5th Av., New York.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"HAVE YOU SEEN BELLE TERRE?"

Our theme is the seashore Bungalow at Belle Terre. It is a theme for rhapsody—but we desist. Comfort, simplicity, freedom from care, sport, and all out doors to enjoy.

Belle Terre

A section of this 1,300-acre private park, fronting on Port Jefferson Harbor, has been devoted to a Bungalow Colony, where there are now erected a number of moderate-priced Bungalows and Cottages. These stand at an elevation of 175 feet on heavily wooded plots of about one acre each, affording excellent views of Harbor, Long Island Sound, and Connecticut Shore.

Full privileges of Belle Terre Country Club, golf, tennis, motoring, yachting, boating, yacht anchorage and landing, livery, garage, five miles of clear sandy beach.

About one acre, landscaped, with Bungalow, $4,500 to $5,500. Several ready for immediate occupancy.

For pictures, plans, terms, etc., apply now to

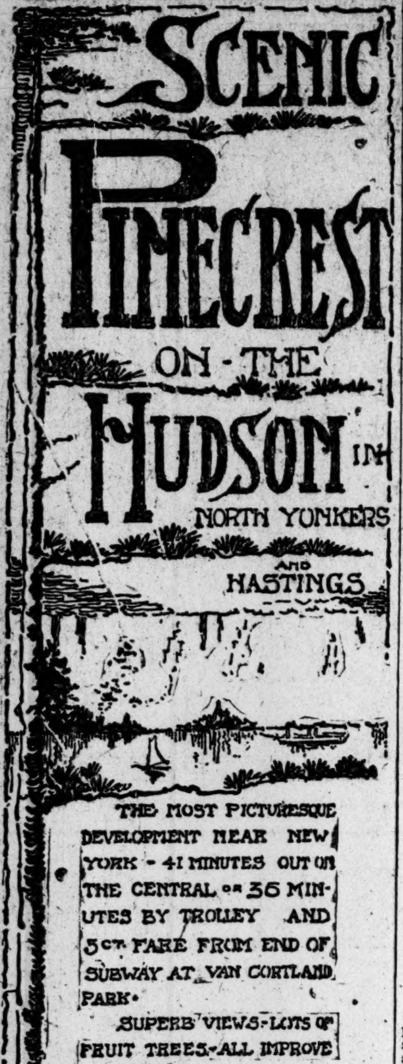
Dean Alvord Company
111 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3195 Rector.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

ON HARBOR HEIGHTS
MAMARONECK, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.

New fire-proof concrete one-family dwelling; gas, electric light; hardwood trim; hot-water heat; open fireplaces; corner plot, 100x100; high elevation. Arthur St. and Lawrance Av.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.



THE MOST PICTURESQUE DEVELOPMENT NEAR NEW YORK - 41 MINUTES OUT ON THE CENTRAL OR 35 MINUTES BY TROLLEY AND 5CT. FARE FROM END OF SUBWAY AT VAN CORTLAND PARK.

SUPERB VIEWS - LOTS OF FRUIT TREES - ALL IMPROVEMENTS.

OUR CARRIAGE MARKED "PINECREST PROPERTY" MEETS THE 1-19 AND 2-06 TRAINS FROM GRAND CENTRAL AT HASTINGS.

LOTS $500 UP

SEND FOR MAPS, PHOTOS AND TICKETS TO
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56 LIBERTY ST.
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PELHAMWOOD

We are offering exceptionally high class property, on the best line of transportation, in the direct path of the city's growth, in the most aristocratic section of Westchester and under most advantageous terms.

Remember, Pelhamwood is not only an ideal home site, but is located where an increase in values is sure.

Write for tickets, booklet, and full information.

$10 Secures Any Lot.
The Balance Easy.

Special train Sunday 2:15 P. M. from Grand Central.

CLIFFORD B. HARMON & CO.
42ND ST. AND MADISON AVE.

Colonial

Heights affords the finest kind of suburban living—high, healthful environment—every municipal improvement—rigid building restrictions—an exclusive residence colony in Westchester County, 38 minutes from Grand Central Station. Combines in an unusual degree, the delightful home and the substantial investment. For particulars and booklet address Tasker-Halstead Realty Co., Room 1120, Tribune Bldg., New York.

Heights

RIVERVIEW MANOR

A NEW ALL-YEAR HOME COLONY OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON.

Ideally located for all-year homes. Sewer, Water, Gas mains have been installed, and streets paved and lighted. Class of people forming colony very select. Most beautiful property on Hudson. Prices lowest in Westchester County. HASTINGS HOMES CO., 47 W. 42d St., City.

Port Chester on Sound. 42 Minutes Out.

Colonial Ridge

Choice restricted plots, low in price; exceptional surroundings and views; sewers, gas, macadamized roads, sidewalks.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
537 FIFTH AVENUE, N. Y.

Westchester Park

HARLEM RAILROAD, 30 MINUTES OUT.

Choice Lots $400. Monthly Payments

Improvements. Title insured free. Call July 4 or 5, 1:30 sharp, to inspect property. Offenbach, 1,934 Madison Av.

BARGAINS.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $290

monthly payments; near station, on trolley; all improvements; high elevation.

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THE WARRANTY REALTY CO.,
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

Furnished bungalow to rent, Westchester Co.; magnificent view of lake; convenient to station; 40 minutes from New York; $300 for season. Address M. B., White Plains, N. Y.

Bargain.—County home; improvements; near station; fruits, flowers, and vegetables, and trolley. B. Lewis, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Bronx Boulevard, Williamsbridge.—Two-family house, plot 50x105; bargain; $1,000 cash; must have money quick. Robert S., 500 5th Av.

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For Sale—Comfortable home, 12 living rooms; nearly new; one or two lots. Owner, 406 South Third Ave., Mt. Vernon.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT

NEWARK, N. J.

COME AND SEE IT!

A handsome, restricted residential section.

$500 AND UPWARDS,
according to size and location.

FIRST PAYMENT $10.00 and UPWARDS
Monthly payments $8.00 and upwards, according to price.

TAKE LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD FERRIES, 12:25 Boat 23d St., 12:45 Boat Cortlandt St. (Sunday) and get off at Park View Station.

Take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania or Lackawanna Railroads to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Avenue or "Main Line" trolleys to property.

FRANK J. BOCK,
800 Broad Street, Newark.

In the pines at the ocean.

You like the seashore, of course—but you probably are tired of the usual seashore resort, with its cheap amusements and crowds and sand and more sand and very little else.

Now at Sea Girt we offer you not only the sandy bathing beach—as good as the best—but we offer you green grass and trees and beautiful surroundings and ideal climate and fine train and boat service—everything you desire in a location for a summer home.

The only way to appreciate what a world of good it would do you and your family to have a home there is to go down and see how its pine laden salt air affects you. Our ILLUSTRATED BOOK tells more about it. Send for it.

SEA GIRT COMPANY,
OWNER AND DEVELOPER,
Suite 1604, 115 Broadway, New York.

Near Bound Brook, N. J.

One of the best farms in this desirable community; 30 acres rich soil, adapted to grain, hay and fruit; nice set of buildings; owner will throw in 3 horses, 3 cows, 2 pigs, 80 chickens, machinery, tools, some crops, for only $4,200, part cash; easy terms. See page 81 Strout's May-June Bulletin, copy free. E. A. Strout Co., Dept. 1,093, 47 W. 34th St., cor. B'way, N. Y.

Farms, bungalow locations, country residences, acreage, numerous extraordinary bargains; catalogue. Kennedy, 108 Fulton St.

East Orange, 177 North Maple Av.—One-family house, all improvements; near Grove St. station; deep lot; easy terms.

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JOHNSTON & HENDERSON,

Room 605. 115 Broadway.

Agricultural and timber lands in the United States, Canada, and Mexico; desirable lands for settlers and colonizers; large returns to investors.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Lakeside Farm Home.

Beautifully situated in one of Central New York's prettiest villages; borders lake, where there is excellent fishing and boating; 26 acres rich soil, 10-room house, good outbuildings; owner unable to care for it, will sell for only $2,000; see photograph of pretty residence; page 65, Strout's May-June Bulletin, copy free. E. A. Strout Co., Dept. 1,093, 47 W. 34th St., cor. B'way, N. Y.

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West Side.

The Allenhurst

Broadway, Southeast Cor. 100th St.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

The best planned, most carefully constructed and elaborately finished apartment house on the West Side; 12 stories high.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

6, 7 and 8 Rooms and 2 Baths;

Rents $1,200 to $2,000

Apartments are now offered to rent from October 1, 1909. Tenants may occupy same any time after September 1 without extra charge.

Every Room an Outside Room.

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ON PREMISES OR
Allenel Construction Co.
135 BROADWAY

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON

318-328 West 51st St.

Beautiful modern apartments, four, five, and six large, light rooms, bath; electricity, elevator, &c. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

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21 WEST 31ST STREET.

For rent, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st or immediate possession, apartments of Parlor, two Bedrooms, and two Bathrooms; also one smaller suite. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

98th St., 148 West.—Eight exceptionally large rooms, newly decorated; all improvements; $47.50.

80th St., 167 West.—Seven large, light rooms; bath, hot water; sublet to October or concession.

98th 53 West.—6 light rooms and bath, $20.

257 West 69th St.—7 rooms and bath; fine location; rents reasonable. Janitor.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights

Beautiful Apartments in Detached Houses; Cool, Light, Convenient to Van Cortlandt Park—and subway—equal to any $100 apartment in N. Y. Rent $65 and $60.

FORSTER PROPERTY BUILDERS,
261st St. and Broadway, N. Y.

Take Broadway Subway to 242nd St. (Van Cortlandt Park) and Broadway Car to 261st St.

East Side.

Apartment, three large rooms and bath, 542 Madison Av.

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For Rent—In a white stone corner building near the Bronx Park, four and five large rooms, baths, steam heat, hot water supply and electric lights, with all new improvements; No. 1,987 Daly Av., and 178th St. Levoli Construction Co.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

LIFE BUILDING

21 WEST 31ST STREET.

For rent, handsomely furnished apartment, Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath, by the month or year. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

A Bargain for $500 until Sept. 15.—Attractive furnished house at Larchmont; most beautiful suburb; five minutes from bathing beach. Address House, 22 East 48th St.

COUNTRY HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—A furnished cottage for about two months somewhere in Connecticut; must have four-family bed rooms and bath and two servants' rooms; preference given to location in open country on a public highway rather than in town. Address Disosway, 7th floor, 47 William Street, New York.

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BOGOTA ESTATES.

SATURDAY — SUNDAY — MONDAY.
JULY 3—4—5.

120 Lots in the choicest section of Bogota, N. J.

PRICES.	TERMS.
$250——→$300	$10 cash——$5 per month

Unsold lots will advance $100 per lot immediately after the sale.
25 minutes from Harlem via Trolley.
30 minutes from Downtown via West Shore R. R.
Write or call for tickets.

KARDING REALTY CO.,
253 Washington St., N. Y. C. Phone 6949 Cort. Larch Ave., Bogota, N. J.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT,
NEWARK

A Handsome Residential Development.

This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. Property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County. Paved boulevards with parkways in centre. Five-foot cement walks. Shade trees planted throughout. Sewer, water, and gas mains laid with connections to curb. Electric lights.

Upon completion of Pennsylvania R. R. tunnels under the North River, development will be 20 minutes from New York City, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS ON JERSEY SIDE. Agents on Property. Maps and Particulars.

Take Lehigh Valley Train, Pennsylvania Railroad Ferries. Or take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania, or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Ave. or "Main Line" trolleys to property.

FRANK J. BOCK, 800 Broad St., Newark.

Belmar, N. J.
Modern Summer Cottages for rent or sale.
Send for descriptive Booklet.
Honce & Du Bois,
10th Av., (opposite depot,) Belmar, N. J.

Bargain.—Beautiful country home; 3 acres; house, 10 rooms, bath; steam heat; excellent location; barn, large shade trees, abundance fruit; convenient school and stations; moderate price. Quackenbush, Ridgewood.

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Opposite 130th Street.

For Sale or To Rent—Beautiful two-family houses, Warren Av., near Palisade Av., Grantwood, N. J.

FOR SALE—AN EXCEPTIONAL CHANCE.
A desirable home in Ridgefield Park, New Jersey. One built to live in, not for speculation; eight rooms, strictly modern. Commuters' service on two roads. Write at once for particulars. C. Box 136 Times, Times Square.

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MURRAY HILL, N. J.
1 hour out on D., L. & W. R. R.; 14-room house; city water, bath; large lawns, plenty of shade; 2 minutes to depot; $7,000; easy terms; will lease; 9-room house, all improvements, $4,500; other bargains in houses and building sites. A. A. Potter, Murray Hill, N. J.

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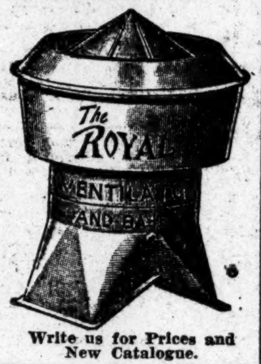

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OFFICE TO LET, very desirable, most convenient location in city; reasonable rent. Apply Room 507, 17 West 42d St.

Nice light office; southern exposure; reasonable. Call Room 705, 111 Broadway.

542 Madison Av.—Ground floor, three large rooms.

Bronx.

Handsome, well-located store, 162d St. and Teller Av., near Melrose station; low rent.

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One-family houses, 7 rooms; latest improvements; inducements; near White Plains Road. 724 Magenta St., Williamsbridge. Tel. 285—Williamsbridge.

420 West 43d.—Small house; rent reasonable. Janitor, 417 West 42d St.

Bronx.

FOR LEASE—323 East 162d St.
A three-story two-family brick and stone dwelling; upper part may be sublet; excellent locality; low rent. William E. Diller, 101 West 66th St.

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Two first-class houses, one $30, other $40 monthly; all conveniences; near station; Subway connection; also fine 6-room floor, $20 monthly. Apply 1,421 57th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

$1.75 STOCK AWNINGS

3 ft. wide, 5 ft. long.

Galvanized frames and fittings; complete and ready to hang. Choice of patterns. We are the only makers of this style stock awning in the city. Call or write for particulars. It will pay you. Bronx Window Shade & Awning Co., 871 Brook Av., N. Y. C.

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Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

BUDD & CO., 71 Spring St., Near Subway, High-grade Office Furniture, desks, tables, chairs, partitions; also several sound-proof telephone booths and stock quotation boards at reasonable prices. Tel. 5483 Spg.

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MIRRORS BARGAINS. All kinds, framed, unframed.
PLATE GLASS TOPS
to cover desks, furniture, etc. Nathan Lyons, 129-131 West 31st St. Tel. 7190 Mad. Sq.

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Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 48 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Curio watch for sale; date, 1572; beautiful beaten gold work on case. Address W. E. Peck & Co., 116 Broad St., New York.

Desks, partition, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 358 B'way.

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Positions Not Guaranteed

Business Schools that guarantee positions make false claims. For positions are occurrences—something of which assurance can not be given. Without a "guaranty," but commanding the best available positions New York has to offer,

THE MILLER SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

has an unbroken record for successfully placing its graduates. Under full registration of the State Board of Regents, employing the ablest instructors, who give individual attention to each pupil, the Miller School is the final word in business training. Write for booklet showing remarkable advantages of the special Summer term—sent free.

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Madison Square, 1,122 Broadway.
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., above 127th St.
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REDUCED RATES DURING SUMMER.
Lessons at school or residence, day or evening.
SUMMER SCHOOL AT ASBURY PARK, N. J.

ST. AGNES SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS. ALBANY, N. Y.

Re-opens September 28th for its thirty-ninth year. Announcement on application.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP?
YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED
by writing School Agency, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

CENTRAL PARK RIDING ACADEMY,
7th Av., 58th to 59th St. Write or call for descriptive circular, full information and prices.

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MATHUSHEK & SON

Invite your visit to examine their product. Special bargain prices and terms reduced.

PLAYER PIANO BARGAINS

Among the superfine stock of these instruments that each member of family can play.

IDEAL HOME PIANO

They give greatest pleasure with least effort. Factory direct to buyer means large saving.
CALL, WRITE OR PHONE 692 BRYANT.

B'way & 47th St. 150 Newark Av., Jersey City. 310 W. Front St., Plainfield. 38 Broad St., Red Bank, N. J.

PIANO SALE

A lot of excellent pianos, some of the best makes, which were rented during the past season, will be sold regardless of value. A splendid opportunity to get a fine piano for little money. Manufacturer's guarantee with every piano. Don't miss this chance.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 W. 14th St.

WISE PIANO CO. have largest stock of Steinways, Chickerings, Sohmers, Webers, etc., $75 up; easy terms. 17 E. 125th St. Open evenings.

$200 Steinway upright piano, $5 monthly; $135 Bradbury upright piano, $4 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

Upright pianos, $60, $75, $115, $125, $135, $150. New pianos, $175; $5 per month. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

New York make piano this week only $60. Lifetime bargain. Wissner, 96 5th Av., cor. 15th St.

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Manhattan Beach

"Swept By Ocean Breezes"

They have developed lots to sell at Private Sale.
They have a perfect Sewer System.
They have Macadamized Streets.
They have Concrete Sidewalks.
They have Water and Lighting Mains.
They have no assessments for these.

You who are thinking of buying lots think what that means to walk on a fine finished park like development—and laid in perfect order under that beautiful development is a system of sewer piping that will tend towards making for the health of any and all people that buy to build—if you buy for speculation it is all there for the man that pays you a profit.

Ocean Breezes above that tends toward health. A Perfect Sewer System below that tends toward health—"As above so below." "As below so above."

ALL tending towards a healthy investment or speculation in this property. Register your name for our unusual booklet.

On the Bay—boating, boat clubs, bathing, fishing—all the water sports and pleasures. On the Ocean—Safe surf bathing, clear ocean breezes, direct from "Old Atlantic."

The terms upon which you can buy are as follows: 10% cash, 10% in three quarterly payments, 60% on bond and mortgage for three years at 5%. Title policies of insurance free.

B. R. T. Elevated trains every ten minutes from Brooklyn Bridge. Get off at Brighton Beach, a two-minute ride by the Marine Railway to the property, or a short walk along the Boardwalk on the Atlantic Ocean to the property.

Also trains from foot of E. 34th Street via L. I. R. R. every hour, bringing you direct to the property.

Do not forget, trains every ten minutes, and trolley every two minutes from Brooklyn Bridge.

Joseph P. Day
Sales Agent.

31 Nassau St. or office on property between the two famous Hotels, (now open.)

FOURTH OF JULY HOW TO SPEND THE HOLIDAY

A SHORT SEA TRIP TO
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK,
RICHMOND or WASHINGTON, D. C.
VIA

OLD DOMINION LINE

The only direct line to Old Point Comfort and Norfolk without change.

Steamers are all equipped with the United Wireless Telegraph System.

Round Trip Tickets, including meals and stateroom berth on Old Dominion Steamer.

Old Point Comfort or Norfolk		Richmond or Washington
$14	STEAMERS SAIL EVERY WEEKDAY AT 3 P. M.	$15

Tickets and stateroom reservations, Pier 26, North River, foot of Beach St., N. Y. Tel. 3900 Franklin.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager. J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices, 81-85 Beach St., N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT.

Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON." "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Read Down. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Daily, ex. Sun.	Arr. Read Up. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00	.....	†	B'klyn Annex	†	6:20	.....
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	.....
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50	.....	Yonkers	.....	4:30	7:35
.....	.....	4:50	Highl'd Falls	8:40	.....	.....
11:50	1:00	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
.....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	.....	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
.....	.....	6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30	.....	.....
.....	.....	6:30	Milton	7:15	.....	.....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10	.....	.....	Kingston Pt.	.....	12:25	.....
.....	.....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	.....	.....
3:25	.....	.....	Catskill	.....	11:00	.....
3:40	.....	.....	Hudson	.....	10:40	.....
6:10	.....	.....	Albany	.....	8:30	.....
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.

Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. **Music.**

Ideal Independence Day Outings

To WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, and return by SUPERB NEW STR. "HENDRICK HUDSON," leaving Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; West 42d St. 10 A. M., West 129th St. 10:20 A. M.; returning due 42d St. 8:40 P. M.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†

Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with **STR. ALBANY,** due West 42d St. 8:40 P.M. Orchestra on each steamer.

Central Hudson Line

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, & Kingston.
From Pier 24 N. R., Foot Franklin St., weekdays (except Saturday) 4 P. M.
Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, and intermediate landings, weekdays (except Saturday,) 5 P. M.
Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.
SUNDAYS } 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. / 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.

For Catskill Mountains, all points, Hudson, Coxsackie. Leave, week days, foot Christopher St., 6 P. M.; foot W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Also Saturday "Special" 1 P. M., foot Christopher St., 1:20 P. M., foot W. 129th St. Summer resort directory free. Address Pier 43, N.R.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.

Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line, leaves N. Y., New Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs. 5:30 P. M.; Sats. 1:00 P. M.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT—NEW YORK COUNTY.—SADIE W. FRAME, Plaintiff, against EMLEN P. FRAME, Defendant.—Summons—Action for a divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, May 12, 1909.
HUNT, HILL & BETTS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Post Office Address and Office No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To EMLEN P. FRAME:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles L. Guy, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated June 17, 1909, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of New York, at his office in the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on June 24th, 1909.

Dated New York, June 25th, 1909.
HUNT, HILL & BETTS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM VIA BOULOGNE

Ryndam....July 6, 10 AM	Potsdam..July 2
N. Ams'dam..July 13, 10 AM	Noordam..Aug.

Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

FABRE LINE
THE FRENCH MEDITERRANEAN LINE.
NEW YORK TO MARSEILLES, VIA NAPLES

Roma..July 10, Aug. 27	Venezia..Aug. 7, Sept. 2
Germania..July 24, Sept. 4	Madonna..Aug. 14, Sept. 2

J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.

To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla. From Pier 36, N. R. (Spring St.,) at 1 P. M.

Algonquin.....July 3	Comanche......July 7
Mohawk........July 6	Arapahoe.......July

Pier 36 N. R., and 290 B'way, N. Y.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

There's Buzzard's Bay and there's Cape Cod—

Consider these summering places for *your* vacation.

Fall River Line steamers or New Bedford Line steamers take you there. Call or write 171 Broadway.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5.30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston..... $3.65

Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information.
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

UP THE HUDSON BY SEARCHLIGHT.

PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY

Steamers C. W. Morse and Adirondack leave New York, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P.M., West 129th St., at 6:30 P. M., Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily, including Sunday.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY

Magnificent new steamers Trojan and Rensselaer leave New York from Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M. daily (Saturdays included.)

Direct connection at Albany with trains for Saratoga, Lake George, Adirondack resorts, Montreal, Berkshires, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

At Troy with trains for above points, Williamstown, North Adams, Manchester and Burlington.

Splendid service. Meals a la carte. Unexcelled cuisine. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Tickets and staterooms secured at principal ticket offices in Greater New York.

Write for SUMMER EXCURSION BOOK.

TO BOSTON Direct All-the-Way-by-Water Metropolitan Line Luxurious Express

Turbine Steel Steamships **YALE AND HARVARD**

Weekdays and Sundays. Lve. New York, Pier 45, N. R., near foot Christopher St., 5 P. M. Same schedule from India Wharf, Boston; due either City 8 o'clock next morning. Staterooms with or without bath. Main Deck Dining Room, etc., etc. Through tickets to all points at Wharf, also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices throughout city.

HARTFORD LINE.

From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

AMERICAN LINE From Pier at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Philadelphia.....July 3	New York....
St. Paul........July 10	St. Louis....

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
New York—London Direct—Pier

Minnetonka..July 3, 10 AM	Min'haha..July
Min'waska..July 10, 11:30 AM	Min'apolis..

RED STAR LINE From Pier at 11 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp

Kroonland.....July 10	Vaderland......July
Lapland (new)..July 17	Zeeland........July

WHITE STAR LINE
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool

Celtic....July 3, 11 AM	Baltic..July 17, 11 AM
Cedric..July 10, 12 noon	Arabic..July 24, 10 AM

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Oceanic..July 7, 9:30 AM	Adriatic..Jy. 21, 9:30 AM
Teutonic..July 14, 9:30 AM	Majestic..Jy. 28, 9:30 AM

NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY.
Via Azores and Gibraltar

Romanic..July 3, 10 AM	Cretic..Aug. 4, 12 noon

PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CUNARD LINE
From Piers 51-52-56 North River.
QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
LONDON—PARIS

Caronia...July 3, 10 AM	Carmania..Jy. 17, 10 AM
Lucania...July 7, 10 AM	Campania..Jy. 21, 10 AM
Mauretania..Jy 14, 10 AM	Lusitania..Jy. 28, 10 AM

Mauretania, Lusitania } Largest and Fastest Steamships afloat—sail WEDNESDAYS

Caronia, Carmania } These Luxurious steamships have re-entered the Liverpool service, sailing SATURDAYS—Fortnightly

HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, TRIESTE.

*Carpathia......July 3, noon; Sept. 2, Oct.
Pannonia.......Aug. 19, noon; Oct. 7, Feb.
*Also calls at Genoa.

Travelers' Checks issued—Good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., Opposite the Battery.

North German Lloyd

Large, Fast and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

Kronprinz Wm...July 6	Kaiser Wm. d. Gr..July 2
Cecilie...........July 13	K. William II...July 27

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Twin-screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

Bremen..........July 8	Friedrich d. Gr..July
Prinz Fried Wilh. Jy. 15	Kurfuerst......July

George Washington—Sails Aug. 5—27,000 tons
Newest and Largest German Ship afloat.
Every innovation known to the shipbuilder's art.

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

K. Luise........July 10	Berlin (new)....Aug.
P. Irene........July 17	P. Irene........Aug.

Connections Encircling the Globe.
Travelers' Checks good all over the world.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

All Modern Safety Devices, (Wireless, &c.)
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.

†Kaiserin....July 3, 10 AM	†Amerika..Jy.
Pennsylvania..July 7, 2 PM	*Clevel'd..July
*P. Lincoln..July 14, 3 PM	*P. Grant..Aug. 4
*Cincinnati..July 17, 9 AM	†Kaiserin..Aug.

†Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant. *New.

ITALY via Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa.
S. S. MOLTKE, July 22, 1 P. M.; Sept.
S. S. HAMBURG, Aug. 14, 3 P. M.; Sept.
TRAVELERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

NORTHERN EUROPE

ENGLAND
SCOTLAND
HOLLAND
SWITZERLAND
GERMANY
FRANCE

July-August-Sept. Sailings until Aug. 21. These are portions of our best UNIVERSITY TOURS arranged for those whose time is limited. Scenic. Best leadership. Send for announcement. Bureau of University Travel, 68 Trinity Place, Boston.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

California..July 3, 10AM	Furnessia..July 17, 10AM
Columbia..July 10, noon	Caledonia..July 24, noon

FIRST CABIN, $67.50 TO $125.
SECOND CABIN, $42.50 TO $50.
THIRD CLASS, $27.50 AND $28.75.
Apply for New Illustrated Book of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

CLARK'S CRUISES AROUND THE WOR

By S. S. Cleveland, 18,000 tons, brand new, 16, '09, from N. Y., and Feb. 5, '10, 'Frisco, $650 and up.
12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 5, '10, up, by Lloyd S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst," days, including 24 days Egypt and Pales
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Building, New

SEA TO MAIN

The Most Charming and Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
JUNE 21ST TO SEPTEMBER
DAILY SERVIC
(Sunday excepted) to
PORTLAND, ME
STOPPING AT
MARTHA'S VINEYARD

on trips leaving New York Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays. FROM PIER 20, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK. 10 A. M.—Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays. 4 P. M.—Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays.
For BOOKLET giving list of Tours, Summer Hotels and Boarding Houses in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Canadian Provinces, 'phone 3419 Worth. Apply by letter or in person to Maine S. S. Co., 290 Broadway, cor. Reade St., N. Y.
The Entire Length of Long Island Sound by Daylight.

$65
Special Summer Tour to
JAMAICA
12 days round trip.
SS. Orinoco, July 10, Clyde, July 24.
Bookings to Colon, Colombian and Pacific Ports
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State Street, N. Y.

BRAZIL
and All Argentine Ports
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th each month,
16 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
23 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES
For rates, etc. apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad

ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS.
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Lib'y
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00
WASHINGTON, Parlor,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 p
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor,	6:50 pm	7:00
Through daily trains to the West.		
CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:0

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 House, 225 5th Av., New York; 53 Av. Ridge St., 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; W St. and Liberty St.

After 6 P. M. Sleeping Car reservations full information regarding trains, &c., obtained at Bureau of Information, 23d St. Terminal. 'Phone 6550 Chelsea.

TO THE
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
via the Catskill Mountain, Otis and Cairo and Tannersville Railways.

Direct connection with the N. Y. Central trains leaving New York 7:54 and 11:11 A. M. daily, except Sunday, and 4:03 P. M. and the West Shore trains leaving West at 7:15 and 11:30 A. M. daily, except Sunday. Also direct connection with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE STRS.
PURCHASE TICKETS VIA CATSKILL

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

EXPERIENCED TIPPERS on silk umbrellas; light workroom; steady work. Allison & Lamson, 405 Broadway.

GIRL.—General housework Scandinavian girl or Protestant Irish; apartment; two in family. Apply 328 West 57th St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER to take charge of making popular-priced fancy and ready-to-wear hats; suitable salary; permanent position. J. Solomon & Bro., Houston, corner Lafayette St.

MODEL, experienced, wanted for ladies' suits; regular 36; steady employment. Schiff, 11 East 16th St.

OPERATORS.—Those experienced on underwear on negligee work; good wages. Apply all week. S. Nasrallah, 39 East 20th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced; permanent position. Call Spear & Co., Woodhaven Junction, Long Island.

PUBLISHERS require thoroughly capable young woman for advertising department; one who may be trained to assume entire charge, is aggressive, and knows the value of clear, efficient work; give particulars. C 149 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ASSISTANT to foreign exchange clerk; must be accustomed to handling documentary bills and have had previous experience in a European banking house; state age and salary expected; Address "Exchange," Box 171 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER REQUIRED; state previous experience and salary expected. A 145 Times, Times Square.

BOOKBINDERY.—Bookfolder and general all-around help. Meyer Feinberg, 313 Washington St.

BOY wanted in a foreign merchant's office; native American, under 16; must write well; school graduate. Address, in own handwriting, stating residence, references, Merchant N. 125 Times Downtown.

CUTTERS.
First-class men. Apply Saturday morning, W. S. Peck & Co., 822 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—First-class millinery salesman wanted for city and out of town. H. G. Allen, 9 Washington Place.

SALESMAN—Experienced salesman for dress suit cases wanted. American Suit Case Co., 41 Franklin St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

AGENTS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Salesman to handle quick-selling article to stores and offices; can make $5 to $10 per day; free outfit; exclusive territory. The Bulldog Clip Mfg. Co., New Bedford, Mass.

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, [illegible] Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5,712 Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

FEMALE stenographer, $10; must be neat, accurate, and nice appearance; double-entry bookkeeper, $10; other openings. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS.—Jupp's Bureau recommends efficient employes only; prompt, free; references investigated; expert facsimile duplicating. 87 Nassau St. Tel. 4221 Cortlandt.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—Hofmayer, 153 West 23d St.—Employer's fee, $2 for one month; telephone connection.

COOKS, $25; laundresses, $25; waitresses, nurse. Flaherty Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741 Riverside.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALES

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LADY would like sewing to take home, or would go out by the day to care for old or invalid person or delicate child. H. W. B., 38 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

CHAMBERMAID.—Good girl in private family, to go to Monmouth Beach, N. J. Address, with references, A 103 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4,786 Columbus.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, intelligent, competent to fill difficult position; best references; $15. Capable, N 166 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable, desires permanent position; $7. Miss Elsie M., N 165 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Familiar with office systems and devices; general idea of bookkeeping; salary $7. X Box 150 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid and neat transcriptions; experienced, intelligent, educated; substitute, permanent. P L 127 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Careful and capable beginner, some experience; references; small salary. C 122 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—A.—Two expert bookkeepers of valuable and extensive experience, both energetic and accurate, desire employment evenings; capable of taking full charge of accounts, auditing, or statistical work; semi-annual statements and inventories compiled. 188 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, supervised; weekly and monthly arrangements; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 11, 320 Broadway. Telephone 3539—Worth.

AMERICAN, 62, deaf, A1 character, wishes work of any kind that will provide a home for him. Charles K. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—German, married, 35 years of age, experienced single and double entry, good penman, quick and accurate at figures, desires permanent position; salary moderate. E. F., 11¼ Sackman St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOY, 16, wishes position in an office or at anything; two years' experience at High School; can furnish best of references. Address Philip Cohen, 242 Division St., City.

BOY.—Position as office boy; age, 15 years; can give good reference. Address Abraham Cohen, 103 Clinton St., City.

BOY, 14, public school graduate, would like office position; A1 recommendations. Sol. 32 East 7th St.

BUTLER, &c.—Japanese, experienced butler and cook, wants situation in private family; city or country; good references. Matui, 143 Pearl St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

INTELLIGENT YOUNG GERMAN, aged 24, desires position with newspaper; references. Address A 61 Times, Times Square.

SECRETARY.—By English gentleman, refined, as secretary to lady or gentleman; high references. Box C 112 Times, Times Square.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN, 15½ years of age, wants to make himself generally useful in office; graduate of Public School; can give excellent references. Samuel Beryman, 188 Clinton St.

YOUNG MAN.—Age 18, three and one-half years High School, desires position in office; can furnish good references. John McGrath, 152 4th St., Woodside, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, 22 years, experienced grocery clerk, best references, English and German, wishes any kind of work in country or city. Box C 119 Times Downtown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Corner house, attractively furnished parlor; also other cool rooms; breakfast served.

25TH ST., 54 EAST, (Madison Square.)—Swellest location and house; low Summer rates.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, clean rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 125 WEST.—Large and small; well-furnished; all conveniences; telephone; privileges; reasonable.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Well-appointed rooms; large closets; hot, cold water; private family; reference.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, cool parlor bedrooms; private baths; also smaller rooms; Summer rates.

49TH ST., 48 WEST.
Office for doctor or dentist; also rooms for gentlemen only; private bath; telephone service.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—High-class large and small rooms; private baths; tourists accommodated.

55TH ST., 326 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable, clean single rooms; well-kept private house.

61ST ST., 28 WEST.—Desirable, clean, cool room, near Park; transients; breakfast optional.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 72-74 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; meals optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished, large and single rooms; breakfast; telephone; Summer prices.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—One medium, small rooms; gentlemen only; Summer rates; references.

78TH ST., 131 WEST.—Medium-sized room; bath same floor; gentlemen; references.

81ST ST., 141 WEST.—Desirable small rooms; Summer rates; Park, L, and Subway; references.

82D, 120 WEST.
Cool, attractive rooms; private baths; near park; Subway, surface, and L connections; reasonable rates.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; every convenience; telephone; references; private house.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Parlor floor, physician, dentist, or private; other rooms; connecting baths; reasonable.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Newly decorated, furnished, large, small rooms; first-class house; transients; breakfast.

82D ST., 174 WEST.—Two large rooms, second floor; also hall rooms; private family; reasonable.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Cool, airy, finely furnished front room, second floor; telephone; reasonable.

86TH ST., 126 WEST.—Furnished room, private bath; electric lights, telephone; gentlemen only.

86TH ST., 308 WEST.—Desirable rooms, near Riverside Drive; Summer rates; Southern exposure; gentlemen.

87TH ST., 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room, bath adjoining; private family; convenient to "L" and Subway; gentlemen.

88TH ST, 570 WEST END AV.—Private house; a few handsomely furnished cool rooms; bath; telephone 7996 Riverside; terms moderate.

93D ST., 126 WEST.
Large, cool, elegantly furnished rooms, convenient to "L" and Subway express; private house.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Large furnished room; hot, cold running water; large closets; private house.

93D ST., 165 WEST.—Large front rooms; running water; superior board optional; convenient "L," Subway.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Comfortable, homelike rooms; parks, Subway, elevated express; breakfast optional; reasonable. Scott.

108TH ST., 217 WEST.—Attractive, cool front rooms; telephone; $3.50, $4. Lawson.

118TH ST., 423 WEST.—For couple wishing unusually charming room overlooking Columbia grounds; bath, telephone, elevator; good service; kitchen privileges possible; permanence preferred. Call after 5 P. M., Apartment 52.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class large outside rooms; electric lights, elevator; Summer rates. Kenyon.

123D ST., 233 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms, running water; light housekeeping.

138TH, 628 WEST.—Beautiful, airy room, running water, bath, shower; private house; Subway; moderate.

138TH ST., 523 WEST.—One front room, also one large, airy side room; telephone. Coster.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, Corner 127th, Windermere.—Exceptionally fine furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, elevator, telephone; reduced; $3 weekly upward; also suites of four, five, six rooms, beautifully furnished; lowest Summer rates; $9-$15 weekly.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 946, (157th St. Subway.)—Large, bright, airy front room; running water, bath; exceptional conveniences; man or couple; private residence.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Beautifully furnished room, with private bath, $10 per week.

WEST END AV., 752.—Cool, comfortably furnished room, suitable for one or two; private telephone; reasonable. Inquire of Janitor.

East Side.

49TH ST., 50 EAST, near Madison.—Handsome room, southern exposure; other rooms; reasonable; reference; telephone.

58TH ST., 34-36 EAST.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates.

81ST, 158 EAST.—Nice room, suitable two, $5; small, $1.50, $2.50; quiet; private house.

116TH ST., 123 EAST.—Elegantly furnished large room, with bath, $5 weekly; two rooms, two beds, one bath, $6; all-night elevator; continuous hot water, electric light, &c.; convenient Subway, "L." "The Leland." Telephone Harlem 3434.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean, comfortable rooms; running water; telephone; good table.

50TH ST., 72 WEST.—Large and small rooms; prettily furnished; board optional; Summer rates.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and hall rooms; baths; board; terms reasonable; references.

73D ST., 168 WEST.—Subway; ideal location; homelike, clean rooms; shower baths; American family; reasonable.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suites; private bath, single room, electric lights. Southerners accommodated.

79TH, 152 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; table guests; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Room, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 102 WEST.
THE ANDERSON.
FORMERLY 150 AND 152 WEST 80TH ST.
Cool Summer location, between Central Park and Riverside Drive. Beautiful suites of one, two, three rooms and bath, furnished. American dining room. Home cooking our specialty. Summer rates.

82D ST., 117 WEST, (Between Central Park-Riverside.)—Desirable large and small rooms; Summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; "L," telephone.

SO THE COOK LEFT? Well, it's a small matter to get another, and perhaps a better one, if you'll only promptly advertise in The New York Times. Costs little and it's better than hunting for one yourself. Just go to any advertisng agency in the city or telephone 1000 Bryant.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

51ST ST., 48 WEST (Near Parks.)—Desirable large, also hall rooms; telephone; "L."; Subway; transients.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; also single room; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; good table and service; telephone; table guests.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large, cool front room; running water; adjoining bath; excellent table; reasonable; telephone; table guests; single room $7.

34TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; convenient "L." Telephone 7442 Riverside.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; private baths; refined, homelike surroundings; parlor, dining room; references.

149TH ST., 542 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway; highly located, coolest, most beautiful and healthiest spot in New York; The Audubon, first-class rooms and board; select surroundings; accommodations A1; large porch and garden, reception parlor, library, billiard room, telephone; rates $7-$10 one, $12-16 two.

142D ST., 516 WEST.—Private house; running water; refined, Christian family; home atmosphere; references expected.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d St.—Finest location in New York City; block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking park and river; private baths; private telephone; superior table; more foliage than country; every convenience.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 17.—Single and double rooms; facing park; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 673-694-696.—Block from Park; airy rooms; board optional; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large cool rooms, overlooking Wall St.; Subway; three minutes' Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

MANNAHASSETT HOTEL, Monmouth Beach, N. J.—Special rate Saturday to Tuesday A. M., $5; stage meets all trains; on Shrewsbury River; bathing, boating, fishing; garage; rates, $10 per week up. Wastena Co., 80 William St., New York City. Telephone 669 John.

RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON, New York City.—Seclusion as of mountains; 6 high, healthful acres; 50 minutes to Wall Street; tennis, golf; two rooms; immediate rental; unusual chance for refined family, or a few friends. Telephone Hackett, Kingsbridge 248.

BOYS BOARDED.
Large place; rural surroundings; fruit, garden, milk, eggs; horses, games, swimming; well guarded life; 20 boys; experienced teachers; tutoring.
JAMES CHRISTIE, TENAFLY, N. J.

A Jewish family with a cottage at Far Rockaway has a large ocean-front room. Sea View Cottage, Atlantic Av., near Edgemere Station, Far Rockaway, L. I. Address Box H 108 Times Downtown.

AT PALISADE, N. J.—15 minutes from 130th St.; private family could accommodate few refined people; terms moderate. Phelps, 28 Anderson Av., Palisade. Tel. 130—R. Cliffside.

On beautiful Peconic Bay; refined family has several cool, airy rooms, with all improvements; best of board if desired. Address P. O. Box 148, Greenport, L. I., N. Y.

Sheepshead Bay, L. I., 1,902, 1,908 Voorheis Av.—Modern cottages; electricity; running water; bathing; very best table; refined. Hurlburt. Telephone 1,510—Coney.

LADIES! ! $100 purchases interest in new business yielding small but steadily increasing income; SURE INVESTMENT. A. H., Advertising Office, 143 8th Av.

Children Boarders.—Pleasant surroundings; mother's care given; reference, pastor of Union Church. Mrs. M. W. Sprague, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Always a breeze; view for miles; private house, exceptionally large rooms; excellent table; 12 miles out. The Mansion, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

A private family will board a few adults; good table; fine location; reasonable. Apply Mrs. S. Lester, 197 Bay 28th St., Bensonhurst, N. Y.

Upper Montclair.—Two couples may share the comforts of a well-furnished home; references. A 146 Times, Times Square.

The Lorraine, Upper Montclair.—Large rooms; Southern cooking; attractive situation; station convenient; terms moderate.

SUBURBAN, pleasant, healthful home for elderly people; both sexes; circulars mailed. Address Home, 2,960 3d Av.

Exclusive board, country, near city; Christians only; $8-$10. Apply 673 Madison Av. Telephone 1491 Plaza.

Private family accommodate several guests; quiet, beautiful inland village; $6 to $8. Mrs. Collin, Red Hook, N. Y.

Elliswood Highland, N. Y., good board on fruit farm; $6. Arrange, White, 309 W. 46th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Mining engineer has rich mines in South America; also electric light concessions; will take partner with some capital for promating; agents positively ignored. Address Colombia, 109 West 54th St.

Millinery supply for sale; good opportunity; cheap rent. Inquire 391 Grand St. Big bargain.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

PERSONAL.

MY WIFE, LILLIAN BRADLEY, 383 Central Park West, has left my home. I will not be responsible for any debt she may incur.
JOHN J. BRADLEY.

FOUND.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND—Friday, stick pin, Lexington Av., 85th St. Write description. Morrison, 23 East 88th St.

FOUND—July 2, L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: 2 books, 3 packages.

FOUND—July 2, ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: 2 umbrellas, dress-suit case, 3 packages, spectacles, pocketbook, pair gloves.

FOUND—July 2, D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: 2 packages, umbrella.

FOUND—July 2, PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Nail file, pair rubbers, pajamas, whiskbroom, soap dish, book, 3 night shirts, 4 packages, 3 umbrellas, penknife, pair eyeglasses, straw hat. DESBROSSES ST. BOAT: Lady's umbrella and pair gloves, package. CORTLANDT ST. BOAT: Roll, pin. 23D ST. BOAT: Box containing electric instruments.

FOUND—July 2, N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: 2 books, package, 3 umbrellas, parasol, ring, fan, card case.

FOUND, July 1—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Inquire 9 Morris St.: ON SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, magazine, hat, shirt and waist, towel, jacket, wrench. ON THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Watch, umbrella, bag, purse, paper, books, mail matter, glove, pair rubbers, gloves, shoes, belt, keys, hat, apron, towel, shirt, underwear, shirts and aprons, piece lace, can tomatoes, can tobacco, music stand, woodcut, pail, bar solder, box paint, portrait. ON SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Shirt, pair gloves, roll clippings, box cigars, bottle bluing, box medicine, package tools, brush, hats, towels, pair gloves, coat and trousers, veil, case, coat, baton, package pipes, package cards, letter, envelope, pair gloves, pocketbook, checkbook, buckle, purses, books, rule, pin, eyeglasses, 3 umbrellas, cane. ON NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Glasses, tag, fixture, hat, book, package magazines, 2 umbrellas. IN SUBWAY—Bag, purse, note, glasses, sum money, magazine, book binding, package manuscript, belt, blue print, keys, shoes, umbrella, saw, piece brass, locks, &c.; parts of 'phone, clothes ringer, waist, apron, collars, shirt, &c.; clothes, instrument, clock, package tools, plate, &c.; can paint.

FOUND, July 2—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. Inquire Pier 19 N. R.: FALL RIVER LINE, S. S. COMMONWEALTH—Hat box, silk shirt, pair gloves, 2 pairs drawers, comb, bottle ink, 4 nightdresses, coat hanger, postcards, stocking darner, eyeglasses, 2 suits underwear, package, pair slippers. PROVIDENCE LINE, S. S. PROVIDENCE—Soap box, hatpin, pin, umbrella, nightdress. NORWICH LINE, S. S. LOWELL—Yale key, nail file, pipe, tooth brush. NEW HAVEN LINE, S. S. RICHARD PECK—Cardcase.

LOST.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

$10 REWARD.—Lost, probably on a Gates Av. and Park Row car, about noon, a small pigskin pocketbook, containing bills and a key; any one returning it with contents to the Lost and Found Department of The New York Times, first floor, Times Building, Times Square, will receive the above reward.

RECEIPT LOST.—A receipt issued by the U. S. Assay Office, No. 8,923, dated June 17, 1909, for —— ounces bullion, payable to Adolph Stern, or order, has been lost. The public are cautioned not to receive or negotiate the same, as its payment has been stopped at the U. S. Assay Office. Adolph Stern. June 30, 1909.

LOST—LARGE SQUARE MOONSTONE BROOCH; carved and is surrounded by diamonds; 11 o'clock train from Philadelphia to New York on Pennsylvania Railroad on Wednesday morning, June 23, or in taxicab coming from station; liberal reward. Mrs. MARTIN JOHNSON, 14 East 60th St.

LOST.—On May 29, between 58th St. L Station and bridge terminal, New York, light cane, with a silver plate inscribed H. H. Kellermann, from his friends in the office, Sept. 14, 1905. Suitable reward if returned to owner, care Cunard Line, 21-24 State St., New York.

LOST.—Large, dark green trunk, no straps; C. P. F.—N. Y. markings on end; No. 30 in white chalk marked several places; labels pasted all around; en route to Brighton Beach by Long Island Express, June 22. Reward. C. P. Fleming, Brighton Beach Casino.

LOST—Saturday morning, June 12, upon Broadway, between 48th and 23d St. or vicinity, silver open face Watch, with monogram "D. O. P." inscribed on the outside, and "Christmas, 1907," on inside. Reward. 32 Liberty St., Room 1,207.

LOST—June 15, between Borough Hall and Broadway, Brooklyn, open-face Waltham gold watch; Case No. 333,818; Movement 14,087,834; initials E. M. P. engraved on back; reward $25, no questions asked. 7-9-11 South 9th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—June 29, between 2 and 3:30 P. M., in Broadway car, from 71st St. to Grand Central, in either terminal, or 5th Av. stage to 56th St., a large Montana sapphire, with gold mounting, made by Tiffany; reward. 142 West 71st St.

LOST.—small dress suit case containing personal effects, Tuesday morning early on Subway train; $5 reward and no questions asked. Return to office of "White Rats," 1,553 Broadway.

LOST.—Lady's gold hunting case watch; monogram N. M. outside; inscription on inside case; Brooklyn subway, Borough Hall to Flatbush Station, June 26; reward. 340 West 28th St., New York.

LOST—Silver cigarette case with monogram on back at Healy's restaurant, 145th St. and Broadway, Tuesday night, June 29; suitable reward. Address P. H., 1,364 Broadway.

LOST—Suitcase, Boston Post Road, near Rye; marks, "P. H. N."; reward. Edwards & Halstead Garage, Rye, N. Y., or P. H. Nepfel, 334 West 70th St., New York City.

LOST.—Certificate No. 26,244, issued June 30 for 29 shares United Wireless Telegraph Co., has been lost and transfer stopped. Return same to company.

LOST.—Sunday evening, Cafe des Beaux Arts, to 6th Av. and 40th St., small diamond horse, ruby eye, lady's pin; $25 reward. J. C. Powers, 65 Duane St.

LOST.—June 25, A. M., on 9th Av. south-bound express, envelope containing legal papers, marked S. J. Rawak; reward. Room 1,210, 256 Broadway.

LOST.—Necklace, topaz, and pearls, from home to Flatbush, Saturday, June 26; liberal reward. H. B. Fisher, 284 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Diamond and emerald bracelet on Wednesday evening, June 30, at Delmonico's roof garden; $300 reward, no questions. Cohen, 629 6th Av.

LOST—June 24, breast pin, centre diamond, amythests and pearls surrounding, in 14th St. car to Brooklyn. Reward. Tucker, 40 Bowery.

LOST—June 26, near Manhattan Beach bathing pavilion, a garnet brooch; reward. R. M. Mitchell, Jr., 12 East 46th St., New York City.

LOST—Yellow male canary, with black left eyebrow, Saturday, from 65 Central Park West; $5 reward if returned to Ludlow.

LOST—Long, flat pin, with eight pearls and nine diamonds. Liberal reward offered for its return to Cashier, Hotel Astor.

LOST—Monday, June 21, gold chain and diamond locket, horseshoe design; liberal reward. Greenbaum, 137 East 17th St.

LOST.—June 29, lady's gold watch and chain; monogram F. H. engraved on watch; reward. Return to 120 East 61st St.

LOST.—June 29, gold scarfpin, dragon, Chinese workmanship; $5 reward. B. G. Saunders, 299 Broadway, New York.

LOST.—Bronx Park, watch fob, Phi Beta Kappa key, with name engraved. E. C. Pierce, Goffstown, N. H.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bills of Window Cleaning Co.; reward given. Tailor store, 1,062 Park Av.

LOST—Tuesday, 6:15 P. M., on 6th Av. car at 49th St., lady's silk and lace jacket; reward. 68 West 40th St.

LOST.—Cuffs with gold links, June 29, Broadway, 173d St.—Reward. O. S. Horton, 11 Wadsworth Av.

LOST—Dreamland Pier, June 24, black onyx brooch, antique, gold setting. Reward. Haase, 438 West 116th.

LOST.—Gold fob; inscription "Capt. Wm. Higgins"; reward. 43 Gregory St., Jersey City.

LOST.—Gold Bar Pin, pearl studded; back engraved "Emma." Reward. Nolan, 1,887 7th Av.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, small, light-green dwarf parrot; reward. Roemer, 3,315 Broadway.

LOST—Bankbook No. 190,980, Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST.—Blue enamel lady's watch, one pearl circle face, pearl circle back. Deliver Hotel Astor.

LOST—A pair of diamond earrings in a green cloth; reward. Greenberg, 5 West 111th St.

LOST—Lady's open-faced watch; monogram M. B.; reward. BRETZFELDER, 120 B'way.

LOST.—Scarfpin, 3 pearls, (white, black, and pink.) Reward. S. W. Ehrich, 25 Broad St.

LOST—Gold locket, part of fob; reward. P. A. Barron, 366 Broadway.

REWARD $2,000, no questions asked, for the return of a package containing one large diamond bowknot brooch, one diamond tiara, one diamond paved watch, and one large emerald, lost on Erie ferryboat Passaic that left Jersey City at 10:40 A. M. on June 29; absolutely no questions asked. Apply Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$500 REWARD and no questions asked for emerald and diamond bracelet, lost at Delmonico's, between 8 and 11 P. M., June 30. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$50 REWARD—Gold watch and locket marked "H. W. C.," also chain and pencil; no questions asked. 4,195 3d Av., Bronx.

$5 REWARD for return of blue serge coat, lost on Brooklyn Bridge car Thursday night. F. A. Murray, 108 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST.—Russian terrier, black, scraggly hair, answers to name Dan, Central Park entrance, 90th St.; had leather collar and brass nails; reward. Return 1,068 Park Av.

LOST.—Brindle bull, female, name "Muggs," Tuesday, June 29; reward. 287 Park Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—White bull terrier, brindle markings, Punch, in Bronx; reward. Fireboat, 132d St., Lexington Av.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

94 Windsor Place, near 9th Av., Prospect Park; three unfurnished rooms; gas, bath; second floor; with owner.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL SHAPIRO, Bankrupt.—No. 11,476.

To the creditors of Michael Shapiro of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, 1908, the said Michael Shapiro was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors was held on the twenty-third day of December, 1908, at which time a trustee was appointed and duly qualified as such, and that the bankrupt has since filed schedules in the above entitled matter, and that a second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the fifteenth day of July, 1909, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, June 28th, 1909.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—No. 12,336.—EDWARD OLESCHAK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Oleschak, bankrupt, has filed his petition, date June 25th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 14th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 25th, 1909.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—No. 12,387.—JOSEPH ULLMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Ullman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 24th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, July 14th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 24th, 1909.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—MAX STOLLER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated April 20th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on July 14th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, July 2d, 1909.

NO. 12,161.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE ABBOTT GAMBLE CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of The Abbott Gamble Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1909, the said The Abbott Gamble Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

June 23d, 1909.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB KRANZ, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of Honorable John J. Townsend, referee, the undersigned will sell at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at 113 Leonard Street, Manhattan, New York City, on the 14th day of July, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, the real property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in and to all those certain lots, pieces, and parcels of land situate and lying in the Town of Brookhaven, County of Suffolk, State of New York, known and described as Lot No. 10, in Block No. 882, on a certain map filed in the office of the Clerk of Suffolk County on November 17th, 1890, said map being designated as Map No. 11, said property being located in Bellport, L. I., and being 100 feet long by 100 feet wide. The deed is recorded in Suffolk County, Liber 409, Page 235, on June 12th, 1893. Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids unless the property shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

HAMILTON HOLT, Trustee.
COHEN BROTHERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 346 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM FELDMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, July 9, 1909, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 68 Spring St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of moldings, picture frames, glass, machinery, desk, fixtures, &c.

JAMES D. BOYD, Receiver.
ALEXANDER A. TAUSKY, Attorney for Receiver, 149 Broadway, New York.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DANIEL FROHMAN & COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William Bondy, the Receiver of the estate of Daniel Frohman & Company, bankrupt, will sell at private sale on the 8th day of July, 1909, the property belonging to the said bankrupt's estate contained in the store formerly occupied by the bankrupt at No. 110 Grand Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, which property consists of jewelry, novelties, leather goods, desks, chairs, safe, and other articles and fixtures belonging to the bankrupt's estate.

Sealed bids accompanied by certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid will be received at the office of the Receiver, William Bondy, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 8th day of July, 1909, up to 12 o'clock noon. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

In case the property is not sold at private sale, notice is hereby given that Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell the said property on the 9th day of July, 1909, at 110 Grand Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at which sale the said property must bring 75 per cent. of the appraised value. The property can be inspected at No. 110 Grand Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on any day between the date of this notice and the day of the sale, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

WILLIAM BONDY, Receiver, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
OTTERBOURG, STEINDLER & HOUSTON, Attorneys for Receiver, 487 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the WESTCHESTER ELECTRIC RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New York, for the purpose of building, constructing, maintaining, and operating a street surface railroad in the Village of Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York, has made application to the Board of Trustees of said village to build, construct, maintain, and operate a street surface railroad through, upon, and along the following avenues, streets, roads, and highways in the Village of Pelham Manor, New York, namely:

First—From the junction of Pelhamdale Avenue and the Old Boston Post Road southerly through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the Boston Turnpike; thence easterly through and along the Boston Turnpike to the boundary line of the City of New Rochelle, and also, from the junction of Pelhamdale Avenue with the Boston Turnpike southerly, through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the bridge of the Harlem River Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company.

Second—From said bridge of the Harlem River Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, through and along Pelhamdale Avenue to the Shore Road, and thence easterly, through and along the Shore Road to the boundary line of the City of New Rochelle.

Such application will be considered by said Board of Trustees on the 21st day of July, 1909, at 8 o'clock P. M. on that day, at the Village Hall in the Village of Pelham Manor, Westchester County, New York.

Dated Pelham Manor, N. Y., June 28, 1909.
By order of the Board of Trustees,

CHAS. H. POND,
President.
HENRY N. BABCOCK,
Village Clerk.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HELM, MORNAY D.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Elizabeth E. Helm, Alexander Lambert, H. H. Barker, Paul Outerbridge, R. T. Humphreys, Robert J. Sherlock, The Durland Company, Koscherak Bros., John Miller & Co., Charles H. Beckett, Robert J. Draddy, United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, Mary E. Helm, individually and as executrix of MORNAY D. HELM, deceased; Planet Mills Manufacturing Company, Empire Trust Company, Joseph I. St. John, Edgar E. Helm, and to all persons interested in the estate of MORNAY D. HELM, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 27th day of July, 1909, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Mary E. Helm, as temporary administratrix of the goods, chattels, and credits of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto af-
[L. S.] fixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 8th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
CHARLES H. BECKETT, Atty. for Petitioner, 135 Broadway, New York.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—JOHN F. HALSTED, Henry F. Taylor, and Francis L. Noble, as Trustees of the trust created under the will of Hiram M. Forrester, deceased, plaintiffs, against BERNARD SCHEINKMAN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 23d day of June, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of July, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot or piece of land, with the building thereon, known as Number 327 East Seventy-fifth Street, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate and described as follows:

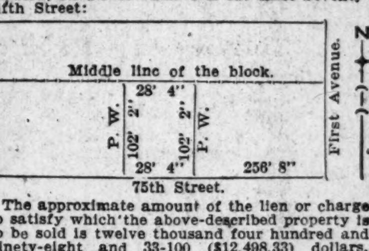
Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street, distant two hundred and fifty-six feet and eight inches westerly from the intersection of said northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street with the westerly side of First Avenue; and running thence northerly parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block; thence westerly parallel with said street, twenty-eight feet and four inches; thence southerly again parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to Seventy-fifth Street; and thence easterly along Seventy-fifth Street twenty-eight feet and four inches to the point of beginning, the easterly and westerly side walls of said building being party walls.

Dated New York, June 23d, 1909.

THOS. W. McKNIGHT,
Referee.

CHARLES MARTIN CAMP, Attorney for Plaintiffs, No. 2 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 327 East Seventy-fifth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is twelve thousand four hundred and ninety-eight and 33-100 ($12,498.33) dollars, with interest thereon from the 14th day of June, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and fifty and 35-100 ($350.35) dollars, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is seven hundred and twenty-three and 13-100 ($723.13) dollars and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to party wall agreements recorded in Liber 1,690 of Conveyances, Page 413, and in Liber 1,693 of Conveyances, Page 280, and to such state of facts as an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, June 23d, 1909.

THOS. W. McKNIGHT,
Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—MARY E. JENKINS, plaintiff, against JANE S. PEARSALL and others, defendants.

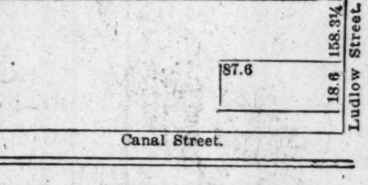
In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 29th day of June, 1909, and which was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of New York County on June 30th, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of July, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Tenth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the northwesterly side of Ludlow Street, and bounded and described as follows, namely: Southeasterly in front by Ludlow Street, southwesterly by a lot of ground belonging now or formerly to William Weed, northwesterly in the rear by a lot of ground facing on Oliver Street, and northeasterly by lot belonging now or formerly to Charles P. Tappen, being the same premises known as No. 19 Ludlow Street, and being about nineteen (19) feet front and rear and eighty-seven (87) feet deep, be the said dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, June 30th, 1909.

THOMAS H. BASKERVILLE, Referee.
SAMUEL C. HERRIMAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 30 Broad Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 19.



LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF AN INTENTION ON THE PART of Daniel Chauncey of the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and State of New York, to apply for Letters of Administration on the goods, chattels, and credits of Daniel Chauncey, Jr., deceased, late of Cedarhurst, County of Nassau, and State of New York, under the provisions of Section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, is hereby given, and creditors of said Daniel Chauncey, Jr., and of his estate, are notified to present their claims to the Surrogate of the County of Nassau on or before July 30th, 1909.

Dated Mineola, June 23d, 1909.

DANIEL CHAUNCEY.

The Sunday Times

TO-MORROW

A News Magazine Filled With Timely Features and Special Articles.

DR. ELIOT'S "FIVE-FOOT LIBRARY."

Franklin's Autobiography, first on the famous list, will be published in condensed form to-morrow.

GIVING AWAY A BILLION DOLLARS.

An accounting of the vast sums which rich men and women are giving to the people.

THE FRAUDS OF SPIRITUALISM.

The second of two articles of remarkable interest, by Dr. Albert Moll, an eminent scientist of Berlin.

"THE THIRD DEGREE" IN CHINA.

A Capital Story, by Thomas F. Millard, based on the Chinese aspects of the Sigel Murder Mystery.

WHAT TO EAT IN SUMMER.

The views of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, well-known scientist, and which are "rather different."

A TALK WITH BEERBOHM TREE.

An interview with the foremost actor of England which all theatre goers will enjoy.

TOGO ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.

The "Japanese Schoolboy" has seldom been in better form than in his letter of this week.

THE NEW POLICE COMMISSIONER.

Who Mr. Baker is and what it means to be at the head of New York City's police force.

Also there will be an interesting story telling of the results of the "Emmanuel Movement's" first year in New York and many other entertaining and instructive articles.

The Picture Section

One of the most remarkable photographs ever taken will be published in the Picture Section. It is a photograph showing the cyclones in the sun, a picture that has made a great sensation in scientific circles. It is a unique picture. Perfectly reproduced in large form, this picture represents the furthest knowledge man has gained as to what the sun "looks like." The Picture Section will also contain a page showing England's great naval review; a page showing what an earthquake did in the south of France; a page of capital hunting scenes from Africa; a page given to the performance of "Joan of Arc" by Maude Adams and her company in the Harvard Stadium; pictures of college crews, of the open golf championship; photographs of stars of New York's Summer stage, and many other pictures of timely interest.

Order Your Sunday Times From Your Newsdealer To-day.

SCHOOLMA'AMS REBEL AGAINST NEGRO CHIEF

Object to Teaching Under W. L. Bulkley, Who Has Been Named as Their Principal.

WILL ASK FOR TRANSFERS

They Vent Their Displeasure in an Indignation Meeting After a Visit of Their New Head.

The race question has suddenly entered the public school situation, in the appointment of William L. Bulkley, a negro, as Principal of School 125, at 180 Wooster Street, between Houston and Bleecker Streets.

Many of the women teachers declare that they will not work under Bulkley, who is the only negro Principal in the city schools. It is understood that more than twenty of the thirty-one teachers in the school banded themselves together at a recent indignation meeting and determined to ask for their transfers to other schools.

Public School 125 has been conducted for several months, since the transfer of Principal W. J. Henwood to the Bronx, by Henry W. Fox, one of the men teachers appointed Acting Principals.

News reached this school, down in the lower west side on the edge of the wholesale dry goods district, about a week ago that Mr. Fox had not been appointed a full-fledged Principal, as many of the teachers had expected and hoped he would be, but that a Principal named Bulkley, of School 80, in West Forty-first Street, had been transferred to the charge of the school, begining wth next session.

A day or two before the school closed a bright, snappy acting person appeared at the school. He was almost as white as a native Yankee, but was unquestionably a negro. He said he was the new Principal of the school.

The flutter into which those at the door were thrown went all over the school in a jiffy.

"So," said one young schoolma'am, "they have given us a negro Principal, have they?"

The other women teachers were angry, and in less than a half hour all the preliminaries of an indignation meeting had been worked out.

Principal Bulkley went through the school, giving Janitor Peter Becker instructions about keeping the premises in a sanitary condition. Then he walked away, saying he was going abroad for a vacation and would be back early in the Fall.

The teachers had a conference and called upon Acting Principal Fox to ask him what he thought should be done.

Mr. Fox explained to them that their only recourse, so far as he could see, was to be transferred to other schools.

"That's just what we'll do," some twenty of the teachers are reported to have said, but inquiry at the Department of Education yesterday did not reveal that these applications for transfers had yet been made. The teachers have until next Fall in which to make application.

One day some years ago a man who gave his name as Bulkley walked into the Board of Education rooms, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, just as the examiners were about to examine applicants for Principalships. Race, color, or previous condition of servitude has no place in the by-laws of the board, and so this man, nearly white but plainly a negro, was permitted to take the examination, and, moreover, his papers are said to have been first class. And he was made a Principal.

For much, if not all, of the time since his appointment he has been in charge of School 80, at 225 West Forty-first Street, attended largely by colored children. He has also been in charge of Elementary Evening School 67, at 120 West Forty-sixth Street. The Wooster Street School, to which he has been assigned, used to draw its patronage largely from a neighboring negro settlement, but factories and other business places have now crowded out this colony until there are barely fifty colored children in the school, the great majority of the pupils being of Italian parentage.

Most of the white patrons of the school have yet to have their say, for they do not know that a negro is to direct the education of their children.

New York has probably fifty colored women teachers in the schools, but there are rarely any protests from parents on race grounds.

TO START HUDSON MONUMENT.

Ground to be Broken on Monday for $100,000 Shaft on Spuyten Duyvil Hill.

Ground will be broken on Monday on Spuyten Duyvil Hill at 227th Street and Independence Avenue for the Henry Hudson Monument, which will be erected by popular subscription at a cost of $100,000 and dedicated this Fall as part of the official programme of the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

The ceremony will be informal and no special invitations have been issued. Four children—the Misses Hope Johnson, Jane McKelvey, Dorothy Radley, and Helen Cox—will break the ground with silver trowels, and speeches will be made by Congressman Goulden of the Bronx and Dr. Edward Hagaman Hall.

The Henry Hudson Monument Committee of the Bronx Citizens' Hudson-Fulton Celebration Committee will attend, including Dr. Henry Ruhl, Congressman Goulden, Henry Kroger, and Mr. Hottenroth. The monument will be 100 feet high and will stand on an elevation 200 feet above the sea level, thus making it visible for miles up and down the Hudson River and from virtually all parts of the Bronx Borough.

The monument was designed by Karl Bitter and will be a Roman Doric column resting on a square base bearing a tablet by Shrady.

PROSPERITY RETURNING.

Figures of Increased Importations Shown in Appraiser's Report.

The report of Appraiser George W. Wanmaker, issued yesterday, covering transactions in his office for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, shows prosperity to be rapidly returning. It seems that the Appraiser examined and appraised foreign merchandise entered at this port aggregating $798,303,279 during the year just ended, whereas in the corresponding period of 1908 the values were $719,733,635, a gain for 1909 of $78,569,644. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907, the foreign importations passing through the Appraiser's office were valued at $852,050,780.

The appraised value of precious stones and pearls for the fiscal year just ended aggregates $27,354,008.91, as compared with $15,557,866.47 in 1908, and $41,112,371 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907.

The importations of automobiles during the last fiscal year aggregate 1,987 cars, with a total appraised value of $4,311,293.99, as compared with 1,415 cars, valued at $4,111,225.43, and 1,435 cars, valued at $5,099,005.87 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1908 and 1907, respectively.

A summary of the work of the Board of United States General Appraisers, issued yesterday by Chief Clerk Madge, shows that during the Government's fiscal year ended June 30 last the board passed the busiest twelve months since its organization in 1890. That there should be so much litigation at this time puzzles the members of the tribunal, and none was able yesterday to give any explanation. The board received during the year just ended 62,675 protests, which exceeds the number received by the tribunal in any year since its organization, and 18,445 more than last year.

During the twelve months ended June 30 last 39,723 protests were decided, as against 38,307 the corresponding period of 1908, the gain for 1909 being 1,416.

FIFTH AVE. STAGE IN CRASH.

Collided with Street Car—Three Men and a Woman Hurt.

A Fifth Avenue motor stage that was being driven across Broadway on Sixty-first Street by a very much confused new chauffeur yesterday morning crashed head-on into a southbound Broadway and East Thirty-fourth Street car loaded with passengers. Three men and a woman, passengers in the car, were either badly bruised or cut by glass.

A. P. Bergen of 1,876 Broadway suffered contusions of the head and body and possible internal injuries; Samuel Kronberg, whose office is in the Legal Building, Thirty-seventh Street and Broadway, sustained contusions of the head and was cut by glass; W. D. Reed of 220 Broadway was bruised, and Mrs. J. Frank of the Chatsworth apartments, Seventy-second Street and Riverside Drive, suffered contusions.

The injured were all treated in a drug store and went on their various ways.

According to the police, John Rooney, who was in charge of the bus, was making his first trip, and, forgetting his route, started north on Central Park West instead of keeping on Broadway.

A passenger advised him to head for Broadway, which he did, and turning through Sixty-first Street, he ran the big bus straight across Broadway, head first into the car.

The bus remained at the spot of the collision until a repair man could be sent for to fix its engine, which was damaged.

Richard W. Meade, President of the auto-bus company, said after the accident that the chauffeur, Rooney, is an old hand and an able chauffeur, and that the car ran into the bus, the bus being already on the tracks when the car approached.

DOUBLE CRASH IN HELL GATE.

Schooner, at Tide's Mercy, Driven Against Steamer and Dredge.

A strong current surged through Hell Gate at ebb tide at noon yesterday, just as the tramp steamer Adda, bound from the East River for Long Island Sound, rounded the dangerous bend in the Gate at Hallet's Point to find the three-masted schooner Grace Davis, heavily laden with lumber, also at the point on its way from the Sound to the East River.

In spite of her powerful engines, the Adda was unable to sheer off from the schooner, and, realizing that a collision was inevitable, an anchor was let go aboard the Adda to retard her speed, but the steamship swung off a point or two just as the schooner crashed into her. In the crash, when the schooner's bowsprit and foremast went by the board, she scraped along the side of the steamship.

The wrecked schooner drifted down stream with the current, and a few minutes later the schooner was in a second collision, when she struck one of the Government dredges anchored on Flood Rock, where the Government is blasting out that reef.

Here the schooner was wedged fast until the Government tug Enterprise, engaged on the work, went to the rescue, and, getting lines aboard the crippled vessel, suceeded in disentangling her from the dredge. In the meantime the Adda, which was still anchored in the Gate, got her anchor aboard and resumed her journey.

BRADLEY & SON SOLVENT.

Receivership for Big Stone Contracting Firm Is Discharged.

On the application of Henry K. S. Williams, who was appointed temporary receiver on June 10 last of the William Bradley & Son, Incorporated, one of the largest cut stone contracting firms in the country, Supreme Court Justice Giegerich terminated the receivership yesterday. The application for the receivership was made by John A. Pisani and Piero L. Pisani, of the firm of Pisani Brothers, of Astoria, L. I., who were creditors to the extent of $6,273, acting on behalf of themselves and other creditors.

Mr. Williams in his petition says that he has made a careful and exhaustive examination of the company's affairs, and it appears that its assets are largely in excess of its liabilities, and that it is financially able to pay and discharge all existing liabilities, including its capital stock liability of $100,000, and still have a surplus of over $600,000.

Workman Smothered by a Cave-In.

A supporting wall on the north side of the excavation for the new Gimbel Brothers' store at Thirty-third Street and Sixth Avenue collapsed suddenly yesterday morning, and two tons of falling dirt and brick smothered Luigi De Stacio, 32 years old, of 627 Union Street, Brooklyn, one of a gang of fifty laborers digging in the pit. His fellow workmen dug him out quickly, but life was extinct.

GRAY-HAIRED WOMEN SWELL LIST OF 'OUTS'

One of Them Tells How Much Harder It Is for Her to Find Work Than for a Man.

335 "ADS" HAVE COME IN

Old Printer's Letter to The Times Gives Him Still Another Chance of Employment.

Advertisements from men and women over 50 out of employment poured into the downtown offices and the main office of THE TIMES, in Times Square, yesterday, until by noon, the time up to which it had been announced they could be received, the number had reached 335, or a little more than double the number that came in for last Sunday's paper.

The greatly increased number, as far as could be learned, was due partly to the extension of the privilege to women over 50 who need employment, and partly to the encouragement and hope aroused in other old men out of jobs by the generous responses of employers to their appeals for a chance to show that they could make good. All the advertisements received up to noon yesterday will be printed in THE TIMES to-morrow.

Accompanying many of the advertisements were letters showing how the writers had taken new hope after having tried every means in their power to find work. One of these letters was from a woman thanking THE TIMES for permitting the women over 50 in need of work to advertise free of cost. She says in part:

> I am glad you are going to let women over 50 share in your benevolent enterprise. A woman with gray hair, even if under 50, is much worse off in many respects than is a man for obvious reasons. Moreover, there are many positions which a woman could fill as well as a man—in some cases the special woman could fill the place much better—but the place goes, automatically, as it were, to the man, regardless of family or other circumstances. Besides, there are so many more openings for a man at any age, and he can hear of them, come in contact with them as he circulates among men, so much more quickly and effectively than can the woman, who is more or less shut in. For the woman over 50 what resource is there? Marriage? Rarely, irrespective of her qualities, unless she have money, and that excludes her, of course, from the anxious class.
>
> What, then, can she do? I do not know. With the strength, health, working force, and ability of a woman (or a man) twenty-five years younger, with public proofs in abundance that I am willing and able to work effectively, it seems a hard fate which will not allow me to do so, and that makes my "heaven a brazen wall."

More Letters From Old Men.

A man writing from South Amboy, N. J., says:

> I have been out of employment since last September, although I have advertised and answered hundreds of advertisements. I am sadly in need of employment, and, notwithstanding my age and gray hair, am active, quick, and have a fair amount of executive ability. I do not look for anything more than a very moderate salary. I trust that you will give my application space.

Here is a letter from a husband and father who says he has done his best to get work that he might earn bread for his children, but in vain. He wants to be among those whom THE TIMES is helping to win places. He says:

> Having read the articles in THE TIMES of your endeavor to help place men over 50 years of age, out of work, and being one of these unfortunates myself, I am desirous of taking advantage of the favorable chance you offer. I notice that many already have been made self-supporting, and I hope that my long, vain search for employment may thereby end favorably, for I have a wife and two dependent children to support. Although I have a thorough training and long experience in my trade of bookbinding and novelty work, I will not limit myself to that work only. Anything within my power and ability will be only too gladly accepted. For instance, my last position was with Henderson & Co., seed dealers, in their stockrooms, during their busy season.

Yesterday THE TIMES printed a letter from a printer who had been unable to get work because he was old, the last man about to employ him saying he couldn't take him on because if the old man made an error he couldn't have the heart to tell him so, as he was so much older than his prospective employer.

A few hours later this letter came from William H. Van Wart, 49 Lafayette Street:

> If the person referred to in the inclosed clipping (relating to the printer) from to-day's paper has not found the employment that he desires I should be pleased to have him call and see me.

Answers to advertisements will perhaps be a little later coming next week than they were this, since Monday will be observed as a holiday and many business men will not go to their offices until Tuesday.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20	173 E. 109th St.; J. Kushnew	$50
1:00	502 W. 159th St.; Abraham Roth	$300
1:40	2,201 7th Av.; John Aylword	None
3:45	2,345 Broadway; unknown	$5
10:57	101 E. 110th St.; J. Schalkrowitz	Trifling
11:20	1,650 Park Av.; Samuel Barnett	Slight
11:35	250-252 Mercer St. D. Marks & Son	$5
P. M.		
12:35	243 E. 62d St.; A. L. Newman	None
2:10	34-36 Grand St.; C. Bogengue	Trifling
3:10	126-128 W. 46th St.; Crystal Palace Garage Co.	Trifling
3:10	60 Av. B; David Goldstein	$200
3:40	304 Cherry St.; S. Cromwell	Trifling
4:40	401 7th St.; J. Meyer	Trifling
4:40	Riverdale Av. and 236th St.; Louis Bughardt	$500
5:30	3,163 Broadway; H. A. Mealy	Trifling
5:50	300 Av. B; Wolf & Newton	$300
6:10	781 Westchester Av.; McLean & MacKenzie	Trifling
6:10	733 Clinton Av.; James Butler	$25
6:40	100 Av. B; S. Weinburg	$50
7:15	307 Spring St.; Mrs. Deaby	$1,000
7:20	318 West 49th St.; P. McGuire	$3,000
7:40	224 West 34th St.; Mrs. Finley	$5
8:15	1,660 Bathgate Av.; Sophie Young	$500
8:45	6 Murray St.; unknown	$10
8:55	80 Bowery; Rotter Brothers	$1,000
9:00	80th St. and East River; Department Street Cleaning	Trifling
9:00	387 Park Av.; Marie Levinkler	Trifling
11:20	135 3d Av.; Zinn Unger	$100

SUES TO GET CITY JOB BACK.

Woman Playground Attendant Dismissed for Staying Away One Bad Day

Elizabeth Van Doren made application yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Blanchard for a peremptory writ of mandamus to compel Park Commissioner Smith to reinstate her as an attendant of the children's playground in Seward Park, from which place she was dismissed for being absent from duty one day. Decision was reserved.

Counsel for Miss Van Doren said that on the day in question the ground was damp and soggy, and that neither children nor client put in an appearance. Had the children been there, he said, Miss Doren would not have allowed them to use the ground, so she simply remained away, as there was nothing for her to do. Assistant Corporation Counsel Sweeney contended that Miss Van Doren had willfully disobeyed the Park Department rules. The law, he said, did not permit a subordinate to exercise discretion as to whether he or she should work or not.

"Surely," said Justice Blanchard, "you don't mean to say that the ordinances call for the attendance of an employe such as this woman was when she can perform no duty on account of the condition of the playground?"

"Yes, I do," replied Mr. Sweeney.

$6,000 IN JEWELRY GONE.

William Baum Tells Police It Was Taken from Shelf in His Cafe.

William Baum, owner of the café at 1,646 Third Avenue, an old-time wrestler and trainer, well known to the sporting fraternity of twenty years ago, reported to the police last night that he had lost $6,000 worth of jewelry by putting his property on the shelf below his bar and forgetting about it for an hour yesterday afternoon. When he remembered what he had done, he said, he looked hurriedly for his property and saw that it was gone. He reported the case to the police of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station and to Police Headquarters.

The missing jewelry, he said, consists of six diamond rings, one of which was five carats in weight, and two more of five stones, one carat each in weight; one cluster ring of opals and diamonds, another with turquoise and diamonds, three diamond stick pins, one turquoise and one amythest stick pin, four studs, a horseshoe brooch, and a pair of diamond earrings, the property of his wife.

THREW HIS MONEY TO CROWD.

"Gas House" Jack Taylor of Watertown Is Arrested in Street Here.

A well-dressed man, who described himself as John B. Taylor of Watertown, N. Y., was arrested last night in front of the Hotel Belmont, at Park Avenue and Forty-second Street, by Policeman Spies of the Traffic Squad. A crowd of boys were around him, scrambling for the handfuls of dimes and quarters which he was throwing around lavishly.

He was taken to the Tenderloin Station on a charge of drawing a crowd, and there he said that he was known in Watertown as "Gas House Jack." He displayed a thick roll of bills and wore several pieces of expensive jewelry.

NASSAU LOSES MRS. BELMONT.

She Quits Hospital Board and Takes Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., with Her.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 2.—The resignation of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont from the Board of Directors of the Nassau Hospital is believed to be due to her displeasure at the attempt to oust Dr. Louis N. Lanehart, her family physician, from the Medical Board of that institution.

Mrs. Belmont has now been made President of the South Shore Hospital Association. She has paid many thousands of dollars into the treasury of the Nassau Hospital, but there have been differences in the association for some time.

It is said that the resignation of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., accompanies that of Mrs. Belmont, and Dr. Lanehart is expected to resign.

Mrs. John Lewis Childs, another member of the Hospital Association, has already resigned.

This will result in an entirely new organization for the hospital.

Central Promotes Gerard Van Tassel.

Gerard Van Tassel, Superintendent of the Harlem Railroad Company, it was announced yesterday, was appointed on July 1 to be Superintendent also of the Putnam Divisionn from Brewster to 155th Street, Manhattan, at an increased salary. Mr. Van Tassel will have his headquarters in White Plains. He has been in the employ of the Harlem Railroad for nearly thirty years. It is understood that the Central intends soon to electrify the Putnam as well as the Harlem Division.

CITY BREVITIES.

Mounted Policeman William J. Lenahan of Traffic Squad B was thrown from his horse in Fifty-seventh Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, yesterday afternoon, receiving a broken left thumb and a severe shaking. His horse, a new one, not thoroughly broken, became unmanageable and the curb chain on the bridle broke.

Detective R. F. Joyce of St. Louis arrived here yesterday to take Broughton Brandenburg to that city for trial on a charge of having kidnapped his stepson, James Shepard Cabanne, Jr. He will start back with the prisoner to-morrow morning.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich appointed John J. Hynes referee yesterday in a suit brought by Lillian Mary Winifred De Beck against Alexis De Beck.

Bertha Feder has brought suit in the Supreme Court for a separation from Herman Feder, an upholsterer in the employ of the Peerless automobile manufacturers. They formerly lived at 1,717 Third Avenue. The wife charges her husband with ill-treatment.

QUICK ACTION NOW ON SUBWAY PLANS

Board of Estimate Approves and Service Board Will Draw Up Forms of Bids at Once.

BOARD QUITS UNTIL FALL

Six Millions Appropriated for Various Departments—Central Purchasing Bureau for City Planned.

The Board of Estimate approved yesterday the report of its special subway committee to grant the request of the Public Service Commission for permission to advertise for bids on all the subway plans now before it.

When the action of the Board was reported to Chairman Willcox of the Commission later in the day he said that the preparation of contracts and the forms of bids will be started at once. The individual bids and offers on the plans already submitted will come before the Board again when they are presented.

The Board went through with one of the largest calendars in months yesterday. Over 400 items of business were taken up and some $6,000,000 voted to the various city departments. The Board will probably not meet again until the Fall. The matters before it yesterday were of such general interest that the Council Chamber was crowded to capacity. Samuel Cohen of 159 Boerum Street, Brooklyn, a spectator, was overcome by the heat early in the meeting and fainted. He was carried to the corridor by Police Lieutenant Kennel, attached to the Mayor's office, and revived by Dr. J. W. Brannan, President of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals.

The board voted $628,356.70 for the installation of the new high-pressure water service for fire protection in Brooklyn.

After argument it was decided to allow the Centadrink Company to install twenty fountains under elevated railroad stairways for ninety days as an experiment.

The suggestion for a moving-platform route up Broadway from Tenth to Forty-second Street was referred to a special committee, which delays action until Fall.

On the recommendation of Controller Metz a committee, consisting of the Presidents of the five boroughs and the heads of the Departments of Health, Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, Charities, Correction, Fire, Police, Education, Docks, Bridges, Water, and Parks, was appointed to consider the plan to establish what will practically be a central purchasing bureau for city supplies. The question of the standardizing of supplies has been considered by the city for some time.

The $875,000 requisition presented some time ago by the Public Service Commission was approved, together with its request for permission to increase the facilities of the Centre Street bridge loop now under construction from four to six tracks. This will involve the expenditure of over $1,000,000.

Intemperance Is A Disease!

No amount of "Will Power" can heal the inflamed stomach membranes, burned out by alcohol

THE OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

is recognized by the medical fraternity as the scientific and successful method of curing this disease. Treatment can be arranged without detention from business or any other unpleasant features. Absolute privacy assured, and moderate cost. For full particulars cut this out and write or call

THE OPPENHEIMER INSTITUTE
317 West 57th St., New York.
(7) Telephone, Columbus 6495.

FORTY YEARS A POSTMAN.

A. J. Liebenau Gets Many Presents from Associates in Brooklyn Office.

Postmaster Roberts, his assistants, and a hundred letter carriers of the Brooklyn Post Office held a formal reception in the mailing room of the Federal Building yesterday to honor Andrew Jackson Liebenau, 68 years old, of 1,708 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn, a veteran of the civil war as well as a veteran in the Government Postal Service, having completed his fortieth year as a letter carrier.

Liebenau's associates presented him with several tokens of esteem. On a table in the mailing room, decorated with an American flag, was a large floral horseshoe, bearing the inscription "1869-1909." Four gold stars, each representing ten years of service; a new uniform, and three $5 gold pieces and a Morris chair were among the presents the aged letter carrier received.

THE W&H SHOPS

"To Men Who Know."

WE all have to loosen up for the Fourth. It's about the biggest thing in history. Here are some *Outing* suggestions.

Cool Negligee Shirts, Manhattan Make, *Madras* to *Silk*, $1.50 to $6.00; *French Flannel*, $3.00; *Tennis*, $2.00.

Bathing Suits, pure worsted, $3.00 to $6.00.

Underwear (all standard makes), 50c. to $3.50.

Hosiery, 25c. to $2.50 the pair.

Pajamas, $1.50 to $5.00. Light weight *Dressing Gowns*, $3.50 to $8.50.

Caps, Dress Suit Cases and Bags to complete the outfit.

WEBER & HEILBRONER
"Furnishers to Men Who Know"
Broadway at 28th St. Broadway at Liberty
Broadway at 8th St. Nassau at Spruce
Broadway at Franklin 14 Wall Street
Nassau and Maiden Lane

STRAWS

Freshen up with a new, bright, and comfortable straw.

Cooling styles.

All Two Dollars
Saxony
HAT STORES

271 Broadway at Chambers St.
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58 East 23d St. at Fourth Av.
Brooklyn—468 Fulton St.
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Third Avenue, Cor. 122d Street (Open Evenings.)
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Hart, Schaffner & Marx
3-Piece Fancy Summer Suits
At One-Third Off

THE brisk selling caused by reducing the prices of our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fancy Summer Suits has diminished the stock, but there are enough attractive suits left at reduced prices for you to have the widest sort of selections.

$45 Suits now $30.00
$40 " " $26.66
$30 " " $20.00
$28 " " $18.66
Suits formerly $25 and less $16.66

WARNER STRAWS $2

"1910" Straws for Saturday

Cleared out—cleaned out and restocked before we really got "warmed" up to selling Straws. New, fresh, crisp Straws at all Truly Warner Stores to-day—$2.00.

1000 patterns and kinds of "going-away" and "stay-at-home" CAPS at 50c. *up.*

Nine Busy Greater New York Stores.

Truly Warner

A SMART SERGE SUIT

is a mighty necessary outfit to every Summer wardrobe. At $15 we show a lot of clothes that ought to wear a $25 price ticket. Let us show them to you.

Moe Levy & Co.,
1439 Broadway New York | 119-125 Walker St. New York
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LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15. The MOTOR GIRL Music by Julian Edwards

BROADWAY Thea., 41&B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Mon. 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS with BLANCHE RING.

LEW FIELDS' Herald Square Mats. Tday, Mon. & Wed. 2:15. Jefferson De Angelis in THE BEAUTY SPOT Evgs. 8:15.

Casino Tel. 3846-38. Evgs. 8:15. Hello, People! People, Hello! James T. POWERS in HAVANA Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15

DALY'S Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today, Mon. & Wed. 2:15. THE CLIMAX

AERIAL GARDENS Over New Amsterdam Theatre, W. 42d St. Sm'k'g & Ref'sh'ts. Conc'ts in Promenades A GENTLEMAN from MISSISSIPPI With Thos. A. Wise & Douglas Fairbanks

JARDIN DE PARIS ATOP N. Y. THEATRE $1.00 Table Seats. Smoking. Refreshments. Always Comfy THE PLACE TO SEE THE Greatest Show in N. Y. Ziegfeld's Follies of 1909 CAST OF 125.

FLYING NEXT MON., July 5, at 4 P.M. MORRIS PARK. Adm. 50c. REMARKABLE SCIENTIFIC DEMONSTRATION by GLEN H. CURTISS AEROPLANE. Other and Unique Events, incl. Airships, Gliders, Wind Wagons, Balloon Races, etc. Full particulars Sunday and Monday papers.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way & 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. R. C. Herz, Trixie Friganza, Haines & Vidocq, Dunlap, McCormick & Co., others.

JOE WEBER'S B'way, 29th St. Ev. 8:25. Mats. Wed., Sat. & July 5, 2:25. Last 2 Weeks. THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF. Eves. at 8:15 & Daily Mats. in Victoria Thea. ANNETTE KELLERMANN and Ten Other Big Acts.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL. Matinee Daily. Orch. Seats, 25c. Ev., 25c to $1.00 PAULINE, Fields & Lewis & other Stars.

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HIGH UP IN THE WOODS. PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK, Opp. W. 130th St. (N.Y.) Ferry.

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Summer Underwear
Coat Undershirts
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Also PAJAMAS at $1.50 and more the suit.

The best shops sell *GOTHAM Summer Underwear, Union Suits and Pajamas.*

We'll send you our authoritative Style Book—*"The Underwear of a Gentleman"*—for a postal request.

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RED-MAN *Brand* *Collars*

They wear longer, they launder smoother, than other 2 for 25 cent collars.

Thousands of men are wearing them to-day. Are you?

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A Men's Department Shop.

Great Buying by Us—Means Great Saving for You.

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Wool Swimming Suits
1.98 worth 3.00
Athletic Underwear
49c. Garment
Beach Robes, 2.98
Tennis Shirts, 98c
Flannel Negligees, 1.98
Leather Belts, 49c
Special—Office Coats, 98c., worth 2.00

CONEY ISLAND

HOLIDAY MAKERS' PARADISE.
GREATER DREAMLAND
July 5, Grand Fireworks Display.
15 New Circus Acts. All Free
Restaurant On Pier O'er Sea
Take Iron Steamboats To Dreamland Direct
EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE OCEAN.

CONEY ISLAND'S GREAT ORIGINAL
LUNA PARK
Copied and Imitated Throughout the World.
But Still Supreme for Summertime Fun.

Ward's Baths FOOT OF WALK. Opp. Luna Park. ALL SUITS STERILIZED.

BRIGHTON BEACH PARK
Always Cool. 1 Mile Open Beach.
PAIN'S BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
and GRAND FIREWORKS NIGHTLY.
Special Holiday Programme to-night

New Brighton Theatre Brighton Beach's Newest Resort. Fiske O'Hara & Co., Edward's Blonde Typewriters, Fay, Prescelle, Others. To-day Mat. 2:30. 25c. Ev. 8:15. pop. prices

HENDERSON RESTAURANT High-Class Vaudeville 16—BIG ACTS

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The Best in the Basket
It's a Biscuit Flour
It's a Pastry Flour
It's a Bread Flour
It's a Cake Flour
It's—
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
FOR SALE BY YOUR GROCER

The New York Times.

SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS.

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1909. 12 PAGES.

SONG.

BY JOHN DAVIDSON.

CLOSES and courts and lanes,
Devious, clustered thick,
The thoroughfare, mains and drains,
People and mortar and brick,
Wood, metal, machinery, brains,
Pen and composing stick;
Fleet Street, but exquisite flame
In the nebula once ere day and night
Began their travail, or earth became,
And all was passionate light.

Networks of wire overland,
Conduits under the sea,
Aerial message from strand to strand
By lightning that travels free,
Hither in haste to hand
Tidings of destiny,
These tingling nerves of the world's affairs
Deliver remorseless, rendering still
The fall of empires, the price of shares,
The record of good and ill.

Tidal the traffic goes
Citywards out of the town;
Townwards the evening ebb o'erflows
This highway of old renown,
When the fog-woven curtains close,
And the urban night comes down,
Where souls are spilt and intellects spent
O'er news vociferant near and far,
From Hesperus hard to the Orient,
From dawn to the evening star.

This is the royal refrain
That burdens the boom and the thud
Of omnibus, mobus, wain,
And the hoofs on the beaten mud,
From the Griffin at Chancery Lane
To the portal of old King Lud—
Fleet Street, diligent night and day,
Of news the mart and the burnished hearth,
Seven hundred paces of narrow way
A notable bit of the earth.

—From "Fleet Street and Other Poems."
(Mitchell Kennerley, New York.)

TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

DR. HALE AND DR. HOLMES.

It is not so easy to outgrow Dr. Holmes and Dr. Hale. The men of science and the novelists are still demonstrating and investigating Dr. Holmes's declaration, made more than forty years ago, that this body in which the soul travels through life is not a private carriage, but an omnibus, and now a Johns Hopkins professor suggests signaling to Mars with a strip of black cloth, appearing and disappearing on a white surface, possibly some convenient site on the alkali deserts. In the chapters of "The Brick Moon," published in The Atlantic Monthly in December, 1869, Dr. Hale told of signaling to the brick moon with black cambric laid on the Maine snow, using telegraph "shorts and longs," and by black cars running in and out under green platforms. Once in Roman letters "Rah. Al Wel" was signaled, anticipating the spelling reformers.

LUCIDITY THE CHIEF ESSENTIAL.

Young gentlemen whose progress on the way to actualizing their ideal of being Brownings and Merediths has brought them to the point of not being able to understand their own work may find when it is too late that all their labor has been in vain. Only the other day the Poet Laureate, speaking from the dignified precinct of The Quarterly Review, told them that lucidity was one of the two essential qualities of poetry, and now London Truth prints an article declaring that the first thing that may legitimately be expected of a poet, a philosopher, a novelist, or even of a poor journalist, is that when he sets himself to communicate his ideas to his fellow-creatures he shall make his meaning as plain as the nature of the subject permits. If these theories be accepted, the feeble few who have never found it necessary to ask assistance in order to read Browning or Meredith may no longer be treated as outcast heathen by members of the Difficult Reading Made Easy Clubs and societies.

FALLIBILITY OF GEORGE III.

Some interesting letters written by George III. to John Robinson, Secretary of the Treasury between 1772 and 1780, were recently sold at Sotheby's auction rooms in London. Extracts from them clearly disclose the fallibility of monarchs. Thus in March, 1777, King George wrote:

> I am sorry to find any one adopts the idea of there being any reason in Sir W. Howe's application for 20,000 additional troops. I know the thing is impracticable, and if he and his brother will act with a little less lenity, (which I really think cruelty as it keeps up the contest,) the next campaign will bring the Americans in a temper to accept of such terms as may enable the mother country to keep them in order.

Despite the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga and the alliance of France with the colonies, King George continued optimistic, for in September, 1779, he wrote:

> As to our granting independency, I hope the hour will never arise that this country can be so fallen in sentiment as to admit of it; at least, I will never put my hand to a measure that cannot fail of reducing this island to its own narrow limit.

Nothing need be said of the final outcome beyond remarking that King George III. was mistaken in more ways than one.

DAVIDSON'S PESSIMISTIC PREFACE.

A prefatory note, highly characteristic of John Davidson, the eccentric English poet, who committed suicide recently, appears in his latest volume of poems, "Fleet Street," which Mitchell Kennerley publishes to-day. It is as follows: "The time has come to make an end. There are several motives. I find my pension is not enough; I have, therefore, still to turn aside and attempt things for which people will pay. My health also counts. Asthma and other annoyances I have tolerated for years; but I cannot put up with cancer. I thought this might be my last book, and intended five poems, "Cain," "Judas," "Caesar Borgia," "Calvin," and "Cromwell," under the general title "When God Meant God," to be the principal contents. "Cain" is the only one of these poems which I have written. I should have concluded the volume with a second Testament in my own person, insisting that men should no longer degrade themselves under such appellations as Christian, Mohammedan, Agnostic, Monist, &c. Men are the Universe become conscious; the simplest man should consider himself too great to be called after any name." The peculiar quality of Davidson's verse may be judged from the "Song," printed elsewhere on this page.

LITERARY "GREEN GOODS."

How to win an alleged "literary reputation," and incidentally to lose any remaining shreds of reputation of other variety, is the burden of an advertisement which appeared in a local newspaper the other day. The notice, which briefly outlines a sort of literary "green goods" or "gold brick" game, reads as follows:

> Do you want a substantial literary reputation? A well-known editor and writer will produce in your name and for your profit a book that will make a hit, or write and place for you a series of magazine articles that will make your name famous; will guarantee a genuine literary reputation to any clever person of means willing to pay my price, $5,000; this means a retainer for one year's services, including wide personal exploitation of client; unique ideas and original press publicity; principals only.

It seems scarcely necessary to comment upon such an obvious fraud as the above, and yet the ways in which the fool is separated from his money are so many that it may be as well to say that the alleged "well-known editor" having lost his own reputation by his willingness to engage in a fraudulent undertaking, could create no reputation for any vain idiot, bitten with the idea of posing as a "literary genius." Literary reputations are not made in that way.

POISON LABEL ON BOOKS.

Charles F. Lummis of the Public Library, Los Angeles, Cal., has been sounding the principal librarians of the country, suggesting the advisability of adopting a uniform conservative plan for an evaluation of text books, so as to indicate to readers such as are authoritative and such as are misleading or valueless as works of reference. As a rule the replies received by Mr. Lummis have been of a nature favorable to a "plating system," containing a form of warning or cross reference—not saying, "This book is a fraud," but some such phraseology as, "There are more reliable books on this subject; consult, for instance, ——." In his general letter Mr. Lummis writes: "Every drug store has to keep poisons, but is obliged to safeguard their going out. It is a general law that a death head and cross bones must adorn the label of violent drugs. Every large library is obliged to possess thousands of books which should be under similar restrictions. * * * Many of these are active poisons, as every critic knows. They must be kept on tap; but they should not go out to minors without the poison label." Mr. Lummis cites a few specimens. Some works of Egyptology, "which are simply creating and perpetuating superstition," and specifically, "the 'history' of Mexico and Peru by Prescott—delightful but deluding."

A TYPICAL YANKEE HATER

James Alexander, in "A Prisoner in Holy Orders," Writes a Strange Biography of Unhappy Stephen Helwyn—Pursued by Fate from Cradle to Grave.

GALLED BY AMERICAN PROGRESS.

An English Clergyman Who Saw Nothing But Woe and Desolation in the Entente Between the Two Countries.

By HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE.

THE voice of one crying Desolation, Desolation; of one bewailing the glories past and the degeneracy present, is the voice heard in "A Prisoner in Holy Orders." Kipling's

> On doone and headland sinks the fire
> Lo, all our pomp of Yesterday is one with Ninevah and Tyre

won't begin to express how badly Mr. Alexander feels in regard to about everything. The book, "to prevent any misunderstanding in the mind of the reader," is stated in the preface to be the fruit of many years of close friendship with the hero, and the author disclaims responsibility for all that gentleman's views and strictures. The said hero is an English clergyman, Stephen Helwyn, a being who, we are assured, was pursued by ill-fortune from the cradle to the grave. This unhappy fate begins at birth with the death of his father, continues with an ever-present lack of sufficient funds and other untoward occurrences, and finally comes to an end, as far as the book and this life are concerned, with a death not far removed from suicide.

Yet to the reader Stephen's misfortune does not seem greater than the average. The boy had a mother who adored him, and relatives who were most kind to him. He received a good education and was allowed to follow the profession which appealed to him. He was installed as curate where he had plenty of the sort of work he wanted, and frequent invitations to the tables of the great. He travels twice around the world, writes immense quantities of notes, collects thousands of pounds' worth of photographs, has his horses and his "snug" quarters, and wears "lovely coats worth twelve pounds."

But in one place fire consumes these quarters, a man makes off with the lovely coat, and small boys decamp "with their pockets filled with Mr. Helwyn's jewelry, money, and so forth," he looking on the while. "People," his biographer goes on to say, "people were kind in their way, they sent sovereigns and said 'I'm sorry,' and one lady lent him her toothbrush"—the author, one perceives, can be humorous—"but, just like his luck, his best clothing had been stored at a hotel hundreds of miles away, and on taking up a paper the next day he saw that it, too, had been burned to the ground! The old, old Helwyn luck was still in strong going order."

After this he gets engaged to a woman, an old friend, by cable. Then he goes home to marry his Lady Mary. Things are not all they might be, however, and once again the wail is raised:

> Afterward they told him that Lady Mary was much changed. But, after all, what else could he expect? Was it not but another sample of poor Stephen's ill luck, or of the all-pursuing curse? Fancy traveling half around the world for this!

Real shrieks of agony burst from the narrator on this occasion.

> Oh, never, never do your courting by cable! It is not a success * * * and then the scenes, the agonies. The poor woman looked a hundred years older. How awfully cruel is the curse of the world. Poor, poor woman! Poor, poor man!

The virtuous Stephen is torn this way and that; shall he tell the lady she no longer holds his heart, or enter into a loveless marriage? His mental sufferings bring on an attack of the gout. Lady Mary would nurse him, but he begs her to go hunting while her sister watches at his bedside. This she does, and a few hours later is brought in with her neck broken—"she never spoke more," we are assured. But is Stephen content at this cutting of the Gordian knot?

> To enter into the details of the unutterable grief caused by this, the latest affliction, would be little short of indecent. To think that the adored one was no more! and above all that death should have claimed her just at the moment when the lovers were not on the very best terms. How could Fate and Providence be so uniformly cruel to Stephen?

And much, much more in the same strain. But there are many pages to fill, and the author cannot be always wailing Stephen's misfortunes. So he takes up those of his country himself, and incidentally slams the United States just as hard as he knows how.

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*A PRISONER IN HOLY ORDERS, or, The Ill-Fate of Stephen Helwyn. By James Alexander. London: George Routledge & Sons. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co.

Mr. Alexander emits a Rooseveltian howl over the falling birthrate, and then empties the vials of his wrath on the present British admiration of everything American—an admiration which, possibly, has not struck us with the same force it has him. To these two factors he points as the cause of all his country's troubles. His statements are often so tangled as to English and so ignorant as to fact that one has difficulty in getting any very clear idea as to what the trouble is all about. But certainly things are out of joint.

Speaking of our mad passion for extending our colonial possessions Mr. Alexander has this to say:

> When in the States Mr. Helwyn chanced to be in Washington Territory on Washington Day; and he read the speech of the Representative of that State, who said: "We are in Washington Territory. Next to us comes that little patch of British Columbia, and then our own Alaska. We must obtain the Hawaiian Islands—the Key of the Pacific—then there will be a grand strategic triangle from which to squelch out those (Adjective) English; and the Pacific is ours."

We must admit with shame that though the strategic triangle is ours, the adjective English are still unsquelched. But Mr. Alexander cries pathetically, "Scratch out the 'map of the Pacific Ocean' and insert in deep blue letters 'The New Yankee Pond,' and there you have it."

It is, however, the trade we are getting with the colonies that most harrows his loyal heart. Everything is made in America:

> It was with difficulty that our Englishman found an English boot factory. Shoes were immediately ordered; and splendidly were they made, too; but crossing a mountain torrent soon after, one of them fell in and was swept away; and presenting the other to a friend who had just lost a foot in a railroad accident, he went to town to obtain more shoes. But the English factory had been "squelched" out by the pampered foreigners' trade; and he was compelled to purchase American articles, after all.

Mr. Alexander fails to state whether the accident was also of American manufacture; neither is the felicity of boot and foot proving mates alluded to. Possibly English shoes will do as well for either foot.

Mr. Alexander accuses the colonials of going to see the great American liners come to port, "if only just to hear the latest Yankee twang and slang, unaware that American ladies and gentlemen do not emit that odious sound."

He tells how most of the implements and machinery are American made. How England refuses to make the special cutlass used all over the West Indies, as well as the kind of axe used in felling the Australian forests, and how America kindly obliges.

"And we meek creatures raise fresh paeans of adoring cringe to the captors of our brains and trade," he moans. Think of it! And so many of us here quite unaware of what we are receiving. Adoring cringe, and we not knowing.

Further along an illustrious statesman is credited with saying that the Americans have become "the mightiest people in the universe." The author adds, "the universe! The revolting gush!"

But worse remains:

> Now the most shocking thing of all occurred on the arrival of the Prince and Princess in that part of the empire. This anecdote will hardly be credited. The city had loyally been decked out at enormous cost; but when the procession came along the main street Mr. Helwyn was amazed that the cheering was not more vociferous. He inquired from his cab if they could not do better. A voice answered, "You would know what we could do were it the President of America," and the crowd, the man in the street, shouted assent.

"Naturally," exclaims our author, although we suspect him of sarcasm, "we are glad that Americans can make a hatful of money, no matter how, and that in consequence they are gladsome and joyous * * * but, alas! the gross vulgarity that we lavish upon them in all sincerity is accepted by them with the contempt it deserves."

Mr. Alexander stops to give a word of praise to that Governor of Jamaica who distinguished himself by refusing to allow the Americans to boss the English on the occasion of the Kingston earthquake. "Good chap," he cries, "who, whatever his faults may be, if he has any, was true to the traditions of the once proud flag of England."

Little anecdotes of American customs and manners enliven a page here and there. This for instance:

> It was in American waters that Mr. Helwyn was lunching with the skipper of H. M. S. Pheasant. This officer had in his cabin a handsome knick-knack of which he was proud. The fellows from an American warship coming to call, his reverence was asked to remain until after their departure, when it was noted that a characteristic joke had been played. The English Captain's knick-knack had been replaced by a tin of American canned pheasant.

The reprehensible young men! But, then, what else can one expect of a fellow?

The chapter "Are Americans Our Cousins" contains perhaps some of the finest passages in the book:

"The chief people to replenish the United States are Chinamen * * * and even more prolific than our Yellow cousins are the Black ones—the myriads of negroes." Besides these are the foreign imported cousins, who, we are assured, "at New York, as soon as they are let loose from the immigration depot, flood the streets, where they wave their newly adopted flag on every occasion, and sing and shout, day in, day out, [the author's tragic vehemence here rising to poetic expression,] 'Yange tootle' and 'Der sdar pesbankilt panner!'"

In case of a war with England, however, where would America be?

> Would the few English fight for her? No. Would the Chinese? No, why should they? Or the French, or the Italians? No. The negroes would probably to a man be on our side; and there would be left to the Stars and Stripes only the solid old Germans, the Irish, and for a time the Intransigeants. Mutiny and desertion always has been—and always must be—the bane of the American Navy.

It is all very, very terrible—and there is a great deal more of it. One sinister thing we must not omit quoting, though our space grows short:

> Is it a sign of the times—a noisome sign—or only a terrifying nightmare that scarcely such a thing as a young oak is planted to take the place of the hardy veterans?

As a lurid light thrown on the selfish aggrandizement and "bounce" of America; as a picture of the dry rot of the English Church, the tottering state of the empire, and the approaching degeneracy of her people, and as a general forlorn howl at things as they are, this book will be hard to beat. Doubtless much of what is said here is true. But it is much the same sort of truth as one would expect of a person mired in a bog who was trying to describe the country beyond. No one can deny the mud and the bushes, and they were better cleared away. But the hills and the valleys and the heavens remain—and are also important in their fashion, and perhaps even more permanent.

THE STORY OF OIL.

MR. WALTER SHELDON TOWER in his entertaining and instructive book, "The Story of Oil," (D. Appleton & Co., $1,) expresses the opinion that, iron alone excepted, no mineral product can rival petroleum in real value to all the peoples of the earth, without regard to class or condition. That is a marvelous thing to say about a substance of which the world practically made no use fifty years ago. It was not until two or three years before the war that the whale oil and lard oil lamps began to go out of commission, the kerosene business taking their places, and it was not until August, 1859, that we had in America a well drilled for oil.

But once started the petroleum industry was of rapid growth. Col. Drake's historis well in the Oil Creek region was no sooner in operation than a new era began for all the dark places of the world which had never known good artificial light. The humble kerosene lamps, Mr. Tower truthfully remarks, quickly carried the light of civilization into every corner of the earth and "literally made life longer for the millions by turning hours of darkness into profitable pleasure and enjoyment." For this great boon these foreign folk have paid us billions; Mr. Tower says they are now paying us at the rate of $10,000 an hour for the oil we are sending them from our wells. For their use and our own we have drawn 1,800,000,000 barrels of oil from the bowels of the earth since Drake showed us the way.

All this in a brief half century! No wonder it makes an interesting and absorbing story, as it comes to us in a simple and straightforward fashion from one who knows the facts. Practically all the ordinary person needs to know about petroleum is in Mr. Tower's book. One of the chapters relates to the Standard Oil Trust, but it has little to say about the moral and legal aspects of its operations, the author's purpose evidently being merely to show in what way that corporation has contributed to the development of a vast and beneficent industry.

OLD FOREST LORE IN MYSTIC TALE

Mr. Allen Utilizes Symbolism in Telling the Poetic Story of "The Bride of the Mistletoe."

MR. JAMES LANE ALLEN has, it appears, been bitten by the ambition to make a Trilogy. The thing is one apt to happen to writers at once mystical and sensuous. Symbolism of the sort in which the poets called decadent take refuge—and Mr. Allen is rather a poet or composer of word music than a novelist—falls naturally into mystical numbers. The first of the parts of the Kentucky rhapsodist's Trilogy is now offered to the reader, the remaining two being as yet promised merely, in a thin volume entitled "The Bride of the Mistletoe."*

It is a parable of the Christmas parasite, not as an emblem of harmless mirth, but as the symbol of certain mysteries of life hinging on the old Druidical sacrifice of the maiden beside the oak, and takes the form of a detailed and highly poetical description of a crisis in the lives of what Mr. Allen calls "a middle-aged couple." To be sure, he makes the man a sort of tree-worshipping savage, immortally young, though disguised as a college professor, and the woman a creature of passion in full sentimental flower, though she is not under forty and is the mother of four children, two of which lie cold in their graves. By the terms of the parable, the man is the lawful husband of the woman. He undertakes upon Christmas Eve, ceremoniously dressed (Mr. Allen's fine phrase for in evening clothes) and armed with a pointer—the surviving children being snug in bed—to deliver to the woman, picturesquely posed in a black gown, with bare white arms and shoulders splashed against red hangings, a poetized summary of collected erudition on the origin and significance of the Christmas tree and its appurtenances.

The tree stands beside him, illumined and bedecked, apt to the pointer. The man lectures; the woman listens and broods.

The Darwinian descent of man out of vast ocean and by way of uncounted centuries in the forest primeval is James Lane Allenized sentimentally, melodiously, not without phrases of the mintage of genius, not without dolorous didactical platitudes and deplorable bits of bathos as well. The man expects applause, but the woman, set white against the crimson, receives the talk coldly. "Tell me also," she says, "the meaning of the mistletoe, which you have not explained. That, too, I must know." She insists all the more on knowledge when the man declares that it is not a pretty story.

For the woman has divined that the orator pedagogically propounding his theme with such unhumorous pomp is more moved by the theme itself of the Christmas tree as the survival of ancient forest rites than by her presence to whom it is presented as tribute. She has begun already to suspect that her woman's hold upon the father of her children has yielded to that of his work and his vagrant fancy. She is, besides, in the peculiarly feminine mood of self-torture. The cup of bitterness is her chosen potion. The man obeys her imperious wish. He tells the story of the mistletoe—tells it after protest and warning, but spares not dramatic illustration of an oak and a trembling maid at the foot of it, and a "tried strong man" striding through the boscage. In the new recital he betrays—or so the woman thinks—more passion, more forgetfulnes of herself even than before.

Thus she is convinced that her kingdom of youth is ashes and dust. Mr. Allen describes very intimately a very intimate tragedy which follows. It is not to be touched here. What the woman did was probably quite womanlike; what the man did may have been manlike. But, as with the parable of the mistletoe, it is not a pretty story.

The sweet singer of "The Choir Invisible" is, as usual, not only symbolically sensuous to the limit of his poetic license; he drags in by the heels details which may fairly be called—to adopt a symbolism slightly different from his own but still botanical—deliberately [illegible]. The whole piece is best characterized, perhaps, as an attempt to turn the doctrine of evolution into decadent poetry, in a thin disguise of rhapsodical romance on a seeming high moral plane. The author has vivisected to furnish forth a sentimental orgy—secondary and literary merely, of course—one of the cruel tragedies which must befall overcivilized folk in a natural world. The quarrel is not with the material nor with the use of the scalpel, but with the poisonous purpose.

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*THE BRIDE OF THE MISTLETOE. By James Lane Allen. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.50.

THE FORBIDDEN BOUNDARY

IT is seldom that a volume of short stories approaches the interest and excellence of Mr. B. L. Putnam Weale's "The Forbidden Boundary, and Other Stories," (the Macmillan Company, London, $1.50.) Mr. Weale is well known as the author of several books on the Far East, notably "The Coming Struggle in Eastern Asia" and "The Reshaping of the Far East," but this volume marks his début as a writer of fiction. And very unusual fiction it is.

The story which gives the book its title deals with the alliance between an Englishman and a Japanese girl—a theme not new to literature, certainly, but here treated without romantic illusion or sentimental blindness to the real facts. There is a forbidden boundary, and the Englishman sees on the other side those Anglo-Saxons who have succumbed to the spell of the Orient, and yet with wistful eyes look back to what they have lost. The Englishman is saved from a like fate, but not before he has seen the real consequences of his defection. The second story, in two parts, deals with the adventures of a Frenchman, who finds himself stranded in a Chinese town at the outbreak of the Russo-Japanese war. He is an ingenious creature, with a large fund of unconscious humor, and as he tells his story the reader hesitates between amusement and admiration. Absolutely without commercial experience, he becomes a filibuster and manages to be caught with a wandering American adventuress between the lines of the opposing armies. After hair-raising escapes and adventures, he finds that he was merely after all a man of straw for an unscrupulous trader. The scenes of warfare are grimly realistic, though a sort of ironic detachment on the part of the author gives them a unique flavor. The second adventure of the Frenchman, who, with a one-armed Russian nurse, (formerly the American girl,) enters Port Arthur after its fall, is a capital story.

"The Cult of Sparta" is a queer conceit of the animosity between an Englishman and an American, who, in a little Japanese village, fight over again the siege of Yorktown according to the Marquis of Queensberry. A native girl plays Scherezade, and her story is weirdly effective. "The Fever Bed" is a tale of the conspiracy of an Asiatic beauty against a white man, and "Loot" is a recounting of a plundering expedition in Peking after the entrance of the allied forces. "Drugs and the Man," is a bitterly true portrayal of an old Chinaman fallen from fortune through his love for opium, and "The Enemy" is a slighter and less considered story of a young swimmer.

In "A Missionary of Empire" Mr. Neale brings into contrast the inscrutable, the unfathomable Oriental spirit and culture, and one John Lynch, a young Englishman. It is the clash of races, though the old Chinese nobleman is Lynch's friend. Like the majority of these tales, it is grimly powerful, holding the reader's interest tense to the last word.

Perhaps the volume is what might be called a "man's book"; Mr. Neale is uncompromising in presenting things as he sees them. He gives us the atmosphere of the Far East, which he knows as few Anglo-Saxons know it, and yet he preserves his detachment of spirit as Loti and Lafcadio Hearn do not. He pictures its strangeness, its insidious charm, and its danger. The book should not be missed by those who are not afraid of a shudder or two, and who care for stories of artistic vitality.

PHYSICAL EXERCISE.

A. R. J. Winjum, Director of Physical Training at the Battle Creek Sanitarium, has written and published a "Manual of Physical Exercises," in which he exhibits in a plain and simple manner the methods of exercise which he believes conduce to physical and mental vigor. He holds that for the maintenance of perfect health, regular daily exercise is necessary and that the exercise should be contrived so that all the muscles of the body may participate in it. His manual prescribes both for those who should work hard at their exercise and for those who should only moderately exert themselves. Excellent illustrations show precisely how the various movements which are recommended are to be executed.

AMONG FRIENDS OF OTHER DAYS

Mr. William Winter Writes Some Highly Entertaining Recollections of Old-time Authors and Bohemians.

MR. WINTER'S "Other Days," published not long ago, dealt exclusively with his remembrances of famous actors. He has now written of authors he has known intimately, famous writers of the past. There is a cheerful and welcome note in the preface to the effect that he intends to publish several books treating of the present in literature and dramatic art. That he is at work on a biography of Richard Mansfield is well known, and the book is waited for eagerly by admirers of that great actor, whose gifts and achievements should be recorded judiciously in permanent form.

The first subject in the present book* is Longfellow, whom Winter esteemed highly as a poet and as a friend. He ranks him with Cooper, whose romances he still reads, as one of the "two great representative American authors." Mr. Winter first knew the author of "Evangeline" in 1854, and they were friends until the end of the poet's life. In all those years Longfellow was devoting himself exclusively to literature. He had resigned his Harvard professorship in 1854. Winter's biographical sketch of Longfellow is brief but eloquent. He considers him the foremost American poet because "he was more objective than any of the other bards, and was elementally actuated by an impulse of greater and broader design." He admits that "the element of passionate inspiration" is manifested in individual lyrics by Poe, Halleck, Story, and Whittier in a manner surpassing anything from Longfellow's pen But "no other American poet has produced a fabric of imaginative poetry that rises to the height of Longfellow's 'Golden Legend,' and is sustained with such copious feeling and diversified with such affluence of invention, unflagging interest of material, and perfection of taste." Longfellow did not write exclusively for himself, but for others. He represents more fully than any other American poet "the two cardinal principles which are of the highest import to the human race." Winter pays his respects blithely to the detractors of Longfellow, the "transcendentalists," Coventry Patmore, (who called him "Longwindedfellow;") Whitman, Margaret Fuller Ossoli, and Poe. But of Poe he speaks gently, and makes allowance for "the strain of insanity that was in him." Longfellow cherished no resentment against Poe.

From Longfellow Mr. Winter passes to the old bohemian set of New York who used to meet at Pfaff's, prefacing his memories of these bohemians with some reminiscences of the Boston of his youth and its literary folk. This was the era of the founding of the Atlantic Monthly, when Lowell, Holmes, Emerson, Whittier, James T. Fields, Epes Sargent, were in their prime and Boston was indeed a modern Athens. In 1859 he settled in New York and fell in with the bohemians. The name, by the way, was not of their own choosing. Henry Clapp, who somewhat suggested Voltaire, was the leader of the set. In "temperament, mental constitution, and the conduct of his life" he was more of a Frenchman than an American, and he had long dwelt in Paris. But he was born in Nantucket, was associated with the Church in early life, had been a temperance orator and an anti-slavery agitator. His early essays in journalism were in New Bedford and Lynn. He became a Fourierite and edited a smart, unprofitable weekly paper in New York called The Saturday Press, in which he assailed Tupper and Gen. George P. Morris. Clapp described Horace Greeley as "a self-made man who worships his creator," and said of a pompous clergyman that he was "waiting for a vacancy in the Trinity." Clapp was, in a way, the leader of a band of "writers and artists, mostly young, and, though usually impecunious, opulent in their youth, enthusiasm, and ardent belief alike in a rosy present and a golden future." George Arnold was in the set. Whitman frequently joined them. Charles Dawson Shanly, humorist and versifier; Gardette, Frank Wood, E. G. P. Wilkins, a dramatic critic and play writer; Launt Thompson, the sculptor; Boughton, the painter; Sol Eytinge, Jr., the draughtsman, were of the company. Fitz-James O'Brien, writer of weird short stories and a few plays, was "the most striking figure." T. B. Aldrich was one of the bohemians for a little while. Both of these wrote briefly for Clapp's weekly paper.

The bohemians of Pfaff's have often been written about, but never before with the authentic touch of Mr. Winter. Mr. Winter was for a time one of them. Writing in those days was a precarious vocation. Relatively speaking, it is precarious still, and always will be. But there are no more bohemians. According to Winter there was precious little of bohemian revelry or romance about Pfaff's set. He ridicules Howells's boyish memories of it, but he recalls a visit of Howells, clad in black, to the cave, to worship the genius of Whitman. That great poet, garbed in pompadour style as to coat and shirt, "received his admirer's homage with characteristic benignity." "There is nothing," says Mr. Winter, "like genius—unless possibly it may be leather."

Oliver Wendell Holmes, Aldrich, Bayard Taylor, Charles Dickens, and Wilkie Collins are famous men with whom Mr. Winter was on terms of friendship, and of whom he writes at length. One of the most interesting and important chapters in the book is devoted to George William Curtis. He first met Curtis at Longfellow's, in Cambridge, more than fifty years ago. He was struck then by Curtis's handsome appearance and manners. They became fast friends. He regards Curtis as a great man, and writes of his attainments and services in a vein of enthusiasm. Curtis wrote in his sketch of Theodore Winthrop: "If we should tell the simple truth of some of our neighbors, it would sound like poetry." Mr. Winter says: "The truth about Curtis has that sound now, and more and more it will have that sound as time proceeds." One derives from this account of Curtis a high estimate of his oratorical gift, his literary style, his patriotism, and his private character. Few men are so free from faults. "Curtis at his best [this is merely the literary side of him] had the grace of Addison, the kindness of Steele, the simplicity of Goldsmith, and the nervous force of the incomparable Sterne."

Mr. Winter shrinks from writing an autobiography. But he is not sure he will not yet undertake the task. He remembers Channing and the great jurist, Story; the funeral of John Quincy Adams, the Presidency of Polk, the murder of Parkman by Webster, the acting of the elder Booth, the oratory of Daniel Webster, Theodore Parker, Rufus Choate. But for the present he writes of the lives and deeds of others. Arthur Sketchley, the English humorist, who invented Mrs. Brown; Fanny Kemble, whom he calls imperious and arrogant; Artemus Ward, Richard Henry Stoddard, Stedman, Seymour, (the first dramatic critic of THE NEW YORK TIMES,) and Donald G. Mitchell are among the persons of whom he has something worth saying to say. The book has a copious index, and is well illustrated, some of the portraits reproduced, especially those of Clapp, E. G. P. Wilkins, and Arnold being entirely new to the present generation.

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*OLD FRIENDS: Being Literary Recollections of Other Days. By William Winter. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co. $3.

WITH QUIRT AND SPUR.

Some reminiscences of frontier days in Northwest Texas are presented by Edgar Rye in "The Quirt and the Spur," (W. B. Conkey Company.) Mr. Rye went to the Lone Star State in 1876, when there was not much of civilization to be found after leaving Fort Worth, and settled at Fort Griffin. It was a wild and picturesque lot he lived with for a good many years, and he seems to have retained some very clear recollections of their frolics and tragedies. His reminiscences deal with cowboys, outlaws, desperados and bravados, and with men of nerve and unflinching courage who stood up for law and order and rescued the town when the wild ones tried to run away with it.

"An American Subject."

"An American Subject" is the latest creation of Mrs. Humphry Ward. The ghosts of "the signers" will surely pursue her, and shades of the Constitutional Convention will follow.

THE ERIE CANAL UNDER REVIEW

Waterway Construction in New York State Exhaustively Considered by Senator Henry Wayland Hill.

By FORBES LINDSAY.

SENATOR HILL'S volume* is an important contribution to the literature of the subject. It reviews the course of waterway improvement in the State of New York from the time of the Dutch occupation, and gives a detailed account of the legislation connected with the old Erie Canal and its recently projected amplification. The prominent part played by the author in the movement which culminated with the passage of the Canal bill of 1903, qualifies him to treat the subject authoritatively, and also accounts for his tendency to be prolix when dealing with the attendant political incidents. The ordinary reader would derive more interest and profit from the book if it were less a history of the legislation and to a greater extent an exposition of the economics of the case.

The greatest industrial need of our country to-day is increased transportation facility, and the surest source of relief is in the expansion and improvement of our internal waterway system. It is of the utmost consequence that the public should be educated to an appreciation of the potentialities lying dormant in our neglected streams and abandoned canals. Mr. Hill's extensive work—clearly designed to be more than a history—is by no means without value in this respect, but the author misses more than one obvious opportunity to convey an impressive lesson. For instance, New York's commercial growth was coincident with the development of the waterways of the State. Its decline has been coincident with their decay. It is impossible to escape the conclusion that these facts bespeak cause and effect. The old Erie Canal unquestionably played a powerful part in the rise of the city to eminence as a seaport and centre of trade. The new Barge Canal may be depended on to check its retrogression and launch it upon a higher wave of prosperity. We think that the author might have enhanced the usefulness of his book by devoting a considerable amount of space to showing the action, past and prospective, of these agencies.

A very important feature of any latter-day canal project is its actual or potential relationship to other similar utilities. This auxiliary function of the waterway is a potent consideration in the plans of the Federal Inland Waterway Commission, and will greatly influence all future National improvements. This aspect of the matter is noticed by the author only in its most local bearing. But the ultimate utility of the Erie Canal will be greatly affected by its connections with the lake-Gulf waterway and the Atlantic deeper waterways system. The enhanced importance to be derived by the New York canal from these extensions may be illustrated by the statement that when the channels in question are opened, as they surely will be in time, a vessel may make a circuit from New York, via Buffalo, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans, Baltimore, Philadelphia, &c., calling en route at cities which contain, in the aggregate, more than 60 per cent. of the urban population of the United States.

As a historical review, which is its chief purpose, Senator Hill's book is thorough and peculiarly valuable because it covers ground that has hitherto been neglected. It is evidently the result of most laborious and careful study of original documents, from which extracts have been judiciously made. The written history of the State of New York is measurably enriched by the addition of this volume.

One hundred and more pages are occupied by an appendix in which two speeches of Senator Hill are reproduced. In these we find much practical information and a forcible, though necessarily brief, presentation of the subject in its economic aspects, exciting the wish that the author, with his rich experience and full knowledge, might write a book adapted to general use—one which would enlighten and encourage the taxpayer, and arouse in the business man a proper appreciation of the enormous importance of waterway development.

"Growls from Uganda."

The appealing title of a forthcoming anonymous book is "Growls from Uganda." It is written by an Englishman who has established himself in the wilds of Equatorial Africa.

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*AN HISTORICAL REVIEW OF WATERWAYS AND CANAL CONSTRUCTION IN NEW YORK STATE. By Henry Wayland Hill, LL. D. Edited by Frank H. Severance. Frontispiece portrait of author. Folding map showing old and new canals, etc. One volume. Pp. [illegible]. Large octavo. Buffalo: Buffalo Historical Society. Paper, $4; cloth, [illegible]

THE SHADOW OF THE CRESCENT

A Novel of the Turkish Revolution.

A Keen Detective Story With An American Hero.

The Romance of a Mysterious Kidnapping.

By Edward B. Mitchell.

FREDERICK A. STOKES COMPANY.

THE BASIS OF ASCENDANCY

A DISCUSSION OF CERTAIN PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC POLICY INVOLVED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOUTHERN STATES: BY

EDGAR GARDNER MURPHY

Author of "The Present South"

(Cloth, 12mo, $1.50 net; by mail, $1.60.)

"To one who meets Mr. Murphy as a writer for the first time, there is some possibility that the singular brilliancy of his style will obscure the soundness and solidity of his thinking, the wholesomeness of his feeling, the practical acuteness and shrewdness of his observation of complicated questions, and the very unusual grasp he has of the whole product of modern discussion of politics, science, and affairs. This peculiar brilliancy is more manifest in the present volume than in its predecessors, because Mr. Murphy is dealing with his subject in a broader and also in a more subtle manner. This treatment is fascinating and inspiring. . . For the effective union of high thinking and telling common sense it has not been equaled in the vast mass of discussion of the complex question with which it deals."—*Editorial, New York Times, June 24th, 1909.*

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SPIRITUALISTIC MANIFESTATIONS

Mr. Fremont Rider in a Highly Interesting Book Considers the Question "Are the Dead Alive?"

IT is difficult to write impartially and without bias on the absorbing subject of those psychic phenomena which include telepathy and "spiritism." Mr. Fremont Rider, in his highly interesting book, "Are the Dead Alive?" (B. W. Dodge & Co., $1.75,) has achieved a remarkable appearance of impartiality, though it is impossible to escape the impression that he leans strongly toward a belief in the supranormal explanation for various of these phenomena. However, the volume contains descriptions of results so remarkable that the author's attitude appears rather conservative than credulous.

Mr. Rider disclaims any intention of presenting himself as an innovator or even an independent investigator; he performs the service of giving "a selection of typical observed facts and certain unbiased inferences which may logically be drawn from them. * * * He has endeavored to give an impartial presentation of a subject tangled perhaps more than any other with conflicting theories and obscured with the grossest fraud and most deep-rooted prejudice both pro and con." Mr. Rider draws largely from the records of the English and American Societies for Psychical Research, though a number of independent investigators contribute to the instances quoted herein. His statement that "there are now in all the world but one or two scientists of the first rank who deny the actual probability of the future life, while a large proportion claim that this life has been actually proved by the occurring phenomena of spiritualism" is somewhat sweeping in implication, as are certain other of his remarks; but the book on the whole is sane and strikingly devoid of the sensationalism suggested by its title.

It is, moreover, intensely interesting. After clearing the ground by quoting Flammarion's observation that "One may lay it down as a principle that all professional mediums cheat," and adding that the history of mediumship is one continuous disheartening record of fraud, Mr. Rider proceeds to a consideration of the physical phenomena of Spiritualism. Slate writing, spirit photography, knots tied in endless cords, wooden rings slipped over the leg of a wooden table of a greater circumference than the rings themselves, certain forms of "rappings," and other more or less common tricks are dismissed as being, if not certainly fraudulently produced, yet open to fraud of many kinds. His conclusion in regard to the Fox sisters is that, while their own confession admitted a degree of fraud, still there were manifestations which cannot satisfactorily be explained in this way. The mediumship of D. D. Home is considered at length, and Mr. Rider agrees with those who claim that Home was never detected in fraud.

Undoubtedly the two most famous, most successful, and most thoroughly investigated mediums of to-day are Eusapia Paladino and Mrs. Piper. Paladino has been detected in fraud, but César Lombroso says: "I am perfectly convinced of the authenticity of the phenomena produced by her. Nevertheless, when she finds herself in a condition not favorable to the production of these phenomena * * * she does not hesitate to resort to tricks. This is partly due to a great desire to please those who expect something from her." He is convinced that Paladino's power is diminishing and that her spiritualistic force is becoming extinct. Lombroso has proved that, in the operation known as levitation, "the weight of Paladino increases during the time the table is in the air exactly the weight of the table, although there are a hundred witnesses ready to take oath that she does not touch it." This medium's remarkable materializations and physical phenomena are explained in two ways: most of the eminent scientific investigators claim that no supranormal explanation is necessary, and that they have here to do with hitherto unsuspected powers of the bodily organism, but not at all mystical or in any respect spiritual; others maintain that some theory of discarnate spirits is the only adequate one. The case of Mrs. Piper is well known.

In the matter of telepathy Mr. Rider is on more safe grounds. His consideration of it is fairly complete, and in recording many strange experiences of premonitions he presents fairly the case pro and con spiritualistic or natural explanations. The question of materialization betrays Mr. Rider's bent toward an acceptance of the belief that the dead do return, but it must be admitted that he makes a fair case for the other side. His concluding chapter is devoted to a summary of the facts presented and comments on the probable difficulty experienced by the dead in communicating with the living, if they do so communicate. The book gives a clear and comprehensive résumé of the more advanced theories in regard to hitherto undeveloped psychic forces, and very sanely considers what connection they may have with all "spiritualistic" manifestations. It is well written, being untechnical without being slovenly, and should appeal particularly to the skeptical minded. There are some remarkable photographs reproduced, and interesting statements of personal beliefs by Prof. James, Sir Oliver Lodge, Lombroso, Andrew Lang, Sir William Crookes, Dr. Charles Richet, and others.

JAMES BUCHANAN'S WORKS.

THERE is no matter of exciting interest in the seventh volume of "The Works of James Buchanan," (J. B. Lippincott Company,) which covers the period from June 6, 1846, to March 1, 1848. The volume is made up, for the most part, of letters written by Buchanan in his capacity of Secretary of State under President Polk, and none of the letters touches upon a topic in which we of to-day stand in much need of information.

There were two items of major importance with which the State Department was concerned when Mr. Buchanan entered Polk's Cabinet, one relating to Oregon and the other to Mexico. The Oregon affair was out of the way before the end of June, 1846, this country and Great Britain having amicably settled their differences with respect to the vexing question of the boundary; the other affair, our difficulty with Mexico, was therefore the only large problem that caused Mr. Buchanan anxiety, and the solution of that grew easier month by month as the American Army went on from victory to victory, and the Mexicans became more and more convinced that all that was left for them to do was to make the best terms they could with their conquerors.

The correspondence and other State papers relating to the Mexican war which Mr. John Bassett Moore, the editor of Mr. Buchanan's works, has seen fit to put into his collection brings the history of that conflict down to the time when the Senate had before it the treaty of peace negotiated with Mexico by that very remarkable gentleman, Mr. Nicholas P. Trist. The annals of American diplomacy contain nothing more amusing than the story that is told in the papers Mr. Moore has assembled of the operations of Mr. Trist, who, long after his authority to treat with Mexico had been withdrawn continued to negotiate, and at length sent a treaty to Washington which the President felt compelled to send to the Senate.

"It is impossible," said Mr. Polk in a message to the Senate, "that I can approve the conduct of Mr. Trist in disobeying the positive orders of his Government, contained in a letter reaching him." All of Trist's acts after his recall Mr. Polk regarded as of no binding effect upon the United States; but he confessed to a liking for the treaty that had been sent up to him by the unauthorized negotiator, and he advised the Senate that he considered it to be his solemn duty to the country, notwithstanding the wrongdoing of Mr. Trist, to submit the treaty to the Senate and recommend its ratification, with a few slight modifications.

Aside from the matter relating to Mexico, there is nothing in the official papers contained in Mr. Moore's seventh volume that deserves special mention. The private letters, also, are lacking in interest, as a rule. Mr. Buchanan was not yet an outspoken and eager aspirant for the Presidency. Pennsylvanians talked more or less about asking the Democratic Convention to nominate him to succeed Polk; but evidently he felt convinced that the nomination could not be secured for him. Writing in September, 1847, he advised against the presentation of him as a Presidential candidate in the public journals of his State. He felt sure, he said, that the nomination could not be obtained for a Pennsylvanian.

Publishing Firms Unite.

The book departments of the McGraw Publishing Company and the Hill Publishing Company have consolidated under the corporate name of the McGraw-Hill Book Company, with offices, after July 1, at 239 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York. This consolidation brings together two of the most active publishers of technical books in the country. The new company takes over the book departments of both houses, with a list of about 250 titles, both industrial and college text books, covering all lines of engineering. It will continue as well the retail, importing, and jobbing business of the two houses.

The Work of Fenelon.

M. Jules Lemaitre is engaged on a study of the career and work of Fénélon. The great Archbishop of Cambrai, who broke a lance with Bossuet in defense of Mme. Guyon and the Quietists, is still better remembered as the author of "Telemachus."

WEAPONS OF WAR OF ANCIENT DAYS

Charles Henry Ashdown Writes an Instructive and Highly Entertaining Work Upon Arms and Armour.

THE pomp and circumstance of horrid war, as exemplified in martial trappings, has not yet ceased to exercise a powerful fascination upon the race. Gold braid, brass buttons, epaulets, sashes, sword belts, plumed chapeaux, are recognised as valuable adjuncts of the military establishment even in these days of khaki and olive drab. The palmy days of the art of war, considered merely as a spectacle, however, were those in which knights rode panoplied in steel. The man in armor, cap-a-pie, is the martial figure typical and pre-eminent. Beside him the savage with arrows, war club, paint, and feathers, and that imposing, colorful creature, the hussar of the Napoleonic era, alike must own a secondary enchantment and a dimmed lustre.

The present magnificent volume,[*] therefore, has for the impressionable reader much of the charm which belongs to the romances of Sir Walter Scott. Mr. Ashdown, to be sure, begins with the rude weapons of the wild man of the forest primeval—the club, the bone spear, the stone hatchet. He touches upon the weapons of bronze and of iron, but he does not grow enthusiastic and expansive until he reaches the age of mail—the age of chivalry.

His purpose is still serious, antiquarian, and historical; his business is to tell you what weapons and what defensive furniture belong to this period and to that, to this reign and to that country—with a particular eye on England—but you find yourself caught up in a sort of martial masque—a vision of tourneys, pageants, pavilioned fields peopled from Malory, Froissart, Spenser, Shakespeare, Scott, and Tennyson, to say nothing of Wagner, with a host of stately, steel-clad figures not unaccompanied by more gracious presences in rich and clinging Dante Gabriel Rossetti raiment. The enchantment is a matter of words—words which have borrowed wizardry from association with splendor of those great romancers.

For you read of archer, banneret, bascinet, Bayard brassart, camail, chanfron, chapelle-de-fer, claymore, coif, coronal, Coeur de Lion, crest, crossbow, cuirass, culverin, demi-placcate, Edward the Black Prince, epaulière, falchion, Fitzalan, flamberge, fustibal, gambeson, gauntlet, genouillère, Geoffrey, Count of Anjou, gorget, guige, halberd, haqueton, hauberk, heaume, helmet, heraldry, jambart, joust, Lancaster, lance longbow, mace, mail, man-at-arms, mangonel, martel-de-fer, mentonnière, misericorde, morion, Norman, panache, partisan, pauldron, pavon, pennon, pennoncel, Percy, Plantagent, rondache, salade, scimitar, surcoat, tabard, tace, tasset vambrace, Vernon, visor, Warwick. Each and every syllable exhales romance as a rose exhales the breath of June in fairyland.

Incidentally, you find out—what you hardly pretended to guess before—what many fine bits of Norman word tapestry stands for and what purpose the articles designated served in the accoutrement of correct knighthood. You observe the development of defensive armor from the mere tunic of quilted linen or leather through all the stages of the hauberk of scales and linked mail to the complete suit of plate steel in which the knight of the sixteenth century rode forth to battle or to the joust. The battle armor and the jousting armor were very different—in the latter the combatant was, as it were, canned and sealed. Mr. Ashdown explains the difference, enables you also to distinguish morion, heaume, bascinet, armet, and salade, all of the noble family of helmet, and provides copious illustrations of all these types taken from antiquarian collections, memorial brasses, tapestries, stained-glass windows, and all the available sources of contemporary illustration.

The total number of these illustrations is 450, besides 42 very handsome photographic plates showing especially fine and notable suits of armor, including several for horse and man made for the Emperor Charles V. and Phillip II. of Spain. These naturally express the culmination of the armorer's art and the ideal of the figure of military romance which—for better or for worse—is the type of the ages in fiction and on the stage.

To be sure, Coeur de Lion and Arthur Pendragon and Launcelot du Lake and Bayard and Roland and the Black Prince and Ivanhoe and Joan of Arc and Britomart wore very different harness, in fact, and in the dreams of their poets—but we must clothe them in the perfected garb of chivalry. In books on the stage—in spite of the sticklers for antiquarian accuracy—they should be so clothed, lest the splendor and grace of the vision be anywise marred.

---

[*] ARMS AND ARMOUR. By Charles Henry Ashdown. Large 8vo. Pp. 384. New York: Dodge Publishing Company. $4.

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WILLIAM BLAKE AND HIS WORK

Basil de Selincourt Writes an Entertaining Though Severe Criticism of the Mystic Painter and Poet.

MR. DE SELINCOURT'S book[*] is a criticism and not a biography of the strange English mystic painter and poet. He takes for granted the biographical facts as they have been set forth by Arthur Symons and Messrs. Ellis and Yeats. It would "waste ink and paper" to write that life over again. Mr. de Selincourt writes with by no means unqualified acceptance of Blake's qualities, personal and artistic. He has, indeed, large admirations for much of the wonderful imagination of the man, for much that he achieved with it; but he is alive to the facts of his nature and his outlook on the world that are so incommensurable with the realities of life and of art. He is, in fact, a severe and unsparing critic. The fact that Blake was once misunderstood has set the current of criticism in another direction. Mr. de Selincourt undertakes, in a measure, to stem it.

The analysis he gives of Blake's character at the outset makes this very plain. Blake was, as he himself gloried in being, an "uneducated man" in his intellectual absolutism and the reckless consistency of his mental outlook, his enmity to everything that encroached on the domain of spontaneous development. The world he inhabited was a world he created for himself. He emerged from the affliction, the despair of his earlier life, into tranquillity, so that these later years enable us to put the violence, the vituperation, the self-assertion of his manhood years into their proper place. He is great—among the greatest, as Mr. de Selincourt puts it—because he knew how to keep himself in living touch with innocence, in spite of the prejudices and arrogance of his egotism; and in the very hour of death he was a child. Innocence is his secret, and the work that puts Blake among the immortals is his "Songs of Innocence," and the songs, paintings, and decorations that he conceived in the same spirit. "To Blake," says Mr. de Selincourt, "the secret of life was joy, an unfettered expansion of the soul."

Blake's mysticism and all that came from it—one of its results was the serious question of his contemporaries whether he were not mad—was in a manner irreconcilable with the principles of art. So far as the question of madness is concerned, this critic concludes that his wonderful, intensely glowing life was obsessed by the passion for "system" in his transcendent visions, his experience in which he leaves common humanity behind him; and that it was "a kind of madness." The spirit of the artist, fettered to the pursuit of a mystical abstraction and unable to find its natural satisfaction there, builds out of the mystic consciousness unwieldy forms reflecting its perversion and its desire. So are to be explained the agony and wrestlings which pervade the "Milton" and the "Jerusalem." The Prophetic Books are threatened everywhere by an incontinence and recklessness of emotional expression. These warring elements are most perfectly harmonized in the exquisite designs and imagery of "The Books of Thel."

Blake's theories of his art were on a level with all this. Art, in his eyes, came only from "the spirit." He was hopelessly at the mercy of everything that introduced itself to him under the title of "inspiration." Painting was a synthesis of "minutely organised particulars." The "unorganized blots and blurs of Rubens and Titian are not art." He conceived a violent prejudice against the use of oils, and declared for what he called "fresco," that being what is understood by tempera. As a matter of fact, the number of Blake's works in which color is the essential medium of expression is but few; his use of it is in the main symbolical and decorative. In its higher context Blake saw in art the essential activity of man, the ideal type to which all man's action must conform itself. "The Old and New Testaments are the great code of art. Art is the Tree of Life. Science is the Tree of Death." He could not distinguish religion from art, and, "perhaps," says Mr. de Selincourt, "it is his highest and noblest achievement to have maintained in his life a genuine fusion of the two."

He has much to say about Blake's application of symbolism. Blake allowed himself too easily to suppose that his experiences were of a kind not expressible in the common language of men, and, therefore, invented a language of his own to express them. But, as expressed most completely in the Prophetic Books, this is a mere "fungus of the mind," even though its luxuriance of growth is owed to the great vitality, exuberance, and creative power of the mind from which it sprang:

> They show the man who in his sense of lyric appropriateness of speech ranks with the greatest in our literature, wading knee deep in a morass of futile terminology, and wasting unique powers of imaginative design in representation of subjects which, having no recognizable relation to life as men commonly understand and live it, can never carry the full significance of conception he aimed at giving them, can never, except to a small circle of disciples, make any other than the comparatively trivial aesthetic appeal.

Blake's preoccupations as poet and painter both result in the fact that pictures, in his idea of them, require a "programme." The principle of pure aesthetic criticism is thus inapplicable to the main part of his work. Mr. de Selincourt avows that he cannot join the chorus of admiration that has in these days been raised for Blake's work as an artist. In the mass of it, effort seems to him more conspicuous than achievement, much of the effort misguided and confused. Yet his rare combination of simplicity and force makes his work of unusual interest in its bearing upon the central problems of life and art. His artistic development brought his engraving and his original creation as an artist into intimate and beautiful alliance. Mr. de Selincourt speaks of the "Illustrations to the Book of Job" as among the artistic masterpieces of the world. "The Canterbury Pilgrims" is one of the most remarkable exhibitions Blake ever gave of pure imaginative power. His books of illuminated printing are his most original and representative contribution to art and literature, although the coloring of the plates is frequently careless and bad. Yet this branch of his activity includes some of the most radiant and exhilarating of his effects, some of the most unique and impressive of his symphonies in color. A number of the numerous water colors are analyzed; works which are principally illustrations of the Bible, though numerous others that are suggested by poetical subjects also witness to his intellectual vigor.

It will be seen from these suggestions of some of his criticism that Mr. de Selincourt has abundant appreciation for much that Blake did. There will be a wide variety of opinion as to whether he has a real insight into the true value of Blake's genius. At any rate, it seems likely that his contribution to the appraisal of this extraordinary man will be useful as a check upon the buoyant chorus that is exalting him in recent years.

---

[*] WILLIAM BLAKE. By Basil de Selincourt. 8vo. Pp. xi.-298. New York: Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons.

THE HAGUE PEACE CONFERENCE.

An authoritative account of the proceedings of the Hague Peace Conferences of 1899 and 1907 has been prepared by James Brown Scott, Solicitor for the Department of State, who was this country's technical delegate to the second conference and a conspicuous participant in the work of that body. (The Johns Hopkins Press, $5.)

This publication is the outcome of a liberal cash donation which Mr. Eugene Levering of Baltimore made to the Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration, with the understanding it should be used to advance the aims of the conference. The conference turned over the money it received from Mr. Levering to Johns Hopkins University, and asked that institution to expend it in a way that would accord with the terms of the donation. The university authorities decided the fund would best be used in making known the achievements of The Hague conferences.

Thereupon they asked Mr. Scott to deliver a course of lectures at the university, with an understanding that they later should be published, in which he should show what took place in the two conferences and what had resulted from them. The lectures were delivered last year and are now published, after having been revised and somewhat expanded. They fill an octavo volume of 887 pages, and the documents that accompany them make up another volume of 548 pages.

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NEW YORK, JULY 3, 1909.

CONTENTS.

Page.
A Typical Yankee Hater.........413
James Alexander, in "A Prisoner in Holy Orders," Writes a Strange Biography of Unhappy Stephen Helwyn—Pursued by Fate from Cradle to Grave.
By Hildegarde Hawthorne.
Song.........413
By John Davidson.
Topics of the Week.........413
Old Forest Lore in Mystic Tale...414
Among Friends of Other Days....415
The Erie Canal Under Review....415
By Forbes Lindsay.
Spiritualistic Manifestations.....416
Weapons of War of Ancient Days.416
William Blake and His Work....417
Editorial.........418
Drift of London Literary Gossip..418
A Pluralistic Universe.........419
By. Dr. Joseph Jacobs.
Brief Reviews of Lately Published Books.........420
Boston Gossip of Latest Books...421
Latest Publications.........422
Literary News of Philadelphia...422
Books in Demand.........422
Queries and Answers.........423
New York Book Announcements..425

FRENCH POETS AND POETRY

A CURIOUS incident in connection with the much discussed "entente" between England and France is the production of an elaborate volume by an English critic on "The Claims of French Poetry," (Mitchell Kennerley.) We call it an incident of the entente, for Mr. John C. Bailey, the critic in question, frankly asks why literature may not play her part in the "alliance." The part he would have her play, and which he does all that he can to promote, is a very creditable one, for he has made a candid, discriminating, sympathetic, and very intelligent plea for French poetry as he finds it, neither grudging on the one hand nor flattering on the other.

Any writer setting himself this task is confronted at the outset by the discouraging fact that no French poet has stood the test of universal appeal which is involved in translation into other tongues than his own. It may be said that this is not a test of supreme merit, but it unquestionably is a test of a writer's relation to the general appreciation of the subject matter of his work. Dante has met it for Italy, Goethe for Germany, and, in a marvelous degree, Shakespeare for England, to say nothing of the Latins and Greeks. The work of all these poets, stripped naked of the intimate and varied charm of their native language, robbed of the infinite attractions abiding in the vast sum of associations which every language accumulates by time and use, has won the interest and admiration of multitudes of minds alien in thought and in tradition. In their triumphs form has necessarily counted for relatively little, for form has had to undergo a practically ruinous change; substance has counted for nearly everything. What the poets have had to say has touched the hearts and stirred the minds of their foreign readers, until their recognition has been world-wide. To this achievement no French poet has attained.

Mr. Bailey, while not taking up the matter of translation, examines with care and patience the reasons why the study of French poetry in the original has not attracted the English, as has the study of German and Italian poetry. He finds some of these natural and others almost inexcusable, and for the latter he has wholesome condemnation. Certainly his contention is entirely just that no English student can get any satisfactory knowledge of France as a whole, or of poetry as a whole, without seeking the best attainable knowledge of French poetry. And whatever may be the differences of conception, of range, of taste and tradition, it is absurd to suppose that that knowledge will not richly be worth while. If one gets all he can of it and still retains the conviction or impression that the greatest English poetry is greater than the greatest French, he will at least have forced himself to submit his judgment to the test of comparison. And he will have learned that it is possible for a highly intelligent people, with a large proportion of scholars, with a rich inheritance of culture, to have ideas and ideals of poetry quite different from those of his own people. He will be dull indeed if he do not find his racial self-complacency somewhat reduced by the process.

The poets of whom Mr. Bailey makes special studies are not those to whom French criticism awards the palm of supreme merit. Beginning with Marot, he passes to Ronsard and La Fontaine, to André Chénier and Hugo, to Leconte de Lisle, and to Heredia, and he stops on the threshhold of contemporaneous poetry. It would be easy to find fault with his omissions, but the men he includes do probably represent nearly all in French poetry that would most strongly attract the English reader. Particularly successful is the author's treatment of La Fontaine, the most human, enticing, loveable and rewarding, within his range, of them all. His range, of course, does not include the heights of Hugo's loftiest lines, or the depths of Heredia's strange and moving revery; but it embraces pretty well the whole field of the delightful characteristics of the French mind. If only for the fortunate manner in which the essentially poetic nature of the great fabulist is disclosed and illustrated, Mr. Bailey's book deserves a hearty welcome.

EDWIN BURRITT SMITH.

A VOLUME memorial of Edwin Burritt Smith of Chicago has been issued by some of his friends, under the editorial direction of George Laban Paddock, Albert Harris Tolman, and Frederick William Gookin, (A. C. McClurg & Co.) It contains a sketch of Mr. Smith's life and an appreciative review of his public services, both written by Mr. Paddock, and also a number of Mr. Smith's essays and addresses upon various problems of form and governmental policy in which he was interested.

There is no doubt that Mr. Smith was a very earnest, honest, and patriotic man, who felt it to be his duty to have convictions with respect to public questions, and to proclaim them and stand by them. Politically he was a thoroughgoing independent. He left the Republican Party in 1884 to give his support to the candidacy of Mr. Cleveland, and from that time on to the end of his life he was absolutely free and untrammeled. He was a tariff reformer, a civil service reformer, a municipal reformer, a Gold-Democrat, and an anti-imperialist, and in each of these relations was a leader of National reputation and influence.

His espousal of anti-imperialism was the cause of great regret to many of those who had sympathized with his previously declared political views, but no one seriously doubted that the opinions he put forth with respect to our insular policy were honestly held. Several of the essays in which he declared his anti-imperialism are included in the memorial volume, and taken together they make a fairly complete presentation of the grounds upon which Mr. Smith and those with whom he was associated based their indictment and protest. For this reason they are worth reading and preserving.

DRIFT OF LONDON LITERARY GOSSIP

Numerous Books of Memoir and Biography Forthcoming—"The French Renaissance in England"—Country Houses.

LONDON, June 22.—Prof. W. L. Cross's book on Laurence Sterne, which the Macmillans have in press, is looked for with great interest in England. A disposition has been shown of late to condemn the private characteristics of the author of "Tristram Shandy" with much severity, rather remarkable when is taken into account the comparative coarseness of the manners of his age. It is not yet generally known whether Prof. Cross, in his biography of Sterne, will follow the ultra-censorious lead of Sir Leslie Stephen or not.

A finely illustrated biography of the Duchesse de Bourgogne, mother of Louis XV. of France, to be entitled "A Rose of Savoy," is published this week by Methuen. The author is H. Noel Williams. A critical study of Rubens by Edward Dillon is added to the Classics of Art Series.

Much writing is being done on Old London. Carefully prepared and interesting articles on neighborhood antiquities are frequent in the newspapers. The subject seems to be practically inexhaustible, notwithstanding all the pages that have been devoted to it in the past. Edward Pascoe is engaged on a series of monographs on the historic houses of London, the latest of which, not yet published, treats of the familiar home of the Admiralty in Whitehall. The monograph preceding it, on "No. 10 Downing Street," was richly illustrated.

A book of probably great pedagogic value is Prof. Foster Watson's "The Beginnings of the Teaching of Modern Subjects in England," which is announced by the Pitmans. Prof. Watson has already won distinction by his researches in educational history.

"Australian Socialism" is dealt with in a historical sketch by A. St. Ledger, Senator for the State of Queensland in the Australian Parliament. It will be published by the Macmillans. The author's opportunities for equipping himself for the writing of such a book have been exceptional, and it is said to be both thorough and comprehensive.

The imaginary autobiography of a young parson is embodied in the novel, "Concerning Himself," by the Rev. Victor L. Whitechurch, which Unwin publishes this week. The scenes are laid in a cathedral city, and certain phases of religious thought and example are dealt with in their influence upon the hero's life. Considerable humor is developed in the manner in which the peculiar aspects of modern clericalism are presented.

"Country Residences in Europe and America," by L. V. Le Moyne, is to be published by Unwin on Monday next. It is said to be a very comprehensive work, and is enriched with many fine photographs and carefully drawn plans.

A cheap edition of the plays of Robert Greene, one of the contemporaries of Shakespeare, is to be included in Fisher-Unwin's Mermaid Series. The text has been edited by Thomas H. Dickinson of the University of Wisconsin. The introduction, prepared by him, will present some hitherto unknown facts in the life of the dramatist.

"A Tramp's Schooling," by the Rev. A. N. Cooper, who bears the soubriquet of the "Walking Parson," is a description of pedestrian excursions in England and many parts of the Continent, dealing chiefly with out-of-the-way places. Mr. Cooper's traveling companions were mostly of the lowly order, which fact rather accentuates the interest of the work. It will be published by Unwin.

Sidney Lee's lectures at Oxford on the literary relations of the England of the Tudors to France will be published in the Autumn, revised and amplified, under the title "The French Renaissance in England."

A posthumous mystery story by George Webb Appleton, "Dr. Dale's Dilemma," will shortly be published by Long.

R. B. D.

President Taft's Relatives.

The study of genealogy is alluring to many who find in this usually dreary and intricate subject an opportunity for exercising a talent for ingenious research among documents that are doomed to be numbered with the mere dry-as-dust of literature. A bibliography of the annual publications of a genealogical nature would probably amaze the average reader through its extent and variety. Among the latest of these ponderous works to make its appearance is a large volume by David Emory Holman, M. D., "of Attleboro, Mass.," entitled "The Holmans in America." The book may be of interest to the general reader of American history from the fact that in it "for the first time" is traced the genealogy of President Taft. Thus, we learn, that the latter's first American ancestor was "Robert Taft," a housewright, (born about 1645, died Feb. 8, 1725,) who went from the then Province of Braintree and settled at Mendon, Mass., in 1680." Of course, the President had the usual number of ancestors to his credit besides the Robert here specified, and it would be rather difficult to decide to which one the designation "first" belongs, but it is needless to say that they are not all given in Dr. Holman's book. As the latter contains over 6,800 names of people who are related to each other, and as these are all related to President Taft through his grandmother, Susan Holman Torrey, the number of "cousins" to be expected at the White House during the next four years must provoke uneasy conjecture.

AMONG THE AUTHORS.

MAXIM GORKY is at present living in the little Island of Capri, among the inhabitants of which he is said to enjoy great popularity. This has been his home ever since his return to Europe from America, and it was here that he wrote his latest novel, "The Spy." It was recently reported that Italy intended to surrender Gorky to the Russian Government, but a correspondent of a Paris paper, who visited the novelist a short time ago, declares that there is no truth in this rumor. Gorky contemplates transferring his residence at some future date to another island, which will give him a more interesting view of the sea, and from which Ischia can be seen.

Arthur Rackham has just completed a series of illustrations for "Grimm's Fairy Tales," a book which will be brought out in this country some time this Fall. Mr. Rackham is an Englishman, who has but recently come into prominence in his own country, and is known here through the publication of his illustrated editions of "Alice in Wonderland," "Rip Van Winkle," "Ingoldsby Legends," and A Midsummer Night's Dream." His illustrations, which have an unique quality peculiar to themselves, are said to be done first in black and white and then colored.

Frank A. Bates, author of "Camping and Camp Cooking," is an ornithologist whose work has obliged him to live in the woods for years. He is also a member of the Gypsy Moth Commission of the State of Massachusetts, having the supervision of the southeastern part of the State in the attempt to rid the forests of this pest.

Emerson Hough, author of "The Mississippi Bubble," "Fifty-four, Forty, or Fight," &c., has left for Europe to spend the Summer. It is said that Mr. Hough has been offered a generous salary to do some special work for the newspapers while over there, but has declined.

Mark Twain is spending his Summer as usual, in his home in Redding, Conn. His daughter, Miss Clara Clemens, is with him, and is said to look after her father's correspondence. Mr. Albert Bigelow Paine is also a near neighbor, who is in charge of many of Mr. Clemens's affairs.

Rose O'Neill is among those authors to leave town early this season. Mrs. Wilson, as this author is known in private life, has a ranch, Bonniebrook, in Missouri, where she is now enjoying her vacation, miles from a railroad and all other signal points of civilization.

William Elliot Griffis, author of "The Story of New Netherland," sailed for Holland during the week to participate in the erection of five memorial tablets in various cities there in commemoration of early Dutch-American historical events.

Hamlin Garland is at his Summer home, Mapleshade, in West Salem, Wis., where he is said to be occupied in the writing of fiction, in spite of his recent announcement that he would confine himself hereafter to the writing of plays.

Miss Mildred Howells, daughter of William Dean Howells, is the latest writer to be added to the list of supposed authors of "The Inner Shrine." According to the publishers, this list now numbers thirty-four names.

At the commencement exercises of the Ohio University last week the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters was conferred on Dr. Albert Leonard, Superintendent of Schools at New Rochelle, N. Y., and editor of the Journal of Pedagogy.

George Hibbard, well known to the readers of short stories in the magazines, is spending a few weeks in New York. For the last six years he has resided in Buffalo.

James Lane Allen, who has recently been staying in New York, sailed this week for an extended trip through Europe.

A PLURALISTIC UNIVERSE.

Prof. William James's Philosophical Lectures at Manchester College Make Their Appearance in Volume Form—Dealing With Fundamental Problems With Little or No Reference to Pragmatism—Exposition of "Thick" and "Thin" Thinking.

By Dr. JOSEPH JACOBS.

IT must have required some courage for Prof. William Jones to have delivered these brilliant lectures before Oxford audiences. It used to be said that when good German philosophers die they go to Oxford. Certainly in the last thirty years Oxford has been the centre of Neo-Hegelianism. T. H. Green, Edward Caird, William Wallace, and A. T. Bradley have been the ruling spirits on the banks of the Isis as far as philosophy is concerned. Yet Prof. James made his appearance there last year with this set of lectures directly traversing the whole Hegelian position by practically calling upon Oxford to go back two generations when her ruling spirits, Morley, Pattison, Symonds, and Pater, were more or less disciples of John Stuart Mill and his empiricism. One understands now why Prof. James's former volume on "Pragmatism" was dedicated to the memory of the last of the Humeites.

There is little if anything about Pragmatism in the present volume.* This new method, which is to revolutionize philosophy, seems to have little to say when its fundamental problems are discussed. Prof. James is dealing here with problems which seem almost out of the purview of Pragmatism. They are fundamental and deal with the highest interests of the humanity; they touch even upon theology, and it might also be said claim to found a new theology. Yet the method employed in their discussion is the old dialectic process, the ordinary appeal to reason and not to practice, with which the associationist thinkers of the "sixties" discussed the same problems before Pragmatism was invented.

It is difficult, indeed, in a literary journal, to deal at all with the problems raised in these lectures. The relativity of the absolute, the absoluteness of the relative, are problems which do not lend themselves easily to literary treatment. Even Dr. James, whose skill in presentation of abstract thought is greater than any living writer, has again and again in these lectures to apologize for the abstract and abstruse nature of his topics. His phraseology even approaches the obscurity of the German; he talks of things being "their own others"; he speaks of the each-form and the all-form of the universe, and, generally speaking, his latest production is his least attractive, from a literary point of view. The fact is if one deals at all with metaphysics one cannot be much more intelligible to the general public than if one were dealing, say, with the calcules of variations. What the technical philosopher indeed will be more likely to complain of in the present volume is that it is too superficial, too comprehensible, too vulgarized. Again and again at critical points of his reasoning he dismisses its chief difficulties with an airy wave of the hand to Bergson, to Fechner, or to some other of the new lights which he desires to introduce to the philosophic public of England or America.

Yet the new book is not without its felicities of phraseology and its light-giving passages. In particular the contrast he makes between "thin" and "thick" thinking is especially illuminative. Those who read Prof. James's "Pragmatism" will remember the contrast he made there between the "tender" and the "tough" thinker, between the idealist and the realist, as we may roughly translate these terms. Here he makes a similar contrast between the thinness of the intellectualist philosopher and the thickness or substantiality of the positivist or scientific thinker, who deals with real particulars instead of ideal generalities. Yet it is curious to find Prof. James claiming superior "thickness" for his own views. The very thing that made the appeal of Hegel so strong to those who came to their intellectual majority in the seventies was the very "thinness" of the empirical school which Prof. James is now trying to revive. The inadequate and superficial explanation given by John Stuart Mill and Alexander Bain of the problems of ethics and metaphysics is the very thing which threw us into the arms of Green and of Caird. What we felt was that the empirical school claimed that the phenomena of the universe were all that could be known and had no ultimate reality behind them. To the Millites the curtain was the picture, and we listened, therefore, with the greater eagerness to those who claimed to be able to raise at least a corner of the veil of Isis.

Prof. James reposits this "thin" empirical position with some improvements derived from the bizarre imaginings of Fechner and the ultra-scientific phenomenalism of Prof. Bergson of the College de France. His treatment is too slight for one to judge how far he has succeeded in making a better showing than his master, John Stuart Mill. The fundamental difficulty still remains that sensationalism—in the philosophical sense—does not allow of that penetration below the surface of things which has been the thing for which philosophers have been in search ever since philosophy has been in being. It is true that a wit has remarked that it is only the superficial who do not judge by what is on the surface. But that witticism can scarcely be taken as the foundation stone of a philosophic system. The contradistinction between phenomena and noumenon, which has been at the foundation of all philosophic thinking throughout the nineteenth century is annihilated by the empiricism of Prof. James, and the very annihilation is indication of the impossibility of empiricism in metaphysics.

Taking the individual phenomena of the universe as its ultimate realities, Prof. James reaches what he calls a Pluralistic Universe, or, in other words, a scheme of things in which there are numerous ultimate realities; in fact, his universe, as he somewhere calls it, is a multiverse. This again is opposed to the excessive, monism of the Hegelians, who have contended that there is only one real existence, the absolute, which they identify with the God of the ordinary theology, an identification against which Prof. James has some amusing and convincing words to say in the present volume.

The question whether the ultimate reality is one or several might seem to be one of those cruxes of metaphysics with which the ordinary citizen need not concern himself much, but in reality it penetrates deep into the fundamentals of belief and even theology. Perhaps the most interesting portions of the present volume are those in which Prof. James points out the theological implications of his metaphysical doctrines. His predecessors in empiricism were for the most part content to leave theology out of the question. They were what used to be known as positivists, and were afterward denominated by Huxley as agnostics. But in his curious posthumous essay John Stuart Mill suggested that modern empirical science would lead to a conception of a deity who would be limited in power and not the sole reality of the universe. This somewhat bizarre idea has now been taken up by Dr. James, who describes in the present volume a theology of which the deity is an imperfect and not all-powerful being whose efforts to make Himself more powerful and more perfect can be aided by us, as in some measure component parts of Him, just as our white corpuscles are component parts of ourselves, and their nucleoli component parts of the corpuscles, and so on, ad infinitum. This leads to a sort of scale of values in the universe dependent upon the comparative complexity of the particular elements, the most complex and the highest being the deity, which is yet not all-inclusive. Evil, error, ugliness, may be regarded as outside this scale of being, and thus a new duality similar to that of the old Persians is introduced into this latest of the theologies.

It is difficult to see why this new Manicheanism should restrict itself to a duality of prime motors. Why should we not return to the polytheism of the Greeks? There has been a marked tendency of recent years toward a revival of paganism, and it would almost appear as if the Aryan mind was trying to throw off the Semitic shackles of monotheism which it took upon itself nearly two millennia ago. Prof. James's rather unexpected excursions into theology seem to be part of this movement. Its immediate connection with his metaphysics does not seem to be obvious. The influence of John Stuart Mill perhaps accounts for it.

Yet, after all, we are not called on in this place to discuss the absolute merits of Prof. James's sketch of his new philosophy and theology; its mode of presentation is more directly our concern. As already hinted, the subject matter has hindered Prof. James from displaying that lucidity and lightness with which his name is associated among students of philosophy. Not that the present volume is without flashes of insight and brilliancy. Again and again the exposition is lit up by an expressive word or a suggestive analogy. Indeed, Prof. James is obviously becoming more and more enamored of the argument by analogy. He repeats in the present volume the attractive theme first expounded in the pages of "Mind" that philosophies are mainly the visions of philosophers turned into systems by discursive logic. Prof. James is beginning to give us some of his visions. It still remains, however, for him to systematize them by a more rigid logical method.

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*A PLURALISTIC UNIVERSE. Hibbert Lectures at Manchester College on the Present Situation in Philosophy. By William James. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

OUR WAR WITH FRANCE.

DATING back to the parlous days when France gave military aid to America, and at a time when the colonists most needed assistance in their struggle for independence, is the "traditional friendship" of the two nations—a phrase that has since been made familiar by much usage.

But directly after the war of independence there came a time when this "traditional friendship" ceased to exist. The whilom ally became a foe, and, although war between France and America was never actually declared, it nevertheless, existed in an acute form for a period of three years. The spoliation of American commerce by the French was the inciting cause, and the resulting hostilities brought about a dramatic series of encounters upon the high seas, where frigate met frigate, and where were also many minor actions, which furnished some of the most stirring exploits in the early history of the American Navy.

It is natural that these encounters should have been to a great extent overshadowed by the tremendous convulsions of the French Revolution. In the latest work on the subject, "Our Naval War with France." (Houghton Mifflin Company,) Gardner W. Allan recounts the early misunderstandings, the negotiations that followed, their ultimate failure, the preparations that were made for war, and the events that ensued.

Moored at the naval training station at Newport is the old frigate Constellation, now a schoolship, and, as such, retained as an inspiration to the young apprentice seamen. The volume tells of the memorable encounter which this fine old ship—in her day the swiftest frigate afloat—had with the French frigate Insurgente. It also tells how the French surrendered, and how Lieut. Rodgers and a prize crew, consisting of Midshipman Porter and a boat's crew of eleven men, were sent on board to take possession.

Directly after the prize crew had boarded the Insurgente the wind came on to blow heavily, increasing to a strong gale as night drew on. In the new battle with the elements the ships became separated. With 300 and odd prisoners to control and riddled spars threatening to go overboard at every moment it would seem that another volume might be written of the desperate situation of Lieut. Rodgers and his little band during the three sleepless nights and days that ensued before the shot-torn wreck could be navigated to the nearest port. These were indeed the days of wooden ships and iron men, and some day some history or historical novel may do fuller justice to an exploit which Mr. Allan and his predecessors have so successfully veiled under the fascination of mystery.

BISHOP FRANCIS ASBURY.

IN the first of a series of little books in which it is purposed to summarise briefly for the edification of Methodists of to-day the careers of the founders of their church we have a compact biography of Francis Asbury, the first Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church in America, written by Dr. George P. Mains, (Eaton & Mains, 25 cents.)

The biographer does not claim for his book that it is based on original research, nor that it offers either a new conception of Bishop Asbury's character or a new estimate of his service to Methodism; the most Dr. Mains says for what he has written is that he hopes that many busy Methodists, who have not much time for reading, will get from it an adequate knowledge of the Bishop's long, active, interesting, and important ministerial life.

It is said that Bishop Asbury, during the forty-five years he spent in America, preached 16,500 sermons, traveled about 270,000 miles, presided at 224 annual conferences, and ordained more than 4,000 preachers. It was a laborious and trying life he led. An unfriendly critic once compared him to the Pope, and the comparison drew from him a very sharp reply, in the course of which he said:

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BRIEF REVIEWS OF LATELY PUBLISHED BOOKS

"THE SHOW GIRL."

MR. MAX PEMBERTON has given to his new story bearing the rather unfortunate title of "The Show Girl," (the John C. Winston Company, Philadelphia, $1.50,) a telling that is lively and unconventional. The narration is entirely in the form of correspondence between half a dozen or more people in Paris, London, and Ireland. The chief of the letter writers is Henry Gastonard, whose adventures while gaining a wife and perils while trying to recover her form the story. The most of his correspondence is addressed to his best friend, Paddy O'Connell, whose Irish point of view and manner of expression in his replies afford a touch of piquancy. A few others appear briefly, but most of the story is told in the long missives between these two, and from The O'Connell to his sister when he is sometimes summoned to the help and comfort of his friend.

Young Gastonard is an art student in Paris, deluding himself, but no one else, with the hope that he will one day be a sculptor. The will of a rich father will cut him off with a meagre income if at a certain date he shall not have shown himself capable of earning £500 a year. He sees a young girl whom he, by native instinct, at once knows to be as innocent as she is pretty, and as much above her station in birth as above her associates in goodness, performing with a lion tamer. He endeavors to rescue her, and gets into an affray with the Apaches of Paris, which, being blasoned in the newspapers, is most shocking to his friends and a source of satisfaction to his curate cousin, the reversionary legatee of his father's estate.

But the girl is rescued and well started on the road to respectability, and her guide, philosopher, and friend has but just discovered that he is in love with her when, jealous of the attentions to him of the wife of a French Captain, she disappears and goes back to the life of irresponsible wandering with cheap shows. At once he gives up all his objects for plunging into the work of earning a living in order that he may save his fortune and devotes himself to searching for the girl. Scarcely has he found and married her when she disappears again, and this time there are adventures and mystery and perils enough for a story of twice its length before the happy ending comes in sight.

The manner in which the story is told is fresh and entertaining, while its varied array of incidents is well spiced with mystery, danger, and desperate wickedness.

"PETER-PETER."

A VOLUME which must furnish real delight to all true women is one which borrows its title from the front of a nursery rhyme, and in its pictures deals charmingly with the most proper of all things for womanly enthusiasm—babies, that is. "Peter-Peter" (you remember the pumpkin eater who had a wife and could not keep her) is a story about a man who lost his money just before his beautiful young wife presented him with twins. The author is Maude Radford Warren, the pictures are made by Rose O'Neill, and the Harpers are the publishers.

It has been said that the book must furnish delight to women. It may be added that the pictures of the twins are so cunningly contrived as to find the soft spot in the manly bosom also. Then the author's pretty fooling with her married lovers, their children, and their cheerful use of adversity is clever enough to prevent any serious danger of having the sentiment splash over on the pet prejudices of even the crabbed persons who shrink from real children and are shy of lovers. It is these very persons, of course, of whom it is suspected that in their hearts they most adore the first and most envy the second.

"Peter-Peter" is a sort of literary and artistic idyl, for the nursery pauper's namesake who shelters his wife when his money is gone in a remodeled barn in lieu of a pumpkin shell is a poet and a painter. He paints his neighbors' barns even when he can do no better and makes poems about his twins. Also he and Mrs. Peter, who happens to be named Margery, engage as special providence in settling the love affairs of a quartet of friends who have got themselves paired off wrong, but are as yet in the preliminary stages, only when the thing may be stopped and repaired right.

SPINOZA'S EARLY WORK.

Spinoza's "God, Man, and Human Welfare," known as the Short Treatise, has been translated from Dutch into English for the first time by Lydia Gillingham Robinson. (The Open Court Publishing Company.) This early work of Spinoza, written between the ages of 25 and 30, has been lost in its original Latin, and is extant in Dutch translations probably made by his friends and disciples. The book foreshadows the conclusions reached in the "Ethics," is more personal and less mathematical in form, thereby gaining a psychological interest, and has the special advantage of being very short.

The translator has done her work well. It is lucid, exact, readable, and complete. An introduction consisting of the chapter on Spinoza in Dr. Schwegler's "History of Philosophy" should be of value not only to readers of this book but also of the "Ethics." A glossary of the English, German, and Dutch terms used in the translation is helpful in difficult passages to any one at all familiar with these languages, and gives, as it were, a special sanction and convincingness to the translation.

THE LOVE OF MOUNTAINS.

THE fashion of "climbing mountains and reviewing glaciers," as Gibbon puts it, receives not its least literary justification from the fact that it inspired Leslie Stephen's delightful series of papers called "The Playground of Europe." This Alpine classic has now been reprinted by G. P. Putnam's Sons in a neat volume with very presentable photographic illustrations.

The charm of the book for the members of the Alpine Club and mountain climbers generally is intimate and peculiar, but even those who shrink from personal encounters with snow slopes, rocky pinnacles, and avalanches—whether because of a certain proportion of girth to stature or from pure indolence of temper—may gain almost as much satisfaction as the mountaineers from certain of the papers at least. For Stephen's inquiry into why the Eighteenth Century regarded mountains and Gothic architecture alike with horror, his examination of the passages in the authors of the period which betray the prevalent taste in scenery, his explanation of the source of the nineteenth century's passion (in literature) for untamed heights, are all of them only the more pleasing and instructive now that the twentieth century has begun to resume a sort of modified eighteenth century view—being a century, like that other, utilitarian in its very ideals.

Perhaps we are now incapable of taking delight in a small copy of Switzerland set up in a garden, as Horace Walpole would have done or Pope—but we would be quite capable of arranging mechanical contrivances which would for all practical purposes turn Switzerland into a garden almost as tame—scrupulously preserving, of course, the wildness of outward aspect in so far as it was scenic merely. We would be equally capable of turning the Swiss Republic into a sanitarium and arranging the whole series of the ascents of the peaks into a health regimen, undertaken under strict medical prescription and supervision.

As for Stephen, his point of view was very different. "I love," says he, "everything in the shape of a mountain from Mont Blanc down to Hampstead Hill." Yet sturdy and daring mountain climber though he was, he admits freely that the Alps are to him the very worthiest of all terrestrial eminences and that they owe their primacy largely to historical and literary associations. As the Eighteenth Century Philistine, who delighted in the green hills and orderly hedges of England, found the Alps ugly and forbidding, so Stephen himself confesses that he is inclined to regard the Himalayas as cold and bare excrescences—somehow hostile. They lack for him the mantle of romance—they are mountains without a soul.

"EZEKIAL."

LUCY PRATT'S "Ezekial" (Doubleday, Page & Co.) is a collection of short stories of most unusual quality. Bound by a slight thread of narrative into chapters, they were well worth reprinting from the various magazines in which they have appeared. Ezekial is a sort of junior Remus, with an imagination which wings its way far above the ordinary affairs of life—such as school, weeding gardens, and the like. We meet him first at his introduction to the Hampton primary school, where his ruling passion for telling stories comes quickly into evidence. And such stories! There is one about "Manuel," who lost his only friend, a dog, in the river, and fished for her with a succulent "poke chop"; one about Manuel's twelve brothers and little sister—all adopted by the young hero, and upon whom he bestows the collective names "Li'l' Manuels and Queenie"; and the truly remarkable tale of the chicken, Joshua, which perched on a sunbeam. Also there is Ezekial's book of instructions for mothers.

The humor of these stories is exquisite, and Miss Pratt is scarcely less successful in presenting pathos and sentiment in other of the chapters. One may feel at times that she rather overemphasizes a didactic note in her effort to gain sympathy for the negro race at large; it was not necessary, for her presentation of the character of this dreamy, imaginative little black boy embodies an appeal which needed no explanation. The book is thoroughly delightful and fresh, and the reader who does not welcome Ezekial into the gallery of children in literature must be hard hearted, indeed. The illustrations by Frederick Dorr Steele are admirably sympathetic.

CAPT. MAHAN'S VIEWS.

A BOOK which at first thought some may think merits classification as one of the curiosities of our literature comes to us from the pen of Capt. A. T. Mahan, that famous American whose contributions to naval literature easily surpass in interest and importance those of any other writer of his time. The book is entitled "The Harvest Within" (Little, Brown & Co. $1.50) and it is an exposition of devout thoughts which have lodged in the author's mind with respect to certain phases of Christianity.

Those who may be inclined to rate the book as a sort of literary curiosity undoubtedly will base their view upon an alleged incongruity between the character of the book and the vocation of its author, just as though it was an odd thing for a naval officer who had been writing for years exclusively about naval matters suddenly to appear as an interpreter, illuminator, and glorifier of the Christian religion. But, so far as anybody knows, naval officers—at least American naval officers—are not, as a rule, any more inclined to irreligion than are other men. If we had pirates in these days and one of them should turn his leisure to account by writing a religious work, a prima facie case of incongruity might be made out with respect to him and his book without the slightest difficulty.

But the American naval officer stands upon quite a different plane, and there is no reason why he should not be a deeply religious person, and, of course, if he is deeply religious, the fact that he has written a dozen or so naval works need not deter him from sending to his printer a statement of the religious views that are precious to him, and in his opinion are likely to be comforting to others.

That apparently is Capt. Mahan's case. He seems to have felt that he had come to a time in his life when it was his duty to his fellow-men to give evidence to the excellence of his religious faith and to set forth the conclusions respecting it, to which he had arrived through experience and reflection. He speaks very modestly in his preface of the essays which are contained in his book. He says they are merely elaborations of fragmentary thoughts, and that while they are presented with a certain sequence of arrangement, there has been no effort at systematic treatment. There are six essays in the book, including one that was read at a church meeting in Middletown, Conn., in 1899. They all are marked with deep piety, and some of them show clearly that they were written by one with a very great knowledge of the Bible.

"PHILIP THE FORESTER."

There is so much to be said on both sides that weighing the merits and demerits of the book called "Philip the Forester," by Daniel Edwards Kennedy, (Brookline, Mass. The Queen's Shop,) is, in itself, a very fascinating process. As an example of the printer's and binder's art, the book is one to delight the soul of a bibliophile. On the other hand, although the typography is in harmony with the rest of the make-up, the system of punctuation followed is unlike anything we have ever before seen in a book. For example: "The lawyer was ahead in the game;—he was paying more attention to it, he was trusting, less to luck, and more to his intellect." This prodigal use of commas extends throughout the narrative, but the author is less wasteful of his resources when he makes "speech- and motionless" do the work of "speechless and motionless." Another feature of interest in connection with the book is its price. The edition is limited to 420 copies, some of which have been taken by subscription, and copies may be had for $4.50 apiece. It remains for us to say a word about the novel. The story is told of how Philip Mason, a farmer's son, falls in love with Mildred Wells, and after the usual number of vicissitudes through which the reader of love tales always follows the interested parties, the two arrive at the "live-happy-ever-after" period. The story is without novelty except in the manner of its dress.

BAEDEKER'S "NORTHERN FRANCE."

Another edition of Baedeker's "Northern France" (Charles Scribner's Sons) has just made its appearance; it is the fifth issue of the work in English, and it corresponds with the eighth edition in French, which was published a short time ago. The territory to which the book relates extends from Belgium and the English Channel to the Loire, excluding Paris and its environs; it includes Northeastern France, Normandy, Brittany, and the banks of the Loire, and the district between Paris, the Vosges, the Jura, and the Loire. The information furnished as to all of this territory is so full and accurate that French-speaking travelers who see fit to rely upon it easily may dispense with the services of guides and other local functionaries whose attendance is apt to be both tiresome and expensive. The work is illustrated with sixteen maps and fifty-four plans.

"A ROYAL WARD."

WHATEVER position Mr. Percy Brebner may hold as a stylist and literary constructor, for commercial purposes—selling purposes—he fulfills all the requirements. He has the ability to write a story which is in accordance with the reader's ideas as to what a story of a certain sort should be. For instance, in a swashbuckler story the tavern landlord should be "fat and rubicund," the hero should be ever in the web of danger, the heroine should be beautiful and loyal to the hero despite appearances, and, most important of all, at some part of the story a cloak should be thrown over the hero's head and strong arms should clasp him in the darkness.

Mr. Brebner is a leading disciple of the Zenda school—a school as extensive as it is seemingly popular. During the last few years he has given us "The Princess Maritza" and "Vayenne." Now comes another of the galloping-horses-on-the-high-road kind—"A Royal Ward" (Little, Brown & Co. $1.50).

In his latest novel, however, Mr. Brebner has drawn a more vivid picture of time and place than hitherto. But in describing by suggestion the period when England was in the toils of the French scare, and the American war, when its court was rotten under a mad King and a selfish Prince Regent, he has not forgotten his old craft in weaving a tale crammed full of action and excitement. It is good entertainment with a modicum of instruction.

There is never much room for character work in the Zendaesque novel. The people are all stage marionettes and their actions are theatrical. But Finley Baxter, the hero's American friend, is an odd study and something of a novelty. Baxter is a spy for his country amid the State conspiracies of London, and as such he might be looked upon as one of this foreign intrigue and politics. Aside from country's earliest representatives amid this, he is, as a man, quite a remarkable study, although Mr. Brebner, who, we suspect, is an Englishman, has committed the usual fault of assigning the funny man's undignified part to the gentleman from across the pond. It is more the fault of the English author than of the American character.

SANITATION IN THE COUNTRY.

For the instruction of those who, for one reason or another, should know how to live comfortably and sanitarily in country and suburban homes, William Paul Gerhard, C. E., has written a book to which he has given the title "The Sanitation, Water Supply, and Sewage Disposal of Country Houses," (D. Van Nostrand Company; $2).

The book is divided into three parts, as its title indicates. In the first part the author treats of the general sanitation of the country house and lays down certain imperative rules relating to site, surroundings, drainage, heating, ventilation, water supply, sewerage, and plumbing, disregard of which, he says, is apt to result injuriously to the inmates of the house. Part Two contains a carefully prepared treatise designed to be helpful to country house owners who are under the necessity of providing their own water supplies. This treatise is made up from a number of lectures the author delivered before the Civil Engineering Section and Engineering Society of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It discusses the sources of water, the various modes of raising it, reservoir storage, elevated tanks, underground pressure tanks and water distribution, and scientifically considers each topic in the light of his experience as a civil engineer.

In the third part of his book Mr. Gerhard takes up the very important matter of sewage disposal for houses which may not be connected with sewers. In a very simple fashion he explains all of the methods of sewage disposal which have been used with satisfactory results. His descriptions are illustrated with drawings relating to sewerage works in which he and other engineers have been concerned.

In all three parts of his book Mr. Gerhard has aimed, he says, to tell his readers what to do, but not how to do it. He has taken this course because he has wished to avoid in any way giving encouragement to amateur engineering, which he is convinced generally leads to dismal failure.

BOSTON GOSSIP OF LATEST BOOKS

A New Move by Old Time Publishers Recalls Some Interesting Reminiscences—Sarah Orne Jewett.

BOSTON, July 2.—A century is a respectable degree of venerableness for a publishing house, even in London and Edinburgh; in Boston it imparts much greater dignity, and when another twenty-five years are added to it, as in the case of the firm of Messrs. Little, Brown & Co., which dates back to 1784, a sudden change of abode is matter of public interest. For eighty years, lacking a few months, the firm has occupied the site upon which its present home now stands, although the street number has been changed so many times that any historian taking his information from newspaper advertisements would suppose that removals had been frequent. The two names now upon its sign have stood there some seventy years, and previously some eleven others figured there singly or in a company of two, three, or even four. John Bartlett is the best known of the partners unnamed in the firm style. At present the partners are Mr. Charles W. Allen, Mr. Hulings C. Brown, and Mr. James W. McIntyre.

The house to which Little, Brown & Co. will remove in September stands opposite the head of the "long path" dear to the Autocrat, and its site is part of that Joy estate once owned by Dr. Joy, an apothecary whose shop was on the corner of Spring Lane and Washington Street. When he built a new home, placing it a little distance from Beacon Street, his wife objected to going "so far out of town" as Beacon Street, and stipulated that he should soon return to town. Since her time the region has been the home of the best and most brilliant society of the town, but having been superseded in favor, for reasons not easily explained, it is slowly becoming a business quarter, but as long as the Common endures it will always be charming. The Little & Brown building extends some distance up Joy Street, and as it affords excellent opportunities for the shipment and reception of books, removal and "settling" will be less arduous than might be supposed, but the disposition of ordinary books represented by one thousand titles and an entire legal library is no light matter.

On the Park Street side of the Commons, Messrs. Houghton Mifflin Company are pleasing themselves by contemplating the success of "Stickeen," Mr. John Muir's "dog book," and "Adrift on an Ice Pan," in which Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell sings the praises of his six sledge dogs and lays the foundation of future troubles by saying that each of those dogs was as "precious to him as a child to its mother." When the women of America begin to express their minds on this point, the doctor will learn to regard Northern tempests as gentle zephyrs. Nevertheless his story gives a very splendid picture of a physician's devotion to his calling, and Williams College honored herself when she gave him his degree as Doctor of Laws the other day.

Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin has written much new dialogue and has planned many new scenes for the play "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," to be produced in the Autumn.

The lamented death of Miss Sarah Orne Jewett takes away from earth a soul as sweet, a heart as gentle as ever guided a pen. She drew her own portrait in her gentlewomen, young and old, and should her biography be written she can best be described in her own phrases. So far as human vision could discern, she attained her own idea in grace, courtesy, and charity. When the Atlantic was giving those dinners to which ladies were admitted, it was amusing to hear men, after being sufficiently voluble in praise of others, hesitate when they came to her name, and to see how many of them were satisfied with crying, "But Miss Jewett!" with an ecstatic expression. No woman dissented. She charmed all. Her epitaph should be "How good! how kind! and she is gone!" She had not been quite well since the accident of which there was a rumor some years ago, but illness and pain were borne with dignified sweetness which left no unlovely memory in any mind, and will never be forgotten by those to whom glimpses of it were granted.

Mr. Norman Brainerd, a new author on the list of the Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company, will lengthen it in September by the title, "Winning His Shoulder Straps," the first volume of the "Five Chums Series." The straps are only a military school decoration, but the struggle includes rather more pains and fears than come to a West Point cadet.

Miss Alice Turner Curtis made so pleasing a child of Edith Austin, the heroine of her civil war story, "A Little Heroine of Illinois," that young readers have asked for a sequel, and they will find it in "The Little Heroine at School." The school is in one of the suburbs of Boston, and Edith behaves extremely well, contriving to transform schoolgirl dislikes into friendships, and studying like a good old-fashioned child. In her time, it must be remembered, children were still supposed to have a natural right to guidance and instruction, and an independent, self-developing little girl would not have been tolerated. Contemplation of this antique ideal will harm nobody.

Mr. Edward Balmer, the author of "Waylaid by Wireless," is passing his honeymoon at Banff, Alberta, the British American Simla, where one shivers comfortably with the knowledge that torridity reigns in one's home town.

Mr. F. O. Bartlett, author of "The Web of the Golden Spider," has gone to his Summer home at Bridgeton, Me., and is at work on his coming novel.

Sir Isaac Pitman's Sons are bringing out a second edition of Mr. Walter Dill Scott's "Psychology of Advertising," and the University of Pennsylvania seems to be using it as a textbook.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

The following list of books was received by The Saturday Review during the week ended July 1, 1909:

History and Biography.

THE WORKS OF JAMES BUCHANAN. Comprising His Speeches, State Papers, and Private Correspondence. Collected and edited by John Bassett Moore. 8vo. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. Vol. VIII., 1848-53.

A HISTORY OF LAKE CHAMPLAIN. The Record of Three Centuries—1609-1909. By Walter Hill Crockett. 12mo. Burlington, Vt.: Hobart J. Shanley Company.

Literature.

LETTERS, LECTURES, AND ADDRESSES OF CHARLES EDWARD GARMAN. By Eliza Miner Garman. 8vo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $3.

LIFE AND LOVE AND PEACE. By Bolton Hall. 12mo. New York: The Arcadia Press.

THE GOLDEN TOWN AND OTHER TALES. (Romance of the East Series.) Edited by L. Cranmer Byng. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.

Religion.

THE HOME OF THE SOUL. By the Rev. Charles Wagner. 12mo. New York: Funk & Wagnalls Company. $1.20.

THE WISDOM OF THE EAST SERIES. Edited by L. Cranmer Byng and Dr. S. A. Kapadia. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. Two volumes, "The Splendor of God," "A Lute of Jade." 60 cents each.

Travel and Description.

STORIES OF THE GREAT WEST. By Theodore Roosevelt. 12mo. New York: The Century Company. 60 cents.

OUT-OF-THE-WAY PLACES. By William G. Frizell. 12mo. Dayton, Ohio: United Brethren Publishing House. $1.20.

IN UNKNOWN TUSCANY. By Edward Hutton. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

WHERE THE FISHERS GO: The Story of Labrador. By the Rev. P. W. Browne. 12mo. New York: Cochrane Publishing Company.

Fiction.

ANTONIO. By Ernest Oldmeadow. 12mo. New York: The Century Company. $1.30.

A CHARMING HUMBUG. By Imogen Clark. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.20.

THE KING OF NOBODY'S LAND. By Thomas Enright. 12mo. New York: Gibson Publishing Company.

THE "HALF MOON." By Ford Madox Hueffer. 12mo. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.35.

THE PRINCE'S PRANKS. By Charles Lowe. 12mo. New York: The John Lane Company. $1.50.

New Editions.

THE SCIENCE YEAR-BOOK. With astronomical, physical, and chemical tables, summary of progress in science, directory, biographies, and diary for 1909. Edited by Major B. F. S. Baden-Powell. 8vo. London: King, Sell & Olding.

THE WORLD'S STORY TELLERS. Edited by Arthur Ransome. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. 40 cents. Three volumes, "Stories by Chateaubriand," "Stories by Honore de Balzac," "Stories by The Essayists."

WANDERINGS IN SOUTH AMERICA. By Charles Waterton. 12mo. New York: Sturgis & Walton Company. $2.50.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS. By E. C. Cook. 12mo. London: Simpkin, Marshall, Hamilton, Kent & Co.

Miscellaneous.

ALCOHOL: How It Affects the Individual, the Community, and the Race. By Henry Smith Williams. 12mo. New York: The Century Company. 50 cents.

WHAT IS PHYSICAL LIFE? Its Origin and Nature. By William Hanna Thompson. 12mo. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.20.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES. By Gustav Stickley. 8vo. New York: The Craftsman Publishing Company.

PASSING ENGLISH OF THE VICTORIAN ERA: A Dictionary of Heterodox English, Slang, and Phrase. By J. Redding Ware. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

MIRACLE AND SCIENCE. By Francis J. Lamb. 12mo. Oberlin, Ohio: Bibliotheca Sacra Company.

MENTAL MEDICINE. By Oliver Huckel. 16mo. New York: The Thomas Y. Crowell Company. $1.

LITERARY NEWS OF PHILADELPHIA

Lieut. Shackleton's Antarctic Expedition—Max Pemberton's "Show Girl" Popular—New Juvenile Books.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Simultaneously with the news of the home coming of Lieut. Shackleton and his party from the antarctic continent, where they not only determined with definiteness the location of the south magnetic pole, but reached the furthest south yet attained by explorers, comes the announcement of the publication in the Fall of the full account of the Shackleton expedition by the J. B. Lippincott Company. Arrangements to this end were completed by cable this week, with the Heineman house, and preparations for the issue of the work are already under way. Lieut. Shackleton's story will require two volumes for the telling, and the books will be lavishly illustrated in color and from a series of admirable photographs taken by the party, the illustrations numbering upward of 300 in all. A new map of the south pole region will also accompany the work. The American edition of this important narrative of exploration will be entirely an American product.

The Lippincotts brought out this week "The Education of the Will," a popular study of mental development and control, by T. Sharper Knowlson, author of "The Art of Thinking."

Although Max Pemberton's new story of "The Show Girl" was published only about ten days ago, it has already gone to a third edition, justifying the expectations of the John C. Winston Company, the American publishers, that the book would be as popular in this country as in England, where it has attained the distinction of being at the head of the list of "best sellers."

The Winston Company completed and published this week their new juvenile series by Edward F. Ellis, bearing the title "Overland." There are two stories in the series, "Alden, the Pony Express Rider," and "Alden Among the Indians."

A thin paper edition of the "Universal Self-Pronouncing Dictionary" has also just been brought out by Winston. It is bound attractively in limp leather, and although it contains 1,000 pages, is less than one inch in thickness.

This Summer's addition to the series of advanced treatises on popular sports, published by George W. Jacobs & Co., will be devoted to the game of hockey. Following the analogy of the previous volumes relating to golf and tennis, the book will be called "The Complete Hockey Player." It is the work of Eustace E. White, one of the crack players of England, and will contain a complete historical sketch of the game, a detailed description and practical directions for playing, with discussions of international and college hockey.

Prof. Frank Podmore has written a work on "Mesmerism and Christian Science," which the Jacobs Company will bring out before long. The author believes that some of the remarkable "cures" credited to Christian Science are due to self-suggestion, and attempts to demonstrate that the same power that operates in mesmerism is consciously or unconsciously used in Christian Science healing.

A couple of juveniles which the Jacobs firm has in preparation are "The Lettie Lane Paper Family," a series of attractive paper dolls, and "Kitty Kat Kimmie," a cat story by S. Louise Patteson. The hero of the latter story is a real pussy, and the book will be illustrated by original photographs.

In view of the bitter controversy that has arisen among the Baptists over the case of the Rev. Prof. Foster, and the action of the Chicago Baptist ministers in expelling him from their conference, a little volume just issued by the American Baptist Publication Society will be especially timely and interesting. This is "A Restatement of Baptist Principles," by Philip L. Jones, D. D., one of the officers of the society. The Rev. Dr. Wayland Hoyt, in a prefatory note on behalf of the publication committee, describes the volume as giving a "clear, concise, every way fine statement of the structural Baptist principles," and as a "book, just now in these questioning times, much needed."

Books in Demand.

The circulating department of the New York Public Library gives the following as the most popular books of the week ended June 20: Adult Fiction—Crawford's "White Sister," Ward's "Marriage à la Mode," and —— "Inner Shrine." Juvenile Fiction—Alcott's "Little Women," Tomlinson's "Washington's Young Aides," and Dudley's "Making the Nine." Nonfiction—Shakespeare's "Plays," Huneker's "Egoists," and Münsterberg's "Psychotherapy."

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

Bartholomew Dowling's "Revelry in India"—Audubon's "Birds of North America" and "Quadrupeds of North America"—Shadwell's Comedy "The Fair Quaker of Deal"—Books of the Old Testament in Verse—"The Watermill" by Sarah Dowdney—Answers From and Appeals to Readers.

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

GEORGE H. GRAY.—Many years ago I read a poem called "Revelry in India." I have tried to find it many times since, but the nearest I have been able to come to it is in Bartlett's Dictionary of Quotations—one stanza—credited to Bartholomew Dowling. Can you give me any information of Dowling, or tell me where the poem can be found? The stanza in Bartlett is:

Ho! stand to your glasses steady!
'Tis all we have left to prize;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

The poem is called "The Revel," and the author, Bartholomew Dowling, was born in Listowel, County Kerry, Ireland, in 1823. He went, while a boy, to Canada with his parents, and was partly educated there. After his father's death he returned to Ireland. In 1857 he came to the United States. He engaged in mining and in farming. He was editor of The San Francisco Monitor at the time of his death in 1863. He contributed to The Nation in Ireland over the signature of "The Southern." One of his best known poems is "The Brigade at Fontenoy." "The Revelry of the Dying" or "Revelry in India," supposed to be recited in India while a plague was causing havoc among the British residents and troops stationed there. In full it is as follows:—

"We meet 'neath the sounding rafter,
And the walls around are bare;
As they shout to our peals of laughter,
It seems that the dead are there.
But stand to your glasses, steady!
We drink to our comrades' eyes;
Quaff a cup to the dead already—
And hurrah for the next that dies!

"Not here are the goblets glowing,
Not here is the vintage sweet;
'Tis cold, as our hearts are growing,
And dark as the doom we meet.
But stand to your glasses, steady!
And soon shall our pulses rise;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"Not a sigh for the lot that darkles,
Not a tear for the friends that sink;
We'll fall, midst the wine-cup's sparkles
As mute as the wine we drink.
So stand to your glasses, steady!
'Tis this that the respite buys;
One cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"Time was when we frowned at others;
We thought we were wiser then;
Ha! ha! let those think of their mothers,
Who hope to see them again.
No! stand to your glasses, steady!
The thoughtless are here the wise;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"There's many a hand that's shaking,
There's many a cheek that's sunk;
But soon, though our hearts are breaking,
They'll burn with the wine we've drunk.
So stand to your glasses, steady!
'Tis here the reserve lies;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"There's a mist on the glass congealing,
'Tis the hurricane's fiery breath;
And thus does the warmth of feeling
Turn ice in the gasps of Death.
Ho! stand to your glasses, steady!
For a moment the vapor flies;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"Who dreads to the dust returning?
Who shrinks from the sable shore,
Where the high and haughty yearning
Of the soul shall sting no more!
Ho! stand to your glasses, steady!
The world is a world of lies;
A cup to the dead already—
Hurrah for the next that dies!

"Cut off from the land that bore us,
Betrayed by the land we find,
Where the brightest have gone before us,
And the dullest remain behind—
Stand, stand to your glasses, steady!
'Tis all we have left to prize;
A cup to the dead already—
And hurrah for the next that dies!"

It will be noticed that Bartlett does not quote correctly the last four lines of the poem. It is also worthy of note that Dowling's name is not even mentioned in some well-known biographical works.

F. F. V.—Will you kindly give me some information relating to Audubon's "Birds of North America." As I understand it, the work was first issued (about 1840) in elephant folio, the birds being reproduced life size. I am told there are less than twenty copies of the edition extant. Is that the fact? Then, beginning about 1848, the work was republished in seven quarto volumes, with cuts reduced. Subsequently (I think after Audubon's death) this edition was closely imitated by a third publication of the same size and general character, the only important difference being that there were eight instead of seven volumes. I should appreciate any information you or TIMES readers may be able to give respecting these matters, present values of the various editions, where they may be procured, (if at all,) &c. Is it true that the plates in any or all of these editions were colored by hand? What is the present value of Audubon's "Quadrupeds of North America"?

In 1826 John J. Audubon visited Europe to procure subscriptions for his "Birds of America." This work was completed in eighty-seven parts, (1827, &c.,) elephant folio, containing 435 plates of birds of the natural size, beautifully colored. The work was published at £182 14s. ($1,000) a set. It consists of four volumes, folio, of engravings. To these were added five volumes, 8vo, of letterpress. A new and reduced edition, seven volumes, 8vo, was published in this country, 1840-44. It has 500 plates colored by hand.

"The Viviparous Quarupeds of North America," three volumes, folio, 150 plates, and three volumes, 8vo, letterpress, the drawings by Audubon and his sons, Victor Gifford and John Woodhouse Audubon, was published in New York in 1845-48; in 1851-54 the same work, reduced to three volumes, 8vo, with 155 plates, the letterpress prepared principally by John J. Audubon's friend, the Rev. John Bachman of Charleston, S. C., appeared.

"The Birds of America," seven volumes, 500 plates, was published in New York in 1856 and 1860-61. Another New York edition, in eight volumes, with 500 colored plates, was published without date by Lockwood.

The following prices have been paid in the public market:

"Birds of America," London, 1827-38, four volumes, folio, 435 colored plates, $1,725 at the Larkins sale in 1892; $1,200 at Libbie's, in Boston, in 1889, and $1,450 at the Dennis sale in 1897.

"Birds of America," London, 1827-38, four volumes, with five volumes, 8vo, of the Ornithological Biography, London, 1831-39, $2,430 at the Leavitt sale, in 1889, and $1,500 at Sotheby's, London, in 1890.

"Birds of America," New York and Philadelphia, 1840-44, 500 plates, seven volumes, 8vo, $315, at the Freud & Chubbuck sale; $252 at the Ives sale, in 1891; $227.50 at the Barger sale, in 1895, and $241 at the Cox sale, in 1899.

"Birds of America," seven volumes, 1856, $189, in Philadelphia, in 1898. The 1860-61 edition, $168, in Philadelphia, in 1896.

"Viviparous Quadrupeds of North America," six volumes, 1845-48, $535, at the Larkins sale, in 1892; $300 at the Glasse sale, in 1892, and $297.50 at Sotheby's, in 1902.

"Quadrupeds of North America," 1851-54, three volumes, $50, at Sotheby's, in 1898.

"The Birds of America," 1827-38, Ornithological Biography, 1831-39, and "Quadrupeds of North America," 1845-48, fifteen volumes, brought $4,350 at the Kemble sale in Philadelphia in 1906.

These works are all out of print. They may be found at book auction sales or in second-hand bookstores. We cannot give the exact number of extant copies of the original edition of "The Birds of America."

T. W. WHARMBY.—Please inform me through your SATURDAY REVIEW the value of a copy of Charles Shadwell's comedy, "The Fair Quaker of Deal; or, the Humours of the Navy," dated 1791, and published in London.

"The Fair Quaker of Deal" was Charles Shadwell's first play. It was published in 1710, and was produced at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, London, with great success. Miss Santlow took the part of the heroine. Shadwell's plays were published in Dublin in 1720, in two volumes. The 1791 edition of "The Fair Quaker of Deal" seems to have no special value.

M. P. N.—Can you finish the rhyme giving the books of the Old Testament, beginning:

The great Jehovah speaks to us
In Genesis and Exodus,
Leviticus and Numbers see,
Followed by Deuteronomy.

The rhyme referred to by our correspondent is as follows:

THE BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT.

"The great Jehovah speaks to us
In Genesis and Exodus;
Leviticus and Numbers see
Followed by Deuteronomy.
Joshua and Judges sway the land,
Ruth gleans a sheaf with trembling hand;
Samuel and numerous Kings appear
Whose Chronicles we wondering hear.
Ezra and Nehemiah, now,
Esther, the beauteous mourner show.
Job speaks in sighs, David in Psalms,
The Proverbs teach to scatter alms;
Ecclesiastes then comes on,
And the sweet Song of Solomon.
Isaiah, Jeremiah then
With Lamentations takes his pen.
Ezekiel, Daniel, Hosea's lyres
Swell Joel, Amos, Obadiah's.
Next Jonah, Micah, Nahum come,
And lofty Habakkuk finds room.
While Zephaniah, Haggai calls
Wrapt Zachariah builds his walls;
And Malachi, with garments rent,
Concludes the ancient Testament."

C. S. WOOD.—Will you be good enough to advise where I can get some verse which ended "The mill will never grind with the water that is passed"?

The lines quoted are from the poem "The Watermill," by Sarah Dowdney. The fifth stanza containing the lines is as follows:

"Oh! the wasted hours of life
That have drifted by!
Oh! the good that might have been—
Lost without a sigh!
Love that we might once have saved
By a single word,
Thoughts conceived, but never penned,
Perishing unheard;
Take the proverb to thine heart,
Take, and hold it fast—
'The mill cannot grind
With the water that is passed.'"

The last two lines containing the sentiment asked for by our correspondent are between quotation marks. They are taken from George Herbert's "Jacula Prudentum." The same sentiment is given by Trench in "Proverbs: Turkish and Persian" as follows:

"Oh! seize the instant time; you never will
With waters once passed by impel the mill."

A. B. C.—Will you kindly advise me if the following works are of any special value:

"Works of William Hogarth in a Series of Engravings," with descriptions, &c. (Commemoration edition in sixty parts, embossed.) Published by Jones & Co., London, 1833.

"Legal Rights, Liabilities, and Duties of Women," by Edward A. Mansfield, A. M. Published by Jewett & Co., Salem, 1845, (with inscription in fly leaf in handwriting of Chancellor James Kent, together with his signature.)

A copy of Hogarth's works, in the original parts, London, 1833, sold for £1 13s at auction in London in 1887. A bound copy, two volumes, 4to, same date, brought $8 at auction in this city in 1904.

Edward Deering Mansfield, who was born in 1801 and died in 1880, published "Legal Rights, Liabilities, and Duties of Women" in 1847, according to Allibone's "Dictionary of Authors." There seems to be no record of a sale of the 1845 issue. The autograph inscription of Chief Justice Kent lends value, however, to the book. It is what is known as an association book, associated with Kent by this inscription. A document signed by him sold for 75 cents at Anderson's on May 28.

K. T. BUZBY.—I have in my possession two volumes, the title pages of which read: "Tales of My Landlord," collected and reported by Jedediah Cleishbotham, schoolmaster and parish clerk of Gandercleugh. First series complete in two volumes. "The Black Dwarf." J. & R. Williams, 1829. Can you tell me if this is of any value other than an interesting story?

"The Black Dwarf" and "Old Mortality" appeared together as the first series of "The Tales of My Landlord," on Dec. 1, 1816. This first edition, four volumes, is worth from $25 to $28. An uncut copy, board covers, sold for $305 at Hodgson's in London in 1904, and a similar copy brought, two weeks later at Sotheby's, $375. We do not find a sale of the 1829 two-volume edition.

Answers from Readers.

A. D. C. GOMEZ.—The complete poem about which T. O. Baker, Sr., inquires in your issue of May 22 is as follows:

TO MY DAUGHTER MARY.

When, in future distant years,
Thou shalt look upon this page
Through the crystal vale of tears
That dim our eyes in after age,
Think it was a mother's hand,
Though her smile no more thou'lt see,
Pointing toward that "better land,
Gave this sacred gift to thee.

Lightly thou esteem'st it now,
For the heart is young and wild,
And upon thy girlhood's brow
Naught but sunny hope hath smiled;
But when disappointments come,
And the world begins to steal
All thy spirit's early bloom,
Then its value thou wilt feel.

To thy chamber, still and lone,
Fly and search this sacred page;
When earth's blandishments are gone,
Every grief it will assuage;
Close the door against the din
Of worldly folly, worldly fear—
Only let the radiance in
Of each heavenly promise here.

When thy bruised spirit bends
'Neath the weight of sorrow's chain,
When of all life's Summer friends,
Not one flatterer shall remain,
Lay this unction to the wound
Of thy smitten, bleeding breast—
Here the only balm is found
That can yield the weary rest.

Nor alone in hours of woe
"Search the Scriptures," but while joy
Doth life's blissful cup o'erflow,
Be it oft thy sweet employ;
So, remembering in thy youth
Him whose Spirit lights each page,
Thou shalt have abundant proof
He will not forget thine age.

Jan. 1, 1856.

Attracted by these verses I bought a Bible many years ago, on the fly leaf of which the poem is written, and it seems to be an autograph manuscript. There is no name to indicate the author of the poem or the giver of the Bible, but below the date there is a line from "Mary," reading: "My Darling Mother."

R. Fleming.—The poem asked for by Benedict Kaiser in your issue of May 22 is by Charles Mackay. The entire poem is as follows:

DIFFERENCES.

The King can drink the best of wine—
So can I·
And has enough when he would dine—
So have I;
And cannot order rain or shine—
Nor can I.
Then where's the difference—let me see—
Betwixt my lord the King and me?

Do trusty friends surround his throne
Night and day?
Or make his interest their own?
No, not they.
Mine love me for myself alone—
Bless'd be they!
And that's the difference which I see
Betwixt my lord the King and me.

Do knaves around me lie in wait
To deceive?
Or frown and flatter when they hate,
And would grieve?
Or cruel pomps oppress my state
By my leave?
No, heaven be thank'd! And here you see
More difference 'twixt the King and me.

He has his fools, with jests and quips,
When he'd play;
He has his armies and his ships—
Great are they;
But not a child to kiss his lips;
Well-a-day!
And that's a difference, sad to see,
Betwixt my lord the King and me.

I wear the cap and he the crown—
What of that?
I sleep on straw and he on down—
What of that?
And he's the King and I'm the clown—
What of that?
If happy I, and wretched he,
Perhaps the King would change with me.

Charles Mackay, journalist, poet, and song writer, born in Perth, 1814, died in 1889, was widely known in his day and generation. As early as 1834 was published his "Songs and Poems." He was a prolific writer in both prose and verse. Some of his songs were immensely popular. "Cheer, Boys, Cheer!" was one of them. In 1857-8 he made a lecturing tour of the United States. During the civil war he resided in New York City as correspondent of The Times. Eric Mackay, the poet, was his son, and Marie Corelli his adopted daughter.

M. A. F.—I am able to supply H. G. P. with the missing third verse of the song beginning:

"Down by the river the log hut stands."

It runs:

"Years, years have passed since that happy time,
But the river is rolling along,
And the birds and the bees, the blossoms and the trees
Are singing the same old song."

RANDOLPH BOLLES.—In answer to "A. A. W.'s" query in your issue of this morning as to the authorship of the short poem of which he quotes the opening lines, I am glad to be able to give him the information he asks for. The poem is from the pen of Swami Rama, a young Hindu scholar and exponent of the Vedanta philosophy, who visited this country about five years ago, and whose career was subsequently and unhappily ended through drowning.

The poem first appeared in the Thundering Dawn, a magazine published at Lahore, to which the Swami frequently contributed. I inclose herewith a correct copy of the verses.

IT IS NOT RAINING RAIN TO ME.

It is not raining rain to me,
It is raining daffodils;
In every dimpled drop I see
Wild flowers on distant hills.

The clouds of gray engulf the day
And overwhelm the town;
It is not raining rain to me,
It is raining roses down.

It is not raining rain to me,
But fields of clover bloom,
Where any buccaneering bee
May find a bed and room.

A health unto the happy!
A fig for him who frets!
It is not raining rain to me
It is raining violets.

This poem has also been ascribed to Robert Loveman, and is said to have appeared in Harper's Magazine in May, 1901.

JOHN S. ZIMMERMAN.—Referring to the query of "W. M." in your issue of June 5, would say that poem sought for was written by Thomas Moore during his visit to the United States in 1803 or 1804, and while he was at Norfolk, Va. In the note of explanation given by Moore he does not speak of it as an Indian legend at all; and one might infer, from the note alone, that it had reference to a local story among the whites. A perusal of the poem, however, clearly shows it to be a bit of American Indian folklore.

The following is a copy of the poem as it appears in the complete works of Thomas Moore:

A BALLAD.

THE LAKE OF THE DISMAL SWAMP.

"They tell of a young man who lost his mind upon the death of a girl he loved, and who, suddenly disappearing from his friends, was never afterward heard of. As he had frequently said, in his ravings, that the girl was not dead, but gone to the Dismal Swamp, it is supposed he had wandered into that dreary wilderness and had died of hunger or been lost in some of its dreadful morasses."—Anon.

"They made her a grave too cold and damp
For a soul so warm and true;
And she's gone to the Lake of the Dismal Swamp,
Where, all night long, by a firefly lamp,
She paddles her white canoe.

"And her firefly lamp I soon shall see,
And her paddle I soon shall hear;
Long and loving our life shall be,
And I'll hide the maid in a cypress tree
When the footstep of death is near."

"Away to the Dismal Swamp he speeds—
His path was rugged and sore,
Through tangled juniper, beds of reeds,
Through many a fen, where the serpent feeds,
And man never trod before.

"And when on the earth he sunk to sleep,
If slumber his eyelids knew,
He lay where the deadly vine doth weep
Its venomous tear, and nightly steep
The flesh with blistering dew!

"And near him the she-wolf stirred the brake,
And the copper-snake breathed in his ear,
Till he starting cried, from his dream awake,
'Oh, when shall I see the dusky lake,
And the white canoe of my dear?'

"He saw the lake, and a meteor bright
Quick over its surface played—
'Welcome,' he said, 'my dear one's light!'
And the dim shore echoed, for many a night,
The name of the death-cold maid.

"Till he hollowed a boat of the birchen bark,
Which carried him off from shore;
Far he followed the meteor spark,
The wind was high and the clouds were dark,
And the boat returned no more.

"But oft from the Indian hunter's camp
This lover and maid so true
Are seen, at the hour of midnight damp,
To cross the lake by a firefly lamp,
And paddle their white canoe."

Information of this poem and copies of the verses have been received from many of our readers. Among them are "E. J. S.," Oswego, N. Y.; Florence E. Hampton, Newark, N. J.; F. H. Bryant, Troy, N. Y.; "M. B. D.," Keene, N. H.; "R. A. S.," New York; "D. F. H.," Rochester, N. Y.; "R. M.," New York; "C. A. F.," New York; "M. E. H.," Elizabethtown, N. Y.; "E. O. P.," Morristown, N. J.; Edward Rankle, West Hoboken, N. J.; Albert T. Swords, New York; R. Fleming, New York; R. M. Anderson, Princeton, N. J.; M. I. Jones, New York; W. Abbott, New York; Virginie Soules, Bridgeport, Conn.; K. E. Turner, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Mrs. T. M. Pittman, Henderson, N. C.; Walter Learned, New London, Conn.; James O'Donnell, Brooklyn; "A. W.," Albany, N. Y.; S. L. Palmer, Brooklyn; J. A. Anderson, Lambertville, N. J.; Sally Skidmore Wakeman, Millneck, L. I.; John Harold, Tarrytown, N. Y.; Annie W. Welch, Keyport, N. J.; "G. H. C.," Utica, N. Y.; Annie W. Reed, North Adams, Mass.; Donald Hendry, Asbury Park, N. J.; F. R. Garrison, New York; Clarence B. Mitchell, Mystic, Conn.; "A. M. T.," Albany, N. Y.; P. W. Wildey, Mohonk Lake, N. Y.; I. O. Tracy, Brooklyn, N. Y.; "F. F.," Brooklyn; J. M. Butler, Jersey City, N. J.; Charles Miner Blackford, Staunton, Va.; "S. T. F.," Mount Vernon; "T. F. W.," Succasunna, N. J.; Thomas H. Romayne, New York; M. L. Bonham, Jr., Richmond, Va., and John Talman, St. Paul, Minn.

WILLING.—M. P. S. asks in your issue of June 19 where he can get Watson's "Annals of Philadelphia." He can get get it at Leary's Old Book Store No. 3, South Ninth Street, (Ninth and Market,) Philadelphia, at a very cheap price.

H. MEARS.—Supplementary to your reply to S. B. Doughty, "The Rehearsal" is included in "Burlesque Plays and Poems" in Morley's "Universal Library," published by George Routledge & Sons at a shilling a volume in London, probably 50 cents in New York.

CHARLES A. HERPICH.—Your reply to "S. L. D." as to the origin of the Bacon-Shakespeare controversy is accurate so far as it goes, but I have shown recently in another place that the matter was already acute as early as 1838. In Dowdall's Traditionary Anecdotes of Shakespeare, London, 1838, there is a sort of preface called an advertisement, in which occurs the following:

"Perhaps it was in ridicule of his predecessors that another gentleman, determined to outdo all who had gone before him, had the hardihood to question the poet's (Shakespeare's) identity; having labored to prove that he was one and the same with Christopher Marlowe."

Much earlier than the above is Sir James Prior's testimony in his life of Edmund Malone, (1780-1790):

"Several suppose that he (Shakespeare) wrote more than he acknowledged, others that he fathered more than he had written. While the last opinions are still more original and

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Answers from and Appeals to Readers.

extraordinary, that his name is akin to a myth, and that he wrote no plays at all!"

Perhaps most curious of all is Washington Irving's testimony in the "Sketch Book," (written prior to 1820,) that when in Holy Trinity Church, at Stratford, he talked with the sexton, then more than eighty years old. This man told of an accident to some excavation adjacent to Shakespeare's grave by which the earth caved in, exposing the grave of Shakespeare, with the rather startling fact that he (the sexton) had looked into the grave, and that there was to be seen neither bones nor coffin!

ANON.—In reference to the request of "L. H." for information in respect to Helen Huntington's poem, "Night, and the Curtains Drawn," I inclose a copy of the words. The music is by G. Ferrata.

Night and the curtains drawn,
The household still,
Fate, with appointed strength
Hath worked its will.
Close to the dying blaze
We sit alone,
Naught but the old day lost,
All else our own.

Far in the corners dim
The shadows start;
Near to your strength I cling,
And near your heart.
Dearest, the whole world ends,
Ends well—in this—
Night—and the firelit dark,
Your touch, your kiss.

LILIAN DANZ.—In reply to the request of "A. B. M." in your issue of June 5, I send a copy of the poem entitled "The Jolly Old Pedagogue." The poem is printed in Swinton's "Fifth Reader," published by the American Book Company:

THE JOLLY OLD PEDAGOGUE.

"'Twas a jolly old pedagogue, long ago,
Tall and slender, and sallow and dry.
His form was bent, and his gait was slow,
His long, thin hair was as white as snow;
But a wonderful twinkle shone in his eye,
And he sang every night as he went to bed:
'Let us be happy down here below—
The living should live, though the dead be dead,'
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

"He taught his scholars the rule of three,
Writing, and reading, and history, too;
He took the little ones up on his knee,
For a kind old heart in his breast had he,
And the wants of the littlest child he knew.
'Learn while you're young,' he often said;
'There's much to enjoy, down here below—
Life for the living, and rest for the dead!'
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

"With the stupidest boys he was kind and cool,
Speaking only in gentlest tones;
The rod was hardly known in his school—
Whipping, to him, was a barbarous rule,
And too hard work for his poor old bones;
Besides, it was painful, he sometimes said.
'We should make life pleasant, down here below.
The living need charity more than the dead,'
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

"He lived in the house by the hawthorn lane,
With roses and woodbine over the door.
His rooms were quiet and neat and plain,
But a spirit of comfort here held reign
And made him forget he was old and poor.
'I need so little,' he often said,
'And my friends and relatives here below
Won't litigate over me when I'm dead,'
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

"He smoked his pipe in the balmy air
Every night, when the sun went down;
While the soft wind played in his silvery hair,
Leaving his tenderest kisses there
On the jolly old pedagogue's jolly old crown;
And feeling the kisses, he smiled and said,
''Tis a glorious world down here below—
Why wait for happiness till we are dead?'
Said the jolly old pedagogue, long ago.

"He sat at his door one midsummer night,
After the sun had sunk in the west,
And the lingering beams of golden light
Made his kindly old face warm and bright,
While the odorous night wind whispered, 'Rest!'
Gently, gently, he bowed his head;
There were angels waiting for him, I know;
He was sure of happiness, living or dead,
This jolly old pedagogue, long ago."

Copies of this poem have also been received from George H. Roggenstein, New York; Frank J. Maloney, Kingston, N. Y.; "F. T.," Brooklyn, and Ray S. Ball, Huron, Ohio.

WALTER LEARNED.—Your correspondent, J. A. Howe, in answer to a request from Mr. Charles H. Hart as to the author of "In Explanation" has credited me with a verse which I have neither the right nor the wish to claim. The triolet "In Explanation" was first published in The Century, and is contained in Between Times, and appears in several anthologies. I do not wish to appear as robbing the author of the first verse as given by Mr. Howe of his laurels. It is a poor thing, but not mine own.

N. M. C.—The poem asked for by "M. C. L.," in THE TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, June 5, may be one written by Rembrandt Peale called "Faith and Hope." I inclose copy of the same, hoping it may be the one desired:

Ah! don't be sorrowful, darling,
And don't be sorrowful pray;
Taking the year together, my dear,
You will always find a May.

'Tis rainy weather, my darling,
Time's waves they heavily run;
But taking the year together, my dear,
There isn't more cloud than sun.

We are old folks, now, my darling,
Our heads are growing gray;
But taking the year all 'round, my dear,
You will always find a May.

We have had our May, my darling,
And our roses long ago;
And the time of the year is coming, my dear,
For the silent night of snow.

And God is God, my darling,
Of night as well as day;
And we feel and know that we can go
Wherever He leads the way.

A God of the night, my darling,
And the night of death so grim;
The gate that leads out of life, good wife,
Is the gate that leads to Him.

A number of our readers have sent us copies of these verses, among them being Mrs. Arnold Petrie, Little Falls, N. Y.; S. A. Wetmore, Seneca Falls, N. Y.; A. B. Chalmers, Newark, N. J.; Evelyn Cable, New York; "D. de M. W.," New York; Charles J. Cowenhoven, Tuckahoe, N. Y.; "M. H. C.," New York; J. A. Merrill, New York; "R. T. J.," Albany, N. Y.; "M. S. D. M.," New York; Walter Learned, New London, Conn.; Mrs. W. C. Augur, Hartford, Conn.; "M. N. D."; "A. W.," Albany, N. Y.; Helen M. Fagan, Jersey City, N. J.; K. J. Cochran, Brooklyn; "K. E. B."; Daniel A. Driscoll, Brooklyn; George L. Conway, Brooklyn; M. D. Sturgis, New York; Grace L. Eddy, Bennington, Vt.; I. O. Tracy, Brooklyn; H. H. C. Bingham, Amsterdam, N. Y.; A. D. Churchill, Schenectady, N. Y.; Mrs. C. M. Manning, Brooklyn; Kate R. Appleton, Brooklyn; Mrs. A. J. Douglas, Ilion, N. Y.; "F. T.," Brooklyn; Mrs. C. W. Rhodes, Brooklyn; "E. B. G.," New York, and Mary Loughren, New York.

S. R. BRADLEY.—For the information of Agnes Issertell Schriefer allow me to state that the poem which she quoted was written by Mrs. Theodosia Pickering Garrison and was first published in The Smart Set Magazine probably about six or seven years ago. The poem is "In Memoriam" of the death of Arthur Grissom, the first editor of that magazine who was a personal friend of mine.

MISS JOSEPHINE C. DEMARAY.—Some time ago a correspondent asked for the verses beginning "Miss Jenny and Polly had each a new dolly."

This little poem, with many other quaint and charming verses for children, may be found in a small volume called "Little Songs for Little People," published about 1863. As both title-page and covers are missing from my well-worn copy, I cannot give publisher's name. There are two verses:

"Miss Jenny and Polly had each a new dolly,
With rosy-red cheeks and blue eyes;
But I'm sorry to say they quarreled one day
Because they were not of a size.

O silly Miss Jenny, to be such a ninny!
To quarrel and make such a noise,
For the very next day their mamma sent away
The dolls with red cheeks and blue eyes."

GORDON SINCLAIR.—In your Queries from and Appeals to Readers of May 22 I note A. B. S.'s inquiry regarding an old Scottish ballad, entitled "Sir James the Ross," and quotes:

Of a' the Northern Scottish chiefs
Of high and warlike name,
The bravest was Sir James the Ross,
A knight of muckle fame.

It is a bold and glaring substitution of the name Ross for St. Clair. One of the oldest and best known ballads in the Highlands of Scotland is entitled "The Great St. Clair," from whom the present Earls of Caithness trace their descent. He fought in the second crusade to Palestine, and in his company were several Scottish knights—namely, Sir Gilbert Lindsay, Sir Allan Mackenzie, Leslie of Dundrum, Maclean of Duonk, Macleod of Arrijuaher, and Macdonald of Kippoch. The name of Ross is conspicuous by its absence from that immortal hall of heroes. The ballad, composed on the return of the crusaders to Scotland, and well known for centuries, runs thus:

Of a' the Northern Scottish chiefs
Of high and warlike name,
The bravest was Sir James St. Clair,
A knight of muckle fame.

I may add that the name "Sir James the Ross" is an unknown quantity in the Scottish Highlands, as "A. B. S." will discover if he is inclined to investigate.

Appeals to Readers.

E. B. FULLER.—I should be grateful to be furnished with the words of the old song entitled "The Sparrows, the Lilies, and Me," with name of author and date of poem.

EDWARD T. JOHNSON.—I would like to know if any of the readers of THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS could help me out in finding an old song. Some of the words are: "The curtain of night is pinned back by the stars and the beautiful moon is in the sky." I don't know to what part these words belong, but I think they are part of the chorus.

JULIAN ST. JOHN NOLAN.—Can your readers tell me where I can get the complete poem written by Theodosia Garrison (I think she is the author although I am not sure) wherein a mother is addressing her child and comparing her brood of one to the numerous brood of the lion and tiger, and which contains these lines:

"Stand up, stand up, my man-child
And look at them in thy pride,
Thou who shall tame the tiger
And on the jaguar ride."

I think this poem appeared in Harper's four or five years ago.

H. S.—Can any of your readers kindly tell me who wrote "The Secret of the Saints"? The first line begins: "To act through life a perfect part."

C. S. AIKEN.—I am extremely anxious to find a poem written by Herbert Bashford, the English poet. It is entitled "The Teamster," and the first lines begin:

"Oh who would go teaming wood on such a morning.
Go riding on a bob-sled in the frost."

Can any of your readers help me?

R. L. JONES.—Can some one of your readers tell me who said:

"I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true,
I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live up to what light I have;
I must stand with anybody that stands right; stand with him while he is right and part with him when he goes wrong."

V. B.—Could you kindly let me know the name of the author of the following lines, and where they occur:

"From Heaven if this belief be sent,
If such be nature's holy plan,
Have I not reason to lament
What man has made of man?"

MAURICE AHERN.—Can any of your readers tell me where to find the following poem, or who is its author? "Le Capitaine Paul." Its first line is this:

"La Comtesse Marie holds festival
In the fairest nook of her fair demesne."

J. R. GLEASON.—Can any reader of The Saturday Supplement inform me where in Emerson's works may be found the following extract?

"That spirit which suffices quiet hearts, which seems to come forth to such from every dry knoll of sere grass, from every pine stump and half-embedded stone on which the dull March sun shines, comes forth to the poor and hungry, and to such as are of simple taste. If thou fill thy brain with Boston and New York, with fashion and covetousness, and wilt stimulate thy jaded senses with wine and French coffee, thou shalt find no radiance of wisdom in the lonely waste of the pine woods."

S. F. X.—Can any of your readers tell me who said, "Thirty millions of people, mostly fools," and where was it said?

Answers to Correspondents.

S. J. HOEKYER.—The edition of the works of [illegible], about which you inquired, has no especial value.

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NEW YORK BOOK ANNOUNCEMENTS

Fiction by Well-known Authors in the Fall—New Books for the Summer Season.

"THE PRINCE'S PRANKS," by Charles Lowe, is the title of a novel published to-day by the John Lane Company. The principal characters in the book are a messenger of the late Queen Victoria and the present Emperor of Germany while still heir to the throne. Between these two there exists an intimacy out of which the details of the story are evolved. Capt. MacCulloh is the Queen's messenger, and his delivery of dispatches to a certain foreigner, together with a projected scheme for destroying the jubilee procession, are leading incidents in the conduct of Mr. Lowe's plot.

A new novel by Martha Gilbert Dickinson Bianchi will be published next week by Duffield & Co. Mme. Bianchi is the author of "A Modern Prometheus," a novel which attained considerable favor on its publication recently. Her new book is called "The Cuckoo's Nest." Some new aspects of life in and around Monte Carlo form the groundwork of the story, the truth of which, from the standpoint of "local color," has been reinforced by the author's personal knowledge of the actual scenes and the types of character she describes.

Christ Story in Modern Fiction.

In September Duffield & Co. expect to bring out a novel by Elsa Barker that promises to be, in subject and treatment at least, of an altogether unusual type. "The Son of Mary Bethel" will be the title of the book, in which is developed the story of Christ in a modern environment. In this book the author is said to have given not only a dramatic presentation in the twentieth century of the Christ life which was actually lived in the first, but "a psychological study of the character of Christ and of His gradual development from childhood to the fulfillment of His mission." The personages familiar to the Christ story—Peter, John, Lazarus, Mary Magdalen, &c.—are all drawn in modern guise, and the events in which they take leading parts are the modern parallels of the incidents described in the Gospel narrative. Though it is nowhere stated in the book that the man, Jesse Bethel, is the veritable Jesus, it is said to be the author's aim to make the reader feel that he is so, and that his teachings, given in epigramatic form, contain the essence of Christianity.

Eleven titles have just been added to their National Library of English Classics by Cassell & Co. This library, which is under the editorial management of Prof. Henry Morley, and represents that scholar's selection of the "best books" in English literature, has recently been issued in a new edition and is bound either in paper or cloth. With this present addition to the library the number of volumes contained in the new series is brought up to 111. The new titles are eight of Shakespeare's plays, completing the set as published by the National Library, and three books by John Ruskin: "Unto This Last," with an introduction by J. A. Hobson; "The Two Paths," introduction by Graham Wallas, and "The Political Economy of Art; or, 'A Joy Forever,'" with an introduction by C. F. Masterman.

The Cobden Club.

Four new issues in the "Cobden Club Publications" are being made by Cassell & Co. These publications are generally made anonymously, the authors of the books in question being quoted as leading authorities—usually members of Parliament—on the subject of foreign trade and the tariff. So far seventeen volumes have been published in this series, the forthcoming titles in which are: "Fallacies of Protection; or, Economic Sophisms," "The Case Against Protection," "The Scientific Tariff," and "Tariff Makers."

A novelized version of "The Writing on the Wall," a play produced by Olga Nethersole, has been made by Edward Marshall and will shortly be published by the G. W. Dillingham Company. The book, like the play, is an exposition of New York City's tenement house evils and deals especially with the much-discussed landlordism of Trinity Church Corporation. Mr. Marshall, the author, was Secretary of the New York State Tenement House Committee, which fought Trinity Corporation in 1894 in the Supreme Court of this State.

A study of "Paul, the All-Round Man," is the title of a book by Robert E. Speer, which the Fleming H. Revell Company publishes to-day.

A new book by Helen Green, author of "The Maison de Shine" and "At the Actor's Boarding House," is announced for early Fall publication by B. W. Dodge & Co. "Mr. Jackson," whose name forms the title of the book, is described as a "Raffles of confidence men." His varied adventures are given in Miss Green's new book.

"Jason," the new novel by Justus Miles Forman, which was announced by Harper Brothers for early publication, has been postponed until about the middle of this month. The postponement is due to an agreement entered into by the author and his publishers.

A translation into Armenian is being made of Dr. John A. Quackenbos's book, "Hypnotic Therapeutics," which the Harpers published about a year ago. The translator is an Armenian priest who recently wrote to the author from Asia Minor expressing his "great desire to this science" of hypnotic healing.

By the middle of this month the Sturgis & Walton Company will bring out a second edition, revised and enlarged, of "Mosby's Rangers: A Record of the Operations of the Forty-third Battalion Virginia Cavalry from Its Organization to the Surrender," by James J. Williamson of Company A. The book will contain about 200 illustrations and 575 pages of reading matter.

French Court Memoirs.

What is to be known as "The Court Series of French Memoirs," translated from the French and edited by E. Jules Meras, will commence publication in September by the Sturgis & Walton Company. This series, which will be completed in ten volumes, will cover the period from the death of Louis XIV., through the Regency of the Duc d'Orleans, the reigns of Louis XV. and XVI., the Revolution, and the reign of Napoleon Bonaparte. The first volume to be published will be "The Royal Family in the Temple Prison," being the journal of its confinement kept by Clery, valet to Louis XVI. The subsequent volumes in the series will be issued month by month, and will comprise material drawn from authoritative sources. Each volume will be illustrated with reproductions from contemporary portraits and prints.

Next week the Macmillan Company will publish Mabel Osgood Wright's novel, "Poppea of the Post Office." The scene of this story is laid partly in New York, and in character is not unlike the author's "People of the Whirlpool." On the 21st of this month William Allen White's "A Certain Rich Man" will be issued. This is the first of Mr. White's novels to appear since the publication of his "In Our Town" three years ago. Like his former work Mr. White's forthcoming novel is thoroughly and intensely American in subject. The scene of the story is laid in Kansas, while the characters are of the Western type known to that region.

Novels by Well-Known Authors.

New novels by a number of well-known American authors are promised for early Fall publication by the Macmillan Company. Two of these—one by Gertrude Atherton and the other by Winston Churchill—are as yet without a title. Mrs. Atherton's novel is described as an international story the heroine of which, an American girl, has won fame on the operatic stage. Mr. Churchill, who has heretofore been known as a writer of historical romances almost exclusively, in his forthcoming novel leaves this field, which he has made peculiarly his own, and gives to his readers what is described as distinctively a love story.

Another Macmillan novel promised for the Fall is a posthumous work by F. Marion Crawford called "Stradella." This was found among Mr. Crawford's manuscripts after his death. Stradella is the name of the celebrated musician of the Renaissance, and the novel in which Mr. Crawford has made him the central character has essentially a historical interest.

Besides these three novels the Macmillans will publish a new story by Robert Herrick called "A life for a Life;" another by Jack London called "Martin Eden;" "A Gentle Knight of Old Brandenburg" by Charles Major; "The Backwoodsmen," by Charles G. D. Roberts, and "Friendship Village Stories," by Zona Gale. In this list Miss Gale's volume is said to deal with the same scenes which that author made familiar in her "Friendship Village," while in the Jack London story the reader is assured he will see many a touch of autobiography. The remaining three books are in subject and manner typical of the work by which their authors have become familiar to their readers.

Two books of an educational character which are just being published by Longmans, Green & Co. are "Tables and Diagrams of the Thermal Properties of Saturated and Superheated Steam," by Lionel T. Marks, M. M. E., and Harvey N. Davis, Ph. D., of Harvard University, and "Elementary Chemistry," by W. H. Godfrey, head of the Department of Science, Girls' High School of Practical Arts, Boston, Mass.

English Love Poems.

Among their publications this month, G. P. Putnam's Sons plan to bring out a poetical anthology, prepared by Horatio S. Krans, entitled "English Love Poems." The poems which have been selected for this volume were written by poets who flourished in the sixteenth century and in the subsequent periods until the middle of the last century. Thus, the first poet to be found on the list comprising the table of contents to the volume is Sir Thomas Wyatt (1505-42,) and the last is Alexander Smith (1830-67.)

A new novel by Mrs. Wilfrid Ward, entitled "The Bright Fortune," is promised for early Fall publication by the Putnams. In this book the author tells a story of London life in which the interest of the plot centres about a mysterious bequest made by a prominent figure in London society. A play which will be published about the same time has for its title "Yzdra," and has been written by Louis V. Ledoux, author of "Songs from the Silent Land," &c. This play is written in blank verse and has for its subject the story of Alexander and the Indian Princess. A new novel by Myrtle Reed, entitled "Old Rose and Silver," is also promised.

A book bearing the title "Reminiscences of My Life" and written by Sir Charles Santley, the famous English baritone, will be published in the latter part of the Summer by Brentano's. The author writes at the age of 74, and his reminiscences cover a period of active life in his profession of over fifty-five years. The book is replete with anecdotes of Mr. Santley's contemporaries, such as Fanny Kemble, Dante Gabriel Rossetti, &c. In the discussion of his art the author confesses frankly that he belongs to the old school, and that he finds little or no virtue in Wagner.

McCutcheon and the Castles.

There is plenty of new fiction promised by Dodd, Mead & Co. for early Fall publication. Heading the list is George Barr McCutcheon, whose latest venture in the field of romance is to be called "Truxton King: A Story of Graustark." The original "Graustark," by the way, through whose pages Mr. McCutcheon first made his bow as a novelist, is here set down by the publishers as having enjoyed a popularity measurable by the sale of [illegible] copies. "Truxton King" is laid in the land of Graustark, and hence is full of the adventure in which kings and queens and princes generally deign to partake. Another novel on the list is by Agnes and Egerton Castle, "Diamond Cut Paste," the serial story which has been running in The Bookman. It is a romance of intrigue, the cleverness of which gives it throughout a flavor of comedy.

"Narrative Lyric Poems" is the title of a volume prepared by Assistant Prof. Samuel S. Seward, Jr., of Stanford University for publication by Henry Holt & Co. The book includes such poems as in Prof. Seward's judgment are useful in giving a comprehensive view of English poetry. The volume is due to one of the recommendations made by the latest National Conference in English, which outlines the scope of the college entrance examinations in the matter of lyric and shorter narrative poems. Some of the poems specified in this recommendation have been made the basis of Prof. Seward's book.

"Man and the Bible" is the title of a book by J. Allanson Picton, which Henry Holt & Co. have just published. In it the author reviews the place occupied by the Bible in history, and seeks to show that its relations to mankind are perfectly consistent with what is known as the processes of human evolution.

A Con Man's Confession.

The latest volume by Will Irwin is entitled "The Confessions of a Con Man," to be published shortly by B. W. Huebsch. The book is said to come under the classification of a story of fact rather than of fiction. This particular "con man" is said to be an actual personage, who has spent his life dabbling in every crooked game known to the underworld, and who now tells his story to Mr. Irwin. The book is furnished with characteristic illustrations by W. Glackens.

Among the volumes that will be included on their Fall list by D. Appleton & Co. will be several volumes of historic and archaeological interest, memoirs, books on the fine arts, and several novels. As a contribution to the latter Mr. Joseph H Sears, President of the company, is said to have just returned from a two months' trip to Europe with the manuscripts of a new novel by Maarten Maartens and one by W. B. Maxwell.

"Choleric Blue Eyes."

A pretty reputation for temper the ex-President will have with the readers of Mr. Jacques Futrelle's "Elusive Isabel"! The phrase "choleric blue eyes" is applied to him whensoever he appears in the story, whether it be to ban or to bless.

TWO GREAT NEW NOVELS DEALING WITH THE SEA

THE MASTER BUILDERS

"The whole story is one of strength and interest. The characters are strong and consistent and the plot, which is largely dependent upon them and their development, has a touch of mystery and adventure that is acceptable." This is one of the many good things said in the *Chicago Tribune* about this new novel

By James Edmund Dunning

A further comment from the same paper is: "It is a good, sincere piece of work, filled with those elements that attract and make a book remembered with pleasure. The naturalness of the story and of its characters—their general wholesomeness—are a most acceptable relief from the great mass of fiction."

THE TOLL OF THE SEA

A fantastic yarn of a great earthquake which changed the face of the earth and caused the discovery of a new country inhabited by descendants of the Incas, where wireless transmission of electric current and various other improvements, social and scientific, have revolutionized mankind.

By Roy Norton

Author of "The Vanishing Fleets."

"A tale which whizzes from cover to cover. There is a Jules Verneish flavor to the adventures of the cruiser Seattle in the sheltered bay of the new land thrown up by a tidal wave that fairly takes a reader back to the thrill of his boyhood days."—*Boston Globe.*

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, Publishers, New York